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STATE	Name of state-funded preschool program
Alabama	First Class Pre-K: Alabama's Voluntary Pre-Kindergarten Program
Alaska	Alaska Pre-Elementary
Arizona	Quality First Scholarships
Arkansas	Arkansas Better Chance/Arkansas Better Chance for School Success
California CSPP	California State Preschool Program (CSPP)
California TK	California Transitional Kindergarten (TK)
Colorado	Colorado Preschool Program
Connecticut CDCC	Connecticut Child Day Care Contracts
Connecticut SR	Connecticut School Readiness
Connecticut Smart Start	Connecticut Smart Start
Delaware	Delaware Early Childhood Assistance Program (ECAP)
District of Columbia	D.C. Public Pre-K
Florida	Florida Voluntary Prekindergarten Program
Georgia	Georgia's Pre-K Program
Hawaii	Hawaii's Executive Office on Early Learning Public Pre-Kindergarten Program
Illinois	Illinois Preschool for All
Iowa Shared Visions	Iowa Shared Visions
Iowa SWVPP	Iowa Statewide Voluntary Preschool Program
Kansas Preschool Pilot	Kansas Preschool Pilot
Kansas State Pre-K	Kansas State Pre-K 4-Year-Old At-Risk Program
Kentucky	Kentucky Preschool Program
Louisiana 8(g)	Louisiana 8(g) Student Enhancement Block Grant Program
Louisiana LA 4	Cecil J. Picard LA 4 Early Childhood Program
Louisiana NSECD	Louisiana Nonpublic Schools Early Childhood Development Program (NSECD)
Maine	Maine Public Preschool Program
Maryland	Maryland Prekindergarten Program
Massachusetts UPK	Massachusetts Universal Pre-Kindergarten (UPK)
Massachusetts Ch 70	Massachusetts Chapter 70
Michigan	Michigan Great Start Readiness Program
Minnesota HdSt	Minnesota Head Start
Minnesota VPK/SRP	Minnesota Voluntary Pre-Kindergarten and School Readiness Plus
Mississippi	Mississippi Early Learning Collaborative
Missouri	Missouri Preschool Program
Montana	Montana STARS Preschool Pilot Program
Nebraska	Nebraska Early Childhood Education Program
Nevada	Nevada State Pre-Kindergarten Program
New Jersey Abbott	New Jersey Former Abbott Preschool Program
New Jersey ECPA	New Jersey Former Non-Abbott Early Childhood Program Aid
New Jersey ELLI	New Jersey Former Early Launch to Learning Initiative
New Mexico	New Mexico PreK
New York	New York State Administered Prekindergarten Program
North Carolina	North Carolina Pre-Kindergarten Program
North Dakota	North Dakota Early Childhood Education Grant Program
Ohio	Ohio Early Childhood Education
Oklahoma	Oklahoma Early Childhood Four-Year-Old Program
Oregon HdSt	Oregon Head Start Pre-kindergarten
Oregon Preschool Promise	·
Pennsylvania RTL Pennsylvania HSSAP	Pennsylvania Ready to Learn Block Grant Pennsylvania Head Start Supplemental Assistance Program
Pennsylvania K4 & SBPK	Pennsylvania Kindergarten for Four-Year-Olds and School-Based Pre-K
Pennsylvania PKC	Pennsylvania Nindergarten for Pour-tear-Olds and School-based Pre-N Pennsylvania Pre-K Counts
Rhode Island	Rhode Island State Prekindergarten Program
South Carolina	South Carolina Child Early Reading Development and Education Program (CERDEP)/South Carolina EIA Child Development Program (EIA/4K)
Tennessee	Tennessee Voluntary Pre-K
Texas	Texas Public School Prekindergarten
Vermont	Vermont Universal Prekindergarten Education (Act 166)
Virginia	Virginia Preschool Initiative
Washington	Early Childhood Education and Assistance Program (ECEAP)
West Virginia	West Virginia Universal Pre-K
Wisconsin 4K	Wisconsin Four-Year-Old Kindergarten (4K)
Wisconsin HdSt	Wisconsin Head Start State Supplement
Guam	Guam Department of Education Pilot Prekindergarten Program

STATE	State agency with administrative authority over state preschool
Alabama	State Office of School Readiness or Early Childhood: Alabama Department of Early Childhood Education ¹
Alaska	State Department of Education: Alaska Department of Education and Early Development
Arizona	First Things First
Arkansas	State Department of Education: Arkansas Department of Education; State Human Services Agency: Arkansas Department of Human Services, Division of Child Care and Early Childhood Education ¹
California CSPP	State Department of Education: California Department of Education
California TK	State Department of Education: California Department of Education
Colorado	State Department of Education: Colorado Department of Education
Connecticut CDCC	State Office of School Readiness or Early Childhood: Connecticut Office of Early Childhood
Connecticut SR	State Office of School Readiness or Early Childhood: Connecticut Office of Early Childhood
Connecticut Smart Start	State Office of School Readiness or Early Childhood: Connecticut Office of Early Childhood
Delaware	State Department of Education: Office of Early Learning
District of Columbia	State Education Agency: Office of the State Superintendent of Education for the District of Columbia ¹
Florida	State Office of School Readiness or Early Childhood: Office of Early Learning
Georgia	State Office of School Readiness or Early Childhood: Bright from the Start: Georgia Department of Early Care and Learning ¹
Hawaii	State Office of School Readiness or Early Childhood: Executive Office on Early Learning ¹
Illinois	State Department of Education: Illinois State Board of Education
Iowa Shared Visions	State Department of Education: Iowa Department of Education
Iowa SWVPP	State Department of Education: Iowa Department of Education
Kansas Preschool Pilot	State Department of Education: Kansas State Department of Education ¹
Kansas State Pre-K	State Department of Education: Kansas State Department of Education
Kentucky	State Department of Education: Kentucky Department of Education, Office of Teaching and Learning, Division of Program Standards, School Readiness Branch
Louisiana 8(g)	Louisiana Board of Elementary and Secondary Education
Louisiana LA 4	State Department of Education: Louisiana Department of Education
Louisiana NSECD	State Department of Education: Louisiana Department of Education
Maine	State Department of Education: Maine Department of Education
Maryland	State Department of Education: Maryland State Department of Education
Massachusetts UPK	State Department of Education: Massachusetts Department of Early Education and Care
Massachusetts Ch 70	State Department of Education: Massachusetts Department of Elementary and Secondary Education
Michigan	State Department of Education: Office of Great Start, Preschool and Out-of-School Time Learning
Minnesota HdSt	State Department of Education: Minnesota Department of Education; State Head Start Collaboration Office: Minnesota State Head Start Collaboration Office
Minnesota VPK/SRP	State Department of Education: Minnesota Department of Education
Mississippi	State Department of Education: Mississippi Department of Education
Missouri	State Department of Education: Missouri Department of Elementary and Secondary Education
Montana	State Human Services Agency: Early Childhood Services Bureau
Nebraska	State Department of Education: Nebraska Department of Education
Nevada	State Department of Education: Nevada Department of Education; State Office of School Readiness or Early Childhood: Office of Early Learning and Development

New Jersey Abbott State Department of Education: Division of Early Childhood Education and Family Engagement; State Human Services Agency: Division of Family Development; Other agency: Department of Childhous State Department of Education: Division of Early Childhood Education and Family Engagement; State Human Services Agency: Division of Family Development; Other agency: Department of Childhous State Department of Education: Division of Early Childhood Education and Family Engagement; State Human Services Agency: Division of Early Childhood Education and Family Engagement; State Human Services Agency: Division of Family Development; Other agency: Department of Childhous Mexico State Department of Education: New Mexico Public Education Department; Other agency: New Mexico New York State Department of Education: New York State Department of Education	ren and Families, Office of Licensing ¹
New Jersey ECPA State Human Services Agency: Division of Family Development; Other agency: Department of Childle New Jersey ELLI State Department of Education: Division of Early Childhood Education and Family Engagement; State Human Services Agency: Division of Family Development; Other agency: Department of Childle New Mexico State Department of Education: New Mexico Public Education Department; Other agency: New Mexico Other Agency: Ne	ate Head Start Collaboration Office
New Jersey ELLI State Human Services Agency: Division of Family Development; Other agency: Department of Childi New Mexico State Department of Education: New Mexico Public Education Department; Other agency: New Mexico O	
New York State Department of Education: New York State Department of Educ	Children, Youth, and Families Department
	cation
North Carolina State Human Services Agency: North Carolina Department of Health and Human Services, Division of C	Child Development and Early Education ¹
North Dakota Other agency: Department of Commerce, Workforce Development D	ivision
Ohio State Department of Education: Ohio Department of Education, Office for Early Learning	ng and School Readiness
Oklahoma State Department of Education: Oklahoma State Department of Educ	cation
Oregon HdSt State Department of Education: Early Learning Division	
Oregon Preschool Promise State Department of Education: Early Learning Division ¹	
Pennsylvania RTL State Department of Education: Pennsylvania Department of Educa	ition
Pennsylvania HSSAP State Department of Education: Pennsylvania Department of Education; Office of Child Deve	elopment and Early Learning
Pennsylvania K4 & SBPK State Department of Education: Pennsylvania Department of Educa	ition
Pennsylvania PKC State Department of Education: Pennsylvania Department of Education; Office of Child Deve	elopment and Early Learning
Rhode Island State Department of Education: Rhode Island Department of Educa	ation
South Carolina State Department of Education: Office of Early Learning and Literacy; State Office of School Readiness¹ South Carolina First Steps to School Readiness¹	Readiness or Early Childhood:
Tennessee State Department of Education: Tennessee Department of Education	on ¹
Texas State Department of Education: Texas Education Agency; State Office of School Readiness or Early Childh	hood: Early Childhood Education Division
Vermont State Department of Education: Vermont Agency of Education; State Human Services Agency: Vermont	ermont Agency of Human Services
Virginia State Department of Education: Virginia Department of Educatio	n
Washington Other agency: Washington Department of Early Learning ¹	
West Virginia State Department of Education: Office of Early & Elementary Learning; State Huma West Virginia Department of Health and Human Resources, Division of Early Can	
Wisconsin 4K State Department of Education: Wisconsin Department of Public Instr	ruction
Wisconsin HdSt State Department of Education: Wisconsin Department of Public Instr	ruction
Guam State Department of Education: Guam Department of Education	n ¹

	Number of full times a suited as in-	
STATE	Number of full time equivalencies responsible for program administration	Geographic availability of program
Alabama	5.65 ²	67 out of 67 counties/parishes (100%) ³
Alaska	2	11 out of 54 school districts (20%)
Arizona	3	24 out of 28 Regional Partnership Councils (86%) ¹
Arkansas	11	75 out of 75 counties (100%) ²
California CSPP	53¹	56 out of 58 counties/parishes (97%)
California TK	2	58 out of 58 counties/parishes (100%)
Colorado	8	175 out of 179 school districts (98%) ¹
Connecticut CDCC	1.2	48 out of 169 towns/communities (28%) ¹
Connecticut SR	1.45	67 out of 169 towns/communities (40%) ¹
Connecticut Smart Start	0.6	24 out of 169 towns/communities (14%) ¹
Delaware	1	3 out of 3 counties (100%)
District of Columbia	2.5	8 out of 8 wards (100%) ²
Florida	14	67 out of 67 counties (100%)
Georgia	68	159 out of 159 counties (100%)
Hawaii	7	1 out of 1 school district (100%)
Illinois		102 out of 102 counties/parishes (100%) ¹
Iowa Shared Visions	1.5	37 of 99 counties in Iowa (37%) ¹
Iowa SWVPP	1.6	326 out of 333 school districts (98%) ¹
		12 KPP sites serving 14 of 105 counties (13%);
Kansas Preschool Pilot	0.5	202 of 286 school districts received funding for additional slots (71%) ²
Kansas State Pre-K	0.5	197 out of 286 school districts (69%)
Kentucky	6	173 out of 173 school districts (100%)
Louisiana 8(g)	5	65 out of 70 school districts (93%)
Louisiana LA 4	2 (shared across LA 4 and NSECD)	64 out of 70 school districts (91%) ¹
Louisiana NSECD	2 (shared across LA 4 and NSECD)	15 out of 64 counties/parishes (23%) ¹
Maine	2	146 out of 225 school administrative units (65%) ¹
Maryland	7	24 out of 24 school districts (100%) ¹
Massachusetts UPK	1	65 out of 351 towns/communities (19%) ¹
Massachusetts Ch 70	Unknown ¹	268 out of 319 school districts (84%) ²
Michigan	8.325	82 out of 83 counties (99%) ¹
Minnesota HdSt	1	87 out of 87 counties/parishes (100%)
Minnesota VPK/SRP	1	111 school districts (including Charter Schools; 34%) ¹
Mississippi	1.25	17 out of 144 school districts (12%) ¹
Missouri	Unknown ¹	75 out of 516 school districts (15%) ²
Montana	1 FTE and four .25 FTE	11 out of 56 counties (20%)
Nebraska	2.35	217 out of 245 school districts (89%) ¹
Nevada	1	10 out of 17 school districts plus one community-based organization (59%) ¹
New Jersey Abbott	6.5	35 out of 591 school districts (6%) ²
New Jersey ECPA	6.5	94 out of 591 school districts (16%)
New Jersey ELLI	6.5	24 out of 591 school districts (4%) ²
New Mexico	7	61 out of 89 school districts (69%)
New York	13	471 out of 677 school districts (70%)
North Carolina	9.5	100 out of 100 counties/parishes (100%) ²
North Dakota	1	44 of 78 public school districts (56%) ¹
Ohio	3	397 out of 612 school districts (65%) ¹
Oklahoma	1	510 out of 513 school districts (99%)
Oregon HdSt	2	36 out of 36 counties/parishes (100%)
Oregon Preschool Promise	1	9 out of 16 Early Learning Hub Regions (56%) ²
Pennsylvania RTL	0.1	12 out of 499 school districts (2%)
Pennsylvania HSSAP	0.25	129 out of 500 school districts (26%)
Pennsylvania K4 & SBPK	Unknown	96 out of 499 school districts (19%)
Pennsylvania PKC	0.5	461 out of 500 school districts (92%)
Rhode Island	1.5	11 out of 39 communities (28%)
South Carolina	26	82 out of 82 school districts (100%) ²
Tennessee	2	138 out of 142 school districts (97%)
Texas	The ECE Division had 9 staff	1,058 out of 1,216 school districts (87%)
Vermont	31	310 out of 310 school districts (100%) ²
Virginia	1.75	124 out of 135 school divisions (92%)
Washington	22	36 out of 39 counties (92%) ²
West Virginia	5.5	55 out of 55 counties/parishes (100%)
Wisconsin 4K	1.5	404 out of 411 school districts (98%)
Wisconsin HdSt	0.1	41 out of 41 federal Head Start grantees (100%) ¹
Guam	1	1 out of 1 school district (100%) ¹

STATE	Are districts/counties/parishes/towns in the state required to offer this preschool program?
Alabama	Not required, but funding is awarded on a competitive basis ⁴
Alaska	Not required, but funds are available to any district/county/town choosing to offer the program
Arizona	Not required, but funds are available to any district/county/town choosing to offer the program ¹
Arkansas	Not required, but funding is awarded on a competitive basis ³
California CSPP	Not required, but funding is awarded on a competitive basis
California TK	Required for some ¹
Colorado	Not required, but funding is awarded on a competitive basis ²
Connecticut CDCC	Not required, but funding is awarded on a competitive basis ²
Connecticut SR	Not required, but funds are available to any district/county/town choosing to offer the program
Connecticut Smart Start	Not required, but funding is awarded on a competitive basis
Delaware	Not required, but funding is awarded on a competitive basis
District of Columbia	Not required, but funds are available to any district/county/town choosing to offer the program ³
Florida	Required for some ¹
Georgia	Not required, but funding is awarded on a competitive basis
Hawaii	Not required, but funding is awarded on a competitive basis
Illinois	Not required, but funding is awarded on a competitive basis
Iowa Shared Visions	Not required, but funding is awarded on a competitive basis
Iowa SWVPP	Not required, but funds are available to any district/county/town choosing to offer the program
Kansas Preschool Pilot	Not required, but funding is awarded on a competitive basis ²
Kansas State Pre-K	Not required, but funding is awarded on a competitive basis ¹
Kentucky	Required for all
Louisiana 8(g)	Not required, but funds are available to any district/county/town choosing to offer the program ¹
Louisiana LA 4	Not required, but funding is awarded on a competitive basis ²
Louisiana NSECD	Not required, but funding is awarded on a competitive basis
Maine	Not required, but funds are available to any district/county/town choosing to offer the program
Maryland	Required for all ²
Massachusetts UPK	Not required, but funding is awarded on a competitive basis
Massachusetts Ch 70	Not required, but funds are available to any district/county/town choosing to offer the program
Michigan	Not required, but funds are available to any district/county/town choosing to offer the program
Minnesota HdSt	Required for all ¹
Minnesota VPK/SRP	Not required, but funding is awarded on a competitive basis ²
Mississippi	Not required, but funding is awarded on a competitive basis
Missouri	Not required, but funding is awarded on a competitive basis
Montana	Not required, but funding is awarded on a competitive basis
Nebraska	Not required, but funding is awarded on a competitive basis ²
Nevada	Not required, but funding is awarded on a competitive basis
New Jersey Abbott	Required for some ²
New Jersey ECPA	Required for some ²
New Jersey ELLI	Not required, but funding is awarded on a competitive basis
New Mexico	Not required, but funding is awarded on a competitive basis
New York	Not required, but funding is awarded on a competitive basis ¹
North Carolina	Not required, but funds are available to any district/county/town choosing to offer the program ²
North Dakota	Not required, but funds are available to any district/county/town choosing to offer the program
Ohio	Not required, but funding is awarded on a competitive basis
Oklahoma	Not required, but funds are available to any district/county/town choosing to offer the program
Oregon HdSt	Not required, but funding is awarded on a competitive basis
Oregon Preschool Promise	Not required, but funding is awarded on a competitive basis
Pennsylvania RTL	Not required, but funds are available to any district/county/town choosing to offer the program
Pennsylvania HSSAP	Not required, but funding is awarded on a competitive basis
Pennsylvania K4 & SBPK	Not required, but funds are available to any district/county/town choosing to offer the program
Pennsylvania PKC	Not required, but funding is awarded on a competitive basis
Rhode Island	Not required, but funding is awarded on a competitive basis
South Carolina	Required for all ²
Tennessee	Not required, but funding is awarded on a competitive basis
Texas	Required for some ¹
Vermont	Required for all ³
Virginia	Optional for eligible entities ¹
Washington	Not required, but funding is awarded on a competitive basis ³
West Virginia	Required for all
Wisconsin 4K	Not required, but funds are available to any district/county/town choosing to offer the program
Wisconsin HdSt	Required for some ²
Guam	Required for some ¹
	<u> </u>

STATE	Total enrollment, Fall 2017	Program enrollment by age, Fall 2017
Alabama	16,051	16,051 4-year-olds
Alaska	315	Age breakdown not available
Arizona	5,256 ²	1,933 3-year-olds; 3,323 4-year-olds ²
Arkansas	20,6184	1,084 children under age 3; 7,237 3-year-olds; 12,261 4-year-olds; 36 5-year-olds⁴
California CSPP	138,937	429 children under age 3; 57,043 3-year-olds; 81,456 4-year-olds; 9 5-year-olds
California TK	103,360	103,360 4-year-olds
Colorado	21,446	409 children under age 3; 5,713 3-year-olds; 15,324 4-year-olds
Connecticut CDCC	2,178 ³	Age breakdown not available ³
Connecticut SR	11,752	Age breakdown not available
Connecticut Smart Start	655	Age breakdown not available
Delaware	8451	293 3-year-olds; 663 4-year-olds ¹
District of Columbia	13,492	66 children under age 3; 6,141 3-year-olds; 7,185 4-year-olds; 100 5-year-olds ⁴
Florida	174,574	173,645 4-year-olds; 929 5-year-olds
Georgia	80,536	80,536 4-year-olds ²
Hawaii	373	373 4-year-olds
Illinois	75,139	33,318 3-year-olds; 41,622 4-year-olds; 199 5-year-olds
Iowa Shared Visions	1,3312	584 3-year-olds; 735 4-year-olds; 12 5-year-olds
	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
lowa SWVPP	26,120 ²	709 3-year-olds; 25,167 4-year-olds; 244 5-year-olds
Kansas Preschool Pilot	6,7583	6,758 4-year-olds
Kansas State Pre-K	7,264	7,264 4-year-olds
Kentucky	21,2701	5,360 3-year-olds; 15,910 4-year-olds
Louisiana 8(g)	2,127	2,127 4-year-olds
Louisiana LA 4	15,552	15,552 4-year-olds
Louisiana NSECD	1,232	1,232 4-year-olds
Maine	5,648	5,551 4-year-olds; 97 5-year-olds
Maryland	31,474	135 children under age 3; 3,574 3-year-olds; 27,588 4-year-olds; 177 5-year-olds
Massachusetts UPK	7,276	283 children under age 3; 2,457 3-year-olds; 3,215 4-year-olds; 1,321 5-year-olds
Massachusetts Ch 70	30,512³	9,951 3-year-olds; 18,507 4-year-olds; 2,054 5-year-olds
Michigan	37,325	37,325 4-year-olds
Minnesota HdSt	1,385	Age breakdown not available
Minnesota VPK/SRP	6,287³	6,287 4-year-olds
Mississippi	1,840 ²	1,840 4-year-olds²
Missouri	2,378	712 3-year-olds; 1,666 4-year-olds
Montana	3061	14 3-year-olds; 265 4-year-olds; 25 5-year-olds; 2 6-year-olds
Nebraska	13,938	900 children under age 3; 4,239 3-year-olds; 8,711 4-year-olds; 88 5-year-olds
Nevada	2,171 ²	232 3-year-olds; 1,870 4-year-olds; 61 5-year-olds ²
New Jersey Abbott	42,266	19,932 3-year-olds; 22,334 4-year-olds
New Jersey ECPA	7,676	812 3-year-olds; 6,864 4-year-olds
New Jersey ELLI	742³	207 3-year-olds; 535 4-year-olds
New Mexico	9,119¹	891 3-year-olds; 8,228 4-year-olds
New York	121,572	3,721 3-year-olds; 117,851 4-year-olds ²
North Carolina	28,385	28,385 4-year-olds
North Dakota	965	965 4-year-olds
Ohio	17,913 ²	1,737 3-year-olds; 16,176 4-year-olds ²
Oklahoma	39,8071	33,862 4-year-olds; 5,945 5-year-olds ¹
Oregon HdSt	8,048	3,300 3-year-olds; 4,748 4-year-olds
Oregon Preschool Promise		Age breakdown not available ³
Pennsylvania RTL	1,572	Age breakdown not available
Pennsylvania HSSAP	5,651	140 children under age 3; 2,093 3-year-olds; 3,272 4-year-olds; 146 5-year-olds
Pennsylvania K4 & SBPK	2,630	Age breakdown not available
Pennsylvania PKC	20,674	159 children under age 3; 6,962 3-year-olds; 13,220 4-year-olds; 333 5-year-olds
Rhode Island	1,080	1,080 4-year-olds
	27,519	190 3-year-olds; 27,253 4-year-olds; 76 5-year-olds
South Carolina	18,354	330 3-year-olds; 18,024 4-year-olds ²
Tennessee	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	32,568 3-year-olds; 18,024 4-year-olds 32,568 3-year-olds; 198,917 4-year-olds
Texas	231,485	<u> </u>
Vermont	8,815	3,840 3-year-olds; 4,609 4-year-olds; 277 5-year-olds ⁴
Virginia	17,959	17,959 4-year-olds
Washington	12,491	4,472 3-year-olds; 8,019 4-year-olds
West Virginia	15,101 ²	61 children under age 3; 913 3-year-olds; 13,716 4-year-olds; 411 5-year-olds ²
Wisconsin 4K	48,160	Age breakdown not available
Wisconsin HdSt	627³	Age breakdown not available
Guam	71	71 4-year-olds

	ACCESS
CTATE	
STATE	Enrollment (new seats) in state preschool funded by a Preschool Development Grant
Alabama	3,954 children
Alaska	State does not have PDG funding
Arizona	State has PDG funding, no new seats in state-funded preschool
Arkansas	State has PDG funding, no new seats in state-funded preschool ⁵
California CSPP	State does not have PDG funding
California TK	State does not have PDG funding
Colorado	State does not have PDG funding
Connecticut CDCC	State has PDG funding, no new seats in state-funded preschool ⁴
Connecticut SR	State has PDG funding, no new seats in state-funded preschool ²
Connecticut Smart Start	State has PDG funding, no new seats in state-funded preschool ²
Delaware	State does not have PDG funding
District of Columbia	State does not have PDG funding
Florida	State does not have PDG funding
Georgia	State does not have PDG funding
Hawaii	State has PDG funding, no new seats in state-funded preschool
Illinois	State has PDG funding, no new seats in state-funded preschool
Iowa Shared Visions	State does not have PDG funding
Iowa SWVPP	State does not have PDG funding
Kansas Preschool Pilot	State does not have PDG funding
Kansas State Pre-K	State does not have PDG funding
Kentucky	State does not have PDG funding State does not have PDG funding
Louisiana 8(g)	State does not have 100 tahung State has PDG funding, no new seats in state-funded preschool
Louisiana LA 4	State has PDG funding, no new seats in state-funded preschool
Louisiana NSECD	
	State has PDG funding, no new seats in state-funded preschool 32 children
Maine	1,571 children
Maryland	·
Massachusetts UPK	State has PDG funding, no new seats in state-funded preschool
Massachusetts Ch 70	State has PDG funding, no new seats in state-funded preschool
Michigan	State does not have PDG funding
Minnesota HdSt	State does not have PDG funding
Minnesota VPK/SRP	State does not have PDG funding
Mississippi	State does not have PDG funding
Missouri	State does not have PDG funding
Montana	State has PDG funding, no new seats in state-funded preschool
Nebraska	State does not have PDG funding
Nevada	State has PDG funding, no new seats in state-funded preschool
New Jersey Abbott	State has PDG funding, no new seats in state-funded preschool
New Jersey ECPA	869 children
New Jersey ELLI	91 children
New Mexico	State does not have PDG funding
New York	2,371 children
North Carolina	State does not have PDG funding
North Dakota	State does not have PDG funding
Ohio	State does not have PDG funding
Oklahoma	State does not have PDG funding
Oregon HdSt	State does not have PDG funding

Oregon HdSt State does not have PDG funding Oregon Preschool Promise State does not have PDG funding Pennsylvania RTL State does not have PDG funding State does not have PDG funding Pennsylvania HSSAP State does not have PDG funding Pennsylvania K4 & SBPK Pennsylvania PKC State does not have PDG funding 543 children Rhode Island South Carolina State does not have PDG funding Tennessee 120 children Texas State does not have PDG funding State has PDG funding, no new seats in state-funded preschool Vermont Virginia State has PDG funding, no new seats in state-funded preschool² State does not have PDG funding Washington West Virginia State does not have PDG funding Wisconsin 4K State does not have PDG funding Wisconsin HdSt State does not have PDG funding State does not have PDG funding Guam Footnotes are grouped by state at the end of Appendix A. Unless noted, all data are for the '17-'18 school year. 196

STATE	Preschool Development Grant funding used to enhance quality in state preschool
Alabama	11,286 children
Alaska	State does not have PDG funding
Arizona	No
Arkansas	1,509 children
California CSPP	State does not have PDG funding
California TK	State does not have PDG funding
Colorado	State does not have PDG funding
Connecticut CDCC	45 children
Connecticut SR	256 children
Connecticut Smart Start	State has PDG funding; Smart Start not supported by PDG funding
Delaware	State does not have PDG funding
District of Columbia	State does not have PDG funding
Florida	State does not have PDG funding
Georgia	State does not have PDG funding
Hawaii	No
Illinois	41 children
Iowa Shared Visions	State does not have PDG funding
Iowa SWVPP	State does not have PDG funding
Kansas Preschool Pilot	State does not have PDG funding
Kansas State Pre-K	State does not have PDG funding
Kentucky	State does not have PDG funding
Louisiana 8(q)	State used PDG funding to enhance quality of existing birth to 5 slots
Louisiana LA 4	State used PDG funding to enhance quality of existing birth to 5 slots
Louisiana NSECD	State used PDG funding to enhance quality of existing birth to 5 slots
Maine	472 children
Maryland	2,701 children
Massachusetts UPK	No No
Massachusetts Ch 70	No No
Michigan	State does not have PDG funding
Minnesota HdSt	State does not have PDG funding
Minnesota VPK/SRP	State does not have PDG funding
Mississippi	State does not have PDG funding State does not have PDG funding
Missouri	State does not have PDG funding State does not have PDG funding
Montana	No No
Nebraska	State does not have PDG funding
Nevada	1,996 children ³
New Jersey Abbott	No No
New Jersey ECPA	620 children
New Jersey ELLI	23 children
New Mexico	State does not have PDG funding
New York	No.
North Carolina	State does not have PDG funding
North Dakota	State does not have PDG funding State does not have PDG funding
Ohio	State does not have PDG funding State does not have PDG funding
Oklahoma	State does not have PDG funding State does not have PDG funding
	State does not have PDG funding State does not have PDG funding
Oregon HdSt	<u> </u>
Oregon Preschool Promise	State does not have PDG funding
Pennsylvania RTL	State does not have PDG funding
Pennsylvania HSSAP	State does not have PDG funding
Pennsylvania K4 & SBPK	State does not have PDG funding
Pennsylvania PKC	State does not have PDG funding
Rhode Island	No Caste also and house DDC for diam
South Carolina	State does not have PDG funding
Tennessee	4,077 children
Texas	State does not have PDG funding
Vermont	448 children
Virginia	2,009 children
Washington	State does not have PDG funding
West Virginia	State does not have PDG funding
Wisconsin 4K	State does not have PDG funding
Wisconsin HdSt	State does not have PDG funding
Guam	State does not have PDG funding

Does the state have plans to sustain PDG funding?

	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
Alabama	Yes ⁵
Alaska	NA
Arizona	Working on a plan
Arkansas	Working on a plan
California CSPP	NA NA
California TK	NA NA
	NA NA
Colorado	
Connecticut CDCC	Working on a plan
Connecticut SR	Working on a plan
Connecticut Smart Start	Working on a plan
Delaware	NA
District of Columbia	NA
Florida	NA
Georgia	NA
Hawaii	Yes²
Illinois	Yes ²
Iowa Shared Visions	NA
Iowa SWVPP	NA
Kansas Preschool Pilot	NA
Kansas State Pre-K	NA
Kentucky	NA
Louisiana 8(g)	Working on a plan
Louisiana LA 4	Working on a plan
Louisiana NSECD	Working on a plan
Maine	Yes ²
Maryland	Yes ³
Massachusetts UPK	Working on a plan ²
Massachusetts Ch 70	Working on a plan⁴
Michigan	NA
Minnesota HdSt	NA
Minnesota VPK/SRP	NA
Mississippi	NA
Missouri	NA
Montana	Working on a plan ²
Nebraska	NA NA
Nevada	Working on a plan⁴
	Yes
New Jersey Abbott	
New Jersey ECPA	Yes
New Jersey ELLI	Yes
New Mexico	NA
New York	Yes ³
North Carolina	NA
North Dakota	NA
Ohio	NA
Oklahoma	NA
Oregon HdSt	NA
Oregon Preschool Promise	NA
Pennsylvania RTL	NA NA
Pennsylvania HSSAP	NA NA
Pennsylvania K4 & SBPK	NA
Pennsylvania PKC	NA
Rhode Island	Yes
South Carolina	NA
Tennessee	Working on a plan
Texas	NA
Vermont	No ⁵
Virginia	Working on a plan
Washington	NA
West Virginia	NA NA
Wisconsin 4K	NA NA
Wisconsin HdSt	NA NA
Guam	NA
	hool year

STATE	Special education enrollment in state-funded preschool
Alabama	1,178 4-year-olds
Alaska	Data not available
Arizona	135 children (52 3-year-olds; 83 4-year-olds) ³
Arkansas	2,292 children (97 children under age 3; 767 3-year-olds; 1,419 4-year-olds; 9 5-year-olds)
California CSPP	2,508 children (981 3-year-olds; 1,517 4-year-olds)
California TK	9,499 4-year-olds
Colorado	583 children (140 3-year-olds; 443 4-year-olds) ³
Connecticut CDCC	Data not available
Connecticut SR	640 children
Connecticut Smart Start	105 children
Delaware	83 3- and 4-year-olds
District of Columbia	1,316 children (10 children under age 3; 525 3-year-olds; 742 4-year-olds; 39 5-year-olds)
Florida	Data not available
Georgia	2,998 4-year-olds
Hawaii	15 4-year-olds
Illinois	13,663 children (6,838 3-year-olds; 6,700 4-year-olds; 125 5-year-olds)
Iowa Shared Visions	168 children (83 3-year-olds; 80 4-year-olds; 5 5-year-olds) ³
Iowa SWVPP	1,389 children (332 3-year-olds; 985 4-year-olds; 72 5-year-olds) ³
Kansas Preschool Pilot	Children who receive special education services may attend state preschool classrooms, but are not counted in state preschool enrollment
Kansas State Pre-K	Children who receive special education services may attend state preschool classrooms, but are not counted in state preschool enrollment
Kentucky	11,425 children (5,360 3-year-olds; 6,065 4-year-olds)
Louisiana 8(g)	Data not available
Louisiana LA 4	Data not available
Louisiana NSECD	Children who receive special education services may attend state preschool classrooms, but are not counted in state preschool enrollment
Maine	565 4-year-olds
Maryland	7,503 children (2,671 3-year-olds; 2,570 4-year-olds; 2,262 5-year-olds) ⁴
Massachusetts UPK	1,069 children
Massachusetts Ch 70	20,609 children (6,066 3-year-olds; 13,141 4-year-olds; 1,402 5-year-olds)
Michigan	2,738 4-year-olds
Minnesota HdSt	Data not available
Minnesota VPK/SRP	Children who receive special education services may attend state preschool classrooms, but are not counted in state preschool enrollment
Mississippi	178 4-year-olds
Missouri	266 children (81 3-year-olds; 185 4-year-olds)
Montana	Data not available
Nebraska	3,924 children (352 children under age 3; 1,377 3-year-olds; 2,107 4-year-olds; 88 5-year-olds)
Nevada	359 children (41 3-year-olds; 312 4-year-olds; 6 5-year-olds)
New Jersey Abbott	Children who receive special education services may attend state preschool classrooms, but are not counted in state preschool enrollment
New Jersey ECPA	Children who receive special education services may attend state preschool classrooms, but are not counted in state preschool enrollment
New Jersey ELLI	Children who receive special education services may attend state preschool classrooms, but are not counted in state preschool enrollment
New Mexico	886 children (8 3-year-olds; 878 4-year-olds) ²
New York	13,818 children
North Carolina	1,592 4-year-olds
North Dakota	Data not available
Ohio	1,708 children
Oklahoma	3,053 4-year-olds, 740 5-year-olds
Oregon HdSt	1,441 children (593 3-year-olds; 848 4-year-olds)
Oregon Preschool Promise	Data not available
Pennsylvania RTL	Children who receive special education services may attend state preschool classrooms, but are not counted in state preschool enrollment
Pennsylvania HSSAP	318 children (98 3-year-olds; 215 4-year-olds)
Pennsylvania K4 & SBPK	Data not available
Pennsylvania PKC	990 children (4 children under age 3; 275 3-year-olds; 686 4-year-olds; 25 5-year-olds)
Rhode Island	157 4-year-olds
South Carolina	2,814 children (140 3-year-olds; 2,636 4-year-olds; 38 5-year-olds)
Tennessee	1,780 children
Texas	9,712 children
Vermont	1,301 children (518 3-year-olds; 675 4-year-olds; 67 5-year-olds; 41 age unknown)
Virginia	Data not available
Washington	1,374 children (501 3-year-olds; 873 4-year-olds)
West Virginia	2,557 children (61 children under age 3; 913 3-year-olds; 1,435 4-year-olds; 148 5-year-olds)
Wisconsin 4K	5,106 children
Wisconsin HdSt	Data not available
Guam	None

Are children enrolled in both Head Start and state-funded preschool?
Children are enrolled in both state-funded preschool and Head Start in one program using blended funds
Children are enrolled in both state-funded preschool and Head Start in one program using blended funds ¹
Unknown ⁴
Unknown ⁶
Children attend state-funded preschool and use Head Start for wrap around services; Children attend state-funded preschool and Head Start in other ways
Unknown
Children are enrolled in both state-funded preschool and Head Start in one program using blended funds; Children are enrolled in part-day state-funded preschool and part-day Head Start; Children attend state-funded preschool and use Head Start for wrap around services ⁴
Children are enrolled in part-day state-funded preschool and part-day Head Start
Children are enrolled in both state-funded preschool and Head Start in one program using blended funds
No dual enrollment
Unknown ²
Children are enrolled in both state-funded preschool and Head Start in one program using blended funds
Children are enrolled in part-day state-funded preschool and part-day Head Start
Children are enrolled in both state-funded preschool and Head Start in one program using blended funds
No dual enrollment
Children are enrolled in both state-funded preschool and Head Start in one program using blended funds; Children are enrolled in part-day state-funded preschool and part-day Head Start; Children attend state-funded preschool and use Head Start for wrap around services
Children are enrolled in part-day state-funded preschool and part-day Head Start; Children attend state-funded preschool and use Head Start for wrap around services; Some awarded grantees are Head Start programs ⁴
Children are enrolled in both state-funded preschool and Head Start in one program using blended funds; Children are enrolled in part-day state-funded preschool and part-day Head Start ⁴
Children are enrolled in both state-funded preschool and Head Start in one program using blended funds; Children are enrolled in part-day state-funded preschool and part-day Head Start; Children attend state-funded preschool and use Head Start for wrap around services
Children are enrolled in both state-funded preschool and Head Start in one program using blended funds; Children are enrolled in part-day state-funded preschool and part-day Head Start; Children attend state-funded preschool and use Head Start for wrap around services
Children are enrolled in both state-funded preschool and Head Start in one program using blended funds ²
No dual enrollment
No dual enrollment
No dual enrollment
Children are enrolled in both state-funded preschool and Head Start in one program using blended funds; Children are enrolled in part-day state-funded preschool and part-day Head Start; Children attend state-funded preschool and use Head Start for wrap around services ³
Children are enrolled in both state-funded preschool and Head Start in one program using blended funds
Children are enrolled in both state-funded preschool and Head Start in one program using blended funds; Some of the UPK grantees are also Head Start Programs
Unknown
Children are enrolled in both state-funded preschool and Head Start in one program using blended funds (GSRP/Head Start Blend) ²
This state-funded preschool program is Head Start
VPK programs are encouraged to blend funds to deliver full-day preschool programming⁴
All of the ELCs have Head Start partners ³
Unknown
One Head Start grantee was selected to participate in Montana STARS ³
Children are enrolled in both state-funded preschool and Head Start in one program using blended funds
No dual enrollment

