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Alaska Ranks Near the Bottom in Preschool Access, Quality

National report says it's a "time to choose," as states have bounced back unevenly from the pandemic when it comes to preschool enrollment and quality

NEW BRUNSWICK, N.J. - A new national report released today ranks Alaska 38th in the nation for preschool enrollment for four-year-olds and 27th for three-year-olds.

The National Institute for Early Education Research (NIEER) today released its annual *State of Preschool* report, which tracks preschool enrollment, funding, and quality across states. The 2023 *State of Preschool Yearbook* found that, in the 2022-2023 school year:

- Alaska served 9% of four-year-olds and 2% of three-year-olds in state-funded preschool, for a total combined enrollment of 1,040 (an increase of 435 from the prior year).
- State spending totaled \$5,002,332, up \$1,546,414 (45%), adjusted for inflation, since last year.
- State spending per child equaled \$4,810 in 2022-2023, down \$902 from 2021-2022, adjusted for inflation.
- Alaska met 2 of 10 research-based quality standards benchmarks for minimum quality recommended by NIEER.

"Our report on the 2022-2023 school year found that Alaska leaders had work to do to improve preschool enrollment, funding, and quality. We are eager to see what the roll out of the Alaska Read Act will mean for preschool in the state and are hopeful more children in Alaska will have access to quality preschool," **said W. Steven Barnett, Ph.D., NIEER's senior co-director and founder.** "We encourage Alaska to commit to expanding access to full-day, adequately funded early learning opportunities that will help children develop and parents earn a living."

Nationally, the report finds that this is a critical moment for preschool. The nation has emerged, albeit unevenly, from the COVID-19 Pandemic. States are poised to make new progress toward serving more three- and four-year-olds in high-quality, full-day preschool programs. How each state chooses to move forward – and whether the federal government helps – will determine how much real progress is made. Most states have not committed to serving all children, and even those states that have often fall short. Most states need to increase funding per child substantially to enable providers to meet minimal standards for a high-quality, effective program.

During the 2022-2023 school year, states enrolled over 1.63 million children in preschool, marking a 7% surge compared to the preceding year. Preschool enrollment reached 35% of 4-year-olds and 7% of 3-year-olds, with state expenditures reaching \$11.73 billion—an 11% increase from 2021-2022 when adjusted for inflation. Notably, state spending per child surpassed \$7,000 for the first time. However, despite this notable progress, most states still fell short of their pre-pandemic preschool enrollment. While several states made strides towards achieving universal preschool access, six states persisted in not allocating any funding for preschool programs.

"With the pandemic in the rear view, it is time for states to choose whether they are going to support high-quality preschool and how," **said Allison Friedman-Krauss, Ph.D., the report's lead author**. "Will states commit to serving all four-year-olds? Will states serve both three- and four-year-olds? Will states make the investments needed to ensure that programs are effective? Will states support a mixed-delivery model for preschool incorporating both existing child care programs and public schools? Will states provide a full school-day option for all families who want it? How will states recruit, support, and retain preschool teachers? These decisions will impact millions of children for years to come."

The 2023 State of Preschool Yearbook was supported with funding from the Heising-Simons Foundation and the Bill and Melinda Gates Foundation. For more information and detailed state-by-state profiles on quality, access, and funding, please visit <u>www.nieer.org</u>.

The National Institute for Early Education Research at the Rutgers Graduate School of Education, New Brunswick, NJ, supports early childhood education policy and practice through independent, objective research and the translation of research to policy and practice.