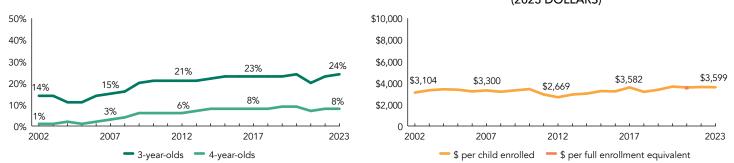
Colorado

PERCENT OF STATE POPULATION ENROLLED

STATE SPENDING PER CHILD ENROLLED (2023 DOLLARS)



OVERVIEW

During the 2022-2023 school year, Colorado preschool enrolled 21,340 children, an increase of 873 from the prior year. State spending totaled \$76,799,772, up \$2,734,837 (4%), adjusted for inflation, since last year. State spending per child equaled \$3,599 in 2022-2023, down \$20 from 2021-2022, adjusted for inflation. Colorado met 4 of 10 quality standards benchmarks.

WHAT'S NEW

The passage of Proposition EE in November 2020, and related laws (e.g., HB22-1295) passed in 2021 and 2022, established the Department of Early Childhood (CDEC). The new statewide universal preschool program launched July 1, 2023, at which time the Colorado Preschool Program sunsetted. The new program, which is not covered in this report this year, is administered by the CDEC using a mixed delivery model, and in collaboration with Local Coordinating Organizations rather than local school districts. The Colorado Department of Education will continue to administer federal and state funding for special education in accordance with IDEA and Exceptional Children's Educational Act (ECEA) for children ages three through five.

CDEC received a \$3,971,588 Preschool Development Grant Birth through Five (PDG B–5) in December 2022. Colorado Shines Brighter (PDG B–5) is based on the state's shared vision to ensure all children are ready for school when entering kindergarten by achieving three outcomes: Colorado families have access to quality formal early childhood care and education settings of their choosing which best meet the needs of their child and family, especially those who are vulnerable and infants and toddlers; informal early childhood care and education environments (parental, friend, family, and neighbor care) are enhanced to enrich and support children's physical, social, emotional, and cognitive development; and Colorado's B–5 early childhood state system is coordinated and aligned to enhance the resources available to families and to improve the quality of relationships among families, caregivers, and children.

BACKGROUND

The Colorado Preschool Program (CPP) launched in 1988 for 4-year-olds who needed language development support, in hopes of lowering school dropout rates and reducing dependence on public assistance. In 1992, CPP became a permanent program and expanded eligibility to young children lacking overall school readiness due to family risk factors, as defined by statute (e.g., eligibility for FRPL, dual language learners, in foster care, family history of abuse or neglect, homelessness, parental substance abuse, or teen parent, as well as locally determined risk factors). Four-year-olds must meet at least one risk factor to enroll in CPP, while 3-year-olds are required to meet a minimum of three risk factors. Three districts also serve a limited number of children under the age of three using a waiver that is no longer statutorily available. The data in this report only pertains to children aged three and up.

In the 2021-2022 school year, 98% of the state's 179 school districts offered CPP. Districts reapply annually to implement CPP. CPP funding is determined by the Colorado school finance formula, with preschoolers receiving half the amount for students in grades 1 through 12, and significant funds included in the financing formula from local school tax revenues. Funds are distributed directly to school districts, each receiving a base allocation from the Colorado Department of Education of half-day positions to serve eligible children. Schools may provide pre-K service by subcontracting with private childcare centers, Head Start, or other community-based or public agencies. CPP providers are encouraged to use additional funding sources, such as federal Head Start money, tuition, or local funds, to extend the program day, supplement services, or provide wraparound care.

ACCESS RANKINGS		RESOURCE RANKINGS		TOTAL
4-YEAR-OLDS	3-YEAR-OLDS	STATE SPENDING	ALL REPORTED SPENDING	BENCHMARKS MET
27	16	40	29	4

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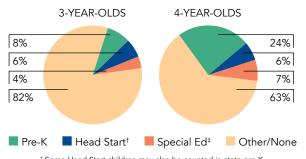
COLORADO PRESCHOOL PROGRAM

QUALITY STANDARDS CHECKLIST

ACCESS

Total state pre-K enrollment	21,340
School districts that offer state program	98%
Income requirement	185% FPL
Minimum hours of operation2.	5 hours/day
Operating scheduleSchool or aca	ademic year
Special education enrollment, ages 3 and 4	9,094
Federally funded Head Start enrollment, ages 3 and 4	7,443
State-funded Head Start enrollment, ages 3 and 4	0

PERCENT OF POPULATION ENROLLED IN PUBLIC ECE



[†] Some Head Start children may also be counted in state pre-K. [‡] Estimates children in special education not also enrolled in state pre-K or Head Start.

			REQUIREMENT MEETS
POLICY	CO PRE-K REQUIREMENT	BENCHMARK	BENCHMARK?
Early learning & development standards	Comprehensive, aligned, supported, culturally sensitive	Comprehensive, aligned, supported, culturally sensitive	
Curriculum supports	Approval process	Approval process & supports	
Teacher degree	Early Childhood Teacher Qualification	ВА	
Teacher specialized training	Early Childhood Teacher Qualification	Specializing in pre-K	\checkmark
Assistant teacher degree	None	CDA or equivalent	
Staff professional development	15 hours/year	For teachers & assistants: At least 15 hours/year; individual PD plans; coaching	
Maximum class size	16 (3- & 4-year-olds)	20 or lower	
Staff-child ratio	1:8 (3- & 4-year-olds)	1:10 or better	
Screening & referral	None	Vision, hearing & health screenings; & referral	
Continuous quality improvement system	Structured classroom observations (above QRIS Level 2); Data used for program improvement	Structured classroom observations; data used for program improvement	

For more information about the benchmarks, see the Executive Summary and Roadmap to State Profile Pages.

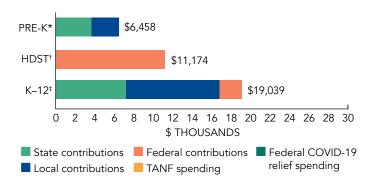
RESOURCES

Total state pre-K spending	\$76,799,772
Local match required?	Yes
State Head Start spending	\$0
State spending per child enrolled	\$3,599
All reported spending per child enrolled*	\$6,458

* Pre-K programs may receive additional funds from federal or local sources that are not included in this figure.

† Head Start per-child spending includes funding only for 3- and 4-year-olds.

 \ddagger K–12 expenditures include capital spending as well as current operating expenditures.



SPENDING PER CHILD ENROLLED

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