STATE	Are children enrolled in both Head Start and state-funded preschool?	
New Jersey Abbott	Children are enrolled in both state-funded preschool and Head Start in one program using blended funds	
New Jersey ECPA	Children are enrolled in both state-funded preschool and Head Start in one program using blended funds	
New Jersey ELLI	Children are enrolled in both state-funded preschool and Head Start in one program using blended funds ⁴	
New Mexico	Unknown ³	
New York	Children are enrolled in part-day state-funded preschool and part-day Head Start	
North Carolina	Children are enrolled in both state-funded preschool and Head Start in one program using blended funds	
North Dakota	State funding may be used to serve children in Head Start locations only if the funding is going to support children who are not already funded by Head Start ²	
Ohio	Unknown	
Oklahoma	Children are enrolled in both state-funded preschool and Head Start in one program using blended funds; Children are enrolled in part-day state-funded preschool and part-day Head Start	
Oregon HdSt	No dual enrollment	
Oregon Preschool Promise	No dual enrollment ⁴	
Pennsylvania RTL	Unknown	
Pennsylvania HSSAP	Unknown	
Pennsylvania K4 & SBPK	Unknown	
Pennsylvania PKC	Child enrolled in state-funded PreK might also be enrolled in Head Start as long as the hours of instruction do not overlap	
Rhode Island	No dual enrollment	
South Carolina	No dual enrollment³	
Tennessee	Children are enrolled in both state-funded preschool and Head Start in one program using blended funds	
Texas	Children are enrolled in both state-funded preschool and Head Start in one program using blended funds; Children are enrolled in part-day state-funded preschool and part-day Head Start; Children attend state-funded preschool and use Head Start for wrap around services ²	
Vermont	Children are enrolled in both state-funded preschool and Head Start in one program using blended funds	
Virginia	No dual enrollment	
Washington	No dual enrollment	
West Virginia	Children are enrolled in both state-funded preschool and Head Start in one program using blended funds	
Wisconsin 4K	Children are enrolled in both state-funded preschool and Head Start in one program using blended funds; Children are enrolled in part-day state-funded preschool and part-day Head Start; Children attend state-funded preschool and use Head Start for wrap around services¹	
Wisconsin HdSt	Children are enrolled in both state-funded preschool and Head Start in one program using blended funds; Children are enrolled in part-day state-funded preschool and part-day Head Start; Children attend state-funded preschool and use Head Start for wrap around services	
Guam	No dual enrollment	

STATE	Number of children dually enrolled in both Head Start and state-funded preschool	
Alabama	2,040 4-year-olds	
Alaska	Data not available	
Arizona	Unknown	
Arkansas	Unknown	
California CSPP	Data not available	
California TK	Unknown	
Colorado	Data not available	
Connecticut CDCC	Data not available	
Connecticut SR	Data not available	
Connecticut Smart Start	None	
Delaware	Unknown	
District of Columbia	4,757 children (2,130 3-year-olds; 2,627 4-year-olds)	
Florida	Data not available	
Georgia	5,071 4-year-olds	
Hawaii	None	
Illinois	2,088 children (1,033 3-year-olds; 1,049 4-year-olds; 6 5-year-olds)	
Iowa Shared Visions	483 children (243 3-year-olds; 236 4-year-olds; 4 5-year-olds) ⁴	
Iowa SWVPP	1,718 4-year-olds ⁵	
Kansas Preschool Pilot	Data not available	
Kansas State Pre-K	Data not available	
Kentucky	1,135 4-year-olds	
Louisiana 8(g)	None	
Louisiana LA 4	None	
Louisiana NSECD	None	
Maine	1,096 4-year-olds	
Maryland	Data not available	
Massachusetts UPK	4,072 children (1,360 3-year-olds; 1,915 4-year-olds)	
Massachusetts Ch 70	Unknown	
Michigan	5,910 4-year-olds ²	
Minnesota HdSt	1,385 children	
Minnesota VPK/SRP	Data not available	
Mississippi	880 4-year-olds	
Missouri	Unknown	
Montana	Data not available	
Nebraska	1,981 children (728 3-year-olds; 983 4-year-olds)³	
Nevada	None	
New Jersey Abbott	Data not available	
New Jersey ECPA	Data not available	
New Jersey ELLI	Data not available	
New Mexico	Unknown	
New York	11,633 children (835 3-year-olds; 10,798 4-year-olds)	
North Carolina	4,456 4-year-olds	
North Dakota	Data not available	
Ohio	Unknown	
Oklahoma	Data not available	
Oregon HdSt	None	
Oregon Preschool Promise	None	
Pennsylvania RTL	Unknown	
Pennsylvania HSSAP	Unknown	
Pennsylvania K4 & SBPK	Unknown	
Pennsylvania PKC	43 children (10 3-year-olds; 33 4-year-olds) ¹	
Rhode Island	None	
South Carolina	None	
Tennessee	3,579 children³	
Texas	Data not available	
Vermont	Data not available	
Virginia	None	
Washington	None	
West Virginia	4,751 children (219 3-year-olds; 4,532 4-year-olds)	
Wisconsin 4K	Data not available	
Wisconsin HdSt	Data not available	
Guam	None	

STATE	Preschool enrollment by home language	
Alabama	English only: 15,175 4-year-olds; English and/or language other than English: 876 4-year-olds	
Alaska	Data not available	
Arizona	Data not available	
Arkansas	English only: 18,093 children (979 children under age 3; 6,531 3-year-olds; 10,550 4-year-olds; 33 5-year-olds); English and/or language other than English: 2,525 children (105 children under age 3; 706 3-year-olds; 1,711 4-year-olds; 3 5-year-olds)	
California CSPP	English only: 79,392 children (33,038 3-year-olds; 46,183 4-year-olds); English and/or language other than English: 59,545 children (24,005 3-year-olds; 35,273 4-year-olds)	
California TK	English only: 64,783; English and/or language other than English: 36,866 ²	
Colorado	Data not available	
Connecticut CDCC	Data not available	
Connecticut SR	Data not available	
Connecticut Smart Start	14.6% of enrolled children were Dual Language Learners	
Delaware	Data not available	
District of Columbia	Data not available	
Florida	Data not available	
Georgia	English and/or language other than English: 6,619 4-year-olds	
Hawaii	English only: 336 4-year-olds; English and/or language other than English: 30 4-year-olds ³	
Illinois	English only: 52,056 children (23,524 3-year-olds; 28,348 4-year-olds; 184 5-year-olds); English and/or language other than English: 23,083 children (9,794 3-year-olds; 13,274 4-year-olds; 15 5-year-olds) ³	
Iowa Shared Visions	Data not available	
Iowa SWVPP	English only: 24,682 children (667 3-year-olds; 24,015 4-year-olds); English and/or language other than English: 1,174 children (19 3-year-olds; 1,155 4-year-olds)	
Kansas Preschool Pilot	Data not available	
Kansas State Pre-K	English only: 5,363 4-year-olds; English and/or language other than English: 1,928 4-year-olds	
Kentucky	English only: 19,341 children; English and/or language other than English: 2,345 children	
Louisiana 8(g)	Data not available	
Louisiana LA 4	Data not available	
Louisiana NSECD	Data not available	
Maine	English only: 5,407 4-year-olds; English and/or language other than English: 241 4-year-olds	
Maryland	Data not available	
Massachusetts UPK	Data not available	
Massachusetts Ch 70	English and/or language other than English: 3,976 children	
Michigan	Data not available	
Minnesota HdSt	Data not available	
Minnesota VPK/SRP	English only: 3,699 4-year-olds; English and/or language other than English: 1,307 4-year-olds	
Mississippi	English only: 1,783 4-year-olds; English and/or language other than English: 57 4-year-olds	
Missouri	English and/or language other than English: 204 children (46 3-year-olds; 158 4-year-olds)	
Montana	Data not available	
Nebraska	English only: 10,861 children (3,681 3-year-olds; 7,180 4-year-olds); English and/or language other than English: 2,089 children (558 3-year-olds; 1,531 4-year-olds)	
Nevada	English only: 1,502 children (162 3-year-olds; 1,297 4-year-olds); English and/or language other than English: 660 children (70 3-year-olds; 578 4-year-olds)	

English only: 8,444 children (2,965 3-year-olds; 5,479 4-year-olds); English and/or language other than English: 4,047 children (1,507 3-year-olds; 2,540 4-year-olds)

English only: 14,468 children (900 3-year-olds; 13,568 4-year-olds); English and/or language other than English: 161 children (13 3-year-olds; 148 4-year-olds)

Data not available

Data not available

English only: 57 4-year-olds; English and/or language other than English: 14 4-year-olds

STATE	Preschool enrollment by home language	
New Jersey Abbott	English only: 21,683 children; English and/or language other than English: 20,073 children	
New Jersey ECPA	Data not available	
New Jersey ELLI	Data not available	
New Mexico	English only: 6,925 children (659 3-year-olds; 6,266 4-year-olds); English and/or language other than English: 2,194 children (232 3-year-olds; 1,962 4-year-olds)	
New York	Data not available	
North Carolina	Data not available	
North Dakota	Data not available	
Ohio	Data not available	
Oklahoma	English only: 29,633 4-year-olds; English and/or language other than English: 4,229 4-year-olds	
Oregon HdSt	English only: 5,618 children (2,304 3-year-olds; 3,314 4-year-olds); English and/or language other than English: 2,430 children (996 3-year-olds; 1,434 4-year-olds)	
Oregon Preschool Promise	English only: 886 children; English and/or language other than English: 543 children	
Pennsylvania RTL	Data not available	
Pennsylvania HSSAP	Data not available	
Pennsylvania K4 & SBPK	Data not available	
Pennsylvania PKC	Data not available	
Rhode Island	English only: 790 4-year-olds; English and/or language other than English: 290 4-year-olds	
South Carolina	English only: 25,192 children (182 3-year-olds; 22,312 4-year-olds); English and/or language other than English: 2,327 children (8 3-year-olds; 2,317 4-year-olds)	
Tennessee	Data not available	
Texas	88,880 English Learners	
Vermont	Data not available	
Virginia	Data not available	

Washington

West Virginia
Wisconsin 4K

Wisconsin HdSt

Guam

STATE	Preschool enrollment by eligibility for free or reduced price lunch		
Alabama	Free and/or reduced price lunch: 15,240 4-year-olds		
Alaska	Data not available		
Arizona	Free and/or reduced price lunch: 1,933 3-year-olds; 3,323 4-year-olds		
Arkansas	Free lunch: 17,371 children (849 children under age 3; 6,222 3-year-olds; 10,272 4-year-olds; 28 5-year-olds); Reduced price lunch: 323 children (31 children under age 3; 75 3-year-olds; 216 4-year-olds; 1 5-year-olds)		
California CSPP	Free lunch: 85,591 children (35,083 3-year-olds; 50,262 4-year-olds); Reduced price lunch: 34,489 children (14,066 3-year-olds; 20,313 4-year-olds)		
California TK	Free lunch: 41,420 4-year-olds; Reduced price lunch: 11,317 4-year-olds		
Colorado	Free lunch: 9,221 children (2,530 3-year-olds; 6,691 4-year-olds); Reduced price lunch: 1,596 children (416 3-year-olds; 1,180 4-year-olds)		
Connecticut CDCC	Data not available		
Connecticut SR	Data not available		
Connecticut Smart Start	Free and/or reduced price lunch: 279 children		
Delaware	Free and/or reduced price lunch: 845 children ³		
District of Columbia	Free lunch: 9,768 children (4,459 3-year-olds; 5,230 4-year-olds); Reduced price lunch: 168 children (78 3-year-olds; 87 4-year-olds)		
Florida	Data not available		
Georgia	Child or family participation in SNAP, SSI, Medicaid, TANF, and/or CAPS: 39,594 4-year-olds		
Hawaii	Free and/or reduced price lunch: 239 4-year-olds		
Illinois	Free and/or reduced lunch: 44,070 children (18,606 3-year-olds; 25,364 4-year-olds; 100 5-year-olds)		
Iowa Shared Visions	Free lunch: 1,244 children		
Iowa SWVPP Kansas Preschool Pilot	Free lunch: 4,853 children (146 3-year-olds; 4,707 4-year-olds); Reduced price lunch: 1,024 children (14 3-year-olds; 1,010 4-year-olds) Data not available		
Kansas Preschool Pilot Kansas State Pre-K	Free lunch: 4,338 4-year-olds; Reduced price lunch: 711 4-year-olds		
Kentucky	At or below 160% FPL: 9,845 4-year-olds		
Louisiana 8(g)	Data not available ²		
Louisiana LA 4	Free and/or reduced price lunch: 15,552 4-year-olds ³		
Louisiana NSECD	Free and/or reduced price lunch: 1,232 4-year-olds ²		
Maine	Free and/or reduced price lunch: 2,968 4-year-olds		
Maryland	Free and/or reduced lunch: 15,636 children (1,381 3-year-olds; 14,255 4-year-olds)		
Massachusetts UPK	Data not available		
Massachusetts Ch 70	Economically Disadvantaged: 11,286 children ⁵		
Michigan	At or below 100 % FPL: 19,793 4-year-olds; 101 to 200% FPL: 12,480 4-year-olds		
Minnesota HdSt	Free and/or reduced price lunch: 1,385 children ²		
Minnesota VPK/SRP	Free lunch: 2,310 4-year-olds; Reduced price lunch: 539 4-year-olds ⁵		
Mississippi	Free lunch: 1,430 4-year-olds; Reduced price lunch: 81 4-year-olds		
Missouri	Free and/or reduced lunch: 1,525 children (463 3-year-olds; 1,062 4-year-olds)		
Montana	Data not available		
Nebraska	Free lunch: 6,314 children (1,856 3-year-olds; 3,925 4-year-olds); Reduced price lunch: 1,061 children (332 3-year-olds; 680 4-year-olds)		
Nevada	Family income less than \$10,000: 327 children; \$10,000-\$19,999: 454 children; \$20,000-\$29,999: 531 children; \$30,000-\$39,999: 355 children; \$40,000-\$49,999: 232 children; Greater than \$50,000: 240 children ^s		
New Jersey Abbott	Free and/or reduced lunch: 29,020 children ³		
New Jersey ECPA	Data not available		
New Jersey ELLI	Data not available		
New Mexico	Data not available		
New York	Data not available		
North Carolina	At or below 75% SMI: 26,309 4-year-olds		
North Dakota	Data not available		
Ohio	Free and/or reduced lunch: 17,913 children (1,737 3-year-olds; 16,176 4-year-olds)		
Oklahoma	Free lunch: 16,833 4-year-olds; Reduced price lunch: 1,952 4-year-olds		
Oregon HdSt	Free lunch: 8,048 children (3,300 3-year-olds; 4,748 4-year-olds)		
Oregon Preschool Promise	At or below 100% FPL: 491; 101-130% FPL: 938 ⁵		
Pennsylvania RTL	Data not available		
Pennsylvania HSSAP	Free lunch: 5,302 children (1,958 3-year-olds; 3,068 4-year-olds); Reduced price lunch: 235 children (93 3-year-olds; 129 4-year-olds) Data not available		
Pennsylvania K4 & SBPK Pennsylvania PKC	Free lunch: 11,252 children (3,798 3-year-olds; 7,184 4-year-olds); Reduced price lunch: 4,329 children (1,486 3-year-olds; 2,754 4-year-olds)		
Rhode Island	Free and/or reduced lunch: 649 children		
South Carolina	Free and/or reduced lunch: 20,153 children (139 3-year-olds; 19,964 4-year-olds) ⁴		
Tennessee	Free and/or reduced lunch: 16,524 children		
Texas	Free and/or reduced lunch: 198,505 children		
Vermont	Free and/or reduced lunch: 2,864 children (1,105 3-year-olds; 1,645 4-year-olds)		
Virginia	Data not available		
Washington	Free lunch: 11,342 children (4,043 3-year-olds; 7,299 4-year-olds); Reduced price lunch: 687 children (241 3-year-olds; 446 4-year-olds) ⁴		
West Virginia	Data not available		
Wisconsin 4K	Free and/or reduced lunch: 16,777 children		
Wisconsin HdSt	Data not available		
Guam	Free lunch: 71 4-year-olds		

