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South Carolina’s Support for Preschool Education Remains Inadequate
Nationally Uneven Access & Quality Span Two Decades, but New Voluntary Preschool for All Efforts Offer Hope

NEW BRUNSWICK, NJ – In South Carolina and nationally, state-funded preschool partially recovered last year from the negative impacts of the COVID-19 pandemic. Longstanding problems in early education persisted in South Carolina and nationally as preschool access remained below pre-pandemic levels, funding was inadequate, and quality standards failed to improve, according to the 2022 State of Preschool Yearbook, released today by Rutgers University’s National Institute for Early Education Research (NIEER). South Carolina ranks 11th for preschool access, reaching 43% of 4-year-olds, but is near bottom on spending per child.

Key findings from the annual survey, which focused on the 2021-2022 school year, are summarized below for South Carolina:

- Enrollment in state-funded preschool was 25,276, an increase of 3,983;
- State spending for preschool programs was $97,166,139, including $4,618,113 in federal pandemic relief funding, a decrease of $9,203,333 (inflation adjusted);
- State spending per child enrolled in preschool was $3,844;
- South Carolina met 7 of 10 quality standards benchmarks;
- South Carolina has not committed to voluntary preschool for all four-year-olds;
- South Carolina provided incentives for teacher retention and recruitment for some teachers.

The new report found substantial year-over-year progress in enrollment nationally with a 13% increase of children in state-funded preschool in 2021-2022 with 180,668 more preschoolers enrolled than in the prior school year, and growth in nearly every state.

Despite this, most children still lack access to high-quality, publicly-funded early childhood education, and preschool enrollment is down by 8% compared to pre-pandemic levels, from the high of 1.66 million in 2019-2020 to 1.53 million in 2021-2022.

States spent an estimated $9.9 billion on preschool, including more than $393 million in COVID-19 relief, an inflation adjusted increase of only $71 million (0.7%) from the prior year. Spending per child enrolled in preschool was $6,571. Adjusting for inflation, spending per child has not changed in 20 years and remains too low to support high-quality full-day preschool.

South Carolina First Steps was one of just a few programs to report providing incentives for teacher recruitment and retention. Most state-funded preschool programs, including South
Carolina, reported experiencing a shortage of qualified teachers during the 2021-2022 school year. Waivers to teacher education requirements were more prevalent than in previous years, raising concerns about preschool quality.

“Progress in expanding access to high-quality state-funded preschool over the last two decades has been slow and uneven, despite proven benefits to children, families and our nation’s economy as a whole,” said Allison Friedman-Krauss, Ph.D., the report’s lead author. “South Carolina already offers preschool in every district in the state. State leaders should work towards voluntary preschool for all while also increasing quality, teacher retention, and teacher pay to ensure that all children have access to the educational opportunities they deserve.”

A handful of states considering voluntary preschool for all offers a bright spot and an opportunity to expand access for nearly half of preschoolers across the country.

“For the first time in decades, new state commitments to voluntary preschool for all give hope that the USA might take a giant step forward. If these states make good on their newly promised investments in preschool for all they will advance early education opportunities dramatically,” said W. Steven Barnett Ph.D., NIEER’s senior co-director. “South Carolina should assess its support for preschool against neighbors and other states that provide much stronger support for access, quality standards, and funding per child. South Carolina’s young children deserve no less than others.”

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The National Institute for Early Education Research at the Rutgers Graduate School of Education, New Brunswick, NJ, supports early childhood education policy and practice through independent, objective research and the translation of research to policy and practice.