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## **Too Many Michigan Preschoolers Didn't Receive High-Quality Education Amid Pandemic**

*State funding for preschool programs declined nationally for the first time since 2014, enrollment decreased in almost every state*

**NEW BRUNSWICK, NJ** – The COVID-19 pandemic highlighted and intensified existing problems of access to high-quality early childhood education nationally. In Michigan, funding for the Great Start School Readiness Program (GSRP) was maintained, despite a nearly 30% decrease in enrollment during the 2020-2021 school year, according to the *2021 State of Preschool Yearbook*, released today by the National Institute for Early Education Research (NIEER) at the Rutgers Graduate School of Education. For the first time, Michigan's Developmental Kindergarten (DK), the first year of a two-year kindergarten program for children who turn 5 between September 1 and December 1, is included in the report.

Key findings from the annual survey - focused on the first school year fully impacted by the COVID-19 pandemic – are summarized below. In 2020-2021, many states funded preschool to maintain capacity despite unprecedented drops in enrollment due to the pandemic. To account for this, we report both spending per child and spending per child if the program was at capacity (full enrollment equivalent). For some states, the two are the same. States are ranked on the latter.

- Enrollment in GSRP was 26,775 and enrollment in DK was 9,018;
- State spending for GSRP was \$249,600,000 and state spending for DK was \$73,144,998;
- Michigan GSRP spent \$9,322 per child enrolled but spending per child equaled \$6,680 for the program at full capacity;
- Michigan DK spending per child and spending per full enrollment equivalent was \$8,111;
- Michigan GSRP met 10 of 10 quality standards benchmarks;
- DK, which follows kindergarten standards met 1;
- Michigan is not within reach of serving at least 70% of 4-year-olds across state preschool, Head Start, and special education.

### **MICHIGAN: 2021 NATIONAL RANKINGS**

- Enrollment at age 4: 19<sup>th</sup> (31%)
- Enrollment at age 3: None served
- State spending per child: 17<sup>th</sup> (\$6,958)
- All reported spending per child: 24<sup>th</sup> (\$6,958)

According to the report, 298,000 fewer children were enrolled in preschool nationally than in the prior year due to [difficulties created by the pandemic](#) such as health risks, closed classrooms, and remote preschool. States across the country served less than 30 percent of 4-year-olds and less than five percent of 3-year-olds in 2020-21. Most states preserved capacity during 2020-2021 allowing enrollments to rebound in the current year, but far too many children still lack access to

preschool. Further, total state pre-K spending was \$8.97 billion, an inflation adjusted decrease of nearly \$255 million (3%) from the previous year. Nationally, this is the largest decline since the Great Recession. States also used at least \$440 million in pandemic relief funding to support preschool, more than offsetting the decline in state spending and preserving pre-K capacity that otherwise would have been lost. However, nationally, state spending per child remains about the same as it was 20 years ago, adjusted for inflation.

“Our country has yet to adequately invest in high-quality preschool programs, while the pandemic has erased a decade of progress and exacerbated inequality,” **said W. Steven Barnett, Ph.D., NIEER’s founder and senior co-director.** “Children and parents in Michigan need high-quality, full-day preschool programs that support early learning and parental employment. The pandemic has made it even clearer that such preschool programs are essential for young children and their families. It is promising that Michigan is committed to expanding preschool access.” Michigan has plans and funding to serve all GSRP-eligible children over the next three years. And the state’s per child spending rate increased in the 2021-2022 school year for the first time in almost a decade.

“Too many children in Michigan and across the country missed out on a year of learning. Michigan must implement best practices that mitigate health risks in order to get children back into classrooms,” **said Allison Friedman-Krauss, Ph.D., NIEER assistant research professor.** “And teachers are burnt out as they’ve worked to provide support and learning to young students amid the challenges of the past year. There is no time to waste. Michigan must continue its commitment to offering high-quality early learning and increasing access to full-day preschool.”

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*The 2021 State of Preschool Yearbook was supported with funding from the Heising-Simons Foundation and the Bill and Melinda Gates Foundation. For more information and detailed state-by-state profiles on quality, access, and funding, please visit [www.nieer.org](http://www.nieer.org).*

*The National Institute for Early Education Research at the Rutgers Graduate School of Education, New Brunswick, NJ, supports early childhood education policy and practice through independent, objective research and the translation of research to policy and practice.*