Alabama Hispanic/Latino: 887.4-year-olds; Non-Hispanic/Non-Latino: 14.971.4-year-olds; Not reported: 193.4-year-olds Alaska Data not available Adizona Hapanic/Latino: 2,832 childron (120 childron under age 3; 194.5 3-year-olds; 7,744.4-year-olds; 3.5 year-olds; Non-Hispanic/Non-Latino: 12,726 childron (130 children under age 3; 194.5 3-year-olds; 17,64.4-year-olds; 3.5 year-olds; Non-Hispanic/Non-Latino: 10,736 children (130 children under age 3; 194.5 3-year-olds; 296 4-year-olds; 3.5 year-olds; Non-Hispanic/Non-Latino: 10,736 children (130 children under age 3; 194.5 3-year-olds; 296 4-year-olds); Non-Hispanic/Non-Latino: 18,004 children (16,268 3-year-olds; 27,463 4-year-olds); Non-Hispanic/Non-Latino: 18,004 children (16,268 3-year-olds; 27,464 4-year-olds); Non-Hispanic/Non-Latino: 18,004 children (16,268 3-year-olds; 27,464 4-year-olds); Non-Hispanic/Non-Latino: 19,472 children (16,268 3-year-olds; 27,474 4-year-olds); Non-Hispanic/Non-Latino: 19,474 4-year-olds; Non-Hispanic/Non-Latino: 19,474 4-year-olds; Non-Hispanic/Non-Latino: 19,474 4-year-olds; Non-Hispanic/Non-Latino: 6,671 4-year-olds; Non-Hispanic/Non-Latino: 6,671 4-year-olds; Non-Hispanic/Non-Latino: 6,671 4-year-olds; Non-Hispanic/Non-Latino: 6,671 4-year-olds; Non-Hispanic/Non-Latino: 1,102 children (16,04 3-year-olds; Non-Hispanic/Non-Lati	STATE	Preschool enrollment by ethnicity		
Arizona Data not available Arizona Hispanic/Latino: 2,832 children (120 children under age 3; 946 3-year-olds; 1,744 4-year-olds; 33 5-year-olds; Nort-Hispanic/Nort-Latino: 17,276 children (20 children under age 3; 6) 101 3-year-olds; 10,208 4-year-olds; 33 5-year-olds); Nort-Hispanic/Nort-Latino: 17,276 children (20 children under age 3; 191 3-year-olds; 299 4-year-olds); Nort-Hispanic/Latino: 10,1923 children (20,192 a) year-olds; 299 4-year-olds); California CSPP Hispanic/Latino: 10,1923 children (20,192 a) year-olds; 29,1493 4-year-olds) California TK Hispanic/Latino: 10,192 children (16,258 3-year-olds; 21,493 4-year-olds) California TK Hispanic/Latino: 10,472 children (16,258 3-year-olds; 21,493 4-year-olds) Colorado Hispanic/Latino: 10,472 children (28,93 3-year-olds; 7,794 4-year-olds) Connecticut CDCC Data not available Connecticut SR Data not available Connecticut SR Data not available Delaware Data not available Delaware Data not available Cistrict of Columbia Hispanic/Latino: 790 3-year-olds; 1,064 4-year-olds; Non-Hispanic/Non-Latino: 5,351 3-year-olds; 6,112 4-year-olds Florida Data not available Destrict of Columbia Hispanic/Latino: 24,754 4-year-olds; Non-Hispanic/Non-Latino: 6,671 4-year-olds; Not reported: 1,390 4-year-olds Hispanic/Latino: 22,454 4-year-olds; Non-Hispanic/Non-Latino: 5,067 14 4-year-olds; Not reported: 1,390 4-year-olds Hispanic/Latino: 28,249 a-rolds; Non-Hispanic/Non-Latino: 1,102 children Lowa SWWP Hispanic/Latino: 2,251 children (9,362 3-year-olds; 17,004 4-year-olds; 19 5-year-olds) Cansas Proschool Pilot Cansas Proschool Pilot Data not available Hispanic/Latino: 2,492 4-year-olds; Non-Hispanic/Non-Latino: 3,493 4-year-olds; 2,745 4-year-olds; 2,494 4-year-olds; 2,745 4	Alabama	Hispanic/Latino: 887 4-year-olds; Non-Hispanic/Non-Latino: 14,971 4-year-olds; Not reported: 193 4-year-olds		
Hispanic/Latino. 2,832 children (120 children under ags 3, 945 Syapar-olds; 1,744 d-year-olds; 5 Syapar-olds); Non-Hispanic/Non-Latino. 17,726 children under ags 3, 6, 101 Syapar-olds; 102 Syapar-olds; 3 Syapar-olds;	Alaska	Data not available		
Arkansas Non-Hispanic/Non-Latino: 17,276 children (P34 children under ago 3, 6,101 3-year-olds; 10,208 4-year-olds; 35 5-year-olds; 10,208 4-year-olds; 10,208 4-year-olds; 10,208 4-year-olds; 10,208 3-year-olds; 10,209 3-year-	Arizona	Data not available		
California TK Hispanic/Latino: 58,192 children; Non-Hispanic/Non-Latino: 43,948 children; Not reported: 1,220 children Colorado Bispanic/Non-Latino: 10,472 children (2,893 3-year-olds; 7,749 4-year-olds) Connecticut CDCC Detailed Data not available Connecticut SR Data not available Connecticut SR Data not available Connecticut SR Data not available Delaware Data not available District of Columbia Hispanic/Latino: 17,903 -year-olds; 10,664 4-year-olds; Non-Hispanic/Non-Latino: 5,351 3-year-olds; 6,112 4-year-olds Florida Data not available District of Columbia Hispanic/Latino: 790 3-year-olds; 10,664 4-year-olds; Non-Hispanic/Non-Latino: 5,351 3-year-olds; 6,112 4-year-olds Florida Data not available Georgia Hispanic/Latino: 24,475 4-year-olds; Non-Hispanic/Non-Latino: 5,351 3-year-olds; 6,112 4-year-olds Hispanic/Latino: 24-year-olds; Non-Hispanic/Non-Latino: 254 4-year-olds; Not reported: 1,390 4-year-olds Illinois Hispanic/Latino: 24-year-olds; Non-Hispanic/Non-Latino: 244 4-year-olds; Not reported: 74-year-olds Illinois Hispanic/Latino: 22,081 children (9,362 3-year-olds; 12,700 4-year-olds; 19 5-year-olds) Illinois Hispanic/Latino: 22,081 children (9,362 3-year-olds; 12,700 4-year-olds; 19 5-year-olds) Illinois Hispanic/Latino: 25,131 children (9,362 3-year-olds; Non-Hispanic/Non-Latino: 1,102 children Illinois Hispanic/Latino: 2,513 children (8,362 4-year-olds; Non-Hispanic/Non-Latino: 1,102 children (843 3-year-olds; 2,2745 4-year-olds) Illinois Hispanic/Latino: 2,513 children (8,362 4-year-olds; Non-Hispanic/Non-Latino: 1,464 3-year-olds; 2,2745 4-year-olds; Non-Hispanic/Non-Latino: 1,464 3-year-olds; 2,2745 4-year-olds; Non-Hispanic/Non-Latino: 4,839 4-year-olds; 2,2745 4-year-olds; Non-Hispanic/Non-Latino: 4,839 4-year-olds; 2,2745 4-year-olds; 2,	Arkansas	Non-Hispanic/Non-Latino: 17,276 children (934 children under age 3; 6,101 3-year-olds; 10,208 4-year-olds; 33 5-year-olds);		
Colorado Nispanic/Latino: 10,472 children (2,893 3-year-olds; 7,579 4-year-olds) Connecticut CDCC Data not available Data not available Connecticut SR Data not available Defined available Delaware Data not available District of Columbia Hispanic/Latino: 790 3-year-olds; 1,066 4-year-olds; Non-Hispanic/Non-Latino: 5,351 3-year-olds; 6,112 4-year-olds Florida Data not available District of Columbia Hispanic/Latino: 790 3-year-olds; 1,066 4-year-olds; Non-Hispanic/Non-Latino: 5,351 3-year-olds; 6,112 4-year-olds Florida Data not available Georgia Hispanic/Latino: 12,475 4-year-olds; Non-Hispanic/Non-Latino: 66,671 4-year-olds; Not reported: 1,390 4-year-olds Florida Data not available Hispanic/Latino: 82 4-year-olds; Non-Hispanic/Non-Latino: 284 4-year-olds; Not reported: 7 4-year-olds Hilinois Hispanic/Latino: 82 4-year-olds; Non-Hispanic/Non-Latino: 284 4-year-olds; 195 5-year-olds; 195 5-year-olds Illinois Hispanic/Latino: 22,081 children (9,362 3-year-olds; 12,700 4-year-olds; 195 5-year-olds) Illinois Hispanic/Latino: 22,081 children (9,362 3-year-olds; 12,700 4-year-olds; 195 5-year-olds) Illinois Hispanic/Latino: 2,513 children (66 3-year-olds; 2,22 4-year-olds; 12,700 4-year-olds; 195 5-year-olds; 195 5-ye	California CSPP			
Connecticut CDCC Data not available Connecticut SR Data not available Connecticut SR Data not available Connecticut SR Data not available Data not available District of Columbia Hispanic/Latino: 790 3-year-olds; 1,066 4-year-olds; Non-Hispanic/Non-Latino: 5,351 3-year-olds; 6,112 4-year-olds Florida Data not available District of Columbia Hispanic/Latino: 12,475 4-year-olds; Non-Hispanic/Non-Latino: 5,351 3-year-olds; 6,112 4-year-olds Florida Data not available District of Columbia Hispanic/Latino: 12,475 4-year-olds; Non-Hispanic/Non-Latino: 56,671 4-year-olds; Not reported: 1,390 4-year-olds Georgia Hispanic/Latino: 22,49 tear-olds; Non-Hispanic/Non-Latino: 284 4-year-olds; Not reported: 7 4-year-olds Hawaii Hispanic/Latino: 22,981 children (9,362 3-year-olds; 12,700 4-year-olds; 7 9-year-olds) Idinois Individual Hispanic/Latino: 22,981 children (9,362 3-year-olds; 12,700 4-year-olds; 9 5-year-olds) Idinois Hispanic/Latino: 2,528 children (9,362 3-year-olds; 12,700 4-year-olds; 9 5-year-olds) Idinois Hispanic/Latino: 2,513 children (66 3-year-olds; Non-Hispanic/Non-Latino: 1,102 children Idinois Hispanic/Latino: 2,513 children (66 3-year-olds; Non-Hispanic/Non-Latino: 2,307 children (643 3-year-olds; 22,745 4-year-olds) Kansas Preschool Pilot Data not available Hispanic/Latino: 2,452 4-year-olds; Non-Hispanic/Non-Latino: 17,024 children² Louisiana B(g) Data not available Duisiana B(g) Data not available Duisiana NSCD Data not available Hispanic/Latino: 119 children; Non-Hispanic/Non-Latino: 5,529 children Hispanic/Latino: 2,530 children; Non-Hispanic/Non-Latino: 2,311 4-year-olds; Non-Hispanic/Non-Latino: 2,338 children (257 3-year-olds; 2,011 1-year-olds) Marian Hispanic/Latino: 3,873 4-year-olds; Non-Hispanic/Non-Latino: 3,3342 4-year-olds Minesota HdSt Data not available Minnesota HdSt Data not available Minnesota VPK/SRP Hispanic/Latino: 838 3-year-olds; Non-Hispanic/Non-Latino: 1,781 4-year-olds Minssispip Hispanic/Latino: 838 3-year-olds; 1,952 4-year-olds; Non-Hispanic/Non-Latino: 1,781 4-year-olds Mi	California TK	Hispanic/Latino: 58,192 children; Non-Hispanic/Non-Latino: 43,948 children; Not reported: 1,220 children		
Connecticut SR Connecticut Smart Start Data not available Delaware Data not available Delaware Data not available Delaware Data not available Data not available Data not available District of Columbia Hispanic/Latino: 790 3-year-olds; 1,066 4-year-olds; Non-Hispanic/Non-Latino: 5,351 3-year-olds; 6,112 4-year-olds Florida Data not available Georgia Hispanic/Latino: 12,475 4-year-olds; Non-Hispanic/Non-Latino: 66,671 4-year-olds; Not reported: 1,390 4-year-olds Hawaii Hispanic/Latino: 82 4-year-olds; Non-Hispanic/Non-Latino: 244 4-year-olds; Not reported: 7 4-year-olds Hilinois Hispanic/Latino: 22,081 children (9,362 3-year-olds; 1,102 children Hispanic/Latino: 2,29 children; Non-Hispanic/Non-Latino: 1,102 children Hispanic/Latino: 2,29 children; Non-Hispanic/Non-Latino: 23,607 children (643 3-year-olds; 22,745 4-year-olds) Kansas Preschool Pillot Kansas State Pre-K Hispanic/Latino: 2,452 4-year-olds; Non-Hispanic/Non-Latino: 4,839 4-year-olds; 22,745 4-year-olds) Kentucky Hispanic/Latino: 1,047 children; Non-Hispanic/Non-Latino: 1,024 children³ Louisiana B(g) Data not available Data not available Louisiana B(g) Hispanic/Latino: 1,047 children; Non-Hispanic/Non-Latino: 5,529 children Hispanic/Latino: 1,048 children; Non-Hispanic/Non-Latino: 5,529 children Hispanic/Latino: 2,530 children; Non-Hispanic/Non-Latino: 4,144 children Maryland Hispanic/Latino: 3,843 4-year-olds; Non-Hispanic/Non-Latino: 33,432 4-year-olds; Non-Hispanic/Non-Latino: 3,432 4-year-olds Michigan Hispanic/Latino: 8,144 4-year-olds; Non-Hispanic/Non-Latino: 3,434 4-year-olds Minesota HdSt Data not available Minesota VPK/SRP Hispanic/Latino: 8,144 4-year-olds; Non-Hispanic/Non-Latino: 1,781 4-year-olds Missouri Data not available Nortana Data not available Nortana	Colorado			
Data not available Delaware Data not available Delaware Data not available District of Columbia Hispanic/Latino: 790 3-year-olds; 1,066 4-year-olds; Non-Hispanic/Non-Latino: 5,351 3-year-olds; 6,112 4-year-olds Florida Data not available Georgia Hispanic/Latino: 12,475 4-year-olds; Non-Hispanic/Non-Latino: 66,671 4-year-olds; Not reported: 1,390 4-year-olds Hawaii Hispanic/Latino: 82 4-year-olds; Non-Hispanic/Non-Latino: 284 4-year-olds; Not reported: 7 4-year-olds Illinois Hispanic/Latino: 22,081 children (9,362 3-year-olds; 12,700 4-year-olds; 19 5-year-olds) Illinois Hispanic/Latino: 229 children; Non-Hispanic/Non-Latino: 1,102 children Illowa SWPP Hispanic/Latino: 2,513 children (86 3-year-olds; 2,422 4-year-olds); Non-Hispanic/Non-Latino: 23,607 children (643 3-year-olds; 22,745 4-year-olds) Kansas Preschool Pilot Kansas State Pre-K Hispanic/Latino: 2,452 4-year-olds; Non-Hispanic/Non-Latino: 4,839 4-year-olds; 2,745 4-year-olds; 2,422 4-year-olds; Non-Hispanic/Non-Latino: 1,024 children Louisiana B(g) Data not available Louisiana B(g) Data not available Louisiana B(g) Data not available Louisiana NSECD Data not available Maine Hispanic/Latino: 1,047 children; Non-Hispanic/Non-Latino: 5,529 children Hispanic/Latino: 6,788 children (6,573 3-year-olds; 6,131 4-year-olds); Non-Hispanic/Non-Latino: 4,746 children Maryland Maryland Hispanic/Latino: 2,330 children; Non-Hispanic/Non-Latino: 3,432 4-year-olds) Massachusetts UPK Hispanic/Latino: 3,893 4-year-olds; Non-Hispanic/Non-Latino: 3,432 4-year-olds Minesota MK/SRP Hispanic/Latino: 3,934 -year-olds; Non-Hispanic/Non-Latino: 3,432 4-year-olds Minesota MK/SRP Hispanic/Latino: 3,944 -year-olds; Non-Hispanic/Non-Latino: 1,781 4-year-olds Minesota MK/SRP Hispanic/Latino: 5,944 -year-olds; Non-Hispanic/Non-Latino: 1,784 4-year-olds Minesota MK/SRP Hispanic/Latino: 821 4-year-olds; Non-Hispanic/Non-Latino: 1,784 4-year-olds Minesota MK/SRP Hispanic/Latino: 834 3-year-olds; Non-Hispanic/Non-Latino: 1,784 4-year-olds Minesota MK/SRP Hispanic/Latino: 834 3-year-olds;	Connecticut CDCC	Data not available		
Delaware Data not available District of Columbia Hispanic/Latino: 790 3-year-olds; 1,066 4-year-olds; Non-Hispanic/Non-Latino: 5,351 3-year-olds; 6,112 4-year-olds Florida Data not available Georgia Hispanic/Latino: 12,475 4-year-olds; Non-Hispanic/Non-Latino: 66,671 4-year-olds; Not reported: 1,390 4-year-olds Hawaii Hispanic/Latino: 82 4-year-olds; Non-Hispanic/Non-Latino: 244 4-year-olds; Not reported: 7 4-year-olds Illinois Hispanic/Latino: 22,081 children (9,362 3-year-olds; 12,700 4-year-olds; 19 5-year-olds) Illinois Hispanic/Latino: 229 children; Non-Hispanic/Non-Latino: 1,102 children Illinois Hispanic/Latino: 229 children; Non-Hispanic/Non-Latino: 1,102 children Illinois Hispanic/Latino: 229 children; Non-Hispanic/Non-Latino: 1,102 children Illinois Hispanic/Latino: 2,513 children (66 3-year-olds; 2,422 4-year-olds); Non-Hispanic/Non-Latino: 1,102 children Illinois Hispanic/Latino: 2,513 children (66 3-year-olds; 2,422 4-year-olds); Non-Hispanic/Non-Latino: 2,500 children (643 3-year-olds; 22,745 4-year-olds) Kansas Preschool Pilot Kansas State Pre-K Hispanic/Latino: 1,047 children; Non-Hispanic/Non-Latino: 4,839 4-year-olds² Kentucky Hispanic/Latino: 1,047 children; Non-Hispanic/Non-Latino: 1,024 children² Louisiana 8(g) Data not available Louisiana LA Data not available Louisiana NSECD Data not available Hispanic/Latino: 119 children; Non-Hispanic/Non-Latino: 5,529 children Maryland Hispanic/Latino: 119 children; Non-Hispanic/Non-Latino: 5,529 children Massachusetts UPK Hispanic/Latino: 2,3328 children (657 3-year-olds; 0,111 4-year-olds); Non-Hispanic/Latino: 2,3328 children (2,917 3-year-olds; 0,411 4-year-olds) Minesota PKI/SRP Hispanic/Latino: 3,893 4-year-olds; Non-Hispanic/Non-Latino: 3,432 4-year-olds Minesota PKI/SRP Hispanic/Latino: 821 4-year-olds; Non-Hispanic/Non-Latino: 4,185 4-year-olds Minesota PKI/SRP Hispanic/Latino: 894 4-year-olds; Non-Hispanic/Non-Latino: 4,185 4-year-olds Missosin Data not available Montana Data not available Hispanic/Latino: 883 3-year-olds; Non-Hispanic/Non-L	Connecticut SR	Data not available		
District of Columbia Hispanic/Latino: 790 3-year-olds; 1,066 4-year-olds; Non-Hispanic/Non-Latino: 5,351 3-year-olds; 6,112 4-year-olds Florida Data not available Georgia Hispanic/Latino: 12,475 4-year-olds; Non-Hispanic/Non-Latino: 66,671 4-year-olds; Not reported: 1,390 4-year-olds Hawaii Hispanic/Latino: 82 4-year-olds; Non-Hispanic/Non-Latino: 284 4-year-olds; Not reported: 7 4-year-olds Illinois Hispanic/Latino: 22,081 children (9,362 3-year-olds; 12,700 4-year-olds; 19 5-year-olds) Illinois Hispanic/Latino: 22,081 children (9,362 3-year-olds; 12,700 4-year-olds; 19 5-year-olds) Illinois Hispanic/Latino: 22,081 children (9,362 3-year-olds; 12,700 4-year-olds; 19 5-year-olds) Illinois Hispanic/Latino: 22,981 children (9,362 3-year-olds; 12,700 4-year-olds; 19 5-year-olds) Illinois Hispanic/Latino: 22,981 children; Non-Hispanic/Non-Latino: 1,102 children Illinois Hispanic/Latino: 2,452 4-year-olds; Non-Hispanic/Non-Latino: 2,607 children (643 3-year-olds; 22,745 4-year-olds) Kansas Preschool Pilot Data not available Kansas State Pre-K Hispanic/Latino: 1,047 children; Non-Hispanic/Non-Latino: 4,839 4-year-olds ² Kentucky Hispanic/Latino: 1,047 children; Non-Hispanic/Non-Latino: 17,024 children ³ Louisiana 8(g) Data not available Louisiana LA 4 Data not available Louisiana NSECD Data not available Hispanic/Latino: 119 children; Non-Hispanic/Non-Latino: 5,529 children Hispanic/Latino: 119 children; Non-Hispanic/Non-Latino: 5,529 children Hispanic/Latino: 2,338 children (657 3-year-olds; 0,6131 4-year-olds) Massachusetts UPK Hispanic/Latino: 2,530 children; Non-Hispanic/Non-Latino: 2,3818 children Missachusetts Ch 70 Hispanic/Latino: 3,893 4-year-olds; Non-Hispanic/Non-Latino: 4,746 children Michigan Hispanic/Latino: 3,893 4-year-olds; Non-Hispanic/Non-Latino: 4,185 4-year-olds Minnesota VPK/SRP Hispanic/Latino: 821 4-year-olds; Non-Hispanic/Non-Latino: 1,781 4-year-olds Minnesota VPK/SRP Hispanic/Latino: 59 4-year-olds; Non-Hispanic/Non-Latino: 1,781 4-year-olds Minnesota VPK/SRP Hispanic/Latino: 59 4-year-ol	Connecticut Smart Start	Data not available		
Florida Data not available Georgia Hispanic/Latino: 12,475 4-year-olds; Non-Hispanic/Non-Latino: 66,671 4-year-olds; Not reported: 1,390 4-year-olds Hawaii Hispanic/Latino: 82 4-year-olds; Non-Hispanic/Non-Latino: 284 4-year-olds; Not reported: 7 4-year-olds Illinois Hispanic/Latino: 22,081 children (9,362 3-year-olds; 12,700 4-year-olds; 19 5-year-olds) Illinois Hispanic/Latino: 22,081 children (9,362 3-year-olds; 12,700 4-year-olds; 19 5-year-olds) Illinois Hispanic/Latino: 22,081 children (9,362 3-year-olds; 12,700 4-year-olds; 19 5-year-olds) Illinois Hispanic/Latino: 2,513 children (66 3-year-olds; 2,422 4-year-olds); Non-Hispanic/Non-Latino: 1,102 children Illinois ASWPP Hispanic/Latino: 2,513 children (66 3-year-olds; 2,422 4-year-olds); Non-Hispanic/Non-Latino: 2,3607 children (643 3-year-olds; 22,745 4-year-olds) Kansas Preschool Pilot Kansas State Pre-K Hispanic/Latino: 2,452 4-year-olds; Non-Hispanic/Non-Latino: 4,839 4-year-olds ² Kentucky Hispanic/Latino: 1,047 children; Non-Hispanic/Non-Latino: 17,024 children ³ Louisiana 8(g) Data not available Louisiana B(g) Data not available Louisiana NSECD Data not available Maine Hispanic/Latino: 119 children; Non-Hispanic/Non-Latino: 5,529 children Hispanic/Latino: 6,788 children (657 3-year-olds; 6,131 4-year-olds); Massachusetts UPK Hispanic/Latino: 6,788 children (657 3-year-olds; 20,411 4-year-olds); Massachusetts UPK Hispanic/Latino: 2,330 children; Non-Hispanic/Non-Latino: 2,338 children Michigan Hispanic/Latino: 3,893 4-year-olds; Non-Hispanic/Non-Latino: 2,3818 children Michigan Hispanic/Latino: 821 4-year-olds; Non-Hispanic/Non-Latino: 3,432 4-year-olds Minnesota HdSt Data not available Minnesota VPK/SRP Hispanic/Latino: 594-year-olds; Non-Hispanic/Non-Latino: 1,7814-year-olds Mississippi Hispanic/Latino: 594-year-olds; Non-Hispanic/Non-Latino: 1,7814-year-olds Mississippi Hispanic/Latino: 838 3-year-olds; 1,9524-year-olds; Non-Hispanic/Non-Latino: 3,4013-year-olds Minnesota VPK/SRP Hispanic/Latino: 838 3-year-olds; 1,9524-year-olds; Non-Hispanic	Delaware	Data not available		
Georgia Hispanic/Latino: 12,475 4-year-olds; Non-Hispanic/Non-Latino: 66,671 4-year-olds; Not reported: 1,390 4-year-olds Hawaii Hispanic/Latino: 82 4-year-olds; Non-Hispanic/Non-Latino: 284 4-year-olds; Not reported: 7 4-year-olds Illinois Hispanic/Latino: 22,081 children (9,362 3-year-olds; 12,700 4-year-olds; 19 5-year-olds) Illinois Hispanic/Latino: 229 children; Non-Hispanic/Non-Latino: 1,102 children Iowa SMVPP Hispanic/Latino: 2,513 children (66 3-year-olds; 2,422 4-year-olds); Non-Hispanic/Non-Latino: 23,607 children (643 3-year-olds; 22,745 4-year-olds) Kansas Preschool Pilot Kansas State Pre-K Hispanic/Latino: 2,452 4-year-olds; Non-Hispanic/Non-Latino: 4,839 4-year-olds; 22,745 4-year-olds; Kentucky Hispanic/Latino: 1,047 children; Non-Hispanic/Non-Latino: 17,024 children Louisiana 8(g) Data not available Louisiana NSECD Data not available Louisiana NSECD Data not available Hispanic/Latino: 119 children; Non-Hispanic/Non-Latino: 5,529 children Maryland Hispanic/Latino: 6,788 children (657 3-year-olds; 6,131 4-year-olds); Massachusetts UPK Hispanic/Latino: 2,3,282 children (657 3-year-olds; 20,411 4-year-olds); Massachusetts UPK Hispanic/Latino: 6,704 children; Non-Hispanic/Non-Latino: 2,3,818 children Michigan Hispanic/Latino: 6,704 children; Non-Hispanic/Non-Latino: 3,432 4-year-olds Minnesota HdSt Data not available Minnesota HdSt Data not available Minnesota VPK/SRP Hispanic/Latino: 821 4-year-olds; Non-Hispanic/Non-Latino: 4,185 4-year-olds Mississippi Hispanic/Latino: 59 4-year-olds; Non-Hispanic/Non-Latino: 1,781 4-year-olds Mississippi Hispanic/Latino: 59 4-year-olds; Non-Hispanic/Non-Latino: 1,781 4-year-olds Mississippi Hispanic/Latino: 59 4-year-olds; Non-Hispanic/Non-Latino: 3,401 3-year-olds Montana Data not available Montana Hispanic/Latino: 838 3-year-olds; Non-Hispanic/Non-Latino: 3,401 3-year-olds; 6,759 4-year-olds; Non-Hispanic/Non-Latino: 3,401 3-year-olds; 6,759 4-year-olds; Non-Hispanic/Non-Latino: 3,401 3-year-olds; 6,759 4-year-olds; Non-Hispanic/Non-Latino: 3,401 3-year-olds;	District of Columbia	Hispanic/Latino: 790 3-year-olds; 1,066 4-year-olds; Non-Hispanic/Non-Latino: 5,351 3-year-olds; 6,112 4-year-olds		
Hawaii Hispanic/Latino: 82 4-year-olds; Non-Hispanic/Non-Latino: 284 4-year-olds; Not reported: 7 4-year-olds Illinois Hispanic/Latino: 22,081 children (9,362 3-year-olds; 12,700 4-year-olds; 19 5-year-olds) Iowa Shared Visions Hispanic/Latino: 229 children; Non-Hispanic/Non-Latino: 1,102 children Iows SWVPP Hispanic/Latino: 2,513 children (66 3-year-olds; 2,422 4-year-olds); Non-Hispanic/Non-Latino: 23,607 children (643 3-year-olds; 22,745 4-year-olds) Kansas Preschool Pilot Data not available Kansas State Pre-K Kentucky Hispanic/Latino: 2,452 4-year-olds; Non-Hispanic/Non-Latino: 4,839 4-year-olds² Kentucky Hispanic/Latino: 1,047 children; Non-Hispanic/Non-Latino: 17,024 children³ Louisiana 8(g) Data not available Louisiana NSECD Data not available Louisiana NSECD Data not available Hispanic/Latino: 119 children; Non-Hispanic/Non-Latino: 5,529 children Hispanic/Latino: 119 children; Non-Hispanic/Non-Latino: 5,529 children Hispanic/Latino: 6,708 8 children (657 3-year-olds; 6,131 4-year-olds); Non-Hispanic/Non-Latino: 2,3,328 children (2,917 3-year-olds; 20,411 4-year-olds); Massachusetts UPK Hispanic/Latino: 2,530 children; Non-Hispanic/Non-Latino: 4,746 children Massachusetts Ch 70 Hispanic/Latino: 3,893 4-year-olds; Non-Hispanic/Non-Latino: 2,3,818 children Michigan Hispanic/Latino: 3,893 4-year-olds; Non-Hispanic/Non-Latino: 3,432 4-year-olds Minnesota HdSt Data not available Minnesota VPK/SRP Hispanic/Latino: 59 4-year-olds; Non-Hispanic/Non-Latino: 1,781 4-year-olds Missouri Data not available Montana Data not available Montana Hispanic/Latino: 888 3-year-olds; 1,952 4-year-olds; Non-Hispanic/Non-Latino: 3,401 3-year-olds; 6,759 4-year-olds	Florida	Data not available		
Illinois Hispanic/Latino: 22,081 children (9,362 3-year-olds; 12,700 4-year-olds; 19 5-year-olds) lowa Shared Visions Hispanic/Latino: 229 children; Non-Hispanic/Non-Latino: 1,102 children lowa SMVPP Hispanic/Latino: 2,513 children (66 3-year-olds; 2,422 4-year-olds); Non-Hispanic/Non-Latino: 23,607 children (643 3-year-olds; 22,745 4-year-olds) Kansas Preschool Pilot Data not available Kansas State Pre-K Hispanic/Latino: 2,452 4-year-olds; Non-Hispanic/Non-Latino: 4,839 4-year-olds² Kentucky Hispanic/Latino: 1,047 children; Non-Hispanic/Non-Latino: 17,024 children³ Louisiana B(g) Data not available Louisiana LA 4 Data not available Louisiana NSECD Data not available Maine Hispanic/Latino: 119 children; Non-Hispanic/Non-Latino: 5,529 children Maryland Hispanic/Latino: 119 children; Non-Hispanic/Non-Latino: 5,529 children Maryland Hispanic/Non-Latino: 23,328 children (657 3-year-olds; 6,131 4-year-olds); Massachusetts UPK Hispanic/Non-Latino: 2,330 children; Non-Hispanic/Non-Latino: 4,746 children Massachusetts UPK Hispanic/Latino: 6,704 children; Non-Hispanic/Non-Latino: 3,432 4-year-olds; Minnesota HdSt Data not available Minnesota HdSt Data not available Minnesota HdSt Data not available Minnesota VPK/SPP Hispanic/Latino: 821 4-year-olds; Non-Hispanic/Non-Latino: 4,185 4-year-olds Mississippi Hispanic/Latino: 59 4-year-olds; Non-Hispanic/Non-Latino: 1,781 4-year-olds Mississippi Data not available Montana Data not available Montana Hispanic/Latino: 838 3-year-olds; 1,952 4-year-olds; Non-Hispanic/Non-Latino: 3,401 3-year-olds; 6,759 4-year-olds	Georgia	Hispanic/Latino: 12,475 4-year-olds; Non-Hispanic/Non-Latino: 66,671 4-year-olds; Not reported: 1,390 4-year-olds		
lowa Shared Visions Hispanic/Latino: 229 children; Non-Hispanic/Non-Latino: 1,102 children lowa SWVPP Hispanic/Latino: 2,513 children (66 3-year-olds; 2,422 4-year-olds); Non-Hispanic/Non-Latino: 23,607 children (643 3-year-olds; 22,745 4-year-olds) Kansas Preschool Pilot Data not available Kansas State Pre-K Hispanic/Latino: 2,452 4-year-olds; Non-Hispanic/Non-Latino: 4,839 4-year-olds² Kentucky Hispanic/Latino: 1,047 children; Non-Hispanic/Non-Latino: 17,024 children³ Louisiana 8(g) Data not available Louisiana NSECD Data not available Louisiana NSECD Data not available Maine Hispanic/Latino: 119 children; Non-Hispanic/Non-Latino: 5,529 children Maryland Hispanic/Latino: 6,788 children (657 3-year-olds; 6,131 4-year-olds); Non-Hispanic/Non-Latino: 23,328 children (2,917 3-year-olds; 20,411 4-year-olds)§ Massachusetts UPK Hispanic/Latino: 2,530 children; Non-Hispanic/Non-Latino: 4,746 children Massachusetts Ch 70 Hispanic/Latino: 6,704 children; Non-Hispanic/Non-Latino: 33,432 4-year-olds Minnesota HdSt Data not available Minnesota HdSt Data not available Minnesota VPK/SRP Hispanic/Latino: 821 4-year-olds; Non-Hispanic/Non-Latino: 1,781 4-year-olds Missasispip Hispanic/Latino: 59 4-year-olds; Non-Hispanic/Non-Latino: 1,781 4-year-olds Missouri Data not available Montana Data not available Nebraska Hispanic/Latino: 838 3-year-olds; 1,952 4-year-olds; Non-Hispanic/Non-Latino: 3,401 3-year-olds; 6,759 4-year-olds	Hawaii	Hispanic/Latino: 82 4-year-olds; Non-Hispanic/Non-Latino: 284 4-year-olds; Not reported: 7 4-year-olds		
Iowa SWVPP Hispanic/Latino: 2,513 children (66 3-year-olds; 2,422 4-year-olds); Non-Hispanic/Non-Latino: 23,607 children (643 3-year-olds; 22,745 4-year-olds) Kansas Preschool Pilot Data not available Kansas State Pre-K Hispanic/Latino: 2,452 4-year-olds; Non-Hispanic/Non-Latino: 4,839 4-year-olds² Kentucky Hispanic/Latino: 1,047 children; Non-Hispanic/Non-Latino: 17,024 children³ Louisiana 8(g) Data not available Louisiana NSECD Data not available Louisiana NSECD Data not available Maine Hispanic/Latino: 119 children; Non-Hispanic/Non-Latino: 5,529 children Hispanic/Latino: 119 children; Non-Hispanic/Non-Latino: 5,529 children Maryland Hispanic/Latino: 6,788 children (657 3-year-olds; 0,411 4-year-olds); Non-Hispanic/Non-Latino: 2,328 children (2,917 3-year-olds; 20,411 4-year-olds) Massachusetts UPK Hispanic/Latino: 6,704 children; Non-Hispanic/Non-Latino: 4,746 children Massachusetts Ch 70 Hispanic/Latino: 3,893 4-year-olds; Non-Hispanic/Non-Latino: 33,432 4-year-olds Minnesota HdSt Data not available Minnesota VPK/SRP Hispanic/Latino: 821 4-year-olds; Non-Hispanic/Non-Latino: 4,185 4-year-olds Mississippi Hispanic/Latino: 59 4-year-olds; Non-Hispanic/Non-Latino: 1,781 4-year-olds Missouri Data not available Montana Data not available Nebraska Hispanic/Latino: 838 3-year-olds; 1,952 4-year-olds; Non-Hispanic/Non-Latino: 3,401 3-year-olds; 6,759 4-year-olds	Illinois	Hispanic/Latino: 22,081 children (9,362 3-year-olds; 12,700 4-year-olds; 19 5-year-olds)		
Kansas Preschool Pilot Kansas State Pre-K Hispanic/Latino: 2,452 4-year-olds; Non-Hispanic/Non-Latino: 4,839 4-year-olds² Kentucky Hispanic/Latino: 1,047 children; Non-Hispanic/Non-Latino: 17,024 children³ Louisiana 8(g) Data not available Louisiana LA 4 Data not available Louisiana NSECD Data not available Maine Hispanic/Latino: 119 children; Non-Hispanic/Non-Latino: 5,529 children Hispanic/Latino: 119 children; Non-Hispanic/Non-Latino: 5,529 children Maryland Maryland Hispanic/Latino: 6,788 children (657 3-year-olds; 6,131 4-year-olds); Non-Hispanic/Non-Latino: 23,328 children (2,917 3-year-olds; 20,411 4-year-olds) Massachusetts UPK Hispanic/Latino: 2,530 children; Non-Hispanic/Non-Latino: 4,746 children Massachusetts Ch 70 Hispanic/Latino: 6,704 children; Non-Hispanic/Non-Latino: 23,818 children Michigan Hispanic/Latino: 3,893 4-year-olds; Non-Hispanic/Non-Latino: 33,432 4-year-olds Minnesota HdSt Data not available Minnesota VPK/SRP Hispanic/Latino: 59 4-year-olds; Non-Hispanic/Non-Latino: 1,781 4-year-olds Missouri Data not available Montana Data not available Nebraska Hispanic/Latino: 838 3-year-olds; 1,952 4-year-olds; Non-Hispanic/Non-Latino: 3,401 3-year-olds; 6,759 4-year-olds	Iowa Shared Visions			
Kansas State Pre-K Hispanic/Latino: 2,452 4-year-olds; Non-Hispanic/Non-Latino: 4,839 4-year-olds² Kentucky Hispanic/Latino: 1,047 children; Non-Hispanic/Non-Latino: 17,024 children³ Louisiana 8(g) Data not available Louisiana NSECD Data not available Louisiana NSECD Data not available Hispanic/Latino: 119 children; Non-Hispanic/Non-Latino: 5,529 children Hispanic/Latino: 6,788 children (657 3-year-olds; 6,131 4-year-olds); Non-Hispanic/Non-Latino: 23,328 children (2,917 3-year-olds; 20,411 4-year-olds)³ Massachusetts UPK Hispanic/Latino: 2,530 children; Non-Hispanic/Non-Latino: 4,746 children Massachusetts Ch 70 Hispanic/Latino: 6,704 children; Non-Hispanic/Non-Latino: 23,818 children Michigan Hispanic/Latino: 3,893 4-year-olds; Non-Hispanic/Non-Latino: 33,432 4-year-olds Minnesota HdSt Data not available Minnesota VPK/SRP Hispanic/Latino: 821 4-year-olds; Non-Hispanic/Non-Latino: 4,185 4-year-olds Mississippi Hispanic/Latino: 59 4-year-olds; Non-Hispanic/Non-Latino: 1,781 4-year-olds Missouri Data not available Montana Data not available Nebraska Hispanic/Latino: 838 3-year-olds; 1,952 4-year-olds; Non-Hispanic/Non-Latino: 3,401 3-year-olds; 6,759 4-year-olds	Iowa SWVPP	Hispanic/Latino: 2,513 children (66 3-year-olds; 2,422 4-year-olds); Non-Hispanic/Non-Latino: 23,607 children (643 3-year-olds; 22,745 4-year-olds)		
Kentucky Hispanic/Latino: 1,047 children; Non-Hispanic/Non-Latino: 17,024 children³ Louisiana 8(g) Data not available Louisiana LA 4 Data not available Louisiana NSECD Data not available Maine Hispanic/Latino: 119 children; Non-Hispanic/Non-Latino: 5,529 children Maryland Hispanic/Latino: 6,788 children (657 3-year-olds; 6,131 4-year-olds); Non-Hispanic/Non-Latino: 23,328 children (2,917 3-year-olds; 20,411 4-year-olds) ⁵ Massachusetts UPK Hispanic/Latino: 2,530 children; Non-Hispanic/Non-Latino: 4,746 children Massachusetts Ch 70 Hispanic/Latino: 6,704 children; Non-Hispanic/Non-Latino: 23,818 children Michigan Hispanic/Latino: 3,893 4-year-olds; Non-Hispanic/Non-Latino: 33,432 4-year-olds Minnesota HdSt Data not available Minnesota VPK/SRP Hispanic/Latino: 821 4-year-olds; Non-Hispanic/Non-Latino: 4,185 4-year-olds Mississippi Hispanic/Latino: 59 4-year-olds; Non-Hispanic/Non-Latino: 1,781 4-year-olds Missouri Data not available Montana Data not available Nebraska Hispanic/Latino: 838 3-year-olds; 1,952 4-year-olds; Non-Hispanic/Non-Latino: 3,401 3-year-olds; 6,759 4-year-olds	Kansas Preschool Pilot	Data not available		
Louisiana 8(g) Data not available Louisiana LA 4 Data not available Louisiana NSECD Data not available Maine Hispanic/Latino: 119 children; Non-Hispanic/Non-Latino: 5,529 children Maryland Hispanic/Latino: 6,788 children (657 3-year-olds; 6,131 4-year-olds); Non-Hispanic/Non-Latino: 23,328 children (2,917 3-year-olds; 20,411 4-year-olds) Massachusetts UPK Hispanic/Latino: 2,530 children; Non-Hispanic/Non-Latino: 4,746 children Massachusetts Ch 70 Hispanic/Latino: 6,704 children; Non-Hispanic/Non-Latino: 23,818 children Michigan Hispanic/Latino: 3,893 4-year-olds; Non-Hispanic/Non-Latino: 33,432 4-year-olds Minnesota HdSt Data not available Minnesota VPK/SRP Hispanic/Latino: 821 4-year-olds; Non-Hispanic/Non-Latino: 4,185 4-year-olds Mississippi Hispanic/Latino: 59 4-year-olds; Non-Hispanic/Non-Latino: 1,781 4-year-olds Missouri Data not available Montana Data not available Nebraska Hispanic/Latino: 838 3-year-olds; 1,952 4-year-olds; Non-Hispanic/Non-Latino: 3,401 3-year-olds; 6,759 4-year-olds	Kansas State Pre-K	Hispanic/Latino: 2,452 4-year-olds; Non-Hispanic/Non-Latino: 4,839 4-year-olds ²		
Louisiana LA 4 Data not available Louisiana NSECD Data not available Maine Hispanic/Latino: 119 children; Non-Hispanic/Non-Latino: 5,529 children Maryland Maryland Non-Hispanic/Latino: 6,788 children (657 3-year-olds; 6,131 4-year-olds); Non-Hispanic/Non-Latino: 23,328 children (2,917 3-year-olds; 20,411 4-year-olds) ⁵ Massachusetts UPK Hispanic/Latino: 2,530 children; Non-Hispanic/Non-Latino: 4,746 children Michigan Hispanic/Latino: 6,704 children; Non-Hispanic/Non-Latino: 23,818 children Michigan Hispanic/Latino: 3,893 4-year-olds; Non-Hispanic/Non-Latino: 33,432 4-year-olds Minnesota HdSt Data not available Minnesota VPK/SRP Hispanic/Latino: 821 4-year-olds; Non-Hispanic/Non-Latino: 4,185 4-year-olds Mississippi Hispanic/Latino: 59 4-year-olds; Non-Hispanic/Non-Latino: 1,781 4-year-olds Missouri Data not available Montana Data not available Nebraska Hispanic/Latino: 838 3-year-olds; 1,952 4-year-olds; Non-Hispanic/Non-Latino: 3,401 3-year-olds; 6,759 4-year-olds	Kentucky	Hispanic/Latino: 1,047 children; Non-Hispanic/Non-Latino: 17,024 children³		
Louisiana NSECD Data not available Maine Hispanic/Latino: 119 children; Non-Hispanic/Non-Latino: 5,529 children Hispanic/Latino: 6,788 children (657 3-year-olds; 6,131 4-year-olds); Non-Hispanic/Non-Latino: 23,328 children (2,917 3-year-olds; 20,411 4-year-olds) ⁵ Massachusetts UPK Hispanic/Latino: 2,530 children; Non-Hispanic/Non-Latino: 4,746 children Massachusetts Ch 70 Hispanic/Latino: 6,704 children; Non-Hispanic/Non-Latino: 23,818 children Michigan Hispanic/Latino: 3,893 4-year-olds; Non-Hispanic/Non-Latino: 33,432 4-year-olds Minnesota HdSt Data not available Minnesota VPK/SRP Hispanic/Latino: 821 4-year-olds; Non-Hispanic/Non-Latino: 4,185 4-year-olds Mississippi Hispanic/Latino: 59 4-year-olds; Non-Hispanic/Non-Latino: 1,781 4-year-olds Missouri Data not available Montana Data not available Nebraska Hispanic/Latino: 838 3-year-olds; 1,952 4-year-olds; Non-Hispanic/Non-Latino: 3,401 3-year-olds; 6,759 4-year-olds	Louisiana 8(g)	Data not available		
MaineHispanic/Latino: 119 children; Non-Hispanic/Non-Latino: 5,529 childrenMarylandHispanic/Latino: 6,788 children (657 3-year-olds; 6,131 4-year-olds); Non-Hispanic/Non-Latino: 23,328 children (2,917 3-year-olds; 20,411 4-year-olds)sMassachusetts UPKHispanic/Latino: 2,530 children; Non-Hispanic/Non-Latino: 4,746 childrenMassachusetts Ch 70Hispanic/Latino: 6,704 children; Non-Hispanic/Non-Latino: 23,818 childrenMichiganHispanic/Latino: 3,893 4-year-olds; Non-Hispanic/Non-Latino: 33,432 4-year-oldsMinnesota HdStData not availableMinnesota VPK/SRPHispanic/Latino: 821 4-year-olds; Non-Hispanic/Non-Latino: 4,185 4-year-oldsMississippiHispanic/Latino: 59 4-year-olds; Non-Hispanic/Non-Latino: 1,781 4-year-oldsMissouriData not availableMontanaData not availableNon-Hispanic/Latino: 3,401 3-year-olds; 6,759 4-year-olds	Louisiana LA 4	Data not available		
Maryland Hispanic/Latino: 6,788 children (657 3-year-olds; 6,131 4-year-olds); Non-Hispanic/Non-Latino: 23,328 children (2,917 3-year-olds; 20,411 4-year-olds) Massachusetts UPK Hispanic/Latino: 2,530 children; Non-Hispanic/Non-Latino: 4,746 children Massachusetts Ch 70 Hispanic/Latino: 6,704 children; Non-Hispanic/Non-Latino: 23,818 children Michigan Hispanic/Latino: 3,893 4-year-olds; Non-Hispanic/Non-Latino: 33,432 4-year-olds Minnesota HdSt Data not available Minnesota VPK/SRP Hispanic/Latino: 821 4-year-olds; Non-Hispanic/Non-Latino: 4,185 4-year-olds Mississippi Hispanic/Latino: 59 4-year-olds; Non-Hispanic/Non-Latino: 1,781 4-year-olds Missouri Data not available Montana Data not available Nebraska Hispanic/Latino: 838 3-year-olds; 1,952 4-year-olds; Non-Hispanic/Non-Latino: 3,401 3-year-olds; 6,759 4-year-olds	Louisiana NSECD	Data not available		
Massachusetts UPK Hispanic/Latino: 2,530 children; Non-Hispanic/Non-Latino: 4,746 children Massachusetts Ch 70 Hispanic/Latino: 6,704 children; Non-Hispanic/Non-Latino: 23,818 children Michigan Hispanic/Latino: 3,893 4-year-olds; Non-Hispanic/Non-Latino: 33,432 4-year-olds Minnesota HdSt Data not available Minnesota VPK/SRP Hispanic/Latino: 821 4-year-olds; Non-Hispanic/Non-Latino: 4,185 4-year-olds Mississippi Hispanic/Latino: 59 4-year-olds; Non-Hispanic/Non-Latino: 1,781 4-year-olds Missouri Data not available Montana Data not available Nebraska Hispanic/Latino: 838 3-year-olds; 1,952 4-year-olds; Non-Hispanic/Non-Latino: 3,401 3-year-olds; 6,759 4-year-olds	Maine	Hispanic/Latino: 119 children; Non-Hispanic/Non-Latino: 5,529 children		
Massachusetts Ch 70 Hispanic/Latino: 6,704 children; Non-Hispanic/Non-Latino: 23,818 children Michigan Hispanic/Latino: 3,893 4-year-olds; Non-Hispanic/Non-Latino: 33,432 4-year-olds Minnesota HdSt Data not available Minnesota VPK/SRP Hispanic/Latino: 821 4-year-olds; Non-Hispanic/Non-Latino: 4,185 4-year-olds Mississippi Hispanic/Latino: 59 4-year-olds; Non-Hispanic/Non-Latino: 1,781 4-year-olds Missouri Data not available Montana Data not available Nebraska Hispanic/Latino: 838 3-year-olds; 1,952 4-year-olds; Non-Hispanic/Non-Latino: 3,401 3-year-olds; 6,759 4-year-olds	Maryland			
Michigan Hispanic/Latino: 3,893 4-year-olds; Non-Hispanic/Non-Latino: 33,432 4-year-olds Minnesota HdSt Data not available Minnesota VPK/SRP Hispanic/Latino: 821 4-year-olds; Non-Hispanic/Non-Latino: 4,185 4-year-olds Mississippi Hispanic/Latino: 59 4-year-olds; Non-Hispanic/Non-Latino: 1,781 4-year-olds Missouri Data not available Montana Data not available Nebraska Hispanic/Latino: 838 3-year-olds; 1,952 4-year-olds; Non-Hispanic/Non-Latino: 3,401 3-year-olds; 6,759 4-year-olds	Massachusetts UPK			
Minnesota HdSt Data not available Minnesota VPK/SRP Hispanic/Latino: 821 4-year-olds; Non-Hispanic/Non-Latino: 4,185 4-year-olds Mississippi Hispanic/Latino: 59 4-year-olds; Non-Hispanic/Non-Latino: 1,781 4-year-olds Missouri Data not available Montana Data not available Nebraska Hispanic/Latino: 838 3-year-olds; 1,952 4-year-olds; Non-Hispanic/Non-Latino: 3,401 3-year-olds; 6,759 4-year-olds	Massachusetts Ch 70	Hispanic/Latino: 6,704 children; Non-Hispanic/Non-Latino: 23,818 children		
Minnesota VPK/SRP Hispanic/Latino: 821 4-year-olds; Non-Hispanic/Non-Latino: 4,185 4-year-olds Mississippi Hispanic/Latino: 59 4-year-olds; Non-Hispanic/Non-Latino: 1,781 4-year-olds Missouri Data not available Montana Data not available Nebraska Hispanic/Latino: 838 3-year-olds; 1,952 4-year-olds; Non-Hispanic/Non-Latino: 3,401 3-year-olds; 6,759 4-year-olds	Michigan	Hispanic/Latino: 3,893 4-year-olds; Non-Hispanic/Non-Latino: 33,432 4-year-olds		
Mississippi Hispanic/Latino: 59 4-year-olds; Non-Hispanic/Non-Latino: 1,781 4-year-olds Missouri Data not available Montana Data not available Nebraska Hispanic/Latino: 838 3-year-olds; 1,952 4-year-olds; Non-Hispanic/Non-Latino: 3,401 3-year-olds; 6,759 4-year-olds	Minnesota HdSt	Data not available		
Missouri Data not available Montana Data not available Nebraska Hispanic/Latino: 838 3-year-olds; 1,952 4-year-olds; Non-Hispanic/Non-Latino: 3,401 3-year-olds; 6,759 4-year-olds	Minnesota VPK/SRP	Hispanic/Latino: 821 4-year-olds; Non-Hispanic/Non-Latino: 4,185 4-year-olds		
Montana Data not available Nebraska Hispanic/Latino: 838 3-year-olds; 1,952 4-year-olds; Non-Hispanic/Non-Latino: 3,401 3-year-olds; 6,759 4-year-olds	Mississippi	Hispanic/Latino: 59 4-year-olds; Non-Hispanic/Non-Latino: 1,781 4-year-olds		
Nebraska Hispanic/Latino: 838 3-year-olds; 1,952 4-year-olds; Non-Hispanic/Non-Latino: 3,401 3-year-olds; 6,759 4-year-olds	Missouri	Data not available		
	Montana	Data not available		
Nevada Hispanic/Latino: 28 children (5 3-year-olds; 23 4-year-olds); Non-Hispanic/Non-Latino: 2,134 children (227 3-year-olds; 1,847 4-year-olds) ⁶	Nebraska	Hispanic/Latino: 838 3-year-olds; 1,952 4-year-olds; Non-Hispanic/Non-Latino: 3,401 3-year-olds; 6,759 4-year-olds		
	Nevada	Hispanic/Latino: 28 children (5 3-year-olds; 23 4-year-olds); Non-Hispanic/Non-Latino: 2,134 children (227 3-year-olds; 1,847 4-year-olds)		

Preschool enrollment by ethnicity		
Data not available		
Data not available		
Data not available		
Hispanic/Latino: 5,149 children (359 3-year-olds; 4,790 4-year-olds); Non-Hispanic/Non-Latino: 3,921 children (502 3-year-olds; 3,419 4-year-olds); Not reported: 49 children (30 3-year-olds; 19 4-year-olds)		
Data not available		
Hispanic/Latino: 6,694 4-year-olds; Non-Hispanic/Non-Latino: 21,691 4-year-olds		
Data not available		
Data not available		
Hispanic/Latino: 6,212 4-year-olds; Non-Hispanic/Non-Latino: 27,650 4-year-olds		
Hispanic/Latino: 3,085 children (1,265 3-year-olds; 1,820 4-year-olds); Non-Hispanic/Non-Latino: 4,763 children (2,035 3-year-olds; 2,928 4-year-olds)		
Hispanic/Latino: 597 children; Non-Hispanic/Non-Latino: 528 children; Not reported: 304 children		
Data not available		
Hispanic/Latino: 1,092 children (392 3-year-olds; 672 4-year-olds); Non-Hispanic/Non-Latino: 4,147 children (1,583 3-year-olds; 2,356 4-year-olds); Not reported: 412 children (118 3-year-olds; 244 4-year-olds)		
Data not available		
Hispanic/Latino: 3,560 children (1,184 3-year-olds; 2,299 4-year-olds); Non-Hispanic/Non-Latino: 15,303 children (5,184 3-year-olds; 9,762 4-year-olds); Not reported: 1,811 children (594 3-year-olds; 1,159 4-year-olds)		
Hispanic/Latino: 360 4-year-olds; Non-Hispanic/Non-Latino: 720 4-year-olds		
Hispanic/Latino: 3,307 children (18 3-year-olds; 3,287 4-year-olds); Non-Hispanic/Non-Latino: 24,203 children (172 3-year-olds; 23,958 4-year-olds); Not reported: 9 children (8 4-year-olds)		
Data not available		
Hispanic/Latino: 149,047 children; Non-Hispanic/Non-Latino: 82,438 children		
Hispanic/Latino: 172 children; Non-Hispanic/Non-Latino: 8,643 children		
Data not available		
Hispanic/Latino: 5,159 children (1,892 3-year-olds; 3,267 4-year-olds); Non-Hispanic/Non-Latino: 7,332 children (2,580 3-year-olds; 4,752 4-year-olds)		
Hispanic/Latino: 254 children (22 3-year-olds; 232 4-year-olds); Non-Hispanic/Non-Latino: 14,375 children (891 3-year-olds; 13,484 4-year-olds)		
Hispanic/Latino: 5,875 children; Non-Hispanic/Non-Latino: 42,285 children²		
Data not available		
Non-Hispanic/Non-Latino: 71 4-year-olds		

