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## 2017 State of Preschool Report Shows Limited Progress in Indiana IN invests more in pre-K, but ranks low nationwide on enrollment, quality standards

*New Brunswick, NJ--*New state-by-state report shows more young children enrolled in public pre-K programs nationwide, with Indiana ranking second to last in access to state-funded pre-K.

The State of Preschool 2017 annual report finds states heeding the demand for pre-K and expanding access to publicly funded programs in a variety of settings, based on 2016-17 data. But instead of supporting quality early learning with adequate resources, most state programs invest too little to help children catch up with their more advantaged peers by kindergarten.

Indiana increased total funding for pre-K and expanded access, but enrollment still falls far below national average at just 2% of 4-year-olds. Indiana also has few policies in place to support high-quality preschool, meeting three of NIEER's 10 minimum quality standards benchmarks.

"Our report highlights which states invest best in their young children and which leave too many children behind," said NIEER Senior Co-Director Steven Barnett. "Indiana shows promise with increased funding and 15 additional pilot counties in 2017-18, but is also has far to go. Indiana should move beyond a pilot program to enable more children to access high-quality early learning experiences."

This year's report includes a special section on policies affecting Dual Language Learners, and also highlights changes since 2002, when NIEER began tracking state pre-K. (see box for Indiana specifics)

Enrollment in state-funded preschool programs has more than doubled since 2002, according to the report. Nationally, 43 states, D.C. and Guam now provide publicly funded preschool to more than 1.5 million children. However, funding has failed to keep pace, with spending-per-child *decreasing* when adjusted for inflation.

"Fifteen years ago, only three states and the District of Columbia enrolled more than one-third of their 4-year-olds in publicly funded pre-K," said Dr. Allison Friedman-Krauss, report co-author. "Today, that is the national average. But progress is patchy – 19 states still enroll less than 10% of their 4-year-olds."

## **INDIANA 2016-2017 Fast Facts**

Met 3 of 10 new quality standards benchmarks

Enrolled 1,792 children, an increase of 207 from 2015-16

Total state funding = \$10,079,418, an increase of \$442,622 from 2015-16

State spending-per-child = \$5,625, compared to \$6,080 in 2015-16

Indiana collects information on preschooler's home language but does not have policies to support preschool Dual Language Learners

## National rankings:

- 43 in access for 4-year-olds
- 15 in state spending per child

The State of Preschool 2017 yearbook was supported with funding provided by the Heising-Simons Foundation. Data used in the report come from a general survey funded by the National Center for Education Statistics (NCES).

The supplemental survey of state policies related to dual language learners and report was supported by the Bill and Melinda Gates Foundation. The findings, interpretations, and conclusions in this report are solely those of the authors. For more information and detailed state-by-state profiles on quality access, and funding, please visit <a href="www.nieer.org">www.nieer.org</a>.

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