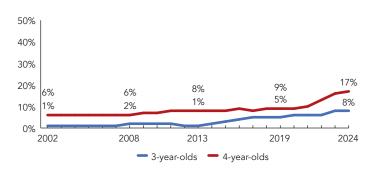
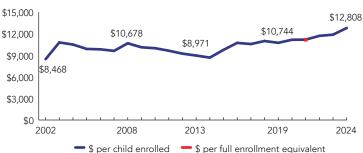
Washington

PERCENT OF STATE POPULATION ENROLLED

STATE SPENDING PER CHILD ENROLLED (2024 DOLLARS)





OVERVIEW

During the 2023-2024 school year Washington's Department of Children, Youth, and Families (DCYF) enrolled 16,293 children in the Early Childhood Education and Assistance Program (ECEAP), an increase of 485 children from the prior year. State spending for ECEAP totaled \$207,900,614, up \$26,968,975 (15%), adjusted for inflation, since last year. State spending per child on ECEAP averaged \$12,760 in 2023-2024, up \$1,315 from 2022-2023, adjusted for inflation. Washington ECEAP met 9 of 10 quality standards benchmarks.

Washington's Office of Superintendent of Public Instruction (OSPI) also served 5,520 children in a Transition to Kindergarten (TK) program during the 2023-2024 school year, an increase of 276 children from the prior year. State spending for TK was \$29,632,532 and an additional \$41,848,000 in federal recovery funds supported the program, an increase of \$2,293,273 (3%), adjusted for inflation, since last year. State spending per child on TK was \$12,949 (including recovery funds), down \$244 from 2022-2023, adjusted for inflation. TK met 6 out of 10 quality standards benchmarks.

WHAT'S NEW

ECEAP added 500 more slots in 2023-2024 and another 1,000 in 2024-2025 as well as 1,000 part- to school-day conversions. In 2023-2024 contractors received slot rate increases: 18% for school-day slots, 9% for working-day slots, and 7% for part-day slots. Income eligibility categories will increase again in 2030-2031. The state QRIS implemented a revised quality recognition and improvement system based on provider feedback that moves to a virtual data collection model that allows reviewers the opportunity to see every teaching environment and engage in coaching with teachers.

Transitional Kindergarten was codified by the legislatures as Transition to Kindergarten and OSPI published new rules and guidance for the 2024-2025 school year to set minimum standards and requirements for TK. DCYF and OSPI are supporting TK programs with TA on collaborating with community-based partners (including ECEAP), Head Start, child care, family child care, and licensed tribally-led early learning programs. DCYF and OSPI jointly identified strategies to improve alignment of high quality preschool across the two agencies and increase equitable access to preschool.

In September 2024, Washington was one of 10 states and D.C. awarded a 3-year federal renewal Preschool Development Grant B-5 (PDG B-5) totaling \$7,996,674 annually. The grant will expand early care and education by increasing 75 slots in the B-3 ECEAP program for infants and toddlers, as well as improve resource coordination, provide free classroom curriculum, enhance professional development, support mental health services for ECE providers, and further other critical initiatives.

BACKGROUND

The Department of Children, Youth, and Families (DCYF) oversees early learning programs along with child welfare and juvenile rehabilitation. DCYF prioritizes the creation of a high-quality integrated birth to eight system, which includes expanding access to affordable, high-quality care that is both responsive and inclusive. ECEAP, created in 1985, is a large part of the state's strategy to accomplish this goal. In 2010, the state Legislature established the ECEAP as a statutory entitlement for all eligible children, not funded by Head Start, with an extension to 2026-2027. ECEAP focuses on the whole child, providing nutrition, health, education, and family support services to at-risk young children. To be eligible, children must be 3- or 4-years-old and meet specific income or special circumstance criteria such as eligible for special education services or experiencing homelessness. Up to 10% of ECEAP enrollment can include children whose families do not meet the income requirement but face other risk factors that are linked to development or school success.

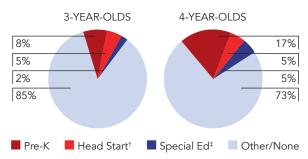
(continued)

WASHINGTON STATE OVERVIEW

ACCESS

Total state pre-K enrollment	21,813
Special education enrollment, ages 3 and 4	1,104
Federally funded Head Start enrollment, ages 3 and 4	7,958
State-funded Head Start enrollment, ages 3 and 4	0

PERCENT OF POPULATION ENROLLED IN PUBLIC ECE

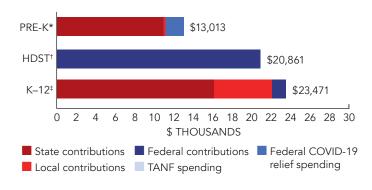


† Estimates children in Head Start not also enrolled in state pre-K. † Estimates children in special education not also enrolled in state pre-K or Head Start.

RESOURCES

Total state pre-K spending	\$279,381,146
State Head Start spending	\$0
State spending per child enrolled	\$12,808
All reported spending per child enrolled*	\$13,013

SPENDING PER CHILD ENROLLED



- * Pre-K programs may receive additional funds from federal or local sources that are not included in this figure.
- † Head Start per-child spending includes funding only for 3- and 4-year-olds.
- ‡ K-12 expenditures include capital spending as well as current operating expenditures.

ACCESS RANKINGS	
4-YEAR-OLDS	3-YEAR-OLDS
33	17

RESOURCE RANKINGS		
STATE SPENDING	ALL REPORTED SPENDING	
6	7	

TOTAL BENCHMARKS MET		
ECEAP	тк 6	

The Office of Superintendent of Public Instruction (OSPI) is the primary agency charged with overseeing public K–12 education in Washington state. Working with the state's 295 public school districts and six state-tribal education compact schools, OSPI allocates funding and provides tools, resources, and technical assistance so every student in Washington is provided a high-quality public education. The goal of Washington's K–12 education system is to prepare every student for postsecondary pathways, careers, and civic engagement.