STATE	Preschool enrollment by race	
Alabama	White: 6,804 4-year-olds; Black/African American: 7,005 4-year-olds; Asian: 123 4-year-olds; Native Hawaiian/Pacific Islander: 11 4-year-olds; American Indian/Alaska Native: 68 4-year-olds; Biracial/Multiracial: 803 4-year-olds; Hispanic/Latino: 1,134 4-year-olds; Not reported: 103 4-year-olds	
Alaska	Data not available	
Arizona	Data not available	
Arkansas	White: 10,278 children (583 children under age 3; 3,427 3-year-olds; 6,242 4-year-olds; 26 5-year-olds); Black/African American: 5,573 children (279 children under age 3; 2,171 3-year-olds; 3,118 4-year-olds; 5 5-year-olds); Asian: 220 children (8 children under age 3; 71 3-year-olds; 141 4-year-olds); Native Hawaiian/Pacific Islander: 4 children (1 3-year-olds; 3 4-year-olds); American Indian/Alaska Native: 97 children (9 children under age 3; 40 3-year-olds; 47 4-year-olds; 1 5-year-old); Biracial/Multiracial: 974 children (48 children under age 3; 342 3-year-olds; 583 4-year-olds); Other races: 89 children (3 children under age 3; 36 3-year-olds; 50 4-year-olds); Not reported: 3,383 children (154 children under age 3; 1,149 3-year-olds; 2,077 4-year-olds; 3 5-year-olds)	
California CSPP	White: 105,882 children (43,392 3-year-olds; 62,289 4-year-olds); Black/African American: 11,561 children (5,115 3-year-olds; 6,359 4-year-olds); Native Hawaiian/Pacific Islander: 1,304 children (563 3-year-olds; 738 4-year-olds); Native: 9,785 children (3,579 3-year-olds; 6,195 4-year-olds)	
California TK	White: 22,280 4-year-olds; Black/African American: 5,298 4-year-olds; Asian: 9,241 4-year-olds; Native Hawaiian/Pacific Islander: 363 4-year-olds; American Indian/Alaska Native: 397 4-year-olds; Biracial/Multiracial: 4,252 4-year-olds; Filipino: 2,117 4-year-olds; Not reported: 1,220 4-year-olds; Hispanic/Latino: 58,192 4-year-olds	
Colorado	White: 7,185 children (1,768 3-year-olds; 5,417 4-year-olds); Black/African American: 1,760 children (619 3-year-olds; 1,141 4-year-olds); Asian: 735 children (199 3-year-olds; 536 4-year-olds); Native Hawaiian/Pacific Islander: 63 children (18 3-year-olds; 45 4-year-olds); American Indian/Alaska Native: 174 children (50 3-year-olds; 124 4-year-olds); Biracial/Multiracial: 648 children (166 3-year-olds; 482 4-year-olds); Hispanic/Latino: 10,472 children (2,893 3-year-olds; 7,579 4-year-olds)	
Connecticut CDCC	Data not available	
Connecticut SR	Data not available	
Connecticut Smart Start	Data not available	
Delaware	Data not available	
District of Columbia	White: 1,009 3-year-olds; 1,139 4-year-olds; Black/African American: 4,203 3-year-olds; 4,679 4-year-olds; Asian: 96 3-year-olds; 142 4-year-olds; Native Hawaiian/Pacific Islander: 6 3-year-olds; 2 4-year-olds; American Indian/Alaska Native: 20 3-year-olds; 14 4-year-olds; Hispanic/Latino: 656 3-year-olds; 972 4-year-olds; Biracial/Multiracial: 151 3-year-olds; 237 4-year-olds	
Florida	Data not available	
Georgia	White: 28,402 4-year-olds; Black/African American: 31,611 4-year-olds; Asian: 3,356 4-year-olds; Native Hawaiian/Pacific Islander: 99 4-year-olds American Indian/Alaska Native: 160 4-year-olds; Biracial/Multiracial: 3,043 4-year-olds; Other races: 12,475 4-year-olds; Not reported: 1,390 4-year-olds	
Hawaii	White: 75 4-year-olds; Asian: 98 4-year-olds; Native Hawaiian/Pacific Islander: 169 4-year-olds; Other races: 24 4-year-olds; Not reported: 7 4-year-olds	
Illinois	White: 28,922 children (12,552 3-year-olds; 16,240 4-year-olds; 130 5-year-olds); Black/African American: 16,140 children (7,186 3-year-olds; 8,923 4-year-olds; 31 5-year-olds); Asian: 2,755 children (1,175 3-year-olds; 1,573 4-year-olds; 7 5-year-olds); Native Hawaiian/Pacific Islander: 65 children (30 3-year-olds; 34 4-year-olds; 1 5-year-olds); American Indian/Alaska Native: 204 children (91 3-year-olds; 113 4-year-olds); Biracial/Multiracial: 4,972 children (2,922 3-year-olds; 2,039 4-year-olds; 11 5-year-olds)	
Iowa Shared Visions	White: 802 children; Black/African American: 313 children; Asian: 43 children; Native Hawaiian/Pacific Islander: 3 children; American Indian/Alaska Native: 14 children; Biracial/Multiracial: 107 children; Not reported: 49 children	
Iowa SWVPP	White: 20,442 children (557 3-year-olds; 19,684 4-year-olds); Black/African American: 1,283 children (30 3-year-olds; 1,247 4-year-olds); Asian: 745 children (14 3-year-olds; 728 4-year-olds); Native Hawaiian/Pacific Islander: 56 children (55 4-year-olds); American Indian/Alaska Native: 83 children (3 3-year-olds; 80 4-year-olds); Biracial/Multiracial: 998 children (39 3-year-olds; 951 4-year-olds); Other races: 2,513 children (66 3-year-olds; 2,422 4-year-olds)	
Kansas Preschool Pilot	Data not available	
Kansas State Pre-K	White: 3,382 4-year-olds; Black/African American: 658 4-year-olds; Asian: 263 4-year-olds; Native Hawaiian/Pacific Islander: 19 4-year-olds; American Indian/Alaska Native: 61 4-year-olds; Other races: 456 4-year-olds; Hispanic/Latino: 2,452 4-year-olds ²	
Kentucky	White: 14,673 children; Black/African American: 1,409 children; Asian: 171 children; Native Hawaiian/Pacific Islander: 17 children; American Indian/Alaska Native: 14 children; Biracial/Multiracial: 740 children; Other races: 1,047 children; Not reported: 1 child ³	
Louisiana 8(g)	Data not available	
Louisiana LA 4	Data not available	
Louisiana NSECD	Data not available	
Maine	White: 5,004 children; Black/African American: 251 children; Asian: 47 children; Native Hawaiian/Pacific Islander: 4 children; American Indian/Alaska Native: 54 children; Biracial/Multiracial: 169 children; Other races: 119 children	
Maryland	White: 7,856 children (1,041 3-year-olds; 6,815 4-year-olds); Black/African American: 12,280 children (1,381 3-year-olds; 10,899 4-year-olds); Asian: 1,625 children (304 3-year-olds; 1,321 4-year-olds); Native Hawaiian/Pacific Islander: 59 children (5 3-year-olds; 54 4-year-olds); American Indian/Alaska Native: 111 children (16 3-year-olds; 95 4-year-olds); Biracial/Multiracial: 1,397 children (170 3-year-olds; 1,227 4-year-olds)	
Massachusetts UPK	White: 3,393 children; Black/African American: 1,039 children; Asian: 286 children; Native Hawaiian/Pacific Islander: 34 children; American Indian/Alaska Native: 48 children; Biracial/Multiracial: 1,015 children; Other races: 687 children; Not reported: 774 children	
Massachusetts Ch 70	White: 16,948 children; Black/African American: 2,984 children; Asian: 2,563 children; Native Hawaiian/Pacific Islander: 28 children; American Indian/Alaska Native: 57 children; Biracial/Multiracial: 1,238 children; Hispanic/Latino: 6,704 children	
Massachusetts UPK	White: 3,736 children; Black/African American: 1,067 children; Asian: 294 children; Native Hawaiian/Pacific Islander: 27 children; American Indian/Alaska Native: 83 children; Biracial/Multiracial: 1,081 children; Other races: 873 children; Not reported: 767 children	
Michigan	White: 20,045 4-year-olds; Black/African American: 10,551 4-year-olds; Asian: 740 4-year-olds; Native Hawaiian/Pacific Islander: 32 4-year-olds; American Indian/Alaska Native: 185 4-year-olds; Biracial/Multiracial: 1,879 4-year-olds	
Minnesota HdSt	Data not available	
Minnesota VPK/SRP	White: 2,799 4-year-olds; Black/African American: 1,139 4-year-olds; Asian: 559 4-year-olds; Native Hawaiian/Pacific Islander: 21 4-year-olds; American Indian/Alaska Native: 129 4-year-olds; Biracial/Multiracial: 359 4-year-olds	
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STATE	Preschool enrollment by race	
Mississippi	White: 623 4-year-olds; Black/African American: 1,123 4-year-olds; Asian: 10 4-year-olds; Native Hawaiian/Pacific Islander: < 10 4-year-olds; American Indian/Alaska Native: < 10 4-year-olds; Biracial/Multiracial: 22 4-year-olds	
Missouri	Data not available	
Montana	White: 214 children; Black/African American: 1 child; Asian: 2 children; American Indian/Alaska Native: 27 children; Biracial/Multiracial: 13 children; Not reported: 37 children ⁴	
Nebraska	White: 2,697 3-year-olds; 5,288 4-year-olds; Black/African American: 317 3-year-olds; 643 4-year-olds; Asian: 129 3-year-olds; 344 4-year-olds; Native Hawaiian/Pacific Islander: 6 3-year-olds; 17 4-year-olds; American Indian/Alaska Native: 111 3-year-olds; 156 4-year-olds; Biracial/Multiracial: 141 3-year-olds; 311 4-year-olds; Hispanic/Latino 838 3-year-olds; 1,952 4-year-olds	
Nevada	White: 232 children (19 3-year-olds; 207 4-year-olds); Black/African American: 960 children (102 3-year-olds; 858 4-year-olds); Asian/Pacific Islander: 40 children (2 3-year-olds; 38 4-year-olds); American Indian/Alaska Native: 35 children (6 3-year-olds; 29 4-year-olds); Biracial/Multiracial: 598 children (78 3-year-olds; 498 4-year-olds); Other races: 269 children (20 3-year-olds; 242 4-year-olds); Not reported: 6 children (6 4-year-olds)	
New Jersey Abbott	Data not available	
New Jersey ECPA	Data not available	
New Jersey ELLI	Data not available	
New Mexico	White: 3,269 children (496 3-year-olds; 2,773 4-year-olds); Black/African American: 175 children (19 3-year-olds; 156 4-year-olds); Asian: 88 children (15 3-year-olds; 73 4-year-olds); Native Hawaiian/Pacific Islander: 12 children (2 3-year-olds; 10 4-year-olds); American Indian/Alaska Native: 974 children (81 3-year-olds; 893 4-year-olds); Biracial/Multiracial: 451 children (97 3-year-olds; 354 4-year-olds); Other races: 3,966 children (110 3-year-olds; 3,856 4-year-olds); Not reported: 184 children (71 3-year-olds; 113 4-year-olds) ⁴	
New York	Data not available	
North Carolina	White: 15,307 4-year-olds; Black/African American: 12,236 4-year-olds; Asian: 1,309 4-year-olds; Native Hawaiian/Pacific Islander: 795 4-year-olds; American Indian/Alaska Native: 1,877 4-year-olds; Biracial/Multiracial: 3,139 4-year-olds³	
North Dakota	Data not available	
Ohio	Data not available	
Oklahoma	White: 21,372 4-year-olds; Black/African American: 2,924 4-year-olds; Asian: 776 4-year-olds; Native Hawaiian/Pacific Islander: 134 4-year-olds; American Indian/Alaska Native: 4,521 4-year-olds; Biracial/Multiracial: 4,135 4-year-olds	
Oregon HdSt	White: 5,405 children (2,216 3-year-olds; 3,189 4-year-olds); Black/African American: 601 children (246 3-year-olds; 355 4-year-olds); Asian: 213 children (87 3-year-olds; 126 4-year-olds); Native Hawaiian/Pacific Islander: 89 children (38 3-year-olds; 51 4-year-olds); American Indian/Alaska Native: 175 children (72 3-year-olds; 103 4-year-olds); Biracial/Multiracial: 656 children (269 3-year-olds; 387 4-year-olds) Other races: 813 children (333 3-year-olds; 480 4-year-olds); Not reported: 96 children (39 3-year-olds; 57 4-year-olds)	
Oregon Preschool Promise	White: 1.144 children: Black/African American: 96 children: Asian: 50 children: Native Hawaiian/Pacific Islander: 16 children:	
Pennsylvania RTL	Data not available	
Pennsylvania HSSAP	White: 2,409 children (920 3-year-olds; 1,394 4-year-olds); Black/African American: 1,897 children (718 3-year-olds; 1,027 4-year-olds); Asian: 314 children (122 3-year-olds; 190 4-year-olds); Native Hawaiian/Pacific Islander: 15 children (7 3-year-olds; 8 4-year-olds); American Indian/Alaska Native: 21 children (6 3-year-olds; 14 4-year-olds); Other races: 816 children (267 3-year-olds; 520 4-year-olds); Not reported: 179 children (53 3-year-olds; 119 4-year-olds)	
Pennsylvania K4 & SBPK	Data not available	
Pennsylvania PKC	White: 11,352 children (3,581 3-year-olds; 7,484 4-year-olds); Black/African American: 5,513 children (2,125 3-year-olds; 3,281 4-year-olds); Asian: 893 children (318 3-year-olds; 559 4-year-olds); Native Hawaiian/Pacific Islander: 18 children (5 3-year-olds; 13 4-year-olds); American Indian/Alaska Native: 75 children (33 3-year-olds; 40 4-year-olds); Other races: 1,629 children (564 3-year-olds; 1,013 4-year-olds); Not reported: 1,194 children (336 3-year-olds; 830 4-year-olds)	
Rhode Island	White: 304 4-year-olds; Black/African American: 160 4-year-olds; Asian: 54 4-year-olds; Native Hawaiian/Pacific Islander: 2 4-year-olds; American Indian/Alaska Native: 50 4-year-olds; Biracial/Multiracial: 150 4-year-olds	
South Carolina	White: 10,278 children (3,427 3-year-olds; 6,242 4-year-olds); Black/African American: 5,573 children (2,171 3-year-olds; 3,118 4-year-olds); Asian: 220 children (71 3-year-olds; 141 4-year-olds); Native Hawaiian/Pacific Islander: 4 children (1 3-year-old; 3 4-year-olds); American Indian/Alaska Native: 97 children (40 3-year-olds; 47 4-year-olds); Biracial/Multiracial: 974 children (342 3-year-olds; 583 4-year-olds); Other races: 89 children (36 3-year-olds; 50 4-year-olds); Not reported: 3,383 children (1,149 3-year-olds; 2,077 4-year-olds)	
Tennessee	Data not available	
Texas	White: 34,064 children; Black/African American: 34,374 children; Asian: 8,403 children; Native Hawaiian/Pacific Islander: 291 children; American Indian/Alaska Native: 705 children; Biracial/Multiracial: 4,601 children; Hispanic/Latino: 149,047 children	
Vermont	White: 7,973 children; Non-Caucasian: 842 children	
Virginia	Data not available	
Washington	White: 8,329 children (2,945 3-year-olds; 5,384 4-year-olds); Black/African American: 1,315 children (482 3-year-olds; 833 4-year-olds); Asian: 459 children (167 3-year-olds; 292 4-year-olds); Native Hawaiian/Pacific Islander: 207 children (67 3-year-olds; 140 4-year-olds); American Indian/Alaska Native: 348 children (137 3-year-olds; 211 4-year-olds); Biracial/Multiracial: 987 children (351 3-year-olds; 636 4-year-olds); Not reported: 846 children (323 3-year-olds; 523 4-year-olds)	
West Virginia	White: 13,040 children (819 3-year-olds; 12,221 4-year-olds); Black/African American: 592 children (33 3-year-olds; 559 4-year-olds); Asian: 88 children (2 3-year-olds; 86 4-year-olds); Native Hawaiian/Pacific Islander: 5 children (5 4-year-olds); American Indian/Alaska Native: 15 children (2 3-year-olds; 13 4-year-olds); Biracial/Multiracial: 635 children (35 3-year-olds; 600 4-year-olds); Hispanic/Latino: 254 children (22 3-year-olds; 232 4-year-olds)	
Wisconsin 4K	White: 35,537 children; Black/African American: 4,387 children; Asian: 2,201 children; Native Hawaiian/Pacific Islander: 31 children; American Indian/Alaska Native: 396 children; Biracial/Multiracial: 2,376 children²	
Wisconsin HdSt	Data not available	
Guam	Asian: 8 4-year-olds; Native Hawaiian/Pacific Islander: 63 4-year-olds	

STATE	Preschool enrollment by program location	
Alabama	Public schools: 11,618; Head Start: 2,040; Other public settings: 1,064; Other private settings: 1,329	
Alaska	Data not available	
Arizona	Private center-based programs: 3,065 children; Public center-based programs: 2,083 children; Other centers: 112 children ⁵	
Arkansas	Public schools: 12,648; Head Start: 880; Other public settings: 534; Other private settings: 6,556	
California CSPP	Data not available	
California TK	Public schools: 103,360 ³	
Colorado	Public schools: 16,714; Head Start: 1,554; Other public settings: 525; Other private settings: 2,653	
Connecticut CDCC	Data not available	
Connecticut SR	Public schools: 3,482; Head Start: 1,099; Other private settings: 7,171	
Connecticut Smart Start	Public schools: 655	
Delaware	Public schools: 420; Head Start: 295; Other public settings: 15; Other private settings: 115	
District of Columbia	Public schools: 5,797; Public charter schools: 6,915; Community-based organizations: 780⁵	
Florida	Public schools: 35,508; Other private settings: 135,019 ²	
Georgia	Public schools: 38,946; Head Start: 5,071; Other public settings: 940; Other private settings: 35,579	
Hawaii	Public schools: 373 ⁴	
llinois	Public schools: 65,762; Other public settings: 3,177; Other private settings: 6,200	
owa Shared Visions	Public schools: 691; Head Start: 483; Other public settings: 70; Other private settings: 87 ⁵	
owa SWVPP	Public schools: 18,023; Head Start: 404; Other private settings: 7,693 ⁶	
Kansas Preschool Pilot	Data not available	
Kansas State Pre-K	Public schools: 7,264	
Kentucky	Data not available	
Louisiana 8(g)	Public schools: 2,127	
Louisiana LA 4	Public schools: 15,328; Other private settings: 224	
Louisiana NSECD	Other private settings: 1,232	
Maine	Data not available	
Maryland	Data not available	
Massachusetts UPK	Public schools: 450; Head Start: 3,839; Other private settings: 2,987 ³	
Massachusetts Ch 70	Public schools: 30,512 ⁶	
Michigan	Public schools: 22,457; Head Start: 5,910; Other public settings: 4,852; Other private settings: 4,106	
Minnesota HdSt	Data not available ³	
Minnesota VPK/SRP	Data not available ⁶	
Mississippi	Public schools: 1,001; Head Start: 1,029; Other private settings: 1094	
Missouri	Public schools: 2,124; Other public settings: 42; Other private settings: 212	
Montana	Public schools: 161; Head Start: 36; Other private settings: 109	
Nebraska	Public schools: 13,938	
Nevada	Public schools: 2,150; Other public settings: 21 ⁷	
New Jersey Abbott	Public schools: 18,661; Other private settings: 23,605 ⁴	
New Jersey ECPA	Public schools: 7,369; Other private settings: 307³	
New Jersey ELLI	Public schools: 732; Other private settings: 10 ⁵	
New Mexico	Public schools: 5,405; Head Start: 295; Other public settings: 586; Other private settings: 2,833	
New York	Public schools: 53,869; Head Start: 11,613; Other public settings: 4,408; Other private settings: 51,682	
North Carolina	Public schools: 14,582; Head Start: 3,409; Other private settings: 10,394	
North Dakota	Data not available	
Ohio	Public schools: 13,066; Other private settings: 4,847	
Oklahoma	Data not available	
Oregon HdSt	Public schools: 797; Head Start: 6,235; Other public settings: 1,016	
Oregon Preschool Promise	Public schools: 492; Head Start: 251; Other private settings: 686	
Pennsylvania RTL	Data not available	
Pennsylvania HSSAP	Public schools: 897; Head Start: 3,444; Other private settings: 1,310	
Pennsylvania K4 & SBPK	Data not available	
Pennsylvania PKC	Public schools: 4,905; Head Start: 5,342; Other private settings: 10,427	
Rhode Island	Public schools: 324; Head Start: 378; Other private settings: 378	
South Carolina	Public schools: 24,895; Other private settings: 2,624	
Tennessee	Data not available	
Texas	Public schools: 231,485	
Vermont	Public schools sites: 146; Other private setting sites: 261	
Virginia	Public schools: 17,306; Other private settings: 653	
Washington	Public schools: 6,887; Head Start: 1,562; Other public settings: 187; Other private settings: 3,855	
West Virginia	Public schools: 15,101 ²	
Wisconsin 4K	Data not available	
Wisconsin HdSt	Data not available	
Guam	Public echools: 71	

Footnotes are grouped by state at the end of Appendix A. Unless noted, all data are for the '17-'18 school year.

Guam

Public schools: 71

STATE	Preschool enrollment by operating schedule	
Alabama	Extended-day: 16,051	
Alaska	Data not available	
Arizona	Data not available	
Arkansas	Extended-day: 20,618 ⁷	
California CSPP	Extended-day: 42,345; Part-day: 96,592 ²	
California TK	Data not available	
Colorado	Data not available ⁵	
Connecticut CDCC	Extended-day: 2,178	
Connecticut SR	Extended-day: 8,050; School-day: 2,014; Part-day: 1,688	
Connecticut Smart Start	School-day: 655	
Delaware	Data not available	
District of Columbia	Extended-day: 13,492	
Florida	Data not available	
Georgia	Extended-day: 80,536	
Hawaii	School-day: 373	
Illinois	School-day: 15,204; Part-day: 59,935	
Iowa Shared Visions	Extended-day: 937; School-day: 126; Part-day: 2686	
Iowa SWVPP	Data not available	
Kansas Preschool Pilot	Data not available	
Kansas State Pre-K	Data not available	
Kentucky	Data not available⁴	
Louisiana 8(g)	School-day: 2,127	
Louisiana LA 4	School-day: 15,552	
Louisiana NSECD	School-day: 1,232	
Maine	Data not available	
Maryland	Extended-day: 13,627; Part-day: 17,847	
Massachusetts UPK	Extended-day: 5,953; School-day: 1,148; Part-day: 175	
Massachusetts Ch 70	Data not available	
Michigan	Extended-day: 33,480; Part-day: 3,845³	
Minnesota HdSt	Determined locally per federal Head Start performance standards	
Minnesota VPK/SRP	Extended-day: 623; School-day: 1,497; Part-day: 2,886	
Mississippi	Extended-day: 1,688; School-day: 451 ⁵	
Missouri	School-day: 2,207; Part-day: 171	
Montana	School-day: 306	
Nebraska	Data not available	
Nevada	School-day: 1,996; Part-day: 175 ⁸	
New Jersey Abbott	School-day: 42,266	
New Jersey ECPA	School-day: 4,565; Part-day: 3,111	
New Jersey ELLI	School-day: 495; Part-day: 247	
New Mexico	Extended-day: 4,387; Part-day: 4,732	
New York	School-day: 92,602; Part-day: 28,970	
North Carolina	Extended-day: 28,385	
North Dakota	Data not available	
Ohio	Part-day: 17,913 ³	
Oklahoma	Extended-day: 36,401; School-day: 5,323 ²	
Oregon HdSt	Extended-day: 1,670; Part-day: 6,332; Determined locally: 461	
Oregon Preschool Promise	Data not available	
Pennsylvania RTL	Data not available	
Pennsylvania HSSAP	School-day: 4,777; Part-day: 874 ¹	
Pennsylvania K4 & SBPK	Data not available	
Pennsylvania PKC	School-day: 18,626; Part-day: 2,048 ²	
Rhode Island	School-day: 1,080	
South Carolina	Extended-day: 12,650; Determined locally: 14,869 ⁵	
Tennessee	School-day: 18,354	
Texas	School-day: 130,471; Part-day: 101,014	
Vermont	Data not available	
Virginia	School-day: 17,369; Part-day: 590	
Washington	Extended-day: 456; School-day: 1,998; Part-day: 10,037	
West Virginia	School-day: 14,693; Part-day: 347³	
Wisconsin 4K	Data not available	
Wisconsin HdSt	Data not available	
Guam	School-day: 71	

OPERATING SCHEDULE

STATE	Minimum hours per day funded to operate using state funds	Days per week funded to operate using state funds
Alabama	6.5 ⁶	5 days per week ⁶
Alaska	Determined locally ²	Determined locally ²
Arizona	34 hours per month ⁶	34 hours per month ⁶
Arkansas	7 ⁷	5 days per week
California CSPP	3 ²	5 days per week ²
California TK	34	5 days per week
Colorado	2.55	Determined locally ⁵
Connecticut CDCC	10 ⁵	5 days per week
Connecticut SR	2.53	5 days per week
Connecticut Smart Start	6	5 days per week
Delaware	3.54	5 days per week
District of Columbia	6.5	5 days per week 5 days per week
Florida	Determined locally ³	Determined locally ³
Georgia	6.5	5 days per week
Hawaii	Per Hawaii Department of Education's school-day schedule ⁵	5 days per week
Illinois	2.5	5 days per week
Iowa Shared Visions	No minimum requirement ⁶	Determined locally ⁶
Iowa SWVPP	At least 10 hours per week ⁷	Determined locally ⁷
Kansas Preschool Pilot	465 hours per year	Determined locally
Kansas State Pre-K	465 hours per year ³	Determined locally
Kentucky	2.54	Determined locally ⁶
Louisiana 8(g)	6 ³	5 days per week
Louisiana LA 4	64	5 days per week
Louisiana NSECD	63	5 days per week
Maine	24	Determined locally ⁴
Maryland	2.56	5 days per week
Massachusetts UPK	Determined locally ⁴	Determined locally ⁴
Massachusetts Ch 70	Determined locally ⁷	Determined locally ⁷
Michigan	3 hours per day for part-day programs ³	4 days per week ⁴
Minnesota HdSt	Determined locally ⁴	Determined locally ⁴
Minnesota VPK/SRP	350 instructional hours per school year ⁷	Determined locally ⁷
Mississippi	6 ⁶	5 days per week
	33	Determined locally ⁴
Missouri	5.5 ⁵	·
Montana	3.54	Determined locally Determined locally ⁴
Nebraska	2.75	,
Nevada	2.5 hours per day for part-day programs ⁸	Determined locally ¹⁰
New Jersey Abbott	65	5 days per week
New Jersey ECPA	2.54	5 days per week
New Jersey ELLI	2.56	5 days per week
New Mexico	2.55	Determined locally
New York	2.54	5 days per week
North Carolina	6.5	5 days per week
North Dakota	Determined locally	Determined locally
Ohio	2.5³	Determined locally
Oklahoma	2.5³	5 days per week³
Oregon HdSt	3.51	Determined locally ²
Oregon Preschool Promise	Determined locally ⁶	Determined locally ⁸
Pennsylvania RTL	2.5	5 days per week
Pennsylvania HSSAP	3.51	Determined locally ¹
Pennsylvania K4 & SBPK	2.5	5 days per week
Pennsylvania PKC	2.5 ²	5 days per week
Rhode Island	6	5 days per week
South Carolina	CERDEP: 6.5; EIA 4K: 4 ⁵	5 days per week
Tennessee	5.5 ⁴	5 days per week
Texas	3 ³	5 days per week
Vermont	10 hours per week	Determined locally ⁷
	33	5 days per week
Virginia	2.55	
Washington		Determined locally ⁶
West Virginia	1,500 minutes (25 hours) per week ³	At least 4 days per week ³
Wisconsin 4K	2.53	Determined locally ³
Wisconsin HdSt	3.54	Determined locally ⁶
Guam	6	5 days per week

OPERATING SCHEDULE

	Is there a formal partnership at the state level with other agencies to extend the program day?		
Alabama	No ⁶		
Alaska	No		
Arizona	Yes, blended funding is allowed to support full-day or extended-day enrollment or additional children ⁶		
Arkansas	No ⁸		
California CSPP	No ³		
California TK	No ⁵		
Colorado	No ⁵		
Connecticut CDCC	No		
Connecticut SR	No		
Connecticut Smart Start	No		
Delaware	No		
District of Columbia	Yes, DCPS Title I-eligible Pre-K classrooms incorporate Head Start services through a blended classroom model ⁶		
Florida	No		
Georgia	Yes, to extend beyond school-day to extended-day (wrap-around) ³		
Hawaii	No		
Illinois	No ⁴		
Iowa Shared Visions	No ⁷		
Iowa SWVPP	No ⁷		
Kansas Preschool Pilot	No		
Kansas State Pre-K	No		
Kentucky	No ⁵		
Louisiana 8(g)	No		
Louisiana LA 4	No		
Louisiana NSECD	No		
Maine	No		
Maryland	Yes, to extend beyond school-day to extended-day (wrap-around); to extend part-day to school-day or extended-day ⁷		
Massachusetts UPK	Yes, with Head Start⁵		
Massachusetts Ch 70	No		
Michigan	Yes, to extend part-day to school-day or extended-day ²		
Minnesota HdSt	Yes, to extend part-day to school-day or extended-day ⁴		
Minnesota VPK/SRP	Yes, schools are encouraged to layer and braid funding sources including with Head Start and child care ⁸		
Mississippi	No		
Missouri	No		
Montana	No		
Nebraska	No		
Nevada	No ⁸		
New Jersey Abbott	Yes, to extend beyond school-day to extended-day (wrap-around) ⁵		
New Jersey ECPA	Yes, to extend beyond school-day to extended-day (wrap-around) ⁴		
New Jersey ELLI	Yes, to extend beyond school-day to extended-day (wrap-around) ⁶		
New Jersey ELLI New Mexico	Yes, to extend beyond school-day to extended-day (wrap-around) ⁶ No		
-	<u>`</u>		
New Mexico	No		
New Mexico New York	No No		
New Mexico New York North Carolina	No No No		
New Mexico New York North Carolina North Dakota	No No No No Yes, to extend part-day to school-day or extended-day ⁴ No		
New Mexico New York North Carolina North Dakota Ohio	No No No No Yes, to extend part-day to school-day or extended-day ⁴		
New Mexico New York North Carolina North Dakota Ohio Oklahoma	No No No No Yes, to extend part-day to school-day or extended-day ⁴ No		
New Mexico New York North Carolina North Dakota Ohio Oklahoma Oregon HdSt	No No No No No Yes, to extend part-day to school-day or extended-day ⁴ No Yes, through child care subsidy support ¹		
New Mexico New York North Carolina North Dakota Ohio Oklahoma Oregon HdSt Oregon Preschool Promise	No No No No No No Yes, to extend part-day to school-day or extended-day ⁴ No Yes, through child care subsidy support ¹ No ⁷		
New Mexico New York North Carolina North Dakota Ohio Oklahoma Oregon HdSt Oregon Preschool Promise Pennsylvania RTL	No No No No No No Yes, to extend part-day to school-day or extended-day ⁴ No Yes, through child care subsidy support ¹ No ⁷ No		
New Mexico New York North Carolina North Dakota Ohio Oklahoma Oregon HdSt Oregon Preschool Promise Pennsylvania RTL Pennsylvania HSSAP	No No No No No Yes, to extend part-day to school-day or extended-day ⁴ No Yes, through child care subsidy support ¹ No ⁷ No No No No		
New Mexico New York North Carolina North Dakota Ohio Oklahoma Oregon HdSt Oregon Preschool Promise Pennsylvania RTL Pennsylvania HSSAP Pennsylvania K4 & SBPK	No No No No No Yes, to extend part-day to school-day or extended-day ⁴ No Yes, through child care subsidy support ¹ No ⁷ No		
New Mexico New York North Carolina North Dakota Ohio Oklahoma Oregon HdSt Oregon Preschool Promise Pennsylvania RTL Pennsylvania HSSAP Pennsylvania K4 & SBPK Pennsylvania PKC	No No No No No Yes, to extend part-day to school-day or extended-day ⁴ No Yes, through child care subsidy support ¹ No ⁷ No		
New Mexico New York North Carolina North Dakota Ohio Oklahoma Oregon HdSt Oregon Preschool Promise Pennsylvania RTL Pennsylvania KTA Pennsylvania K4 & SBPK Pennsylvania PKC Rhode Island	No No No No Yes, to extend part-day to school-day or extended-day ⁴ No Yes, through child care subsidy support ¹ No		
New Mexico New York North Carolina North Dakota Ohio Oklahoma Oregon HdSt Oregon Preschool Promise Pennsylvania RTL Pennsylvania HSSAP Pennsylvania PKC Rhode Island South Carolina	No No No No Yes, to extend part-day to school-day or extended-day ⁴ No Yes, through child care subsidy support ¹ No		
New Mexico New York North Carolina North Dakota Ohio Oklahoma Oregon HdSt Oregon Preschool Promise Pennsylvania RTL Pennsylvania HSSAP Pennsylvania K4 & SBPK Pennsylvania PKC Rhode Island South Carolina Tennessee	No No No No Yes, to extend part-day to school-day or extended-day ⁴ No Yes, through child care subsidy support ¹ No		
New Mexico New York North Carolina North Dakota Ohio Oklahoma Oregon HdSt Oregon Preschool Promise Pennsylvania RTL Pennsylvania HSSAP Pennsylvania K4 & SBPK Pennsylvania PKC Rhode Island South Carolina Tennessee Texas	No No No No Yes, to extend part-day to school-day or extended-day ⁴ No Yes, through child care subsidy support ¹ No ⁷ No		
New Mexico New York North Carolina North Dakota Ohio Oklahoma Oregon HdSt Oregon Preschool Promise Pennsylvania RTL Pennsylvania HSSAP Pennsylvania PKC Rhode Island South Carolina Tennessee Texas Vermont	No No No No Yes, to extend part-day to school-day or extended-day ⁴ No Yes, through child care subsidy support ¹ No ⁷ No		
New Mexico New York North Carolina North Dakota Ohio Oklahoma Oregon HdSt Oregon Preschool Promise Pennsylvania RTL Pennsylvania HSSAP Pennsylvania PKC Rhode Island South Carolina Tennessee Texas Vermont Virginia	No No No No Yes, to extend part-day to school-day or extended-day ⁴ No Yes, through child care subsidy support ¹ No		
New Mexico New York North Carolina North Dakota Ohio Oklahoma Oregon HdSt Oregon Preschool Promise Pennsylvania RTL Pennsylvania HSSAP Pennsylvania PKC Rhode Island South Carolina Tennessee Texas Vermont Virginia Washington	No No No No Yes, to extend part-day to school-day or extended-day ⁴ No Yes, through child care subsidy support ¹ No ⁷ No		
New Mexico New York North Carolina North Dakota Ohio Oklahoma Oregon HdSt Oregon Preschool Promise Pennsylvania RTL Pennsylvania HSSAP Pennsylvania FKC Rhode Island South Carolina Tennessee Texas Vermont Virginia Washington West Virginia	No No No No Yes, to extend part-day to school-day or extended-day ⁴ No Yes, through child care subsidy support ¹ No ⁷ No		

OPERATING SCHEDULE

	Hours per year funded to operate using state funds	State-funded annual operating schedule
Alabama	1,170	School year or academic year ⁶
Alaska	Determined locally ²	Determined locally ²
Arizona	Part-day: 400 hours; Full-day: 1,120 ⁶	Determined locally ⁶
Arkansas	1,246	School year or academic year ⁷
California CSPP	Full-day: minimum 246 days/year; Part-day: minimum 175 days/year	Determined locally
California TK	600	School year or academic year
Colorado	Part-day: 360; Full-day: 720 ⁵	School year or academic year ⁵
Connecticut CDCC	Determined locally ⁶	Full calendar year ⁶
Connecticut SR	Full-day/full-year: 2,500; School-day: 1,080; Part-day: 450 ³	Determined locally ³
Connecticut Smart Start	1,080	School year or academic year ³
Delaware	At least 560 ⁵	Determined locally ⁵
District of Columbia	1,170	School year or academic year
Florida	School-year programs: 540; Summer program: 300 ³	Determined locally ³
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Georgia	1,170	School year or academic year
Hawaii	10805	School year or academic year ⁵
Illinois	2.5 to 6 hours/day, 5 days/week for approximately 180 days/year	School year or academic year
Iowa Shared Visions	Determined locally ⁶	Determined locally ⁶
Iowa SWVPP	Approximately 350 ⁸	School year or academic year ⁸
Kansas Preschool Pilot	465	School year or academic year ⁴
Kansas State Pre-K	465³	School year or academic year
Kentucky	Unknown	School year or academic year ⁷
Louisiana 8(g)	1,062	School year or academic year
Louisiana LA 4	1,062	School year or academic year
Louisiana NSECD	1,050	School year or academic year
Maine	Determined locally ⁴	Determined locally⁵
Maryland	Extended Day: 1,255.34 hours; Part Day: 839.79 hours ⁸	School year or academic year
Massachusetts UPK	Determined locally ⁴	Determined locally ⁶
Massachusetts Ch 70	Determined locally	Determined locally
Michigan	Part-day: 360; School-day: 780 ⁴	Determined locally⁴
Minnesota HdSt	Per Federal Head Start Performance Standards ⁴	Determined locally ⁴
Minnesota VPK/SRP	Minimum of 350 hours; Funded up to 510 hours ⁸	School year or academic year ¹⁰
Mississippi	1,080	School year or academic year
	·	School or academic year (schools/government entities only);
Missouri	Determined locally ⁴	Full calendar year ⁵
Montana	28 hours per week ⁵	School year or academic year
Nebraska	450 if receiving a grant or qualified to have State Aid calculated ⁴	School year or academic year
Nevada	Determined locally	Determined locally ¹¹
	Determined recarry	Determined locally.
New Jersey Abbott	1,080	School year or academic year ⁵
	, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,	•
New Jersey Abbott	1,080	School year or academic year⁵
New Jersey Abbott New Jersey ECPA	1,080 450 to 1,080	School year or academic year ⁵ School year or academic year ⁴
New Jersey Abbott New Jersey ECPA New Jersey ELLI	1,080 450 to 1,080 450 to 1,080	School year or academic year ⁵ School year or academic year ⁴ School year or academic year ⁶
New Jersey ECPA New Jersey ELLI New Mexico	1,080 450 to 1,080 450 to 1,080 Part-day: 450; Extended-day: 900 ⁵ Part-day: 450; Full-day: 900	School year or academic year ⁵ School year or academic year ⁴ School year or academic year ⁶ Determined locally School year or academic year
New Jersey ECPA New Jersey ELLI New Mexico New York	1,080 450 to 1,080 450 to 1,080 Part-day: 450; Extended-day: 900 ⁵	School year or academic year ⁵ School year or academic year ⁴ School year or academic year ⁶ Determined locally School year or academic year School year or academic year ⁴
New Jersey Abbott New Jersey ECPA New Jersey ELLI New Mexico New York North Carolina	1,080 450 to 1,080 450 to 1,080 450 to 1,080 Part-day: 450; Extended-day: 900 ⁵ Part-day: 450; Full-day: 900 1,170	School year or academic year ⁵ School year or academic year ⁴ School year or academic year ⁶ Determined locally School year or academic year School year or academic year ⁴ School year or academic year
New Jersey Abbott New Jersey ECPA New Jersey ELLI New Mexico New York North Carolina North Dakota Ohio	1,080 450 to 1,080 450 to 1,080 450 to 1,080 Part-day: 450; Extended-day: 900 ⁵ Part-day: 450; Full-day: 900 1,170 400 ³ 455	School year or academic year ⁵ School year or academic year ⁴ School year or academic year ⁶ Determined locally School year or academic year School year or academic year ⁴ School year or academic year School year or academic year
New Jersey Abbott New Jersey ECPA New Jersey ELLI New Mexico New York North Carolina North Dakota Ohio Oklahoma	1,080 450 to 1,080 450 to 1,080 450 to 1,080 Part-day: 450; Extended-day: 900 ⁵ Part-day: 450; Full-day: 900 1,170 400 ³ 455 1,080 ³	School year or academic year ⁵ School year or academic year ⁴ School year or academic year ⁶ Determined locally School year or academic year School year or academic year ⁴ School year or academic year
New Jersey Abbott New Jersey ECPA New Jersey ELLI New Mexico New York North Carolina North Dakota Ohio Oklahoma Oregon HdSt	1,080 450 to 1,080 450 to 1,080 450 to 1,080 Part-day: 450; Extended-day: 900 ⁵ Part-day: 450; Full-day: 900 1,170 400 ³ 455 1,080 ³ Per Federal Head Start Performance Standards ¹	School year or academic year ⁵ School year or academic year ⁴ School year or academic year ⁶ Determined locally School year or academic year School year or academic year ⁴ School year or academic year ³ School year or academic year ¹
New Jersey Abbott New Jersey ECPA New Jersey ELLI New Mexico New York North Carolina North Dakota Ohio Oklahoma Oregon HdSt Oregon Preschool Promise	1,080 450 to 1,080 450 to 1,080 450 to 1,080 Part-day: 450; Extended-day: 900 ⁵ Part-day: 450; Full-day: 900 1,170 400 ³ 455 1,080 ³ Per Federal Head Start Performance Standards ¹ 900 ⁶	School year or academic year ⁵ School year or academic year ⁴ School year or academic year ⁶ Determined locally School year or academic year School year or academic year ⁴ School year or academic year ³ School year or academic year ¹ Determined locally ⁶
New Jersey Abbott New Jersey ECPA New Jersey ELLI New Mexico New York North Carolina North Dakota Ohio Oklahoma Oregon HdSt Oregon Preschool Promise Pennsylvania RTL	1,080 450 to 1,080 450 to 1,080 Part-day: 450; Extended-day: 900 ⁵ Part-day: 450; Full-day: 900 1,170 400 ³ 455 1,080 ³ Per Federal Head Start Performance Standards ¹ 900 ⁶ 450 to 990	School year or academic year ⁵ School year or academic year ⁴ School year or academic year ⁶ Determined locally School year or academic year School year or academic year ⁴ School year or academic year ⁴ School year or academic year ³ School year or academic year ¹ Determined locally ⁶ School year or academic year ¹
New Jersey Abbott New Jersey ECPA New Jersey ELLI New Mexico New York North Carolina North Dakota Ohio Oklahoma Oregon HdSt Oregon Preschool Promise Pennsylvania RTL Pennsylvania HSSAP	1,080 450 to 1,080 450 to 1,080 Part-day: 450; Extended-day: 900 ⁵ Part-day: 450; Full-day: 900 1,170 400 ³ 455 1,080 ³ Per Federal Head Start Performance Standards ¹ 900 ⁶ 450 to 990 3601	School year or academic year ⁵ School year or academic year ⁴ School year or academic year ⁶ Determined locally School year or academic year School year or academic year ⁴ School year or academic year ⁴ School year or academic year School year or academic year School year or academic year ³ School year or academic year ¹ Determined locally ⁶ School year or academic year ¹
New Jersey Abbott New Jersey ECPA New Jersey ELLI New Mexico New York North Carolina North Dakota Ohio Oklahoma Oregon HdSt Oregon Preschool Promise Pennsylvania RTL Pennsylvania K4 & SBPK	1,080 450 to 1,080 450 to 1,080 Part-day: 450; Extended-day: 900 ⁵ Part-day: 450; Full-day: 900 1,170 400 ³ 455 1,080 ³ Per Federal Head Start Performance Standards ¹ 900 ⁶ 450 to 990 3601 450 to 990	School year or academic year ⁵ School year or academic year ⁴ School year or academic year ⁶ Determined locally School year or academic year School year or academic year ⁴ School year or academic year ³ School year or academic year ¹ Determined locally ⁶ School year or academic year ¹ Determined locally ¹ School year or academic year ¹
New Jersey Abbott New Jersey ECPA New Jersey ELLI New Mexico New York North Carolina North Dakota Ohio Oklahoma Oregon HdSt Oregon Preschool Promise Pennsylvania RTL Pennsylvania HSSAP Pennsylvania K4 & SBPK Pennsylvania PKC	1,080 450 to 1,080 450 to 1,080 Part-day: 450; Extended-day: 900 ⁵ Part-day: 450; Full-day: 900 1,170 400 ³ 455 1,080 ³ Per Federal Head Start Performance Standards ¹ 900 ⁶ 450 to 990 Determined locally	School year or academic year ⁵ School year or academic year ⁴ School year or academic year ⁶ Determined locally School year or academic year School year or academic year ⁴ School year or academic year ³ School year or academic year ¹ Determined locally ⁶ School year or academic year ¹ Determined locally ¹ School year or academic year ¹ School year or academic year ¹
New Jersey Abbott New Jersey ECPA New Jersey ELLI New Mexico New York North Carolina North Dakota Ohio Oklahoma Oregon HdSt Oregon Preschool Promise Pennsylvania RTL Pennsylvania HSSAP Pennsylvania FKC Rhode Island	1,080 450 to 1,080 450 to 1,080 Part-day: 450; Extended-day: 900 ⁵ Part-day: 450; Full-day: 900 1,170 400 ³ 455 1,080 ³ Per Federal Head Start Performance Standards ¹ 900 ⁶ 450 to 990 Determined locally 1,080	School year or academic year ⁵ School year or academic year ⁴ School year or academic year ⁶ Determined locally School year or academic year School year or academic year ⁴ School year or academic year ³ School year or academic year ¹ Determined locally ⁶ School year or academic year ¹ Determined locally ¹ School year or academic year ³
New Jersey Abbott New Jersey ECPA New Jersey ELLI New Mexico New York North Carolina North Dakota Ohio Oklahoma Oregon HdSt Oregon Preschool Promise Pennsylvania RTL Pennsylvania HSSAP Pennsylvania PKC Rhode Island South Carolina	1,080 450 to 1,080 450 to 1,080 Part-day: 450; Extended-day: 900 ⁵ Part-day: 450; Full-day: 900 1,170 400 ³ 455 1,080 ³ Per Federal Head Start Performance Standards ¹ 900 ⁶ 450 to 990 3601 450 to 990 Determined locally 1,080 CERDEP: 1,170; EIA 4K: 720 ⁵	School year or academic year ⁵ School year or academic year ⁴ School year or academic year ⁶ Determined locally School year or academic year ³ School year or academic year ¹ Determined locally ⁶ School year or academic year ¹ Determined locally ¹ School year or academic year ³ School year or academic year ³
New Jersey Abbott New Jersey ECPA New Jersey ELLI New Mexico New York North Carolina North Dakota Ohio Oklahoma Oregon HdSt Oregon Preschool Promise Pennsylvania RTL Pennsylvania HSSAP Pennsylvania PKC Rhode Island South Carolina Tennessee	1,080 450 to 1,080 450 to 1,080 Part-day: 450; Extended-day: 900 ⁵ Part-day: 450; Full-day: 900 1,170 400 ³ 455 1,080 ³ Per Federal Head Start Performance Standards ¹ 900 ⁶ 450 to 990 3601 450 to 990 Determined locally 1,080 CERDEP: 1,170; EIA 4K: 720 ⁵ 990	School year or academic year ⁵ School year or academic year ⁴ School year or academic year ⁶ Determined locally School year or academic year School year or academic year ⁴ School year or academic year ⁴ School year or academic year School year or academic year School year or academic year ³ School year or academic year ³ School year or academic year ¹ Determined locally ⁶ School year or academic year ¹ Determined locally ¹ School year or academic year ¹ School year or academic year ³ School year or academic year ⁵ School year or academic year ⁵ School year or academic year ⁶
New Jersey Abbott New Jersey ECPA New Jersey ELLI New Mexico New York North Carolina North Dakota Ohio Oklahoma Oregon HdSt Oregon Preschool Promise Pennsylvania RTL Pennsylvania HSSAP Pennsylvania RK4 & SBPK Pennsylvania PKC Rhode Island South Carolina Tennessee Texas	1,080 450 to 1,080 450 to 1,080 Part-day: 450; Extended-day: 900 ⁵ Part-day: 450; Full-day: 900 1,170 400 ³ 455 1,080 ³ Per Federal Head Start Performance Standards ¹ 900 ⁶ 450 to 990 3601 450 to 990 Determined locally 1,080 CERDEP: 1,170; EIA 4K: 720 ⁵ 990 540 ³	School year or academic year ⁵ School year or academic year ⁴ School year or academic year ⁶ Determined locally School year or academic year School year or academic year ⁴ School year or academic year ⁴ School year or academic year School year or academic year School year or academic year ³ School year or academic year ³ School year or academic year ¹ Determined locally ⁶ School year or academic year ¹ Determined locally ¹ School year or academic year ¹ School year or academic year ³ School year or academic year ³ School year or academic year ³ School year or academic year ⁵ School year or academic year ⁶ School year or academic year ⁶ School year or academic year
New Jersey Abbott New Jersey ECPA New Jersey ELLI New Mexico New York North Carolina North Dakota Ohio Oklahoma Oregon HdSt Oregon Preschool Promise Pennsylvania RTL Pennsylvania HSSAP Pennsylvania PKC Rhode Island South Carolina Tennessee	1,080 450 to 1,080 450 to 1,080 Part-day: 450; Extended-day: 900 ⁵ Part-day: 450; Full-day: 900 1,170 400 ³ 455 1,080 ³ Per Federal Head Start Performance Standards ¹ 900 ⁶ 450 to 990 3601 450 to 990 Determined locally 1,080 CERDEP: 1,170; EIA 4K: 720 ⁵ 990 540 ³ 350	School year or academic year ⁵ School year or academic year ⁴ School year or academic year ⁶ Determined locally School year or academic year ³ School year or academic year ¹ Determined locally ⁶ School year or academic year ¹ Determined locally ¹ School year or academic year ¹ School year or academic year ³ School year or academic year ⁵ School year or academic year ⁶ School year or academic year School year or academic year
New Jersey Abbott New Jersey ECPA New Jersey ELLI New Mexico New York North Carolina North Dakota Ohio Oklahoma Oregon HdSt Oregon Preschool Promise Pennsylvania RTL Pennsylvania HSSAP Pennsylvania RK4 & SBPK Pennsylvania PKC Rhode Island South Carolina Tennessee Texas	1,080 450 to 1,080 450 to 1,080 Part-day: 450; Extended-day: 900 ⁵ Part-day: 450; Full-day: 900 1,170 400 ³ 455 1,080 ³ Per Federal Head Start Performance Standards ¹ 900 ⁶ 450 to 990 3601 450 to 990 Determined locally 1,080 CERDEP: 1,170; EIA 4K: 720 ⁵ 990 540 ³ 350 990 hours or 180 days	School year or academic year ⁵ School year or academic year ⁴ School year or academic year ⁶ Determined locally School year or academic year ³ School year or academic year ¹ Determined locally ⁶ School year or academic year ¹ Determined locally ¹ School year or academic year ³ School year or academic year ³ School year or academic year ³ School year or academic year
New Jersey Abbott New Jersey ECPA New Jersey ELLI New Mexico New York North Carolina North Dakota Ohio Oklahoma Oregon HdSt Oregon Preschool Promise Pennsylvania RTL Pennsylvania HSSAP Pennsylvania K4 & SBPK Pennsylvania PKC Rhode Island South Carolina Tennessee Texas Vermont	1,080 450 to 1,080 450 to 1,080 Part-day: 450; Extended-day: 900 ⁵ Part-day: 450; Full-day: 900 1,170 400 ³ 455 1,080 ³ Per Federal Head Start Performance Standards ¹ 900 ⁶ 450 to 990 3601 450 to 990 Determined locally 1,080 CERDEP: 1,170; EIA 4K: 720 ⁵ 990 540 ³ 350 990 hours or 180 days Part-day 320 or 360; Full-day: 1,000;	School year or academic year ⁵ School year or academic year ⁴ School year or academic year ⁶ Determined locally School year or academic year School year or academic year ⁴ School year or academic year ⁴ School year or academic year School year or academic year School year or academic year ³ School year or academic year ³ School year or academic year ¹ Determined locally ⁶ School year or academic year ¹ Determined locally ¹ School year or academic year ¹ School year or academic year ³ School year or academic year ³ School year or academic year ³ School year or academic year
New Jersey Abbott New Jersey ECPA New Jersey ELLI New Mexico New York North Carolina North Dakota Ohio Oklahoma Oregon HdSt Oregon Preschool Promise Pennsylvania RTL Pennsylvania HSSAP Pennsylvania K4 & SBPK Pennsylvania PKC Rhode Island South Carolina Tennessee Texas Vermont Virginia Washington	1,080 450 to 1,080 450 to 1,080 Part-day: 450; Extended-day: 900 ⁵ Part-day: 450; Full-day: 900 1,170 400 ³ 455 1,080 ³ Per Federal Head Start Performance Standards ¹ 900 ⁶ 450 to 990 3601 450 to 990 Determined locally 1,080 CERDEP: 1,170; EIA 4K: 720 ⁵ 990 540 ³ 350 990 hours or 180 days Part-day 320 or 360; Full-day: 1,000; Extended-day: 2,370 ⁵	School year or academic year ⁵ School year or academic year ⁴ School year or academic year ⁶ Determined locally School year or academic year ³ School year or academic year ¹ Determined locally ⁶ School year or academic year ¹ Determined locally ¹ School year or academic year ² School year or academic year
New Jersey Abbott New Jersey ECPA New Jersey ELLI New Mexico New York North Carolina North Dakota Ohio Oklahoma Oregon HdSt Oregon Preschool Promise Pennsylvania RTL Pennsylvania HSSAP Pennsylvania FKC Rhode Island South Carolina Tennessee Texas Vermont Virginia Washington	1,080 450 to 1,080 450 to 1,080 Part-day: 450; Extended-day: 900 ⁵ Part-day: 450; Full-day: 900 1,170 400 ³ 455 1,080 ³ Per Federal Head Start Performance Standards ¹ 900 ⁶ 450 to 990 3601 450 to 990 Determined locally 1,080 CERDEP: 1,170; EIA 4K: 720 ⁵ 990 540 ³ 350 990 hours or 180 days Part-day 320 or 360; Full-day: 1,000; Extended-day: 2,370 ⁵ 800 hours (48,000 minutes) per year ³	School year or academic year ⁵ School year or academic year ⁴ School year or academic year ⁶ Determined locally School year or academic year ³ School year or academic year ¹ Determined locally ⁶ School year or academic year ¹ Determined locally ¹ School year or academic year ¹ School year or academic year ³ School year or academic year ³ School year or academic year ³ School year or academic year School year (part-day and full school-day models); Calendar year (extended-day model) ⁵ School year or academic year ³
New Jersey Abbott New Jersey ECPA New Jersey ELLI New Mexico New York North Carolina North Dakota Ohio Oklahoma Oregon HdSt Oregon Preschool Promise Pennsylvania RTL Pennsylvania HSSAP Pennsylvania FKC Rhode Island South Carolina Tennessee Texas Vermont Virginia Washington West Virginia Wisconsin 4K	1,080 450 to 1,080 450 to 1,080 Part-day: 450; Extended-day: 900 ⁵ Part-day: 450; Full-day: 900 1,170 400 ³ 455 1,080 ³ Per Federal Head Start Performance Standards ¹ 900 ⁶ 450 to 990 3601 450 to 990 Determined locally 1,080 CERDEP: 1,170; EIA 4K: 720 ⁵ 990 540 ³ 350 990 hours or 180 days Part-day 320 or 360; Full-day: 1,000; Extended-day: 2,370 ⁵ 800 hours (48,000 minutes) per year ³ 437 ³	School year or academic year ⁵ School year or academic year ⁴ School year or academic year ⁶ Determined locally School year or academic year ³ School year or academic year ¹ Determined locally ⁶ School year or academic year ¹ Determined locally ¹ School year or academic year ¹ School year or academic year ³ School year or academic year ³ School year or academic year
New Jersey Abbott New Jersey ECPA New Jersey ELLI New Mexico New York North Carolina North Dakota Ohio Oklahoma Oregon HdSt Oregon Preschool Promise Pennsylvania RTL Pennsylvania HSSAP Pennsylvania FKC Rhode Island South Carolina Tennessee Texas Vermont Virginia Washington	1,080 450 to 1,080 450 to 1,080 Part-day: 450; Extended-day: 900 ⁵ Part-day: 450; Full-day: 900 1,170 400 ³ 455 1,080 ³ Per Federal Head Start Performance Standards ¹ 900 ⁶ 450 to 990 3601 450 to 990 Determined locally 1,080 CERDEP: 1,170; EIA 4K: 720 ⁵ 990 540 ³ 350 990 hours or 180 days Part-day 320 or 360; Full-day: 1,000; Extended-day: 2,370 ⁵ 800 hours (48,000 minutes) per year ³	School year or academic year ⁵ School year or academic year ⁴ School year or academic year ⁶ Determined locally School year or academic year ³ School year or academic year ¹ Determined locally ⁶ School year or academic year ¹ Determined locally ¹ School year or academic year ¹ School year or academic year ³ School year or academic year ³ School year or academic year ³ School year or academic year School year (part-day and full school-day models); Calendar year (extended-day model) ⁵ School year or academic year ³

