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Maine Makes Progress Serving Preschool Children Funding Increases by \$2.2 Million, Enrolling More Children

NEW BRUNSWICK, NJ — The COVID-19 pandemic is putting pre-K education at greater risk, including in Maine, which enrolls 44 percent of its 4-year-olds in pre-K, according to a new report from the National Institute for Early Education Research (NIEER).

Maine surpasses national average in 4-year-old pre-K enrollment. Nationally, pre-K enrollment surpassed 1.6 million in the 2018-2019 academic year.

Maine continues to increase pre-K enrollment while maintaining perchild spending and high standards for pre-K quality.

NIEER's *The State of Preschool 2019* annual report finds states investing more than \$8.7 billion in pre-K. But progress has been uneven, exacerbating inequality in early education opportunity and widening gaps between the best and worst states for educating young children. The expected recession will make progress more difficult.

"Even when the economy has been strong, progress providing state pre-K has been slow and uneven," said Dr. Steven Barnett, NIEER's senior co-director and founder. "With another recession likely, extraordinary state and federal action will be needed to ensure our youngest learners are not just protected, but better served."

Maine met nine of ten minimum standards for high-quality preschool

MAINE: 2018-19 FAST FACTS

Met nine of 10 quality standards benchmarks.

Enrolled 6,115 children, an increase of 467 from 2017-18.

Total state funding was \$22,220,882, an increase of \$2,213,552 from 2017-18 (inflation adjusted).

State spending-per-child was \$3,634, compared to \$3,542 in 2017-18 (inflation adjusted).

Maine's national rankings:

- 12th in access for 4-year-olds
- 33rd in state spending per child

education and spent \$3,634 in state funds per student. Ten states met fewer than half the minimum standards for quality. State spending per child varies by a factor of 10, from more than \$10,000 to less than \$1,000.

"Maine is an example of a state moving in the right direction," said Barnett. "The state continues to increase enrollment while maintaining per-child spending. However, spending per child remains well below the national average."

Despite the economic outlook, pre-K can be protected and advance because politicians from both sides of the aisle and states with very different political leanings have found common ground in offering high quality education to young children.

"States that could not be more different politically, like Michigan and Alabama and Oklahoma and New Jersey, share a commitment to high-quality preschool education," said Barnett. "While there are issues dividing the country, our survey finds quality early childhood education is one where bipartisan agreement is possible."

The National Institute for Early Education Research (www.nieer.org) at the Rutgers Graduate School of Education, New Brunswick, NJ, supports early childhood education policy and practice through independent, objective research.

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