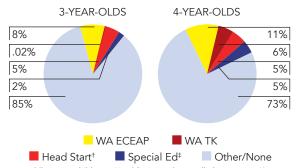
OSPI's Transition to Kindergarten (TK) is a legislatively established and authorized program for children who are at least 4-years-old by August 31 and have been identified through a screening process to be in need of additional preparation to be successful kindergarten students in the following school year. Districts may offer TK programs, but they are not required to do so. The requirements for TK are outlined in the Washington State Administrative Code (WAC) Chapter 392-425. TK has gained momentum in recent years, as a strategy for closing opportunity gaps.

Washington's overall support for state-funded preschool is depicted in the first two pages of this state profile. The third page focuses on ECEAP and the fourth page on TK.

EARLY CHILDHOOD EDUCATION AND ASSISTANCE PROGRAM (ECEAP)

ACCESS

PERCENT OF POPULATION ENROLLED IN PUBLIC ECE



 $^{^\}dagger$ Estimates children in Head Start not also enrolled in state pre-K. ‡ Estimates children in special education not also enrolled in state pre-K or Head Start.

QUALITY STANDARDS CHECKLIST

POLICY	WA ECEAP REQUIREMENT	BENCHMARK	MEETS BENCHMARK?
Early learning & development standards	Comprehensive, aligned, supported, culturally sensitive	Comprehensive, aligned, supported, culturally sensitive	\checkmark
Curriculum supports	Approval process & supports	Approval process & supports	✓
Teacher degree	AA	ВА	
Teacher specialized training	ECE, CD, ECE SpEd	Specializing in pre-K	✓
Assistant teacher degree	CDA	CDA or equivalent	✓
Staff professional development	20 hours/year (teachers); 15 hours/year (assistants); PD plans; Coaching	For teachers & assistants: At least 15 hours/year; individual PD plans; coaching	\checkmark
Maximum class size	20 (3- & 4-year-olds)	20 or lower	\checkmark
Staff-child ratio	1:10 (3- & 4-year-olds)	1:10 or better	✓
Screening & referral	Vision, hearing, health & more	Vision, hearing & health screenings; & referral	\checkmark
Continuous quality improvement system	Structured classroom observations; Data used for program improvement	Structured classroom observations; data used for program improvement	\checkmark

For more information about the benchmarks, see the Executive Summary and Roadmap to State Profile Pages.

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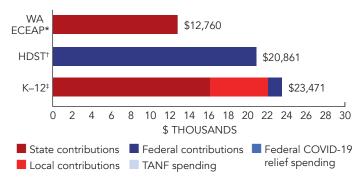
DECLIDEMENT

RESOURCES

Total state pre-K spending	\$207,900,614
Local match required?	No
State spending per child enrolled	\$12,760
All reported spending per child enrolled*	\$12,760

* Pre-K programs may receive additional funds from federal or local sources that are not included in this figure.

SPENDING PER CHILD ENROLLED



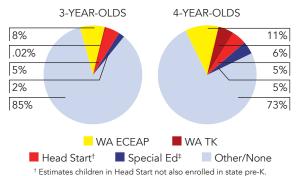
 $[\]uparrow$ Head Start per-child spending includes funding only for 3- and 4-year-olds.

[‡] K-12 expenditures include capital spending as well as current operating expenditures.

WASHINGTON TRANSITION TO KINDERGARTEN (TK)

ACCESS

PERCENT OF POPULATION ENROLLED IN PUBLIC ECE



Estimates children in special education not also enrolled in state pre-K.

Estimates children in special education not also enrolled in state pre-K or Head Start.

QUALITY STANDARDS CHECKLIST

QUALITY STANDARDS	CHECKLIST		REQUIREMENT MEETS
POLICY	WA TK REQUIREMENT	BENCHMARK	BENCHMARK?
Early learning & development standards	Comprehensive, aligned, supported, culturally sensitive	Comprehensive, aligned, supported, culturally sensitive	\checkmark
Curriculum supports	Approval process & supports	Approval process & supports	✓
Teacher degree	BA	ВА	
Teacher specialized training	ECE, Elem. Ed., ECE SpEd, SpEd	Specializing in pre-K	
Assistant teacher degree	HSD	CDA or equivalent	
Staff professional development	100 hours/5 years (teachers); 3 days/year (assistants); PD plans; Coaching	For teachers & assistants: At least 15 hours/year; individual PD plans; coaching	\checkmark
Maximum class size	No limit (3- & 4-year-olds)	20 or lower	
Staff-child ratio	No limit (3- & 4-year-olds)	1:10 or better	
Screening & referral	Vision, hearing, health & more	Vision, hearing & health screenings; & referral	
Continuous quality improvement system	Structured classroom observations; Data used for program improvement	Structured classroom observations; data used for program improvement	

For more information about the benchmarks, see the Executive Summary and Roadmap to State Profile Pages.

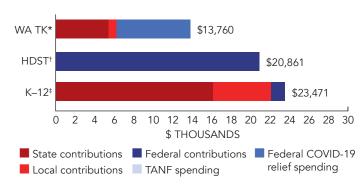


RESOURCES

Total state pre-K spending	\$71,480,532
Local match required?	No
State spending per child enrolled	\$12,949
All reported spending per child enrolled*	\$13,760

* Pre-K programs may receive additional funds from federal or local sources that are not included in this figure.

SPENDING PER CHILD ENROLLED



[†] Head Start per-child spending includes funding only for 3- and 4-year-olds.

[‡] K–12 expenditures include capital spending as well as current operating expenditures.