STATE	Minimum age for preschool eligibility	Maximum age for preschool eligibility
Alabama	4 by September 1 ⁷	5 by August 31 ⁷
Alaska	4 by August 15	Determined locally
Arizona	No minimum age	5 by September 1
Arkansas	3 by August 1	4 years, 11 months by August 1
California CSPP	3 by September 1 ⁴	5 by September 1 ⁴
California TK	5 by December 2 ⁶	5 by September 2 ⁶
Colorado	3 by October 1 ⁶	Determined locally ⁶
Connecticut CDCC	3 by January 1 ⁷	6 by January 1
Connecticut SR	2 years, 9 months by September 1	4 years, 12 months by December 31 ⁴
Connecticut Smart Start	2 years, 9 months by September 1 ⁴	4 years, 12 months by December 31
Delaware	3 by August 31 ⁶	5 by August 31 ⁶
District of Columbia	3 by September 30 ⁷	4 by September 30 ⁷
Florida	4 by September 1 ⁴	5 by August 31 ⁴
Georgia	4 by September 1	5 by September 1
Hawaii	4 on or before July 31	5 on or before July 31
Illinois	3 by September 1 ⁵	5 by September 1
Iowa Shared Visions	3 by September 15	5 by September 15
Iowa SWVPP	4 on or before September 15°	5 years, 11 months by September 15°
Kansas Preschool Pilot	3 on or before August 31	4 years, 11 months by August 31
Kansas State Pre-K	4 on or before August 31	4 years, 11 months by August 31
Kentucky	3 by August 1	4 by August 18
Louisiana 8(g)	4 by September 30	5 by September 30
Louisiana LA 4	4 by September 30	5 by September 30
Louisiana NSECD	4 by September 30	5 by September 30
Maine	4 by October 15	Determined locally
Maryland	4 by September 19	5 by September 1
Massachusetts UPK	2 years, 9 months by locally determined date	Determined locally ⁷
Massachusetts Ch 70	3 by locally determined date ⁸	Determined locally
Michigan	4 by September 1 ⁵	5 by August 31
Minnesota HdSt	3 per federal Head Start Performance Standards ⁵	4 years, 11 months by September 1
Minnesota VPK/SRP	4 by September 1	4 years, 11 months by September 1
Mississippi	4 by September 1	4 years, 11 months by September 1
Missouri	3 by July 31	4 by July 31
Montana	4 years by September 10	5 years by September 10
Nebraska	Determined locally	5 by July 31 ⁵
Nevada	3 by September 30 ¹²	5 by September 30
New Jersey Abbott	3 by locally determined date	4 by locally determined date
New Jersey ECPA	3 by locally determined date	4 by locally determined date
New Jersey ELLI	4 by locally determined date	4 by locally determined date
New Mexico	3 by August 31 ⁶	4 years, 11 months by August 31
New York	3 by December 1	4 years, 11 months by Nagast 81
North Carolina	4 by August 31	5 by August 31
North Dakota	4 by August 1 ⁴	4 by August 1
Ohio	4 by August 1 or September 30 ⁵	5 by August 1 or September 30
Oklahoma	4 by September 1	5 by September 1
Oregon HdSt	3 by September 1	4 years, 11 months by September 1
Oregon Preschool Promise	3 by September 1	4 years, 11 months by September 1
Pennsylvania RTL	Determined locally	Determined locally
Pennsylvania HSSAP	Determined locally ²	Determined locally ²
Pennsylvania K4 & SBPK	Determined locally	Determined locally
Pennsylvania PKC	Determined locally ⁴	Determined locally ⁴
Rhode Island	4 by September 1	5 by September 1
South Carolina	4 by September 16	5 years, 11 months by September 1
Tennessee	4 by August 15	5 by August 15
Texas	3 by September 1	4 years, 12 months by August 31
Vermont	3 by locally determined date	5 by locally determined date
Virginia	4 by September 30	4 years, 11 months by September 30
Washington	3 by August 31 ⁷	4 years, 11 months by August 31 ⁷
West Virginia	4 by September 1	5 by September 1
Wisconsin 4K	4 by September 1 ⁵	Determined locally ⁵
Wisconsin HdSt	3 by September 1	5 by September 1
Guam	4 by July 30	4 years, 11 months by July 30
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STATE	Kindergarten age eligibility
Alabama	5 by September 1
Alaska	5 by August 15
Arizona	5 by September 1
Arkansas	5 by August 1
California CSPP	5 by September 1
California TK	5 by September 1
Colorado	5 by October 1 ⁶
Connecticut CDCC	5 on or before January 1
Connecticut SR	5 on or before January 1 ⁴
Connecticut Smart Start	5 on or before January 1
Delaware	5 by August 31
District of Columbia	5 by September 30 ⁷
Florida	5 by September 1
Georgia	5 by September 1
Hawaii	5 on or before July 31
Illinois	5 by September 1 ⁵
Iowa Shared Visions	5 by September 15
Iowa SWVPP	5 on or before September 15 ⁹
Kansas Preschool Pilot	5 on or before August 31
Kansas State Pre-K	5 on or before August 31
Kentucky	5 by October 1
Louisiana 8(g)	5 by September 30
Louisiana LA 4	5 by September 30
Louisiana NSECD	5 by September 30
Maine	5 by October 15
Maryland	5 by September 19
Massachusetts UPK	Determined locally ⁷
Massachusetts Ch 70	Determined locally ⁸
Michigan	5 by September 1 ⁵
Minnesota HdSt Minnesota VPK/SRP	5 by September 1
Mississippi	5 by September 1 5 by September 1
Missouri	5 by July 31
Montana	5 years by September 10 ⁶
Nebraska	5 by August 15
Nevada	5 by September 30
New Jersey Abbott	5 by locally determined date
New Jersey ECPA	5 by locally determined date
New Jersey ELLI	5 by locally determined date
New Mexico	5 by August 31
New York	5 by locally determined date
North Carolina	5 by August 31 ⁵
North Dakota	5 by August 1
Ohio	5 by August 1 or September 30
Oklahoma	5 by September 1
Oregon HdSt	5 by September 1
Oregon Preschool Promise	5 by September 1
Pennsylvania RTL	Determined locally
Pennsylvania HSSAP	Determined locally ²
Pennsylvania K4 & SBPK	Determined locally
Pennsylvania PKC	Determined locally ⁴
Rhode Island	5 by September 1
South Carolina	5 by September 1
Tennessee	5 by August 15
Texas	5 by September 1
Vermont	5 by locally determined date
Virginia	5 by September 30
Washington	5 by August 31
West Virginia	5 by September 1 ⁵
Wisconsin 4K	5 by September 1
Wisconsin HdSt	5 by September 1
Guam	5 by July 30

STATE	State policy on enrolling children in state-funded preschool when they are age-eligible for kindergarten	
Alabama	Children may not enroll in preschool if they are age eligible for kindergarten at the start of the year ⁷	
Alaska	State policy does not regulate the enrollment of kindergarte age-eligible children in preschool ³	
Arizona	Children may not enroll in preschool if they are age eligible for kindergarten at the start of the year	
Arkansas	Kindergarten-age eligible children may enroll in preschool contingent on the DCCECE review of child waiver, submitted documentation, and l	
California CSPP	Children may not enroll in CSPP if they are age eligible for K at the start of the year except for children who have their fifth birthday between September 2 and December 2 ⁵	
California TK	Kindergarten-age eligible children may enroll in TK at the local program's discretion ⁶	
Colorado	Children may not enroll in preschool if they are age eligible for kindergarten at the start of the year ⁶	
Connecticut CDCC	"Children enrolled in half-day kindergarten programs are allowed to enroll in state preschool for the remainder of the day	
Connecticut SR	Up to 5% of students who are age-eligible for kindergarten may remain in preschool for an additional year as long as the parent/guardian, School Readiness provider, and local/regional school district agree to the child not entering kindergarten when age appropriate	
Connecticut Smart Start	Children may not enroll in preschool if they are age eligible for kindergarten at the start of the year	
Delaware	Children may not enroll in preschool if they are age eligible for kindergarten at the start of the year ⁷	
District of Columbia	Children may not enroll in preschool if they are age eligible for kindergarten at the start of the year ⁸	
Florida	Children may not enroll in preschool if they are age eligible for kindergarten at the start of the year	
Georgia	Kindergarten-age eligible children may enroll in preschool at the local program's discretion; Kindergarten-age eligible children may enroll in preschool at the request of parents; Kindergarten-age eligible children with documented disabilities may enroll in preschool ⁴	
Hawaii	Children may not enroll in preschool if they are age eligible for kindergarten at the start of the year	
Illinois	Kindergarten-age eligible children with documented disabilities may enroll in preschool; Children may not enroll in preschool if they are age eligible for kindergarten at the start of the year ⁵	
Iowa Shared Visions	Kindergarten-age eligible children may enroll in preschool at the local program's discretion; Kindergarten-age eligible children may enroll and repeat 4-year-old preschool; Kindergarten-age eligible children with documented disabilities may enroll in preschool ⁸	
Iowa SWVPP	Kindergarten-age eligible children may enroll in preschool at the local program's discretion; Kindergarten-age eligible children may enroll in preschool at the request of parents; Kindergarten-age eligible children may enroll and repeat 4-year-old preschool; Kindergarten-age eligible children with documented disabilities may enroll in preschool	
Kansas Preschool Pilot	Children may not enroll in preschool if they are age eligible for kindergarten at the start of the year	
Kansas State Pre-K	Children may not enroll in preschool if they are age eligible for kindergarten at the start of the year	
Kentucky	Kindergarten-age eligible children with documented disabilities may enroll in preschool ⁸	
Louisiana 8(g)	Children may not enroll in preschool if they are age eligible for kindergarten at the start of the year	
Louisiana LA 4	Children may not enroll in preschool if they are age eligible for kindergarten at the start of the year	
Louisiana NSECD	Children may not enroll in preschool if they are age eligible for kindergarten at the start of the year	
Maine	State policy does not regulate the enrollment of kindergarte age-eligible children in preschool ⁶	
Maryland	Children may not enroll in preschool if they are age eligible for kindergarten at the start of the year	
Massachusetts UPK	Kindergarten-age eligible children with documented disabilities may enroll in preschool ⁷	
Massachusetts Ch 70	State policy does not regulate the enrollment of kindergarte age-eligible children in preschool	
Michigan	Children may not enroll in preschool if they are age eligible for kindergarten at the start of the year ⁵	
Minnesota HdSt	Children may not enroll in preschool if they are age eligible for kindergarten at the start of the year	
Minnesota VPK/SRP	Children enrolled in preschool if they are eligible for kindergarten are ineligible for state preschool funding	
Mississippi	State policy does not regulate the enrollment of kindergarte age-eligible children in preschool	
Missouri	Kindergarten-age eligible children may enroll in preschool at the local program's discretion; Kindergarten-age eligible children with documented disabilities may enroll in preschool	
Montana	Kindergarten-age eligible children may enroll and repeat 4-year-old preschool	
Nebraska	Kindergarten-age eligible children with documented disabilities may enroll in preschool ⁵	
Nevada	Kindergarten-age eligible children with documented disabilities may enroll in preschool ¹³	
New Jersey Abbott	Children may not enroll in preschool if they are age eligible for kindergarten at the start of the year	
New Jersey ECPA	Children may not enroll in preschool if they are age eligible for kindergarten at the start of the year ⁵	
New Jersey ELLI	Children may not enroll in preschool if they are age eligible for kindergarten at the start of the year ⁷	
New Mexico	Children may not enroll in preschool if they are age eligible for kindergarten at the start of the year	
New York	Children may not enroll in preschool if they are age eligible for kindergarten at the start of the year	
North Carolina	Children may not enroll in preschool if they are age eligible for kindergarten at the start of the year ⁵	
North Dakota	State policy does not regulate the enrollment of kindergarte age-eligible children in preschool ⁵	
Ohio	Children may not enroll in preschool if they are age eligible for kindergarten at the start of the year	
Oklahoma	Kindergarten-age eligible children may enroll in preschool at the local program's discretion	

STATE	State policy on enrolling children in state-funded preschool when they are age-eligible for kindergarten	
Oregon HdSt	Children may not enroll in preschool if they are age eligible for kindergarten at the start of the year	
Oregon Preschool Promise	Children may not enroll in preschool if they are age eligible for kindergarten at the start of the year	
Pennsylvania RTL	State policy does not regulate the enrollment of kindergarte age-eligible children in preschool	
Pennsylvania HSSAP	Kindergarten-age eligible children with documented disabilities may enroll in preschool; Children may not enroll in preschool if they are age eligible for kindergarten at the start of the year ²	
Pennsylvania K4 & SBPK	State policy does not regulate the enrollment of kindergarte age-eligible children in preschool	
Pennsylvania PKC	Children may not enroll in preschool if they are age eligible for kindergarten at the start of the year ⁴	
Rhode Island	Children may not enroll in preschool if they are age eligible for kindergarten at the start of the year	
South Carolina	Kindergarten-age eligible children may enroll in preschool at the local program's discretion; Kindergarten-age eligible children may enroll in preschool at the request of parents; Kindergarten-age eligible children may enroll and repeat 4-year-old preschool; Kindergarten-age eligible children with documented disabilities may enroll in preschool	
Tennessee	Kindergarten-age eligible children with documented disabilities may enroll in preschool ⁷	
Texas	Children may not enroll in preschool if they are age eligible for kindergarten at the start of the year	
Vermont	Kindergarten-age eligible children may enroll in preschool at the local program's discretion; Kindergarten-age eligible children with documented disabilities may enroll in preschool	
Virginia	School divisions may assess a child born between October 1 and December 13 to determine his or her readiness for the kindergarten pro- Kindergarten age-eligible children may enroll in preschool at the local program's discretion only, not solely at the request of parents	
Washington	Children may not enroll in preschool if they are age eligible for kindergarten at the start of the year ⁸	
West Virginia	Kindergarten-age eligible children may enroll in preschool at the local program's discretion ⁵	
Wisconsin 4K	Kindergarten-age eligible children may enroll in preschool at the local program's discretion ⁵	
Wisconsin HdSt	Kindergarten-age eligible children may enroll in preschool at the local program's discretion; Kindergarten-age eligible children may enroll in preschool at the request of parents; Kindergarten-age eligible children may enroll and repe 4-year-old preschool; Kindergarten-age eligible children with documented disabilities may enroll in preschool ⁷	
Guam	State policy does not regulate the enrollment of kindergarten age-eligible children in preschool	

STATE	Besides age, how is eligibility for state-funded preschool determined for individual children?	
Alabama	All age-eligible children in districts offering the program, or in the entire state, may enroll ⁷	
Alaska	Eligibility is determined by individual child or family characteristics in addition to age⁴	
Arizona	Eligibility is determined by individual child or family characteristics in addition to age ⁷	
Arkansas	Eligibility is determined by individual child or family characteristics in addition to age ¹⁰	
California CSPP	Eligibility is determined by individual child or family characteristics in addition to age ⁶	
California TK	All age-eligible children in districts offering the program, or in the entire state, may enroll	
Colorado	Eligibility is determined by individual child or family characteristics in addition to age	
Connecticut CDCC	Eligibility is determined by individual child or family characteristics in addition to age	
Connecticut SR	All age-eligible children in districts offering the program, or in the entire state, may enroll ⁵	
Connecticut Smart Start	All age-eligible children in districts offering the program, or in the entire state, may enroll ⁵	
Delaware	Eligibility is determined by individual child or family characteristics in addition to age ⁸	
District of Columbia	All age-eligible children in districts offering the program, or in the entire state, may enroll	
Florida	All age-eligible children in districts offering the program, or in the entire state, may enroll	
Georgia	All age-eligible children in districts offering the program, or in the entire state, may enroll	
Hawaii	Eligibility is determined by individual child or family characteristics in addition to age ⁶	
Illinois	Eligibility is determined by individual child or family characteristics in addition to age ⁶	
Iowa Shared Visions	Eligibility is determined by individual child or family characteristics in addition to age ⁹	
Iowa SWVPP	All age-eligible children in districts offering the program, or in the entire state, may enroll ¹⁰	
Kansas Preschool Pilot	Eligibility is determined by individual child or family characteristics in addition to age ⁵	
Kansas State Pre-K	Eligibility is determined by individual child or family characteristics in addition to age ⁴	
Kentucky	Eligibility is determined by individual child or family characteristics in addition to age ⁹	
Louisiana 8(g)	Eligibility is determined by individual child or family characteristics in addition to age⁴	
Louisiana LA 4	Eligibility is determined by individual child or family characteristics in addition to age	
Louisiana NSECD	Eligibility is determined by individual child or family characteristics in addition to age	
Maine	Eligibility is determined by individual child or family characteristics in addition to age ⁷	
Maryland	Eligibility is determined by individual child or family characteristics in addition to age ¹⁰	
Massachusetts UPK	All age-eligible children in districts offering the program, or in the entire state, may enroll ⁸	
Massachusetts Ch 70	All age-eligible children in districts offering the program, or in the entire state, may enroll9	
Michigan	Eligibility is determined by individual child or family characteristics in addition to age ⁶	
Minnesota HdSt	Eligibility is determined by individual child or family characteristics in addition to age ⁶	
Minnesota VPK/SRP	All age-eligible children in districts offering the program, or in the entire state, may enroll ¹¹	
Mississippi	Eligibility at some of the Collaborative partner sites is determined by individual child or family characteristics in addition to age ⁷	
Mississippi Missouri	Eligibility at some of the Collaborative partner sites is determined by individual child or family characteristics in addition to age ⁷ All age-eligible children in districts offering the program, or in the entire state, may enroll ⁶	
Missouri	All age-eligible children in districts offering the program, or in the entire state, may enroll ⁶	
Missouri Montana	All age-eligible children in districts offering the program, or in the entire state, may enroll ⁶ All age-eligible children in districts offering the program, or in the entire state, may enroll ⁷	
Missouri Montana Nebraska	All age-eligible children in districts offering the program, or in the entire state, may enroll ⁶ All age-eligible children in districts offering the program, or in the entire state, may enroll ⁷ Eligibility is determined by individual child or family characteristics in addition to age ⁶	
Missouri Montana Nebraska Nevada	All age-eligible children in districts offering the program, or in the entire state, may enroll ⁶ All age-eligible children in districts offering the program, or in the entire state, may enroll ⁷ Eligibility is determined by individual child or family characteristics in addition to age ⁶ Eligibility is determined by individual child or family characteristics in addition to age ¹⁴	
Missouri Montana Nebraska Nevada New Jersey Abbott	All age-eligible children in districts offering the program, or in the entire state, may enroll ⁶ All age-eligible children in districts offering the program, or in the entire state, may enroll ⁷ Eligibility is determined by individual child or family characteristics in addition to age ⁶ Eligibility is determined by individual child or family characteristics in addition to age ¹⁴ All age-eligible resident children in districts offering the program may enroll ⁷	
Missouri Montana Nebraska Nevada New Jersey Abbott New Jersey ECPA	All age-eligible children in districts offering the program, or in the entire state, may enroll ⁶ All age-eligible children in districts offering the program, or in the entire state, may enroll ⁷ Eligibility is determined by individual child or family characteristics in addition to age ⁶ Eligibility is determined by individual child or family characteristics in addition to age ¹⁴ All age-eligible resident children in districts offering the program may enroll ⁷ All age-eligible children in districts offering the program may enroll	
Missouri Montana Nebraska Nevada New Jersey Abbott New Jersey ECPA New Jersey ELLI	All age-eligible children in districts offering the program, or in the entire state, may enroll ⁶ All age-eligible children in districts offering the program, or in the entire state, may enroll ⁷ Eligibility is determined by individual child or family characteristics in addition to age ⁶ Eligibility is determined by individual child or family characteristics in addition to age ¹⁴ All age-eligible resident children in districts offering the program may enroll ⁷ All age-eligible children in districts offering the program may enroll Eligibility is determined by individual child or family characteristics in addition to age ⁸	
Missouri Montana Nebraska Nevada New Jersey Abbott New Jersey ECPA New Jersey ELLI New Mexico	All age-eligible children in districts offering the program, or in the entire state, may enroll ⁶ All age-eligible children in districts offering the program, or in the entire state, may enroll ⁷ Eligibility is determined by individual child or family characteristics in addition to age ⁶ Eligibility is determined by individual child or family characteristics in addition to age ¹⁴ All age-eligible resident children in districts offering the program may enroll ⁷ All age-eligible children in districts offering the program may enroll Eligibility is determined by individual child or family characteristics in addition to age ⁸ All age-eligible children in districts offering the program, or in the entire state, may enroll ⁷	
Missouri Montana Nebraska Nevada New Jersey Abbott New Jersey ECPA New Jersey ELLI New Mexico New York	All age-eligible children in districts offering the program, or in the entire state, may enroll ⁶ All age-eligible children in districts offering the program, or in the entire state, may enroll ⁷ Eligibility is determined by individual child or family characteristics in addition to age ⁶ Eligibility is determined by individual child or family characteristics in addition to age ¹⁴ All age-eligible resident children in districts offering the program may enroll ⁷ All age-eligible children in districts offering the program may enroll Eligibility is determined by individual child or family characteristics in addition to age ⁸ All age-eligible children in districts offering the program, or in the entire state, may enroll ⁷ All age-eligible children in districts offering the program, or in the entire state, may enroll ⁵	
Missouri Montana Nebraska Nevada New Jersey Abbott New Jersey ECPA New Jersey ELLI New Mexico New York North Carolina	All age-eligible children in districts offering the program, or in the entire state, may enroll ⁶ All age-eligible children in districts offering the program, or in the entire state, may enroll ⁷ Eligibility is determined by individual child or family characteristics in addition to age ⁶ Eligibility is determined by individual child or family characteristics in addition to age ¹⁴ All age-eligible resident children in districts offering the program may enroll ⁷ All age-eligible children in districts offering the program may enroll Eligibility is determined by individual child or family characteristics in addition to age ⁸ All age-eligible children in districts offering the program, or in the entire state, may enroll ⁷ All age-eligible children in districts offering the program, or in the entire state, may enroll ⁵ Eligibility is determined by individual child or family characteristics in addition to age ⁶	
Missouri Montana Nebraska Nevada New Jersey Abbott New Jersey ECPA New Jersey ELLI New Mexico New York North Carolina North Dakota	All age-eligible children in districts offering the program, or in the entire state, may enroll ⁶ All age-eligible children in districts offering the program, or in the entire state, may enroll ⁷ Eligibility is determined by individual child or family characteristics in addition to age ⁶ Eligibility is determined by individual child or family characteristics in addition to age ¹⁴ All age-eligible resident children in districts offering the program may enroll ⁷ All age-eligible children in districts offering the program may enroll Eligibility is determined by individual child or family characteristics in addition to age ⁸ All age-eligible children in districts offering the program, or in the entire state, may enroll ⁷ All age-eligible children in districts offering the program, or in the entire state, may enroll ⁵ Eligibility is determined by individual child or family characteristics in addition to age ⁶ Eligibility is determined by individual child or family characteristics in addition to age ⁶	
Missouri Montana Nebraska Nevada New Jersey Abbott New Jersey ECPA New Jersey ELLI New Mexico New York North Carolina North Dakota Ohio	All age-eligible children in districts offering the program, or in the entire state, may enroll ⁶ All age-eligible children in districts offering the program, or in the entire state, may enroll ⁷ Eligibility is determined by individual child or family characteristics in addition to age ⁶ Eligibility is determined by individual child or family characteristics in addition to age ¹⁴ All age-eligible resident children in districts offering the program may enroll ⁷ All age-eligible children in districts offering the program may enroll Eligibility is determined by individual child or family characteristics in addition to age ⁸ All age-eligible children in districts offering the program, or in the entire state, may enroll ⁷ All age-eligible children in districts offering the program, or in the entire state, may enroll ⁵ Eligibility is determined by individual child or family characteristics in addition to age ⁶ Eligibility is determined by individual child or family characteristics in addition to age	
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Missouri Montana Nebraska Nevada New Jersey Abbott New Jersey ECPA New Jersey ELLI New Mexico New York North Carolina North Dakota Ohio Oklahoma Oregon HdSt	All age-eligible children in districts offering the program, or in the entire state, may enroll ⁶ All age-eligible children in districts offering the program, or in the entire state, may enroll ⁷ Eligibility is determined by individual child or family characteristics in addition to age ⁶ Eligibility is determined by individual child or family characteristics in addition to age ¹⁴ All age-eligible resident children in districts offering the program may enroll ⁷ All age-eligible children in districts offering the program may enroll Eligibility is determined by individual child or family characteristics in addition to age ⁸ All age-eligible children in districts offering the program, or in the entire state, may enroll ⁷ All age-eligible children in districts offering the program, or in the entire state, may enroll ⁵ Eligibility is determined by individual child or family characteristics in addition to age ⁶ Eligibility is determined by individual child or family characteristics in addition to age ⁶ All age-eligible children in districts offering the program, or in the entire state, may enroll Eligibility is determined by individual child or family characteristics in addition to age ⁶ All age-eligible children in districts offering the program, or in the entire state, may enroll Eligibility is determined by individual child or family characteristics in addition to age ⁸	
Missouri Montana Nebraska Nevada New Jersey Abbott New Jersey ECPA New Jersey ELLI New Mexico New York North Carolina North Dakota Ohio Oklahoma Oregon HdSt Oregon Preschool Promise Pennsylvania RTL	All age-eligible children in districts offering the program, or in the entire state, may enroll ⁶ All age-eligible children in districts offering the program, or in the entire state, may enroll ⁷ Eligibility is determined by individual child or family characteristics in addition to age ⁶ Eligibility is determined by individual child or family characteristics in addition to age ¹⁴ All age-eligible resident children in districts offering the program may enroll ⁷ All age-eligible children in districts offering the program may enroll Eligibility is determined by individual child or family characteristics in addition to age ⁸ All age-eligible children in districts offering the program, or in the entire state, may enroll ⁷ All age-eligible children in districts offering the program, or in the entire state, may enroll ⁵ Eligibility is determined by individual child or family characteristics in addition to age ⁶ Eligibility is determined by individual child or family characteristics in addition to age ⁶ All age-eligible children in districts offering the program, or in the entire state, may enroll Eligibility is determined by individual child or family characteristics in addition to age ⁸ All age-eligible children in districts offering the program, or in the entire state, may enroll Eligibility is determined by individual child or family characteristics in addition to age ⁸ Eligibility is determined by individual child or family characteristics in addition to age ⁸ Eligibility is determined by individual child or family characteristics in addition to age ⁸	
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Missouri Montana Nebraska Nevada New Jersey Abbott New Jersey ECPA New Jersey ELLI New Mexico New York North Carolina North Dakota Ohio Oklahoma Oregon HdSt Oregon Preschool Promise Pennsylvania RTL Pennsylvania K4 & SBPK	All age-eligible children in districts offering the program, or in the entire state, may enroll ⁶ All age-eligible children in districts offering the program, or in the entire state, may enroll ⁷ Eligibility is determined by individual child or family characteristics in addition to age ⁶ Eligibility is determined by individual child or family characteristics in addition to age ¹⁴ All age-eligible resident children in districts offering the program may enroll ⁷ All age-eligible children in districts offering the program may enroll Eligibility is determined by individual child or family characteristics in addition to age ⁸ All age-eligible children in districts offering the program, or in the entire state, may enroll ⁷ All age-eligible children in districts offering the program, or in the entire state, may enroll ⁸ Eligibility is determined by individual child or family characteristics in addition to age ⁶ Eligibility is determined by individual child or family characteristics in addition to age ⁶ All age-eligible children in districts offering the program, or in the entire state, may enroll Eligibility is determined by individual child or family characteristics in addition to age ⁸ Eligibility is determined by individual child or family characteristics in addition to age ⁸ Eligibility is determined by individual child or family characteristics in addition to age ⁸ Eligibility is determined by individual child or family characteristics in addition to age ⁸ Eligibility is determined by individual child or family characteristics in addition to age ⁸ Eligibility is determined by individual child or family characteristics in addition to age ⁸ Eligibility is determined by individual child or family characteristics in addition to age ⁸ Eligibility is determined by individual child or family characteristics in addition to age ⁸ Eligibility is determined by individual child or family characteristics in addition to age ⁸	
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Missouri Montana Nebraska Nevada New Jersey Abbott New Jersey ECPA New Jersey ELLI New Mexico New York North Carolina North Dakota Ohio Oklahoma Oregon HdSt Oregon Preschool Promise Pennsylvania RTL Pennsylvania HSSAP Pennsylvania K4 & SBPK Pennsylvania PKC Rhode Island South Carolina Tennessee Texas Vermont Virginia Washington	All age-eligible children in districts offering the program, or in the entire state, may enroll ⁶ All age-eligible children in districts offering the program, or in the entire state, may enroll ⁷ Eligibility is determined by individual child or family characteristics in addition to age ⁶ Eligibility is determined by individual child or family characteristics in addition to age ¹⁴ All age-eligible resident children in districts offering the program may enroll All age-eligible children in districts offering the program may enroll Eligibility is determined by individual child or family characteristics in addition to age ⁸ All age-eligible children in districts offering the program, or in the entire state, may enroll ⁷ All age-eligible children in districts offering the program, or in the entire state, may enroll ⁸ Eligibility is determined by individual child or family characteristics in addition to age ⁶ Eligibility is determined by individual child or family characteristics in addition to age ⁶ All age-eligible children in districts offering the program, or in the entire state, may enroll Eligibility is determined by individual child or family characteristics in addition to age ⁶ All age-eligible children in districts offering the program, or in the entire state, may enroll Eligibility is determined by individual child or family characteristics in addition to age ⁸ Eligibility is determined by individual child or family characteristics in addition to age ⁸ Eligibility is determined by individual child or family characteristics in addition to age ⁸ Eligibility is determined by individual child or family characteristics in addition to age ⁸ All age-eligible children in districts offering the program, or in the entire state, may enroll; SBPK: Eligibility is determined by individual child or family characteristics in addition to age ⁸ Eligibility is determined by individual child or family characteristics in addition to age ⁸ Eligibility is determined by individual child or famil	
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STATE	Income requirement	
Alabama	None	
Alaska	None	
Arizona	200% of FPL	
Arkansas	200% of FPL ¹⁰	
California CSPP	70% of SMI at initial enrollment; 85% of SMI when recertified for enrollment ⁶	
California TK	None	
Colorado	Eligible for free or reduced-price lunch, or 185% of FPL	
Connecticut CDCC	75% of SMI	
Connecticut SR	60% of children enrolled in each municipality must meet the income guideline of at or below 75% SMI ⁵	
Connecticut Smart Start	None	
Delaware	100% of FPL ⁸	
District of Columbia	None	
Florida	None	
Georgia	None	
Hawaii	300% of FPL ⁶	
Illinois	None	
Iowa Shared Visions	Eligible for free lunch, or 130% of FPL ⁹	
Iowa SWVPP	None	
Kansas Preschool Pilot	Eligible for free or reduced-price lunch, or 185% of FPL ⁵	
Kansas State Pre-K	Eligible for free lunch, or 130% of FPL ⁴	
Kentucky	160% of FPL ⁹	
Louisiana 8(g)	Eligible for free or reduced-price lunch, or 185% of FPL ⁴	
Louisiana LA 4	Eligible for free or reduced-price lunch, or 185% of FPL	
Louisiana NSECD	Eligible for free or reduced-price lunch, or 185% of FPL	
Maine	None	
Maryland	Eligible for free or reduced-price lunch, or 185% of FPL ¹⁰	
Massachusetts UPK	None	
Massachusetts Ch 70	None CERCL (SEL VIII CONTROL (
Michigan	250% of FPL, with some exception for up to 300% of FPL ⁶	
Minnesota HdSt	Per Federal Head Start requirements: 100% of FPL ⁶	
Minnesota VPK/SRP	None	
Mississippi	None	
Missouri Montana	None None	
Nebraska	Eligible for free or reduced-price lunch, or 185% of FPL ⁶	
Nevada	None	
New Jersey Abbott	None	
New Jersey ECPA	None	
New Jersey ELLI	Eligible for free or reduced-price lunch, or 185% of FPL ⁸	
New Mexico	None	
New York	None	
North Carolina	75% of SMI ⁶	
North Dakota	Eligible for free or reduced-price lunch, or 185% of FPL	
Ohio	200% of FPL ⁶	
Oklahoma	None	
Oregon HdSt	100% of FPL ³	
Oregon Preschool Promise	200% of FPL ⁹	
Pennsylvania RTL	None	
Pennsylvania HSSAP	100% of FPL ³	
Pennsylvania K4 & SBPK	None	
Pennsylvania PKC	300% of FPL	
Rhode Island	None	
South Carolina	Eligible for free or reduced-price lunch, or 185% of FPL ⁸	
Tennessee	Eligible for free or reduced-price lunch, or 185% of FPL	
Texas	Eligible for free or reduced-price lunch, or 185% of FPL	
Vermont	None	
Virginia	200% of FPL; 350% of FPL for students with disabilities ⁴	
Washington	110% of FPL ⁷	
West Virginia	None	
Wisconsin 4K	None	
Wisconsin HdSt	Per Federal Head Start income criteria ⁸	
Guam	None	

STATE	How is the income requirement applied to determine eligibility?		
Alabama	NA		
Alaska	NA		
Arizona	100% of children must meet the income requirement		
Arkansas	90% or more of the children meet the income criteria; Other children may qualify with other characteristics and/or be on a sliding fee scale 10		
California CSPP	Part-day CSPP: once all eligible children are enrolled, contractors may enroll up to		
California TK	10% of children whose families exceed the income eligibility threshold by no more than 15%6 NA		
Colorado	Income is one of many eligibility criteria ⁷		
Connecticut CDCC	100% of children must meet the income requirement		
Connecticut SR	60% of children in each municipality must meet the income criteria		
Connecticut Smart Start	NA		
Delaware	Per the Federal Head Start Program Performance Standards ⁸		
District of Columbia	NA NA		
Florida	NA		
Georgia	NA		
Hawaii	Priority is given to families at or below 300% FPL ⁶		
Illinois	NA NA		
Iowa Shared Visions	At least 80% of children must meet the income criteria ⁹		
Iowa SWVPP	NA NA		
Kansas Preschool Pilot	At least 50% of the children enrolled must meet one of the risk factors which includes income ⁵		
Kansas State Pre-K	All children enrolled must meet one of the risk factors which includes income ⁴		
Kentucky	Once all at-risk 4-year-olds (160% FPL) and 3- & 4-year-olds with disabilities are served, other children may enroll if space is available9		
Louisiana 8(g)	Priority is given to students who qualify for free or reduced price lunch⁴		
Louisiana LA 4	100% of children must meet the income requirement		
Louisiana NSECD	100% of children must meet the income requirement		
Maine	NA .		
Maryland	All Maryland Prekindergarten Program children are at 185% FPL or below, except for PDG (200% FPL) and State PreK Expansion children (300% FPL) ¹⁰		
Massachusetts UPK	NA		
Massachusetts Ch 70	NA NA		
	90 percent of children must meet income eligibility of 250% FPL,		
Michigan	with exceptions for up to 300% FPL if sufficient numbers of children cannot be recruited at 250% FPL ⁶		
Minnesota HdSt	Per the Federal Head Start Program Performance Standards ⁶		
Minnesota VPK/SRP	NA		
Mississippi	NA		
Missouri	NA NA		
Montana	NA		
Nebraska	70% of children must have one risk factor ⁶		
Nevada	NA ¹⁵		
New Jersey Abbott	NA NA		
New Jersey ECPA New Jersey ELLI	NA 100% of children must meet the income requirement ⁸		
New Mexico	NA		
New York	NA		
North Carolina	Twenty percent of a county's NC Pre-K slots allocation may be used to serve children above 75% of SMI, if they have another designated risk facto		
North Dakota	100% of children must meet the income requirement		
Ohio	100% of children must meet the income requirement ⁶		
Oklahoma	NA		
Oregon HdSt	Per the Federal Head Start Program Performance Standards ³		
Oregon Preschool Promise	·		
Pennsylvania RTL	NA		
Pennsylvania HSSAP	Per the Federal Head Start Program Performance Standards: at least 90% of children		
Pennsylvania K4 & SBPK	NA		
Pennsylvania PKC	100% of children must meet the income requirement ⁵		
Rhode Island	NA		
South Carolina	CERDEP: once all income-eligible children are served, students with other risk factors may enroll; EIA 4K: districts may prioritize other risk factors		
Tennessee	100% of children must meet the income requirement ⁹		
Texas	Eligibility for free and reduced price lunch is one of seven ways to qualify ⁴		
Vermont	NA		
Virginia	85% of children must meet the income requirement ⁴		
Washington	90% of children must meet the income requirement ⁹		
West Virginia	NA NA		
Wisconsin 4K	NA		
Wisconsin HdSt	As per Head Start federal requirements, 10% of children may be over the low-income guidelines ⁸		

STATE	Risk factors besides income that can be used to determine eligibility		
Alabama	NA		
Alaska	Determined locally		
Arizona	None		
Arkansas	Child disability or developmental delay; Low parent education; History of abuse, neglect, or family violence; Homelessness or unstable housing; Home language other than English; Parental substance abuse; Teen parent; Low birth weight or other child health risk; Child history of foster care; Parent on active military duty; Child with an incarcerated parent; Child in custody or/living with a family member other than mother or father ¹⁰		
California CSPP	Homelessness or unstable housing; Families whose children are receiving CPS or are at risk of abuse, neglect or exploitation; Families receiving cash aid ⁶		
California TK	NA		
Colorado	Child disability or developmental delay; Low parent education; History of abuse, neglect, or family violence; Homelessness or unstable housing; Home language other than English; Parental substance abuse; Teen parent; Child history of foster care; Other locally determined risk factors?		
Connecticut CDCC	None		
Connecticut SR	NA		
Connecticut Smart Start	NA		
Delaware	Child disability or developmental delay; Low parent education; History of abuse, neglect, or family violence; Homelessness or unstable housing; Home language other than English; Parental substance abuse; Risk child will not be ready for kindergarten; Teen parent; Low birth weight or other child health risk; Child history of foster care; Parent on active military duty; Other risk factor(s) ⁹		
District of Columbia	NA		
Florida	NA		
Georgia	NA		
Hawaii	Child disability or developmental delay; History of abuse, neglect, or family violence; Homelessness or unstable housing; Home language other than English; Parental substance abuse; Teen parent; Child history of foster care ⁶		
Illinois	Child disability or developmental delay; Low parent education; History of abuse, neglect, or family violence; Homelessness or unstable housing; Home language other than English; Parental substance abuse; Risk child will not be ready for kindergarten; Teen parent; Low birth weight or other child health risk; Child history of foster care; Parent on active military duty; Low income ⁶		
Iowa Shared Visions	Child disability or developmental delay; Low parent education; History of abuse, neglect, or family violence; Homelessness or unstable housing; Home language other than English; Parental substance abuse; Teen parent; Low birth weight or other child health risk; Child history of foster care; Other risk factor(s)		
Iowa SWVPP	NA		
Kansas Preschool Pilot	Child disability or developmental delay; Low parent education; Homelessness or unstable housing; Home language other than English; Teen parent; Child history of foster care; Other risk factor(s) ⁵		
Kansas State Pre-K	Child disability or developmental delay; Low parent education; Homelessness or unstable housing; Home language other than English; Teen parent; Child history of foster care; Other risk factor(s) ⁴		
Kentucky	Child disability or developmental delay; Homelessness or unstable housing; Child history of foster care ⁹		
Louisiana 8(g)	Child disability or developmental delay; Low parent education; History of abuse, neglect, or family violence; Homelessness or unstable housing; Home language other than English; Parental substance abuse; Risk child will not be ready for kindergarten; Teen parent; Low birth weight or other child health risk; Child history of foster care; Parent on active military duty; Other risk factor(s) ⁴		
Louisiana LA 4	Homelessness or unstable housing; Child history of foster care		
Louisiana NSECD	Homelessness or unstable housing; Child history of foster care		
Maine	Homelessness or unstable housing		
Maryland	Child disability or developmental delay; Homelessness or unstable housing; Risk child will not be ready for kindergarten ¹⁰		
Massachusetts UPK	NA		
Massachusetts Ch 70	NA		
Michigan	Child disability or developmental delay; Low parent education; History of abuse, neglect, or family violence; Homelessness or unstable housing; Home language other than English; Parental substance abuse; Teen parent; Low birth weight or other child health risk; Child history of foster care; Parent on active military duty ⁶		
Minnesota HdSt	Child disability or developmental delay; Low parent education; History of abuse, neglect, or family violence; Homelessness or unstable housing; Home language other than English; Parental substance abuse; Risk child will not be ready for kindergarten Teen parent; Low birth weight or other child health risk; Child history of foster care; Parent on active military duty ⁶		
Minnesota VPK/SRP	NA NA		
Mississippi	Child disability or developmental delay; Homelessness or unstable housing ⁷		
Missouri	NA		
Montana	NA		
Nebraska	Child disability or developmental delay; Low parent education; Home language other than English; Teen parent; Low birth weight or other child health risk ⁶		
Nevada	Child disability or developmental delay; Homelessness or unstable housing; Home language other than English; Child history of foster care; Parent on active military duty; Other locally determined risk factors		

STATE	Risk factors besides income that can be used to determine eligibility		
New Jersey Abbott	NA		
New Jersey ECPA	NA		
New Jersey ELLI	Determined locally ⁸		
New Mexico	NA		
New York	NA		
North Carolina	Child disability or developmental delay; Homelessness or unstable housing; Home language other than English; Risk child will not be ready for kindergarten; Low birth weight or other child health risk; Parent on active military duty; Chronic health condition; Child had an IEP		
North Dakota	None		
Ohio	None		
Oklahoma	NA		
Oregon HdSt	Homelessness or unstable housing; Child history of foster care ³		
Oregon Preschool Promise	Determined locally ¹⁰		
Pennsylvania RTL	Determined locally		
Pennsylvania HSSAP	Child disability or developmental delay; Low parent education; History of abuse, neglect, or family violence; Homelessness or unstable housing; Home language other than English; Parental substance abuse; Risk child will not be ready for kindergarten; Teen parent; Low birth weight or other child health risk; Child history of foster care; Parent on active military duty ³		
Pennsylvania K4 & SBPK	K4: NA; SBPK: Locally determined risk factors		
Pennsylvania PKC	Child disability or developmental delay; Low parent education; History of abuse, neglect, or family violence; Homelessness or unstable housing; Home language other than English; Parental substance abuse; Risk child will not be ready for kindergarten; Teen parent; Low birth weight or other child health risk; Child history of foster care; Parent on active military duty ⁵		
Rhode Island	NA		
South Carolina	CERDEP: None; EIA 4K: Determined locally		
Tennessee	Child disability or developmental delay; Low parent education; History of abuse, neglect, or family violence; Homelessness or unstable housing; Home language other than English; Parental substance abuse; Risk child will not be ready for kindergar Teen parent; Low birth weight or other child health risk; Child history of foster care; Parent on active military duty; Other risk factor(s) ¹⁰		
Texas	Homelessness or unstable housing; Home language other than English; Child history of foster care; Parent on active military duty; Parent injured while on active duty		
Vermont	NA		
Virginia	Child disability or developmental delay; Low parent education; History of abuse, neglect, or family violence; Homelessness or unstable housing Home language other than English; Parental substance abuse; Risk child will not be ready for kindergarten; Teen parent; Low birth weight on other child health risk; Child history of foster care; Parent on active military duty; Other risk factor(s)4		
Washington	Child disability or developmental delay; Low parent education; History of abuse, neglect, or family violence; Homelessness or unstable housing Home language other than English; Parental substance abuse; Risk child will not be ready for kindergarten; Teen parent; Low birth weight or other child health risk; Child history of foster care; Expulsion due to behavior; In kinship care; Single parent; Transferring from Head Start or Ear Head Start; Parent deployed to combat zone in last year; Parent incarcerated; Mental illness; Health care access; Migrant status		
West Virginia	NA		
Wisconsin 4K	NA		
Wisconsin HdSt	Child disability or developmental delay; Homelessness or unstable housing; Child history of foster care; Other risk factor(s)8		
Guam	NA		

OTHER ELIGIBILITY POLICIES			
STATE	Is there a specific/minimum number of risk factors tied to eligibility (beyond income)?	Sliding scale based on income	Is child eligibility ever reassessed after a child has been enrolled?
	NA	Yes ⁸	No
Alaska	No	Determined locally ⁵	No
Arizona	No	No ⁸	Yes ⁹
ırkansas	110	Yes ¹⁰	No
California CSPP	1 (can include income) ⁶	Yes ⁷	Yes ⁸
California TK	NA	No ⁷	No
Colorado	4-year-olds: 1; children under 4: 3 ⁷	No	No
Connecticut CDCC	No	Yes	Yes ⁸
Connecticut SR	NA	Yes	Yes ⁶
Connecticut Smart Start	NA NA	Determined locally ⁶	No 10
Delaware	No ⁹	No	Yes ¹⁰
istrict of Columbia	NA	No	No
lorida	NA	No	No
eorgia	NA	No	No
awaii	No ⁶	No	No
inois	26	No	No
owa Shared Visions	1 (can include income) ⁹	Determined locally ⁹	No
owa SWVPP	NA	No	No
ansas Preschool Pilot	No⁵	No	Yes ⁶
ansas State Pre-K	14	No	Yes ⁵
entucky	1 (can include income) ⁹	Determined locally ¹⁰	No
ouisiana 8(g)	No No	Determined locally ⁵	No
ouisiana LA 4	No	Determined locally ⁵	No
ouisiana NSECD	No	Determined locally ⁴	No
laine	No	No	Yes ⁸
laryland	110	No	No
lassachusetts UPK	NA	Determined locally ⁹	No
lassachusetts Ch 70	NA	Determined locally	No
lichigan	1 (can include income) ⁶	Yes ⁶	No
linnesota HdSt	1 (can include income) ⁶	No	Yes ⁷
linnesota VPK/SRP	NA	No	Yes ¹²
lississippi	No	No	No
lissouri	NA	Determined locally ⁷	No
lontana	NA	No	No
lebraska	No ⁶	Determined locally ⁷	No
levada	No	No	Yes ¹⁶
lew Jersey Abbott	NA NA	No	Yes ⁸
ew Jersey ECPA	NA NA	No	Yes ⁶
ew Jersey ELLI	No	No	Yes ⁹
lew Mexico	NA	No	No
ew York	NA	No	No
orth Carolina	17	No	No
orth Dakota	No	No ⁶	No
hio	No	Determined locally ⁶	No
klahoma	NA	No	No
regon HdSt	No ³	No	No
regon Preschool Promise	No	No	No
ennsylvania RTL	No	No	No
ennsylvania HSSAP	No	No	No
ennsylvania K4 & SBPK	K4: NA; SBPK: Determined locally	No	No
ennsylvania PKC	No ⁵	No	No
node Island	NA NA	No	No
outh Carolina	No No	No	No
	1 ¹⁰		
ennessee		No	No
exas	1	No	No
ermont	NA	No	No
irginia	1 (can include income)	No	No
/ashington	No	No	No
/est Virginia	NA	No	No
Visconsin 4K	NA	No	No
/isconsin HdSt	No ⁸	No	No

STATE	Maximum class size	
Alabama	4-year-olds: 20°	
Alaska	4-year-olds: Determined locally	
Arizona	3-year-olds: 26; 4-year-olds: 30; mixed-age: 26 ¹⁰	
Arkansas	3- and 4-year-olds: 20 ¹¹	
California CSPP	3- and 4-year-olds: No limit ⁹	
California TK	4-year-olds: 33	
Colorado	3- and 4-year-olds: 16	
Connecticut CDCC	3- and 4-year-olds: 20	
Connecticut SR	3- and 4-year-olds: 20	
Connecticut Smart Start	3- and 4-year-olds: 18	
Delaware	3-year-olds: 17; 4-year-olds: 20 ¹⁰	
District of Columbia	3-year-olds: 16; 4-year-olds: 20 (DCPS & CBO only); mixed-age: 17 (DCPS), 16 (CBO) ⁹	
Florida	4-year-olds: 12 (summer); 20 (school year)	
Georgia	4-year-olds: 22 ⁵	
Hawaii	4-year-olds: 20	
Illinois	3- and 4-year-olds: 20	
Iowa Shared Visions	3-year-olds: 18; 4-year-olds: 20; mixed-age: 20 ¹⁰	
Iowa SWVPP	3-year-olds: 18; 4-year-olds: 20; mixed-age: 18 or 20 depending on majority age group	
Kansas Preschool Pilot	4-year-olds: 25; mixed-age: 25	
Kansas State Pre-K	4-year-olds: 25	
Kentucky	3- and 4-year-olds: 20	
Louisiana 8(g)	4-year-olds: 20	
Louisiana LA 4	4-year-olds: 20	
Louisiana NSECD	4-year-olds: 20	
Maine	4-year-olds: 16	
Maryland	3- and 4-year-olds: 20 ¹¹	
Massachusetts UPK	3- and 4-year-olds: 20; mixed-age: depends on the ages of the children	
Massachusetts Ch 70	3- and 4-year-olds: 15 with no more than 7 children with IEPs; 20 with no more than 5 with IEPs ¹⁰	
Michigan	4-year-olds: 18	
Minnesota HdSt	3-year-olds: 15; 4-year-olds: 20; mixed-age: 20 ⁸	
Minnesota VPK/SRP	4-year-olds: 20 ¹³	
Mississippi	4-year-olds: 20 4-year-olds: 20	
Missouri	3- and 4-year-olds: 20	
Montana	4-year-olds: 18; mixed-age: 18 ⁸	
Nebraska	3- and 4-year-olds: 20	
Nevada	3-year-olds: 16; 4-year-olds: 20; mixed-age: 20 ¹⁷	
New Jersey Abbott	3- and 4-year-olds: 15	
New Jersey ECPA	3- and 4-year-olds: 18	
New Jersey ELLI	4-year-olds: 20	
New Mexico	3-year-olds: 16; 4-year-olds: 20 ⁸	
New York	3- and 4-year-olds: 20 ⁶	
North Carolina	4-year-olds: 18	
N 1. 5. 1		

Guam 4-year-olds: 18
Footnotes are grouped by state at the end of Appendix A. Unless noted, all data are for the '17-'18 school year.

North Dakota

Oklahoma

Oregon HdSt

Pennsylvania RTL

Pennsylvania PKC

Rhode Island

Tennessee

Vermont Virginia

Washington

West Virginia

Wisconsin 4K

Wisconsin HdSt

Texas

South Carolina

Pennsylvania HSSAP

Pennsylvania K4 & SBPK

Oregon Preschool Promise

Ohio

4-year-olds: No limit

3-year-olds: 24; 4-year-olds: 28; mixed-age: 24⁷

4-year-olds: 20

3-year-olds: 17; 4-year-olds: 20

3- and 4-year-olds: 2011

3- and 4-year-olds: 20

3- and 4-year-olds: 20

3- and 4-year-olds: 20 (SBPK); No limit (K4)

3- and 4-year-olds: 20⁶

4-year-olds: 18

4-year-olds: 209

4-year-olds: 20; mixed-age: 2011

3- and 4-year-olds: No limit⁵ 3- and 4-year-olds: 20⁹

4-year-olds: 18

3- and 4-year-olds: 20

3- and 4-year-olds: 206

4-year-olds: Determined locally⁷

3-year-olds: 17; 4-year-olds: 20; mixed-age: 179

STATE	Staff to child ratio requirement
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Alabama	4-year-olds: 1:10°		
Alaska	4-year-olds: 1-10 4-year-olds: Determined locally		
Arizona	3-year-olds: 1:13; 4-year-olds: 1:15; mixed-age: 1:13 ¹⁰		
Arkansas	3- and 4-year-olds: 1:10		
California CSPP	3- and 4-year-olds: 1:10 3- and 4-year-olds: 1:8		
California TK	4-year-olds: 1:33		
Colorado	4-year-olds. 1.35 3- and 4-year-olds: 1:8		
	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		
Connecticut CDCC	3- and 4-year-olds: 1:10		
Connecticut SR	3- and 4-year-olds: 1:10		
Connecticut Smart Start	3- and 4-year-olds: 1:9		
Delaware	3-year-olds: 2:17; 4-year-olds: 1:10 ¹⁰		
District of Columbia	3-year-olds: 1:8; 4-year-olds: 1:10; mixed-age: 2:17 (DCPS), 1:8 (CBO) ⁹		
Florida	4-year-olds: 1:12 (summer); 1:11 or 2:12-20 (school year)		
Georgia	4-year-olds: 1:11 ⁵		
Hawaii	4-year-olds: 1:10		
Illinois	3- and 4-year-olds: 1:10		
Iowa Shared Visions	3- and 4-year-olds: 1:8 ¹⁰		
Iowa SWVPP	3-year-olds: 1:9; 4-year-olds: 1:10; mixed-age: 1:9 or 10 depending on majority age group		
Kansas Preschool Pilot	4-year-olds: 1:10; mixed-age: 1:10 ⁷		
Kansas State Pre-K	4-year-olds: 1:10 ⁶		
Kentucky	3- and 4-year-olds: 1:10		
Louisiana 8(g)	4-year-olds: 1:10		
Louisiana LA 4	4-year-olds: 1:10 4-year-olds: 1:10		
Louisiana NSECD	4-year-olds: 1:10 4-year-olds: 1:10		
	·		
Maine	4-year-olds: 1:8°		
Maryland	3- and 4-year-olds: 1:10 ¹¹		
Massachusetts UPK	3- and 4-year-olds: 1:6-10 depending on program type		
Massachusetts Ch 70	3- and 4-year-olds: 2:15 or 1:10 ¹⁰		
Michigan	4-year-olds: 1:8 ⁷		
Minnesota HdSt	3-year-olds: 2:15; 4-year-olds: 1:10; mixed-age: 1:10 ⁸		
Minnesota VPK/SRP	4-year-olds: 1:10 ¹³		
Mississippi	4-year-olds: 1:10		
Missouri	3- and 4-year-olds: 1:10		
Montana	4-year-olds: 1:10; mixed-age: 1:10		
Nebraska	3- and 4-year-olds: 1:10		
Nevada	3-year-olds: 1:8; 4-year-olds: 1:10; mixed-age: 1:10 ¹⁷		
New Jersey Abbott	3- and 4-year-olds: 2:15		
New Jersey ECPA	3- and 4-year-olds: 1:9		
New Jersey ELLI	4-year-olds: 1:10		
New Mexico	3-year-olds: 1:8; 4-year-olds: 1:10 ⁸		
New York	3- and 4-year-olds: 1:9 ⁶		
North Carolina	4-year-olds: 1:9 ⁸		
North Dakota	4-year-olds: No limit ⁷		
	3-year-olds: 1:12; 4-year-olds: 1:14; mixed-age: 1:12 ⁷		
Ohio Oklahoma	3-year-olds: 1:12; 4-year-olds: 1:14; mixed-age: 1:12 ² 4-year-olds: 1:10		
	4-year-olds: 1:10 3-year-olds: 2:17; 4-year-olds: 1:10		
Oregon HdSt			
Oregon Preschool Promise	3- and 4-year-olds: 1:10 ¹¹		
Pennsylvania RTL	3- and 4-year-olds: 1:10		
Pennsylvania HSSAP	3- and 4-year-olds: 1:10		
Pennsylvania K4 & SBPK	3- and 4-year-olds: 1:10 (SBPK); No limit (K4)		
Pennsylvania PKC	3- and 4-year-olds: 1:10 ⁶		
Rhode Island	4-year-olds: 1:9		
South Carolina	4-year-olds: 1:10°		
Tennessee	4-year-olds: 1:10; mixed-age: 1:10 ¹¹		
Texas	3- and 4-year-olds: No limit ⁵		
Vermont	3- and 4-year-olds: 1:10		
Virginia	4-year-olds: 1:9		
Washington	3- and 4-year-olds: 1:10		
West Virginia	3- and 4-year-olds: 1:10 ⁶		
Wisconsin 4K	4-year-olds: Determined locally ⁷		
Wisconsin HdSt	3-year-olds: 2:17; 4-year-olds: 1:10; mixed-age: 2:17 ⁹		
Guam	4-year-olds: 1:19		
	f Annendix A. Unless noted all data are for the '17-'18 school year		

STATE	Meal requirements	
Alabama	Lunch ¹⁰	
Alaska	No meals are required, determined locally	
Arizona	Requirements depend on length of program day ¹¹	
Arkansas	Breakfast, Lunch, Snack	
California CSPP	Requirements depend on length of program day ¹⁰	
California TK	At least one meal to children who qualify for FRPL ⁸	
Colorado	Requirements depend on length of program day ⁸	
Connecticut CDCC	Breakfast, Lunch, Snack	
Connecticut SR	Requirements depend on length of program day ⁷	
Connecticut Smart Start	No meals are required	
Delaware	At least one meal ¹¹	
District of Columbia	Breakfast, Lunch, Snack	
Florida	Requirements depend on length of program day⁵	
Georgia	Lunch ⁶	
Hawaii	Lunch ⁷	
Illinois	Lunch and snack (school-day); Snack (part-day)	
Iowa Shared Visions	At least one meal, requirements depend on hours of operation ¹¹	
Iowa SWVPP	Snack ¹¹	
Kansas Preschool Pilot	No meals are required	
Kansas State Pre-K	No meals are required	
Kentucky	Breakfast and/or Lunch ¹¹	
Louisiana 8(g)	Breakfast, Lunch, Snack ⁶	
Louisiana LA 4	Breakfast, Lunch, Snack	
Louisiana NSECD	Breakfast, Lunch, Snack	
Maine	Snack ¹⁰	
Maryland	Breakfast, Lunch	
Massachusetts UPK	Requirements depend on length of program day ¹⁰	
Massachusetts Ch 70	No meals are required	
Michigan	Requirements depend on length of program day ⁸	
Minnesota HdSt	At least one meal ⁹	
Minnesota VPK/SRP	No meals are required ¹⁴	
Mississippi	At least one meal	
Missouri	Requirements depend on length of program day ⁸	
Montana	No meals are required ⁹	
Nebraska	One meal and/or snack ⁸	
Nevada	Snack ¹⁸	
New Jersey Abbott	Breakfast, Lunch, Snack	
New Jersey ECPA	Requirements depend on length of program day ⁷	
New Jersey ELLI	Requirements depend on length of program day ¹⁰	
New Mexico	At least one meal ⁹	
New York	Requirements depend on length of program day ⁷	
North Carolina	Lunch and either breakfast and a snack or two snacks	
North Dakota	No meals are required ⁸	
Ohio	Requirements depend on length of program day ⁸	
Oklahoma	Breakfast and/or lunch ⁴	
Oregon HdSt	At least lunch and either breakfast or snack ⁴	
Oregon Preschool Promise	At least one meal ¹²	
Pennsylvania RTL	No meals are required	
Pennsylvania HSSAP	Lunch and either breakfast or snack	
Pennsylvania K4 & SBPK	No meals are required	
Pennsylvania PKC	At least one meal (half-day); At least one meal and snack (full-day) ⁷	
Rhode Island	Lunch, Snack⁴	
South Carolina	Breakfast, Lunch, Snack ¹⁰	
Tennessee	Breakfast, Lunch ¹²	
Texas	Requirements depend on length of program day ⁶	
Vermont	Snack ¹⁰	
Virginia	No meals are required ⁵	
Washington	At least one meal ¹⁰	
West Virginia	Lunch and either breakfast or snack ⁷	
Wisconsin 4K	Requirements depend on length of program day ⁸	
Wisconsin HdSt	At least one meal ¹⁰	
Guam	Breakfast, Lunch	

STATE	Required screenings
Alabama	Vision; Hearing; Height/weight/BMI; Blood pressure; Immunizations; Psychosocial/behavioral; Dental; Developmental ¹¹
Alaska	None ⁶
Arizona	Immunizations ¹²
Arkansas	Vision; Hearing; Height/weight/BMI; Blood pressure; Immunizations; Psychosocial/behavioral; Developmental; Full physical exam ¹²
California CSPP	Vision; Hearing; Immunizations; Full physical exam ¹¹
California TK	Vision; Hearing; Height/weight/BMI; Blood pressure; Immunizations; Dental; Developmental; Full physical exam ⁹
Colorado	None ⁹
Connecticut CDCC	Immunizations; Full physical exam
Connecticut SR	None
Connecticut Smart Start	None
Delaware	Vision; Hearing; Height/weight/BMI; Blood pressure; Immunizations; Psychosocial/behavioral; Developmental; Full physical exam ¹²
District of Columbia	Vision; Hearing; Height/Weight/BMI; Blood pressure; Immunizations; Psychosocial/behavioral; Dental; Developmental; Full physical exam ¹⁰
Florida	Vision; Hearing; Immunizations; Full physical exam (licensed child care & public schools only) ⁶
Georgia	Vision; Hearing; Height/weight/BMI; Immunizations; Dental ⁷
Hawaii	Full physical exam (includes vision and hearing screenings) ⁸
Illinois	Vision; Hearing; Height/weight/BMI; Blood pressure; Immunizations; Psychosocial/behavioral; Developmental; Full physical exam ⁷
Iowa Shared Visions	Vision; Hearing; Height/weight/BMI; Blood pressure; Immunizations; Psychosocial/behavioral; Developmental; Full physical exam ¹²
Iowa SWVPP	Vision ; Hearing; Immunizations; Full physical exam ¹²
Kansas Preschool Pilot	Vision; Hearing; Immunizations; Psychosocial/behavioral; Developmental
Kansas State Pre-K	Vision; Hearing; Immunizations; Psychosocial/behavioral; Developmental
Kentucky	Vision; Hearing; Height/weight/BMI; Blood pressure; Immunizations; Psychosocial/behavioral; Developmental; Full physical exam ¹²
Louisiana 8(g)	None ⁷
Louisiana LA 4	Vision; Hearing; Immunizations ⁶
Louisiana NSECD	Vision; Hearing; Immunizations ⁵
Maine	Vision; Hearing; Immunizations; Psychosocial/behavioral; Developmental ¹¹
Maryland	Vision; Hearing; Height/weight/BMI; Blood pressure; Immunizations; Psychosocial/behavioral; Full physical exam ¹²
Massachusetts UPK	Through Child Find ¹¹
Massachusetts Ch 70	Through Child Find ¹¹
Michigan	Vision; Hearing; Height/weight/BMI; Blood pressure; Immunizations; Dental; Developmental; Full physical exam ⁹
Minnesota HdSt	Vision; Hearing; Height/Weight/BMI; Blood pressure; Immunizations; Psychosocial/behavioral; Dental; Developmental; Full physical exam ¹⁰
Minnesota VPK/SRP	Vision; Hearing; Height/weight/BMI; Immunizations; Psychosocial/behavioral; Developmental ¹⁵
Mississippi	Vision; Hearing; Height/weight/BMI; Immunizations; Developmental ⁸
Missouri	Vision; Hearing; Height/weight/BMI; Blood pressure; Immunizations; Psychosocial/behavioral; Dental; Developmental; Full physical exam ⁹
Montana	Immunizations; Psychosocial/behavioral; Developmental ¹⁰
Nebraska	Determined locally
Nevada	Determined locally ¹⁹
New Jersey Abbott	Vision; Hearing; Height/weight/BMI; Immunizations; Dental; Developmental
New Jersey ECPA	Vision; Hearing; Height/weight/BMI; Immunizations; Dental; Developmental
New Jersey ELLI	Vision; Hearing; Height/weight/BMI; Immunizations; Dental; Developmental
New Mexico	Vision; Hearing; Height/weight/BMI; Blood pressure; Immunizations; Psychosocial/behavioral; Developmental; Full physical exam ¹⁰
New York	Vision; Hearing; Height/weight/BMI; Blood pressure; Immunizations; Psychosocial/behavioral; Dental; Developmental; Full physical exam
North Carolina	Vision; Hearing; Height/weight/BMI; Blood pressure; Immunizations; Psychosocial/behavioral; Dental; Developmental; Full physical exam ⁹
North Dakota	None Vision Harrison Hainkt/weink/DMI knowninting Druk and in 1/k a known known Druk known at the Collaboration of the Collaboration o
Ohio	Vision; Hearing; Height/weight/BMI; Immunizations; Psychosocial/behavioral; Dental; Developmental; Full physical exam
Oklahoma	Vision; Hearing; Immunizations ⁵
Oregon HdSt	Vision; Hearing; Height/weight/BMI; Blood pressure; Immunizations; Psychosocial/behavioral; Dental; Developmental; Full physical exam ⁵
Oregon Preschool Promise	Immunizations; Developmental ¹³
Pennsylvania RTL	Determined locally
Pennsylvania HSSAP	Vision; Hearing; Height/weight/BMI; Blood pressure; Immunizations; Psychosocial/behavioral; Dental; Developmental; Full physical exam
Pennsylvania K4 & SBPK	Vision; Hearing; Height/Weight/BMI; Blood pressure; Immunizations
Pennsylvania PKC	Vision; Hearing; Height/weight/BMI; Blood pressure; Immunizations; Psychosocial/behavioral; Dental; Developmental; Full physical exam ⁸
Rhode Island	Vision; Hearing; Height/weight/BMI; Blood pressure; Immunizations; Psychosocial/behavioral; Dental; Developmental; Full physical exam ⁵
South Carolina	Immunizations; Developmental ¹¹
Tennessee	Vision; Hearing; Height/weight/BMI; Blood pressure; Immunizations; Psychosocial/behavioral; Developmental; Full physical exam ¹³
Texas	Vision; Hearing; Immunizations ⁷
Vermont	Vision; Hearing; Immunizations; Psychosocial/behavioral; Dental; Developmental ¹¹
Virginia	Vision; Hearing; Immunizations; Fayl physical exam ⁶
	• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •
Washington	Vision; Hearing; Height/Weight/BMI; Immunizations; Dental; Developmental; Full physical exam (per EPSDT guidelines)
West Virginia	Vision; Hearing; Height/weight/BMI; Blood pressure; Immunizations; Psychosocial/behavioral; Dental; Developmental; Full physical exam ⁸
Wisconsin 4K	Immunizations; Medical Examination ⁹
Wisconsin HdSt	Vision; Hearing; Height/weight/BMI; Blood pressure; Immunizations; Psychosocial/behavioral; Dental; Developmental; Full physical exam ¹¹
Guam	Immunizations; Full physical exam ³

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Are referrals required for children who screen positive?

Alabama	Yes ¹¹
Alaska	No ⁷
Arizona	Yes ¹²
Arkansas	Yes
California CSPP	Yes
California TK	No
Colorado	No
Connecticut CDCC	No
Connecticut SR	Yes ⁸
Connecticut Smart Start	No
Delaware	Yes
District of Columbia	Yes ¹¹
Florida	Determined locally ⁶
Georgia	Yes ⁷
Hawaii	Yes
Illinois	Yes
Iowa Shared Visions	Yes
lowa SWVPP	Yes ¹²
Kansas Preschool Pilot	No
Kansas State Pre-K	No
Kentucky	Yes ¹²
Louisiana 8(g)	Yes
Louisiana LA 4	Yes
Louisiana NSECD	Yes
Maine	Yes
Maryland	Yes
Massachusetts UPK	NA
Massachusetts Ch 70	No ¹²
	Yes
Michigan	
Minnesota HdSt	Yes ¹¹
Minnesota VPK/SRP	Yes ¹⁶
Mississippi	Yes ^a
Missouri	Yes ⁹
Montana	No
Nebraska	Determined locally
Nevada	Yes ²⁰
Nevada New Jersey Abbott	
	Yes ²⁰
New Jersey Abbott New Jersey ECPA	Yes ²⁰ Yes
New Jersey ECPA New Jersey ELLI	Yes ²⁰ Yes Yes Yes
New Jersey Abbott New Jersey ECPA New Jersey ELLI New Mexico	Yes²º Yes Yes Yes Yes Yes
New Jersey ECPA New Jersey ELLI New Mexico New York	Yes²0 Yes Yes Yes Yes Yes Yes Yes
New Jersey Abbott New Jersey ECPA New Jersey ELLI New Mexico New York North Carolina	Yes²º Yes Yes Yes Yes Yes Yes Yes Ye
New Jersey Abbott New Jersey ECPA New Jersey ELLI New Mexico New York North Carolina North Dakota	Yes ²⁰ Yes Yes Yes Yes Yes Yes Yes Not reported
New Jersey Abbott New Jersey ECPA New Jersey ELLI New Mexico New York North Carolina North Dakota Ohio	Yes²º Yes
New Jersey Abbott New Jersey ECPA New Jersey ELLI New Mexico New York North Carolina North Dakota Ohio Oklahoma	Yes²ºº Yes
New Jersey Abbott New Jersey ECPA New Jersey ELLI New Mexico New York North Carolina North Dakota Ohio Oklahoma Oregon HdSt	Yes²ºº Yes
New Jersey Abbott New Jersey ECPA New Jersey ELLI New Mexico New York North Carolina North Dakota Ohio Oklahoma Oregon HdSt Oregon Preschool Promise	Yes²ºº Yes
New Jersey Abbott New Jersey ECPA New Jersey ELLI New Mexico New York North Carolina North Dakota Ohio Oklahoma Oregon HdSt Oregon Preschool Promise Pennsylvania RTL	Yes
New Jersey Abbott New Jersey ECPA New Jersey ELLI New Mexico New York North Carolina North Dakota Ohio Oklahoma Oregon HdSt Oregon Preschool Promise Pennsylvania RTL Pennsylvania HSSAP	Yes²ºº Yes
New Jersey Abbott New Jersey ECPA New Jersey ELLI New Mexico New York North Carolina North Dakota Ohio Oklahoma Oregon HdSt Oregon Preschool Promise Pennsylvania RTL	Yes
New Jersey Abbott New Jersey ECPA New Jersey ELLI New Mexico New York North Carolina North Dakota Ohio Oklahoma Oregon HdSt Oregon Preschool Promise Pennsylvania RTL Pennsylvania HSSAP	Yes
New Jersey Abbott New Jersey ECPA New Jersey ELLI New Mexico New York North Carolina North Dakota Ohio Oklahoma Oregon HdSt Oregon Preschool Promise Pennsylvania RTL Pennsylvania KSAP Pennsylvania K4 & SBPK	Yes
New Jersey Abbott New Jersey ECPA New Jersey ELLI New Mexico New York North Carolina North Dakota Ohio Oklahoma Oregon HdSt Oregon Preschool Promise Pennsylvania RTL Pennsylvania KTL Pennsylvania K4 & SBPK Pennsylvania PKC	Yes
New Jersey ECPA New Jersey ELLI New Mexico New York North Carolina North Dakota Ohio Oklahoma Oregon HdSt Oregon Preschool Promise Pennsylvania RTL Pennsylvania K4 & SBPK Pennsylvania PKC Rhode Island South Carolina	Yes Yes Yes Yes Yes Yes Yes Yes
New Jersey ECPA New Jersey ELLI New Mexico New York North Carolina North Dakota Ohio Oklahoma Oregon HdSt Oregon Preschool Promise Pennsylvania RTL Pennsylvania HSSAP Pennsylvania PKC Rhode Island South Carolina Tennessee	Yes Yes Yes Yes Yes Yes Yes Yes
New Jersey ECPA New Jersey ELLI New Mexico New York North Carolina North Dakota Ohio Oklahoma Oregon HdSt Oregon Preschool Promise Pennsylvania RTL Pennsylvania HSSAP Pennsylvania PKC Rhode Island South Carolina Tennessee Texas	Yes Yes Yes Yes Yes Yes Yes Yes
New Jersey ECPA New Jersey ELLI New Mexico New York North Carolina North Dakota Ohio Oklahoma Oregon HdSt Oregon Preschool Promise Pennsylvania RTL Pennsylvania HSSAP Pennsylvania PKC Rhode Island South Carolina Tennessee Texas Vermont	Yes
New Jersey ECPA New Jersey ELLI New Mexico New York North Carolina North Dakota Ohio Oklahoma Oregon HdSt Oregon Preschool Promise Pennsylvania RTL Pennsylvania HSSAP Pennsylvania FKC Rhode Island South Carolina Tennessee Texas Vermont Virginia	Yes
New Jersey ECPA New Jersey ELLI New Mexico New York North Carolina North Dakota Ohio Oklahoma Oregon HdSt Oregon Preschool Promise Pennsylvania RTL Pennsylvania HSSAP Pennsylvania PKC Rhode Island South Carolina Tennessee Texas Vermont Virginia Washington	Yes
New Jersey ECPA New Jersey ELLI New Mexico New York North Carolina North Dakota Ohio Oklahoma Oregon HdSt Oregon Preschool Promise Pennsylvania RTL Pennsylvania HSSAP Pennsylvania PKC Rhode Island South Carolina Tennessee Texas Vermont Virginia Washington West Virginia	Yes
New Jersey ECPA New Jersey ELLI New Mexico New York North Carolina North Dakota Ohio Oklahoma Oregon HdSt Oregon Preschool Promise Pennsylvania RTL Pennsylvania HSSAP Pennsylvania FKC Rhode Island South Carolina Tennessee Texas Vermont Virginia Washington West Virginia Wisconsin 4K	Yes
New Jersey ECPA New Jersey ELLI New Mexico New York North Carolina North Dakota Ohio Oklahoma Oregon HdSt Oregon Preschool Promise Pennsylvania RTL Pennsylvania HSSAP Pennsylvania FKC Rhode Island South Carolina Tennessee Texas Vermont Virginia Washington West Virginia	Yes Yes Yes Yes Yes Yes Yes Yes
New Jersey ECPA New Jersey ELLI New Mexico New York North Carolina North Dakota Ohio Oklahoma Oregon HdSt Oregon Preschool Promise Pennsylvania RTL Pennsylvania HSSAP Pennsylvania FKC Rhode Island South Carolina Tennessee Texas Vermont Virginia Washington West Virginia Wisconsin 4K	Yes

STATE	Support services required for all programs	
Alabama	Parenting support or training; Parent involvement activities; Health services for parents; Health services for children; Information about nutrition; Referral to social services; Transition to kindergarten activities; Parent conferences and/or home visits; Locally determined support services; Other support services ¹²	
Alaska	None ⁸	
Arizona	Parent involvement activities; Transition to kindergarten activities; Parent conferences and/or home visits ¹³	
Arkansas	Parenting support or training; Parent involvement activities; Health services for children; Information about nutrition; Referral to social services; Transition to kindergarten activities; Parent conferences and/or home visits; Locally determined support services	
California CSPP	Education services or job training for parents; Parenting support or training; Parent involvement activities; Health services for parents; Health services for children; Information about nutrition; Referral to social services; Transition to kindergarten activities; Parent conferences and/or home visits; Locally determined support services; Other support services	
California TK	Parent conferences and/or home visits	
Colorado	Determined locally ¹⁰	
Connecticut CDCC	Parent involvement activities	
Connecticut SR	Education services or job training for parents; Parenting support or training; Parent involvement activities; Health services for parents; Health services for children; Information about nutrition; Referral to social services; Transition to kindergarten activities; Parent conferences and/or home visits; Locally determined support services	
Connecticut Smart Start	None ⁷	
Delaware	Education services or job training for parents; Parenting support or training; Parent involvement activities; Health services for parents; Health services for children; Information about nutrition; Referral to social services; Transition to kindergarten activities; Parent conferences and/or home visits; Locally determined support services ¹³	
District of Columbia	Education services or job training for parents; Parenting support or training; Parent involvement activities; Information about nutrition; Referral to social services; Transition to kindergarten activities; Parent conferences and/or home visits; Locally determined support services ¹²	
Florida	None	
Georgia	Parenting support or training; Parent involvement activities; Transition to kindergarten activities; Parent conferences and/or home visits; Locally determined support services ⁸	
Hawaii	Parent conferences and/or home visits ⁹	
Illinois	Parenting support or training; Parent involvement activities; Referral to social services; Transition to kindergarten activities; Parent conferences and/or home visits; Locally determined support services	
Iowa Shared Visions	Parenting support or training; Parent involvement activities; Health services for parents; Health services for children; Information about nutrition; Referral to social services; Transition to kindergarten activities; Parent conferences and/or home visits; Locally determined support services	
Iowa SWVPP	Parenting support or training; Parent involvement activities; Health services for children; Information about nutrition; Referral to social services; Transition to kindergarten activities; Parent conferences and/or home visits; Locally determined support services	
Kansas Preschool Pilot	Determined locally	
Kansas State Pre-K	Parenting support or training; Parent involvement activities; Referral to social services; Transition to kindergarten activities ⁷	
Kentucky	Education services or job training for parents; Parenting support or training; Parent involvement activities; Health services for parents; Health services for children; Information about nutrition; Referral to social services; Transition to kindergarten activities; Parent conferences and/or home visits; Other support services ¹³	
Louisiana 8(g)	None ⁸	
Louisiana LA 4	Education services or job training for parents; Parenting support or training; Parent involvement activities; Health services for parents; Health services for children; Information about nutrition; Referral to social services; Transition to kindergarten activities; Parent conferences and/or home visits; Locally determined support services	
Louisiana NSECD	Education services or job training for parents; Parenting support or training; Parent involvement activities; Health services for parents; Health services for children; Referral to social services; Transition to kindergarten activities; Parent conferences and/or home visits; Locally determined support services	
Maine	Parent involvement activities; Referral to social services; Transition to kindergarten activities; Parent conferences and/or home visits; Locally determined support services	
Maryland	Parenting support or training; Parent involvement activities; Information about nutrition; Referral to social services; Transition to kindergarten activities; Parent conferences and/or home visits; Locally determined support services	
Massachusetts UPK	Parent involvement activities; Transition to kindergarten activities; Parent conferences and/or home visits	
Massachusetts Ch 70	Determined locally	
Michigan	Parenting support or training; Parent involvement activities; Health services for children; Referral to social services; Transition to kindergarten activities; Parent conferences and/or home visits	
Minnesota HdSt	Education services or job training for parents; Parenting support or training; Parent involvement activities; Health services for parents; Health services for children; Information about nutrition; Referral to social services; Transition to kindergarten activities; Parent conferences and/or home visits; Locally determined support services; Other support services ¹¹	
Minnesota VPK/SRP	Education services or job training for parents; Parenting support or training; Parent involvement activities; Health services for children; Referral to social services; Transition to kindergarten activities; Parent conferences and/or home visits; Locally determined support services; Other support services	
Mississippi	Parent involvement activities; Referral to social services; Transition to kindergarten activities; Parent conferences and/or home visits; Locally determined support services	
Missouri	Parenting support or training; Parent involvement activities; Transition to kindergarten activities; Parent conferences and/or home visits	
Montana	None	
Nebraska	Parent involvement activities; Transition to kindergarten activities; Parent conferences and/or home visits; Locally determined support services	
Nevada	Parenting support or training; Parent involvement activities; Locally determined support services ²¹	

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Support services required for all programs

New Jersey Abbott	Education services or job training for parents; Parenting support or training; Parent involvement activities; Health services for parents; Health services for children; Information about nutrition; Referral to social services; Transition to kindergarten activities; Parent conferences and/or home visits; Other support services ⁹		
New Jersey ECPA	Parenting support or training; Parent involvement activities; Health services for parents; Health services for children; Information about nutrition; Referral to social services; Transition to kindergarten activities; Parent conferences and/or home visits; Other support services		
New Jersey ELLI	Parenting support or training; Parent involvement activities; Health services for parents; Health services for children; Information about nutrition; Referral to social services; Transition to kindergarten activities; Parent conferences and/or home visits; Locally determined support services		
New Mexico	Parenting support or training; Parent involvement activities; Referral to social services; Transition to kindergarten activities; Parent conferences and/or home visits; Locally determined support services ¹¹		
New York	Parenting support or training; Parent involvement activities; Health services for parents; Health services for children; Information about nutrition; Referral to social services; Transition to kindergarten activities; Parent conferences and/or home visits; Locally determined support services		
North Carolina	Parent involvement activities; Health services for children; Information about nutrition; Referral to social services; Transition to kindergarten activities; Parent conferences and/or home visits ¹⁰		
North Dakota	Parent involvement activities		
Ohio	Parent involvement activities; Health services for children; Information about nutrition; Referral to social services; Transition to kindergarten activities; Parent conferences and/or home visits		
Oklahoma	Parent involvement activities; Referral to social services; Parent conferences and/or home visits; Locally determined support services		
Oregon HdSt	Education services or job training for parents; Parenting support or training; Parent involvement activities; Health services for children; Information about nutrition; Referral to social services; Transition to kindergarten activities; Parent conferences and/or home visits; Other support services		
Oregon Preschool Promise	Parent involvement activities; Information about nutrition; Referral to social services; Transition to kindergarten activities; Parent conferences and/or home visits; Locally determined support services		
Pennsylvania RTL	Determined locally		
Pennsylvania HSSAP	Education services or job training for parents; Parenting support or training; Parent involvement activities; Health services for parents; Health services for children; Information about nutrition; Referral to social services; Transition to kindergarten activities; Parent conferences and/or home visits		
Pennsylvania K4 & SBPK	None		
Pennsylvania PKC	Parent involvement activities; Health services for children; Referral to social services; Transition to kindergarten activities; Parent conferences and/or home visits; Locally determined support services		
Rhode Island	Education services or job training for parents; Parenting support or training; Parent involvement activities; Health services for parents; Health services for children; Information about nutrition; Referral to social services; Transition to kindergarten activities; Parent conferences and/or home visits ⁶		
South Carolina	Parenting support or training; Parent involvement activities; Referral to social services; Transition to kindergarten activities; Parent conferences and/or home visits; Locally determined support services		
Tennessee	Parent involvement activities; Transition to kindergarten activities; Parent conferences and/or home visits ¹⁴		
Texas	Determined locally		
Vermont	Parent involvement activities; Transition to kindergarten activities; Parent conferences and/or home visits ¹²		
Virginia	Parent involvement activities; Health services for children; Referral to social services; Other support services ⁷		
Washington	Parenting support or training; Parent involvement activities; Health services for children; Information about nutrition; Referral to social services; Transition to kindergarten activities; Parent conferences and/or home visits		
West Virginia	Parent involvement activities; Transition to kindergarten activities; Parent conferences and/or home visits		
Wisconsin 4K	Determined locally ¹¹		
Wisconsin HdSt	Education services or job training for parents; Parenting support or training; Parent involvement activities; Health services for parents; Health services for children; Information about nutrition; Referral to social services; Transition to kindergarten activities; Parent conferences and/or home visits; Locally determined support services; Other support services ¹²		
Guam	Parenting support or training; Parent involvement activities; Parent conferences and/or home visits		

Asabra No Araba No Actors Yes California TS Yes California TS Yes California TS Yes California TGCC No Comment GDCC No Comment PS No Comment Name No Comment Name No Comment Name No<	STATE	The state has policies to support children with special needs in inclusion classrooms in state preschool
Actorises	Alabama	Yes ¹³
Aftermas Yes California TK Yes California TK Yes Colmedo No Connecticus CDCC No Connecticus TSR No Connecticus Frant Start No Destrict of Columbia Yes Pitralia Yes Bridge Yes Brown Yes	Alaska	No
California ISSP Ves Colorado No Colorado No Connecticu CDCC No Commenta Star No Delivación No Delivación No Delivación Yes Electro Clouriba Yes Flancia Yes Flancia Yes Brancia Yes Brancia Yes Brancia Yes Brancia Presidon Pilot No Komas Stavir Por K No Maria	Arizona	Yes
California TK Yes Colorado No Comencitus CDCC No Comencitus SR No Comencitus SR No Comencitus SR No Daried Columbia Yes* Paried Columbia Yes Florida Yes Brough Yes Brough Yes Brown Yes Brown Yes Brown Yes Love SWAPP Yes Love Swap Yes Maryand Yes Maryand Yes Maryand Yes Maryand Yes Maryand <td>Arkansas</td> <td>Yes</td>	Arkansas	Yes
Colorado No Comerciació SE No Connectació SE No Connectació STANT SERT No Deloviros Yes Deloviros Yes Florida Yes Harria Yes Harria Yes Harria Yes Louis Borria Yes Kinnea Fractional Plate No Mary Lancianal Plate<	California CSPP	Yes
Connectiout CDCC No Connectiout Sind No Connectiout Sind form No Description Yes Description Yes District of Columbia Yes Clouds Yes Good Signature Yes Clouds Yes Clouds Yes Linear Promotion Plot No Somes Description Yes Sames State Fire K No* Science Cy Yes Louisians AL No Continents AL No Continents AL No Mainer Yes Massachusetts UR Yes Messachusetts UR Yes Missachusetts UR Yes Missachus	California TK	Yes
Connector SP No Delevane Yea*** Delevane Yea*** District of Columbia Yea Florida Yea** Florida Yea** Florida Yea** Florida Yea** Florida Yea** Florida Yea** Floward Yea Illinois Yea Jown Survey Yea Jown Survey Yea Karras Paser, John Piot No Karras Stape Paser, K. No?* Karras Stape Paser, K. No.* Maching Stape P	Colorado	No
Cornection Smart Start No Delevance Yes* Destrict of Columbia Yes Enotish Yes* Georgia Yes* Favorii Yes Illinois Yes Loves Shaed Visions Yes Loves SWPW Yes Loves SWPW Yes Kenses Star Peach Of Plot No Kenses Star Peach No! Kentracky Yes Lusiations (B) No Kentracky Yes Lusiations (B) No Mannes No Mannes (B) No Mannes (B) No Mannes (B) No Mannes (B) Yes Mannes (B) Yes Mannes (B) Yes Mannes (B) Yes Messochapents (PC) No Mchigan No Mchigan No Mchigan No Mchesochapents (PC) Yes Mcnes (PS	Connecticut CDCC	No
Delawase Yes Datrict of Columbia Yes Flantis Yes Coorgia Yes Hexasi Yes Illinois Yes Illinois Yes Lows SWAPP Yes Lows SWAPP Yes Kansas Preschool Filot No Kansas Stap Presch No* Kansas Stap Preschool Filot No Mantal Stap Preschool Filot No Market Stap Preschool Filot No Market Stap Preschool Filot No Minescal Filot Yes Massagari Yes Massagari Yes </td <td>Connecticut SR</td> <td>No</td>	Connecticut SR	No
Darrice of Columbia Yes Filindia	Connecticut Smart Start	No
Flands	Delaware	Yes ¹⁴
Georgia Yes' Hamil Yes Illinois Yor Ions Shared Visions Yes Ions SWYP Yes Low SWYP Yes Kansas Freschool Pilot No Kansas Star Perek No! Kontucky Yes Louisiana IA A No Louisiana IA A No Louisiana IXECD No Maine Yes Mayland Yes Massachusetts UKK Yes Massachusetts Cb 70 Yes Mediggen No Minescol HdS Yes Minescol St MYCSRP Yes Minescol HdS Yes	District of Columbia	Yes
Humail Yes Wes Wes	Florida	Yes ⁷
Binosis Yes Love Shared Visions Yes Love Shared Visi	Georgia	Yes ⁹
Iown Street Visions Yes Kansas Freschool Pilot No Kansas Strasch Pie-K No Kansas Strasch Pie-K No Kansas Stabe Pie-K No Louisians Reg No Louisians LA 4 No Louisians LA 5 No Mary Mark Yes Maryland Yes Massachusetts UFK Yes Massachusetts LVF Yes Massachusetts CF 70 Yes Michigan No Michigan No Michigan No No Minescota MPC/SSP Yes Minescota PPC/SSP Yes New Jensey EEPR Yes	Hawaii	Yes
Iones SWPP No.	Illinois	Yes
Kansas State Pre-K No³ Kansas State Pre-K No³ Korbucky Yes Louisiana BQI No Louisiana NSECD No Maine Yes Mayland Yes Massachusetts UPK Yes Massachusetts Ch 70 Yes Michigan No Minesost NPK/SRP Yes Now Total Yes	Iowa Shared Visions	Yes
Kansas State Pre-K No² Kentusky Yes Louisians 8[g] No Louisians LA 4 No Louisians NSECD No Maine Yes Maryland Yes Massachusetts UKK Yes Massachusetts CA 70 Yes Michigen No Minnesota HGS Yes Minnesota WPKSRP Yes Mississippi Yes Mississippi Yes Morata Yes Morata Yes New Jancy Abbott Yes New Jensey Abbott Yes New Jensey ELLI Yes New Jensey ELLI Yes New Jensey ELLI Yes New Mexico Yes New Jensey FLI Yes New Jensey FLI Yes New Jensey GL Yes New Mexico Yes New Jensey ELLI Yes New Mexico Yes New Jensey Limitation Yes	Iowa SWVPP	Yes
Kentucky Yes Louisiana IX al No Louisiana NSECD No Maryland Yes Maryland Yes Massachusetts UPK Yes Massachusetts UPK Yes Massachusetts Ch 70 Yes Michigan No Michigan No Minescota VPK/SRP Yes Minescota VPK/SRP Yes Missasippi Yes Missasipi Yes Missasipi Yes Missasipi Yes Missasipi Yes Nevada Yes Nevada Yes Nevada Yes Nevada Yes Nev Jessy ECPA Yes New Jessy ECPA Yes New Jessy ECPA Yes New Jessy ELLI Yes New Jessy ELLI Yes New York Yes New York Yes North Carolina Yes* Orich Carolina <td>Kansas Preschool Pilot</td> <td>No</td>	Kansas Preschool Pilot	No
Louisiano 8(g) No Louisiano LA 4 No Louisiano NSECD No Maine Yes Massachusetts UPK No Missachusetts UPK Yes Massachusetts UPK Yes Missachusetts UPK Yes Massachusetts UPK Yes Massachusetts UPK Yes Missachusetts UPK Yes Missachusetts UPK Yes Misnacota HOST Yes Misnacota HOST Yes Misnacota HOST Yes Missachusett HOST Yes New Jersey ECPA Yes New Jersey ECPA Yes New Jersey ECPA Yes New Jersey ECPA Yes<	Kansas State Pre-K	No ⁸
Louisiana LA 4 No Louisiana NSECD No Mary Marie Yes Masyahud Yes Massachusetts UFK Yes Massachusetts Ch 70 Yes Michigan No Minesota PKVSRP Yes Minesota VKVSRP Yes Minesota VKVSRP Yes Mississippi Yos New Jersey EDA Yos New Jersey Abbott Yes New Jersey Abbott Yes New Jersey ECPA Yes New Jersey ECPA Yes New Jersey ECPA Yes	Kentucky	Yes
Louisiana NSECD No Maine Yes Massachusetts UPK Yes Massachusetts UPK Yes Massachusetts Or 70 Yes Michigan No Minnesota HdSt Yes Minnesota VPK/SRP Yos Mississippi Yes Mississippi Yes Mortane Yes Nebraska Yes Netracka Yes New Jersey Abbott Yes New Jersey DECPA Yes New Jersey ELU Yes New Jersey ELU Yes New York Yes New York Yes North Carolina Yes North Carolina Yes North Carolina Yes Ohio Yes Ohio Yes Ohio Yes Oregon Preschool Promise Yes Pennsylvania HS AP Yes Pennsylvania HS AP Yes Pennsylvania HS AP Yes <td>Louisiana 8(g)</td> <td>No</td>	Louisiana 8(g)	No
Maine Yes Maryland Yes Massachusetts UPK Yes Massachusetts Ch 70 Yes Massachusetts Ch 70 Yes Michigan No Minnesota HdSt Yes Minnesota VPK/SRP Yes Minnesota VPK/SRP Yes Mississippi Yes Mississiph No Montana Yes Norbaska Yes Nevalursay Abbott Yes New Jersey ECPA Yes New Jersey ECPA Yes New Mosco Yes New Mosco Yes New Mosco Yes New Morth Carolina Yes ¹¹ North Dakota Yes ¹³ North Dakota Yes ¹³ North Dakota Yes ¹³ North Dakota Yes ¹³ Origon Freschool Promise Yes Oregon Freschool Promise Yes Oregon Freschool Promise Yes Pennsylvania HSAP Yes ²	Louisiana LA 4	No
Maryland Yes Massachusetts UPK Yes Michigan No Michigan No Minnesota HdSt Yes Minnesota VPKSRP Yes Mississippi Yes Missistippi No Montana Yes Nebraska Yes New Jersey Abbott Yes New Jersey Abbott Yes New Jersey ELII Yes New Jersey ELII Yes New Morko Yes North Carolina Yes North Dakota Yes North Dakota Yes Oklahoma Yes Oregon HdSt Yes Oregon Preschool Promise Yes Pennsylvania RTL Yes² Pennsylvania HSSAP Yes² Pennsylvania HAS & BPK Yes²	Louisiana NSECD	No
Massachusetts UPK Yes Massachusetts C70 Yes Michigan No Minnesota HdSt Yes Minnesota VPK/SRP Yes Missouri No Montana Yes Nebraska Yes Nevada Yes New Jersey Abbott Yes New Jersey ECPA Yes New Jersey ELIJ Yes New Jersey ELIJ Yes New Verk Yes New York Yes North Carolina Yes¹ North Dakota Yes Ohio Yes² Oregon HdSt Yes Oregon Preschool Promise Yes Pennsylvania RTL Yes² Pennsylvania RTL Yes² Pennsylvania PKC Yes² Pennsylvania PKC </td <td>Maine</td> <td>Yes</td>	Maine	Yes
Massachusetts Ch 70 Yes Michigan No Minnesota HdSt Yes Minnesota VPK/SRP Yes Mississippi Yes Mississippi No Montana Yes Nebraska Yes Nevada Yes Nevada Yes New Jersey Abbott Yes New Jersey ELLI Yes New Jersey ELLI Yes New Mexico Yes North Carolina Yes North Carolina Yes North Dakota Yes Orlio Yes Oklohoma Yes Oregon HdSt Yes Oregon Preschool Promise Yes Pennsylvania RTL Yes¹ Pennsylvania RTL Yes¹ Pennsylvania RKC Yes² Pennsylvania RKC Yes² Pennsylvania RKC Yes² Pennsylvania RKC Yes² Pennsylvania PKC Yes South Carolina <td< td=""><td>Maryland</td><td>Yes</td></td<>	Maryland	Yes
Michigan No Minnesota HdSt Yes Minnesota VPK/SRP Yes Mississippi Yes Missouri No Montana Yes Nebraska Yes Nevados Yes New Jersey Abbott Yes New Jersey Abbott Yes New Jersey ELPA Yes New Jersey ELLI Yes New Mexico Yes New Mexico Yes North Carolina Yes North Carolina Yes North Dakota Yes Ohio Yes Oklahoma Yes Oregon HdSt Yes Oregon Preschool Promise Yes Pennsylvania RTSL Yes' Pennsylvania RTSAP Yes' Pennsylvania RTSAP Yes' Pennsylvania FRC Yes' Pennsylvania PKC Yes' Pennsylvania PKC Yes' Pennsylvania PKC Yes' Pennsylvania PKC	Massachusetts UPK	Yes
Minnesota VRKSRP Yes Minnesota VRKSRP Yes Mississippi Yes Missouri No Montana Yes Nebraska Yes New Jarsey Abbott Yes New Jersey ECPA Yes New Jersey ELII Yes New Mexico Yes New Mexico Yes New Mexico Yes North Carolina Yes North Dakota Yes Ohio Yes Oklahoma Yes Oregon HdSt Yes Oregon Preschool Promise Yes Pennsylvania RTL Yes² Pennsylvania RSSAP Yes² Pennsylvania RYC Yes² Pennsylvania PKC Yes South Carolina Yes Tornessee Yes Vermont Yes Virginia No West Virginia Yes² Virginia Yes² West Virginia Yes²	Massachusetts Ch 70	Yes
Minssispip Yes Missispip Yes Missispip No Montana Yes Nebraska Yes Newada Yes New Jersey Abbott Yes New Jersey ECPA Yes New Jersey ECPA Yes New Jersey ELID Yes New Jork Yes New York Yes North Carolina Yes ¹ North Dakota Yes Ohio Yes ² Oklahoma Yes Oregon HdSt Yes Oregon Preschool Promise Yes Pennsylvania RTL Yes ² Pennsylvania RTL Yes ² Pennsylvania PKC Yes ² Pennsylvania PKC Yes ² Rhode Island Yes South Carolina Yes Temessee Yes Temessee Yes Temmoster Yes Temmoster Yes Wernorth Yes	Michigan	No
Mississippi Yes Missouri No Montana Yes Nebraska Yes New Jarsey Abbott Yes New Jersey ECPA Yes New Jersey ELI Yes New Mexico Yes New Morit Yes North Carolina Yes' ¹ North Carolina Yes Ohio Yes Oklahoma Yes Oregon HdSt Yes Oregon Preschool Promise Yes Pennsylvania RTL Yes' ¹ Pennsylvania RTL Yes' ² Pennsylvania Va SBPK Yes' ² Pennsylvania PKC Yes' ² Pennsylvania PKC Yes' ³ Pennsylvania PKC Yes Texas Yes Ves Yes	Minnesota HdSt	Yes
Missouri No Montana Yes Nebraska Yes Nevada Yes New Jersey Abbott Yes New Jersey ECPA Yes New Jersey ELLI Yes New Jersey ELLI Yes New York Yes New York Yes North Carolina Yes¹¹ North Dakota Yes Orio Yes² Oklahoma Yes Oregon HdSt Yes Oregon Preschool Promise Yes Pennsylvania RTL Yes² Pennsylvania RTL Yes² Pennsylvania FSAP Yes² Pennsylvania FKC Yes² Rhode Island Yes South Carolina Yes Temnessee Yes Temnessee Yes Temnessee Yes Temnessee Yes Tewnessee Yes Vermont Yes West Virginia No	Minnesota VPK/SRP	Yes
Montana Yes Nebraska Yes Nevadada Yes New Jersey Abbott Yes New Jersey ECPA Yes New Jersey ELLI Yes New Mexico Yes New York Yes North Carolina Yes ¹¹ North Dakota Yes Ohio Yes ⁹ Oklahoma Yes Oregon HSt Yes Oregon Preschool Promise Yes Pennsylvania RTL Yes ¹ Pennsylvania RSAP Yes ² Pennsylvania K4 & SBFK Yes ² Pennsylvania PKC Yes Rhode Island Yes South Carolina Yes Tennessee Yes Vermont Yes Vermont Yes Vermont Yes West Virginia No West Virginia Yes ¹² Wisconsin HdSt Yes ¹²	Mississippi	Yes
Nebraska Yes New Jersey Abbott Yes New Jersey ECPA Yes New Jersey ELLI Yes New Mexico Yes New York Yes North Carolina Yes¹¹ North Dakota Yes Ohio Yes² Oklahoma Yes Oregon HdSt Yes Oregon Preschool Promise Yes Pennsylvania RTL Yes³ Pennsylvania HSSAP Yes¹ Pennsylvania K4 & SBPK Yes² Pennsylvania PKC Yes² Rhode Island Yes South Carolina Yes Tannessee Yes Texas Yes Vermont Yes Virginia No Wast Virginia Yes² West Virginia Yes² Wisconsin HdSt Yes¹² Wisconsin HdSt Yes¹²	Missouri	No
Nevada Yes New Jersey Abbott Yes New Jersey ELLI Yes New Jersey ELLI Yes New Mexico Yes New York Yes North Carolina Yes¹¹ North Dakota Yes Ohio Yes²¹ Oklahoma Yes Oregon HdSt Yes Oregon Preschool Promise Yes Pennsylvania RTL Yes²¹ Pennsylvania HSSAP Yes²¹ Pennsylvania K4 & SBPK Yes²² Pennsylvania PKC Yes²² Pennsylvania PKC Yes² Pennsylvania PKC Yes² Pennsesee Yes Tennessee Yes Tennessee Yes Vermont Yes Virginia No Wast Virginia Yes¹¹ Wisconsin 4K Yes¹² Wisconsin HdSt Yes¹¹	Montana	Yes
New Jersey ECPA Yes New Jersey ELLI Yes New Mexico Yes New York Yes North Carolina Yes'I North Dakota Yes Ohio Yes'Ohio Oklahorna Yes Oregon HdSt Yes Oregon Preschool Promise Yes Pennsylvania RTL Yes'I Pennsylvania HSSAP Yes'I Pennsylvania K4 & SBPK Yes'I Pennsylvania PKC Yes South Carolina Yes Texas Yes Vermont Yes Vermont Yes Washington Yes'I West Virginia No Washington Yes'I Wisconsin HdSt Yes'I	Nebraska	Yes
New Jersey ECPA Yes New Mexico Yes New Mexico Yes New York Yes North Carolina Yes!' North Dakota Yes Ohio Yes' Oklahoma Yes Oregon HdSt Yes Oregon Preschool Promise Yes Pennsylvania RTL Yes' Pennsylvania HSSAP Yes' Pennsylvania PKC Yes' Pennsylvania PKC Yes' Rhode Island Yes South Carolina Yes Tennessee Yes Texas Yes Vermont Yes Virginia No Washington Yes' Wisconsin 4K Yes' Wisconsin HdSt Yes' ¹	Nevada	Yes
New Jersey ELLI Yes New Mexico Yes New York Yes North Carolina Yes¹¹ North Dakota Yes Ohio Yes² Oklahoma Yes Oregon HdSt Yes Oregon Preschool Promise Yes Pennsylvania RTL Yes³ Pennsylvania HSSAP Yes⁴ Pennsylvania HSSAP Yes² Pennsylvania PKC Yes³ Rhode Island Yes South Carolina Yes Tennessee Yes Texas Yes Vermont Yes Virginia No Washington Yes¹¹ Wisconsin 4K Yes¹² Wisconsin 4K Yes¹² Wisconsin HdSt Yes¹³	New Jersey Abbott	Yes
New Mexico Yes New York Yes North Carolina Yes¹¹ North Dakota Yes Ohio Yes² Oklahoma Yes Oregon HdSt Yes Oregon Preschool Promise Yes Pennsylvania RTL Yes³ Pennsylvania HSSAP Yes⁴ Pennsylvania FKSAP Yes² Pennsylvania PKC Yes³ Rhode Island Yes South Carolina Yes Tennessee Yes Texas Yes Vermont Yes Virginia No Washington Yes¹¹ West Virginia Yes² Wisconsin 4K Yes²¹ Wisconsin HdSt Yes¹³	New Jersey ECPA	Yes
New York Yes North Carolina Yes¹¹ North Dakota Yes Ohio Yes Oklahoma Yes Oregon HdSt Yes Oregon Preschool Promise Yes Pennsylvania RTL Yes³ Pennsylvania HSSAP Yes² Pennsylvania K4 & SBPK Yes² Pennsylvania PKC Yes° Rhode Island Yes South Carolina Yes Tennessee Yes Texas Yes Vermont Yes Virginia No Washington Yes¹¹ West Virginia Yes² Wisconsin 4K Yes¹² Wisconsin HdSt Yes¹³	New Jersey ELLI	Yes
North Carolina Yes¹¹¹ North Dakota Yes Ohio Yes² Oklahoma Yes Oregon HdSt Yes Oregon Preschool Promise Yes Pennsylvania RTL Yes³ Pennsylvania HSSAP Yes⁴ Pennsylvania K4 & SBPK Yes² Pennsylvania PKC Yes° Rhode Island Yes South Carolina Yes Tennessee Yes Texas Yes Vermont Yes Virginia No Washington Yes¹¹ West Virginia Yes⁰ Wisconsin 4K Yes¹² Wisconsin HdSt Yes¹²	New Mexico	Yes
North Dakota Yes Ohio Yes° Oklahoma Yes Oregon HdSt Yes Oregon Preschool Promise Yes Pennsylvania RTL Yes³ Pennsylvania HSSAP Yes⁴ Pennsylvania K4 & SBPK Yes² Pennsylvania PKC Yes° Rhode Island Yes South Carolina Yes Tennessee Yes Texas Yes Vermont Yes Virginia No Washington Yes¹¹ Wisconsin 4K Yes¹² Wisconsin HdSt Yes¹³		
Ohio Yes² Oklahoma Yes Oregon HdSt Yes Oregon Preschool Promise Yes Pennsylvania RTL Yes³ Pennsylvania HSSAP Yes⁴ Pennsylvania K4 & SBPK Yes² Pennsylvania PKC Yes² Rhode Island Yes South Carolina Yes Tennessee Yes Texas Yes Vermont Yes Virginia No Washington Yes¹¹ West Virginia Yes² Wisconsin 4K Yes¹² Wisconsin HdSt Yes¹³	North Carolina	Yes ¹¹
Oklahoma Yes Oregon HdSt Yes Oregon Preschool Promise Yes Pennsylvania RTL Yes³ Pennsylvania HSSAP Yes⁴ Pennsylvania K4 & SBPK Yes² Pennsylvania PKC Yes² Rhode Island Yes South Carolina Yes Tennessee Yes Texas Yes Vermont Yes Virginia No Washington Yes¹¹ Wisconsin 4K Yes¹² Wisconsin HdSt Yes¹³	North Dakota	Yes
Oregon Preschool Promise Yes Pennsylvania RTL Yes³ Pennsylvania HSSAP Yes⁴ Pennsylvania K4 & SBPK Yes² Pennsylvania PKC Yes° Rhode Island Yes South Carolina Yes Tennessee Yes Texas Yes Vermont Yes Virginia No Washington Yes¹¹ Wisconsin 4K Yes¹² Wisconsin HdSt Yes¹³	Ohio	Yes ⁹
Oregon Preschool Promise Yes Pennsylvania RTL Yes³ Pennsylvania HSSAP Yes⁴ Pennsylvania K4 & SBPK Yes² Pennsylvania PKC Yes° Rhode Island Yes South Carolina Yes Tennessee Yes Texas Yes Vermont Yes Virginia No Washington Yes¹ Wisconsin 4K Yes¹² Wisconsin HdSt Yes¹³		Yes
Pennsylvania RTL Yes³ Pennsylvania HSSAP Yes⁴ Pennsylvania K4 & SBPK Yes² Pennsylvania PKC Yes° Rhode Island Yes South Carolina Yes Tennessee Yes Texas Yes Vermont Yes Virginia No Washington Yes¹¹ West Virginia Yes² Wisconsin 4K Yes¹² Wisconsin HdSt Yes¹³	Oregon HdSt	Yes
Pennsylvania HSSAP Yes¹ Pennsylvania K4 & SBPK Yes² Pennsylvania PKC Yes° Rhode Island Yes South Carolina Yes Tennessee Yes Texas Yes Vermont Yes Virginia No Washington Yes¹¹ West Virginia Yes⁰ Wisconsin 4K Yes¹² Wisconsin HdSt Yes¹³	Oregon Preschool Promise	Yes
Pennsylvania K4 & SBPK Yes² Pennsylvania PKC Yes9 Rhode Island Yes South Carolina Yes Tennessee Yes Texas Yes Vermont Yes Virginia No Washington Yes¹¹ West Virginia Yes² Wisconsin 4K Yes¹² Wisconsin HdSt Yes¹³	Pennsylvania RTL	Yes ³
Pennsylvania PKC Yes° Rhode Island Yes South Carolina Yes Tennessee Yes Texas Yes Vermont Yes Virginia No Washington Yes¹¹ West Virginia Yes° Wisconsin 4K Yes¹² Wisconsin HdSt Yes¹³	Pennsylvania HSSAP	Yes ⁴
Rhode Island Yes South Carolina Yes Tennessee Yes Texas Yes Vermont Yes Virginia No Washington Yes¹¹ West Virginia Yes² Wisconsin 4K Yes¹² Wisconsin HdSt Yes¹³	Pennsylvania K4 & SBPK	Yes ²
South Carolina Yes Tennessee Yes Texas Yes Vermont Yes Virginia No Washington Yes¹¹¹ West Virginia Yes² Wisconsin 4K Yes¹² Wisconsin HdSt Yes¹³	Pennsylvania PKC	Yes ⁹
Tennessee Yes Texas Yes Vermont Yes Virginia No Washington Yes¹¹ West Virginia Yes² Wisconsin 4K Yes¹² Wisconsin HdSt Yes¹³	Rhode Island	
Texas Yes Vermont Yes Virginia No Washington Yes¹¹ West Virginia Yes² Wisconsin 4K Yes¹² Wisconsin HdSt Yes¹³	South Carolina	Yes
Vermont Yes Virginia No Washington Yes¹¹ West Virginia Yes² Wisconsin 4K Yes¹² Wisconsin HdSt Yes¹³		Yes
Virginia No Washington Yes¹¹ West Virginia Yes⁰ Wisconsin 4K Yes¹² Wisconsin HdSt Yes¹³	Texas	Yes
Washington Yes¹¹ West Virginia Yes² Wisconsin 4K Yes¹² Wisconsin HdSt Yes¹³	Vermont	Yes
West VirginiaYes9Wisconsin 4KYes12Wisconsin HdStYes13	Virginia	
Wisconsin 4K Yes ¹² Wisconsin HdSt Yes ¹³	Washington	Yes ¹¹
Wisconsin HdSt Yes ¹³	West Virginia	Yes ⁹
	Wisconsin 4K	
Guam No	Wisconsin HdSt	Yes ¹³
	Guam	No

STATE POLICIES TO SUPPORT PRESCHOOL CHILDREN WHO HAVE SPECIAL NEEDS IN PRESCHOOL INCLUSION CLASSROOMS

STATE	Co-teaching models are required in preschool inclusion classrooms	Preschool teachers are required to possess specific qualifications for working with children with special needs
Alabama	No	No
Alaska	NA	NA
Arizona	No	No
Arkansas	No	No ¹³
California CSPP	No	No
California TK	No	No
Colorado	NA	NA
Connecticut CDCC	NA	NA
Connecticut SR	NA	NA
Connecticut Smart Start	NA	NA
Delaware	No	Yes
District of Columbia	Yes	Yes
Florida	No	No
Georgia	Yes	Yes
Hawaii	No	No
Illinois	No ⁸	Yes
Iowa Shared Visions	No ¹³	Yes ¹³
Iowa SWVPP	No ¹³	Yes ¹³
Kansas Preschool Pilot	NA	NA
Kansas State Pre-K	NA	NA
Kentucky	No	Yes
Louisiana 8(g)	NA	NA
Louisiana LA 4	NA	NA
Louisiana NSECD	NA	NA
Maine	No	No
Maryland	No	No
Massachusetts UPK	No	No
Massachusetts Ch 70	No	Yes
Michigan	NA	NA
Minnesota HdSt	No ¹²	No
Minnesota VPK/SRP	Yes	Yes
Mississippi	No	No
Missouri	NA	NA
Montana	No	Yes
Nebraska	No	No ⁹
Nevada	No	No
New Jersey Abbott	No	No
New Jersey ECPA	No	No
New Jersey ELLI	No	No
New Mexico	No	Yes
New York	No	Yes
North Carolina	No	Yes ¹¹
North Dakota	No	Yes
Ohio	No	Yes
Oklahoma	No	No
Oregon HdSt	No	No
Oregon Preschool Promise	No	No
Pennsylvania RTL	No	No
Pennsylvania HSSAP	No	No
Pennsylvania K4 & SBPK	No	No
Pennsylvania PKC	No	No
Rhode Island	No	No
South Carolina	No	No
Tennessee	No	Yes ¹⁵
Texas	No	No
Vermont	Yes	Yes
Virginia	NA	NA
Washington	No	No
West Virginia	No	No
Wisconsin 4K	No	No
Wisconsin HdSt	No	No
Guam	NA	NA
	-f A	

STATE POLICIES TO SUPPORT PRESCHOOL CHILDREN WHO HAVE SPECIAL NEEDS IN PRESCHOOL INCLUSION CLASSROOMS

STATE	Professional development is required for preschool teachers who serve children with special needs	Coaching of preschool teachers about children with special needs is required
Alabama	No	Yes
Alaska	NA	NA
Arizona	No	No ¹⁴
Arkansas	No ¹³	No
California CSPP	Yes	No
California TK	No	No
Colorado	NA	NA
Connecticut CDCC	NA	NA
Connecticut SR	NA	NA
Connecticut Smart Start	NA	NA
Delaware	Yes N. 13	No No
District of Columbia	No ¹³	No ¹³
Florida	No No	No
Georgia	Yes	No
Hawaii	Yes	No
Illinois	Yes	No
Iowa Shared Visions	Yes	No No
lowa SWVPP	Yes	No
Kansas Preschool Pilot	NA NA	NA NA
Kansas State Pre-K	NA	NA
Kentucky	Yes	Yes
Louisiana 8(g)	NA NA	NA NA
Louisiana LA 4	NA NA	NA NA
Louisiana NSECD	NA	NA
Maine	No	No
Maryland	Yes	No
Massachusetts UPK	No ¹²	No
Massachusetts Ch 70	Yes	No
Michigan	NA	NA NA
Minnesota HdSt	No	No
Minnesota VPK/SRP	Yes	Yes
Mississippi	No	No
Missouri	NA	NA NA
Montana	Yes	No
Nebraska Nevada	No Yes	No No
New Jersey Abbott	No No	
New Jersey ECPA	No No	No No
· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	No	No No
New Jersey ELLI New Mexico	Yes	Yes
New York	Yes	No
North Carolina	No	Yes
North Dakota	Yes	No
Ohio	Yes	No No
Oklahoma	No No	No
Oregon HdSt	No	No
Oregon Preschool Promise	No No	No No
Pennsylvania RTL	No	No No
Pennsylvania HSSAP	No	No No
Pennsylvania K4 & SBPK	No	No
Pennsylvania PKC	No	No
Rhode Island	No ⁷	No
South Carolina	Yes	No No
Tennessee	Yes ¹⁵	No No
Texas	No No	No No
Vermont	Yes	No No
Virginia	NA	NA NA
Washington	No	No
West Virginia	No	No No
Wisconsin 4K	No	No No
Wisconsin HdSt	No	No No
Guam	NA NA	NA NA
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STATE POLICIES TO SUPPORT PRESCHOOL CHILDREN WHO HAVE SPECIAL NEEDS IN PRESCHOOL INCLUSION CLASSROOMS

STATE	Inclusion specialists are available to support preschool teachers and/or children	The proportion of children with an IEP in each preschool classroom is limited	
Alabama	No	No	
Alaska	NA	NA	
Arizona	Yes ¹⁴	No	
Arkansas	Yes ¹³	No	
California CSPP	Yes	No	
California TK	Yes	Yes: 25% of total enrollment	
Colorado	NA	NA	
Connecticut CDCC	NA	NA	
Connecticut SR	NA	NA	
Connecticut Smart Start	NA	NA	
Delaware	Yes	No	
District of Columbia	Yes	No ¹³	
Florida	Yes	No	
Georgia	Yes	Yes: Maximum 6 children	
Hawaii	No	No	
Illinois	Yes	Yes: No more than 30%, not including children with speech IEP's	
Iowa Shared Visions		Yes: No more than 50% of children	
Iowa Smared visions Iowa SWVPP	No No	Yes: No more than 50% of children	
	No NA		
Kansas Preschool Pilot	NA NA	NA NA	
Kansas State Pre-K	NA	NA N	
Kentucky	Yes	No	
Louisiana 8(g)	NA	NA	
Louisiana LA 4	NA	NA	
Louisiana NSECD	NA	NA	
Maine	No	Yes: No more than 50% of children	
Maryland	No	No	
Massachusetts UPK	No	No	
Massachusetts Ch 70	No	Yes: No more than 7 children in a class of 15, no more than 5 children in a class of 20	
Michigan	NA	NA	
Minnesota HdSt	Yes	No	
Minnesota VPK/SRP	Yes	Yes: No more than 50% of children	
Mississippi	No	Yes: Less than 50% of children	
Missouri	NA	NA	
Montana	No	Yes: Districts must comply with state special education rules ¹¹	
Nebraska	Yes	Yes: Less than 50%	
Nevada	No	Yes: Less than 50% ²²	
New Jersey Abbott	Yes	Yes: No set limit, based on natural proportions	
New Jersey ECPA	No	Yes: No set limit, based on natural proportions	
New Jersey ELLI	No	Yes: No set limit, based on natural proportions	
New Mexico	Yes	Yes: 33% or 40% including speech IEPs ¹²	
New York	Yes	Yes: No more than 50% of children	
North Carolina	No	No	
North Dakota	Yes	No	
Ohio	Yes	Yes	
Oklahoma	No	Yes: Less than 50% of children	
Oregon HdSt	Yes	res: Less than 50% of children	
Oregon Preschool Promise	Yes	No No	
Pennsylvania RTL	No No	No N-	
Pennsylvania HSSAP	No	No	
Pennsylvania K4 & SBPK	No	No	
Pennsylvania PKC	No	Yes: No more than 20% of children ¹⁰	
Rhode Island	No	No	
South Carolina	Yes	No	
Tennessee	Yes	No ¹⁵	
Texas	No	No	
Vermont	Yes	No	
Virginia	NA	NA	
Washington	No	No	
West Virginia	Yes	Yes: No more than 50% of children, including speech/language ¹⁰	
Wisconsin 4K	Yes	No	
Wisconsin HdSt	Yes	No	
Guam	NA	NA	

STATE POLICIES TO SUPPORT PRESCHOOL CHILDREN WHO HAVE SPECIAL NEEDS IN PRESCHOOL INCLUSION CLASSROOMS

STATE	Preschool programs are required to follow the Division for Early Childhood's (DEC) best practices	Other policies to support preschool children with special needs
Alabama	Yes	Yes ¹³
Alaska	NA	NA
Arizona	No	Yes ¹⁴
Arkansas	No	No
California CSPP	No	Yes ¹²
California TK	No	No
Colorado	NA	NA
Connecticut CDCC	NA	NA
Connecticut SR	NA	NA
Connecticut Smart Start	NA	NA
Delaware	Yes	No
District of Columbia	No	No
Florida	No	Yes ⁷
Georgia	No	No
Hawaii	No	No
Illinois	No	No ⁸
Iowa Shared Visions	No	No
Iowa SWVPP	No	No
Kansas Preschool Pilot	NA	NA
Kansas State Pre-K	NA	NA
Kentucky	No	No
Louisiana ⁸ (g)	NA	NA
Louisiana LA 4	NA	NA
Louisiana NSECD	NA	NA NA
Maine	No	No
Maryland	Yes	No
Massachusetts UPK	No	Yes ¹²
Massachusetts Ch 70	No	No
Michigan	NA	NA
Minnesota HdSt	No	Yes ¹²
Minnesota VPK/SRP	Yes	No
Mississippi	No	No
Missouri	NA NA	NA
Montana	No	No
Nebraska	No	No
Nevada	Yes	No
New Jersey Abbott New Jersey ECPA	No No	No No
	No No	No No
New Jersey ELLI	No No	No
New Mexico New York	No No	No No
North Carolina	Yes	Yes ¹¹
North Dakota	No	No
Ohio	No	Yes ⁹
Oklahoma	Yes	No
Oregon HdSt	No	No
Oregon Preschool Promise	No	Yes ¹⁴
Pennsylvania RTL	No	Yes ³
Pennsylvania HSSAP	No	Yes ⁴
Pennsylvania K4 & SBPK	No	Yes ²
Pennsylvania PKC	No	Yes ⁹
Rhode Island	No	Yes ⁷
South Carolina	No	No
Tennessee	No	Yes ¹⁵
Texas	No	Yes ⁸
Vermont	Yes	No
Virginia	NA	NA NA
Washington	No	Yes ¹¹
West Virginia	No	Yes ⁹
Wisconsin 4K	No	Yes ¹²
Wisconsin HdSt	No	No
Guam	NA NA	NA NA
	and of American St. A. Halori material all olders are fourth of 177 (10) and and a second	

STATE The state has policies to regulate	services for preschool DLLs
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Alabama	Yes ¹⁴
Alaska	No
Arizona	No
Arkansas	No ¹⁴
California CSPP	Yes ¹³
California TK	Yes ¹⁰
Colorado	Yes
Connecticut CDCC	No ⁹
Connecticut SR	No ⁹
Connecticut Smart Start	No ⁸
Delaware	Yes ¹⁰
District of Columbia	Yes ¹⁴
Florida	No
Georgia	Yes ¹⁰
Hawaii	Yes ¹⁰
Illinois	Yes ⁹
Iowa Shared Visions	Yes ¹⁴
lowa SWVPP	Yes ¹⁴
Kansas Preschool Pilot	Yes ⁸
Kansas State Pre-K	Yes ⁹
Kentucky	No ¹⁴
Louisiana 8(g)	No
Louisiana LA 4	No
Louisiana NSECD	No
Maine	Yes
Maryland	No ¹³
Massachusetts UPK	Yes ¹²
Massachusetts Ch 70	Yes ¹³
Michigan	Yes
Minnesota HdSt	Yes ¹³
Minnesota VPK/SRP	Yes ¹⁷
Mississippi	No
Missouri	No
Montana	No
Nebraska	Yes ¹⁰
Novada	
Nevada	Yes ²³
New Jersey Abbott	Yes
New Jersey Abbott	Yes Yes Yes
New Jersey Abbott New Jersey ECPA	Yes Yes
New Jersey Abbott New Jersey ECPA New Jersey ELLI New Mexico	Yes Yes Yes Yes Yes
New Jersey Abbott New Jersey ECPA New Jersey ELLI New Mexico New York	Yes Yes Yes Yes Yes³
New Jersey Abbott New Jersey ECPA New Jersey ELLI New Mexico New York North Carolina	Yes Yes Yes Yes Yes ¹³ Yes ⁸ Yes ¹²
New Jersey Abbott New Jersey ECPA New Jersey ELLI New Mexico New York North Carolina North Dakota	Yes Yes Yes Yes Yes Yes ¹³ Yes ⁸ Yes ¹² No
New Jersey Abbott New Jersey ECPA New Jersey ELLI New Mexico New York North Carolina North Dakota Ohio	Yes Yes Yes Yes Yes Yes ¹³ Yes ⁸ Yes ¹² No Yes
New Jersey Abbott New Jersey ECPA New Jersey ELLI New Mexico New York North Carolina North Dakota Ohio Oklahoma	Yes
New Jersey Abbott New Jersey ECPA New Jersey ELLI New Mexico New York North Carolina North Dakota Ohio Oklahoma Oregon HdSt	Yes
New Jersey Abbott New Jersey ECPA New Jersey ELLI New Mexico New York North Carolina North Dakota Ohio Oklahoma Oregon HdSt Oregon Preschool Promise	Yes Yes Yes Yes Yes ¹³ Yes ⁸ Yes ¹² No Yes Yes Yes Yes Yes Yes Yes
New Jersey Abbott New Jersey ECPA New Jersey ELLI New Mexico New York North Carolina North Dakota Ohio Oklahoma Oregon HdSt Oregon Preschool Promise Pennsylvania RTL	Yes
New Jersey Abbott New Jersey ECPA New Jersey ELLI New Mexico New York North Carolina North Dakota Ohio Oklahoma Oregon HdSt Oregon Preschool Promise	Yes Yes Yes Yes Yes ¹³ Yes ⁸ Yes ¹² No Yes Yes Yes Yes Yes Yes Yes
New Jersey Abbott New Jersey ECPA New Jersey ELLI New Mexico New York North Carolina North Dakota Ohio Oklahoma Oregon HdSt Oregon Preschool Promise Pennsylvania RTL	Yes Yes Yes Yes Yes ¹³ Yes ⁸ Yes ¹² No Yes Yes Yes Yes Yes Yes Yes Yes Yes ⁴ Yes ⁴
New Jersey Abbott New Jersey ECPA New Jersey ELLI New Mexico New York North Carolina North Dakota Ohio Oklahoma Oregon HdSt Oregon Preschool Promise Pennsylvania RTL Pennsylvania HSSAP	Yes Yes Yes Yes Yes ¹³ Yes ⁸ Yes ¹² No Yes Yes Yes Yes Yes Yes Yes Yes Yes ⁴ No ⁵ Yes ³
New Jersey Abbott New Jersey ECPA New Jersey ELLI New Mexico New York North Carolina North Dakota Ohio Oklahoma Oregon HdSt Oregon Preschool Promise Pennsylvania RTL Pennsylvania KT& SBPK	Yes Yes Yes Yes Yes³ Yes³ Yes¹² No Yes Yes Yes Yes Yes Yes Yes Yes Yes³ Yes¹5 Yes⁴ No⁵ Yes³ No¹¹
New Jersey ECPA New Jersey ELLI New Mexico New York North Carolina North Dakota Ohio Oklahoma Oregon HdSt Oregon Preschool Promise Pennsylvania RTL Pennsylvania HSSAP Pennsylvania K4 & SBPK Pennsylvania PKC Rhode Island	Yes Yes Yes Yes Yes³ Yes³ Yes¹² No Yes Yes Yes Yes Yes Yes Yes Yes¹5 Yes¹5 Yes⁴ No⁵ Yes³ No¹¹ No
New Jersey ECPA New Jersey ELLI New Mexico New York North Carolina North Dakota Ohio Oklahoma Oregon HdSt Oregon Preschool Promise Pennsylvania RTL Pennsylvania HSSAP Pennsylvania K4 & SBPK Pennsylvania PKC Rhode Island South Carolina	Yes Yes Yes Yes Yes³ Yes³ Yes¹² No Yes Yes Yes Yes Yes Yes Yes Yes Yes³ Yes¹5 Yes³ No⁵ Yes³ No¹¹ No Yes
New Jersey ECPA New Jersey ELLI New Mexico New York North Carolina North Dakota Ohio Oklahoma Oregon HdSt Oregon Preschool Promise Pennsylvania RTL Pennsylvania RTL Pennsylvania K4 & SBPK Pennsylvania PKC Rhode Island South Carolina Tennessee	Yes Yes Yes Yes Yes ¹³ Yes ⁸ Yes ¹² No Yes Yes Yes Yes Yes Yes Yes Yes ⁶ Yes ¹⁵ Yes ⁴ No ⁵ Yes ³ No ¹¹ No Yes Yes Yes Yes Yes
New Jersey ECPA New Jersey ELLI New Mexico New York North Carolina North Dakota Ohio Oklahoma Oregon HdSt Oregon Preschool Promise Pennsylvania RTL Pennsylvania HSSAP Pennsylvania PKC Rhode Island South Carolina Tennessee Texas	Yes Yes Yes Yes Yes ¹³ Yes ⁸ Yes ¹² No Yes Yes Yes Yes Yes Yes Yes Yes ⁶ Yes ¹⁵ Yes ⁴ No ⁵ Yes ³ No ¹¹ No Yes
New Jersey ECPA New Jersey ELLI New Mexico New York North Carolina North Dakota Ohio Oklahoma Oregon HdSt Oregon Preschool Promise Pennsylvania RTL Pennsylvania K4 & SBPK Pennsylvania PKC Rhode Island South Carolina Tennessee Texas Vermont	Yes Yes Yes Yes Yes³ Yes³ Yes³² No Yes¹² No Yes Yes Yes Yes Yes Yes Yes Yes¹5 Yes⁴ No⁵ Yes³ No¹¹ No Yes Yes³ No¹¹ No Yes Yes Yes Yes No³
New Jersey ECPA New Jersey ELLI New Mexico New York North Carolina North Dakota Ohio Oklahoma Oregon HdSt Oregon Preschool Promise Pennsylvania RTL Pennsylvania K4 & SBPK Pennsylvania PKC Rhode Island South Carolina Tennessee Texas Vermont Virginia	Yes Yes Yes Yes Yes³ Yes³ Yes¹² No Yes Yes Yes Yes Yes Yes Yes Yes Yes¹5 Yes⁴ No⁵ Yes³ No¹¹ No Yes Yes³ No¹¹ No Yes Yes Yes Yes¹ No Yes
New Jersey ECPA New Jersey ELLI New Mexico New York North Carolina North Dakota Ohio Oklahoma Oregon HdSt Oregon Preschool Promise Pennsylvania RTL Pennsylvania K4 & SBPK Pennsylvania PKC Rhode Island South Carolina Tennessee Texas Vermont	Yes Yes Yes Yes Yes³ Yes³ Yes¹² No Yes
New Jersey ECPA New Jersey ELLI New Mexico New York North Carolina North Dakota Ohio Oklahoma Oregon HdSt Oregon Preschool Promise Pennsylvania RTL Pennsylvania K4 & SBPK Pennsylvania PKC Rhode Island South Carolina Tennessee Texas Vermont Virginia	Yes Yes Yes Yes Yes³ Yes³ Yes¹² No Yes Yes Yes Yes Yes Yes Yes Yes Yes¹5 Yes⁴ No⁵ Yes³ No¹¹ No Yes Yes³ No¹¹ No Yes Yes Yes Yes¹ No Yes
New Jersey ECPA New Jersey ELLI New Mexico New York North Carolina North Dakota Ohio Oklahoma Oregon HdSt Oregon Preschool Promise Pennsylvania RTL Pennsylvania HSSAP Pennsylvania PKC Rhode Island South Carolina Tennessee Texas Vermont Virginia Washington	Yes Yes Yes Yes Yes³ Yes³ Yes¹² No Yes
New Jersey ECPA New Jersey ELLI New Mexico New York North Carolina North Dakota Ohio Oklahoma Oregon HdSt Oregon Preschool Promise Pennsylvania RTL Pennsylvania HSSAP Pennsylvania PKC Rhode Island South Carolina Tennessee Texas Vermont Virginia Washington West Virginia	Yes Yes Yes Yes Yes³ Yes³ Yes³ Yes¹² No Yes Yes Yes Yes Yes Yes Yes Yes¹ No⁵ Yes³ No¹¹ No Yes Yes³ No¹¹¹ No Yes
New Jersey ECPA New Jersey ELLI New Mexico New York North Carolina North Dakota Ohio Oklahoma Oregon HdSt Oregon Preschool Promise Pennsylvania RTL Pennsylvania HSSAP Pennsylvania PKC Rhode Island South Carolina Tennessee Texas Vermont Virginia Washington West Virginia Wisconsin 4K	Yes Yes Yes Yes Yes ¹³ Yes ⁸ Yes ¹² No Yes Yes Yes Yes Yes Yes Yes Yes Yes ⁶ Yes ¹⁵ Yes ⁴ No ⁵ Yes ³ No ¹¹ No Yes Yes Yes Yes Yes Yes No ¹³ No Yes No Yes No

The state has policies/practices to suppport efforts to reduce chronic absenteeism in state preschool

Abbaton Nes, but the offention does not apply to static-funded preschool? Yes? Abbatons Nes, but the definition does not apply to static-funded preschool? No California IX Nes, but the definition does not apply to static-funded preschool California IX Nes, but the definition does not apply to static-funded preschool? No California IX Nes, but the definition does not apply to static-funded preschool? No Commencian DCC Nes, but the definition does not apply to static-funded preschool No Commencian DCC Nes, but the definition does not apply to static-funded preschool No Commencian DCC Nes, but the definition does not apply to static-funded preschool No Commencian DCC Nes, but the definition does not apply to static-funded preschool No Commencian Static Nes, but the definition does not apply to static-funded preschool No Commencian Static Nes, but the definition does not apply to static-funded preschool No Commencian Static Nes, but the definition does not apply to static-funded preschool No Commencian Static Nes, but the definition does not apply to static-funded preschool No Commencian Static Nes, but the definition does not apply to static-funded preschool No Commencian Static Nes, but the definition does not apply to static-funded preschool No Commencian Static Nes, but the definition does not apply to static-funded preschool No Commencian Static Nes, but the definition does not apply to static-funded preschool No Commencian Static Nes, but the definition does not apply to static-funded preschool No Commencian Static Nes, but the definition does not apply to static-funded preschool No Commencian Static Nes, but the definition does not apply to static-funded preschool No Commencian Static Nes, but the definition does not apply to static-funded preschool No Commencian Static Nes, but the definition does not apply to static-funded preschool No Commencian Static	STATE	Does the state have a definition of chronic absenteeism?	to suppport efforts to reduce chronic absenteeism in state preschool
Abduments Yes, and the definition applies to state funded preservioud? Abduments Yes, but the definition does not apply to state funded preservioud No California CSSPP Nos, but the definition does not apply to state funded preservioud? Abduments CSSPP Nos, but the definition does not apply to state funded preservioud? Abduments CSSPP Nos, but the definition does not apply to state funded preservioud No Commercian SB Nos, but the definition does not apply to state funded preservioud No Commercian SB Nos, but the definition does not apply to state-funded preservioud No Commercian SB Nos, but the definition does not apply to state-funded preservioud No Commercian SB Nos, but the definition does not apply to state-funded preservioud No Commercian SB Nos, but the definition does not apply to state-funded preservioud No Commercian SB Nos, but the definition does not apply to state-funded preservioud No Commercian SB Nos, but the definition does not apply to state-funded preservioud No Commercian SB Nos	Alabama	Yes, and the definition applies to state-funded preschool	Yes
Akfansas Ves, but the definition does not apply to state-funded preschool and a control of the control of the state of the control of the state of the control of the contr	Alaska	Yes, but the definition does not apply to state-funded preschool	No
California CSPP Ves. But the definition desen net apply to state-funded preschool? Colorsed New, but the definition on applies to stant-funded preschool? Colorsed New, but the definition does not apply to state-funded preschool? Connecticut SIR Ves. But the definition does not apply to state-funded preschool? Connecticut SIR Ves. But the definition does not apply to state-funded preschool? Connecticut SIR Ves. But the definition does not apply to state-funded preschool? Connecticut SIR Ves. But the definition does not apply to state-funded preschool? Connecticut SIR Ves. But the definition does not apply to state-funded preschool? Connecticut SIR Ves. But the definition does not apply to state-funded preschool? Connecticut SIR Ves. But the definition opplies to stant-funded preschool? Ves. But the definition opplies to stant-funded preschool? Concept SIR Concept SIR Ves. But the definition opplies to stant-funded preschool? Ves. But the definition of sen not apply to state-funded preschool? Ves. But the definition of sen not apply to state-funded preschool? Ves. But the definition of sen not apply to state-funded preschool? Ves. But the definition of sen not apply to state-funded preschool? Ves. But the definition of sen not apply to state-funded preschool? Ves. But the definition of sen not apply to state-funded preschool? Ves. But the definition of sen not apply to state-funded preschool? Ves. But the definition of sen not apply to state-funded preschool? Ves. But the definition of sen not apply to state-funded preschool? Ves. But the definition of sen not apply to state-funded preschool? Ves. But the definition of sen not apply to state-funded preschool? Ves. But the definition of sen not apply to state-funded preschool? Ves. But the definition of sen not apply to state-funded preschool? Ves. But the definition of sen not apply to sta	Arizona	Yes, and the definition applies to state-funded preschool ¹⁵	Yes ¹⁵
California TK Nes, and the definition applies to state-funded preschool* Connection CDCC Ves. But the definition does not apply to state-funded preschool* Connection CDCC Ves. But the definition does not apply to state-funded preschool Connection SR Nes. Dut the definition does not apply to state-funded preschool No. Connection SR Nes. Dut the definition does not apply to state-funded preschool No. Connection SR Nes. Dut the definition does not apply to state-funded preschool No. Connection SR Nes. Dut the definition does not apply to state-funded preschool No. Connection SR Nes. Dut the definition of police to state-funded preschool No. Connection SR Nes. Dut the definition of police to state-funded preschool No. Connection SR Nes. Dut the definition of police to state-funded preschool No. Connection SR Nes. Dut the definition of police to state-funded preschool No. Connection SR Nes. Dut the definition of police to state-funded preschool No. Connection SR Nes. Dut the definition of police to state-funded preschool No. Connection SR Nes. Dut the definition of police to state-funded preschool No. Connection SR Nes. Dut the definition of police to state-funded preschool No. Connection SR Nes. Dut the definition of police to state-funded preschool No. Connection SR Nes. Dut the definition of police to state-funded preschool No. Connection SR Nes. Dut the definition of police to state-funded preschool No. Connection SR	Arkansas	Yes, but the definition does not apply to state-funded preschool	No
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Connection Smart Start Ves, but the definition does not apply to attate-funded preschool Personal Columbia Ves, and the definition applies to starts-funded preschool No. Scription Columbia Ves, but the definition desen on apply to state-funded preschool No. Georgia Ves, but the definition desen on apply to state-funded preschool No. Georgia Ves, but the definition desen on apply to state-funded preschool No. Scription Ves, but the definition desen on apply to state-funded preschool No. Scription Ves, but the definition applies to state funded preschool No. Scription Ves, but the definition does not apply to state-funded preschool No. Scription Ves, but the definition does not apply to state-funded preschool No. Scription Ves, but the definition applies to state funded preschool No. Scription Ves, but the definition applies to state-funded preschool No. Scription Ves, but the definition applies to state-funded preschool No. Scription Ves, but the definition applies to state-funded preschool No. Scription Ves, but the definition applies to state-funded preschool No. Scription Ves, but the definition applies to state-funded preschool No. Scription Ves, but the definition applies to state-funded preschool No. Scription Ves, but the definition applies to state-funded preschool No. Scription Ves, but the definition applies to state-funded preschool No. Scription Ves, but the definition does not apply to state-funded preschool No. Scription Ves, but the definition does not apply to state-funded preschool No. Marie Ves, but the definition does not apply to state-funded preschool No. Marie Ves, but the definition does not apply to state-funded preschool No. Marie Ves, but the definition applies to state funded preschool No. Marie Ves, but the definition applies to state funded preschool No. Marie Ves, but the definition applies to state-funded preschool No. No. Massachusetts UPK Ves, but the definition does not apply to state-funded preschool N			
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Pennsylvania PKC Yes, but the definition does not apply to state-funded preschool No Rhode Island Yes, and the definition applies to state-funded preschool ⁸ Yes South Carolina Yes, but the definition does not apply to state-funded preschool ¹² Yes ¹³ Tennessee Yes, but the definition does not apply to state-funded preschool Yes ¹⁷ Texas No No Vermont No No Virginia No No Washington Yes, and the definition applies to state-funded preschool ¹³ Yes West Virginia No Yes, and the definition applies to state-funded preschool ¹³ Yes Wisconsin 4K Yes, but the definition does not apply to state-funded preschool Wisconsin HdSt Per Head Start Performance Standards Per Head Start Performance Standards	,		
Rhode Island Yes, and the definition applies to state-funded preschool ⁸ Yes, but the definition does not apply to state-funded preschool ¹² Yes, but the definition does not apply to state-funded preschool Yes ¹⁷ Texas No No No Vermont No Virginia No No Washington Yes, and the definition applies to state-funded preschool ¹³ Yes West Virginia No Yes, and the definition applies to state-funded preschool ¹³ Yes West Virginia No Yes, but the definition does not apply to state-funded preschool Wisconsin 4K Yes, but the definition does not apply to state-funded preschool Wisconsin HdSt Per Head Start Performance Standards Per Head Start Performance Standards			
South Carolina Yes, but the definition does not apply to state-funded preschool ¹² Yes ¹³ Tennessee Yes, but the definition does not apply to state-funded preschool Texas No No No Vermont No No Virginia No Yes, and the definition applies to state-funded preschool ¹³ Yes West Virginia No Yes, and the definition applies to state-funded preschool ¹³ Yes West Virginia No Yes, but the definition does not apply to state-funded preschool Wisconsin 4K Yes, but the definition does not apply to state-funded preschool Wisconsin HdSt Per Head Start Performance Standards Per Head Start Performance Standards		·	
Tennessee Yes, but the definition does not apply to state-funded preschool Yes ¹⁷ Texas No No No Vermont No No Virginia No No No Washington Yes, and the definition applies to state-funded preschool ¹³ Yes West Virginia No Yes, but the definition does not apply to state-funded preschool Wisconsin 4K Yes, but the definition does not apply to state-funded preschool Wisconsin HdSt Per Head Start Performance Standards Per Head Start Performance Standards			
Texas No No Vermont No No Virginia No No Washington Yes, and the definition applies to state-funded preschool ¹³ Yes West Virginia No Yes ¹¹ Wisconsin 4K Yes, but the definition does not apply to state-funded preschool Yes ¹³ Wisconsin HdSt Per Head Start Performance Standards Per Head Start Performance Standards ¹⁴			
Vermont No No Virginia No No Washington Yes, and the definition applies to state-funded preschool ¹³ Yes West Virginia No Yes ¹¹ Wisconsin 4K Yes, but the definition does not apply to state-funded preschool Yes ¹³ Wisconsin HdSt Per Head Start Performance Standards Per Head Start Performance Standards ¹⁴	Tennessee	11.7	
Virginia No No Washington Yes, and the definition applies to state-funded preschool ¹³ Yes West Virginia No Yes ¹¹ Wisconsin 4K Yes, but the definition does not apply to state-funded preschool Yes ¹³ Wisconsin HdSt Per Head Start Performance Standards Per Head Start Performance Standards ¹⁴	Texas	No	No
Washington Yes, and the definition applies to state-funded preschool ¹³ Yes West Virginia No Yes ¹¹ Wisconsin 4K Yes, but the definition does not apply to state-funded preschool Yes ¹³ Wisconsin HdSt Per Head Start Performance Standards Per Head Start Performance Standards ¹⁴	Vermont	No	No
West Virginia No Yes¹¹ Wisconsin 4K Yes, but the definition does not apply to state-funded preschool Yes¹³ Wisconsin HdSt Per Head Start Performance Standards Per Head Start Performance Standards¹⁴	Virginia	No	No
Wisconsin 4K Yes, but the definition does not apply to state-funded preschool Yes ¹³ Wisconsin HdSt Per Head Start Performance Standards Per Head Start Performance Standards ¹⁴	Washington	Yes, and the definition applies to state-funded preschool ¹³	Yes
Wisconsin HdSt Per Head Start Performance Standards Per Head Start Per Head Start Performance Standards Per Head Start Performance Standards Per Head Start Performance Standards Per Head Start	West Virginia	No	Yes ¹¹
Wisconsin HdSt Per Head Start Performance Standards Per Head Start Per Head Start Performance Standards Per Head Start Performance Standards Per Head Start Performance Standards Per Head Start	Wisconsin 4K	Yes, but the definition does not apply to state-funded preschool	Yes ¹³
	Wisconsin HdSt		Per Head Start Performance Standards ¹⁴
	Guam	No	

STATE POLICIES/PRACTICES TO SUPPORT EFFORTS TO REDUCE CHRONIC ABSENTEEISM IN STATE PRESCHOOL

STATE	Chronic absenteeism is a metric in the state's ESSA Plan & state preschool is included in the calculation of chronic absenteeism	The state monitors chronic absenteeism rates in state-funded preschool
Alabama	Yes	Yes ¹⁵
Alaska	NA	NA
Arizona	No	Yes
Arkansas	NA NA	NA NA
California CSPP	NA NA	NA NA
California TK	Yes	No
Colorado	NA	NA NA
Connecticut CDCC	NA NA	NA NA
Connecticut SR	NA	NA
Connecticut Smart Start	NA NA	NA
Delaware	No	No
District of Columbia	No	No
Florida	NA	NA
Georgia	No	No
Hawaii	NA	NA
Illinois	NA	NA
Iowa Shared Visions	NA	NA
Iowa SWVPP	NA	NA
Kansas Preschool Pilot	No	No ⁹
Kansas State Pre-K	No	No ¹⁰
Kentucky	No	No ¹⁶
Louisiana 8(g)	NA NA	NA NA
Louisiana LA 4	NA	NA NA
Louisiana NSECD	NA NA	NA NA
Maine	NA	NA NA
	NA	
Maryland		NA NA
Massachusetts UPK	NA	NA
Massachusetts Ch 70	NA	NA
Michigan	NA ¹⁰	NA
Minnesota HdSt	NA	No
Minnesota VPK/SRP	Yes	No
Mississippi	NA	NA
Missouri	NA	NA
Montana	NA	NA
Nebraska	NA	NA
Nevada	NA	NA
New Jersey Abbott	No	Yes ¹⁰
New Jersey ECPA	No	No ⁸
New Jersey ELLI	No	No ¹¹
New Mexico	No	No
New York	NA NA	NA NA
North Carolina	NA NA	NA
North Dakota	NA NA	NA NA
Ohio	NA NA	NA NA
Oklahoma		
	NA NA	NA NA
Oregon HdSt	No	No
Oregon Preschool Promise		Yes
Pennsylvania RTL	NA	No
Pennsylvania HSSAP	NA	No
Pennsylvania K4 & SBPK	NA	No
Pennsylvania PKC	NA	No
Rhode Island	No	Yes
South Carolina	No	No ¹³
Tennessee	No	No
Texas	NA	No
Vermont	NA	No
Virginia	NA	No
Washington	No	No
West Virginia	No	No
Wisconsin 4K	No No	No
Wisconsin 4K Wisconsin HdSt	NA	NA
Guam	No	No

STATE POLICIES/PRACTICES TO SUPPORT EFFORTS TO REDUCE CHRONIC ABSENTEEISM IN STATE PRESCHOOL

STATE	The state has statute/policy mandating efforts to reduce chronic absenteeism in state preschool	The state provides resources and/or technical assistance to support efforts to reduce chronic abstenteeism in state preschool
Alabama	No	Yes
Alaska	NA	NA
Arizona	No	No ¹⁵
Arkansas	NA	NA
California CSPP	NA	NA
California TK	Yes	Yes
Colorado	NA	NA
Connecticut CDCC	NA	NA
Connecticut SR	NA	NA
Connecticut Smart Start	NA	NA NA
Delaware	No	Yes
District of Columbia	No	Yes
Florida	NA NA	NA
Georgia	No	Yes
Hawaii	NA NA	NA NA
Illinois	NA	NA
Iowa Shared Visions	NA NA	NA NA
lowa SWVPP	NA	NA NA
Kansas Preschool Pilot	No	No ⁹
Kansas State Pre-K	No	No ¹⁰
Kentucky	No	No
Louisiana 8(g)	NA	NA
Louisiana LA 4	NA	NA
Louisiana NSECD	NA	NA
Maine	NA	NA
Maryland	NA	NA
Massachusetts UPK	NA	NA
Massachusetts Ch 70	NA	NA
Michigan	NA	NA
Minnesota HdSt	No	No
Minnesota VPK/SRP	No	No
Mississippi	NA	NA
Missouri	NA	NA
Montana	NA	NA
Nebraska	NA	NA
Nevada	NA	NA
New Jersey Abbott	No	Yes
New Jersey ECPA	No	Yes
New Jersey ELLI	No	Yes
New Mexico	No	Yes
New York	NA NA	NA
North Carolina	NA NA	NA NA
North Dakota	NA NA	NA NA
Ohio	NA NA	NA NA
Oklahoma	NA	NA Y
Oregon HdSt	No	Yes
Oregon Preschool Promise	No	Yes
Pennsylvania RTL	No	No
Pennsylvania HSSAP	No	No
Pennsylvania K4 & SBPK	No	No
Pennsylvania PKC	No	No
Rhode Island	No	Yes
South Carolina	No	Yes
Tennessee	No	No
Texas	No	No
Vermont	No	No
Virginia	No	No
Washington	No	Yes
West Virginia	No	No
Wisconsin 4K	No	Yes
Wisconsin HdSt	NA NA	NA
Guam	No	Yes
Guarri	NO	les .

STATE POLICIES/PRACTICES TO SUPPORT EFFORTS TO REDUCE CHRONIC ABSENTEEISM IN STATE PRESCHOOL

STATE	Other policies are in place to support efforts to reduce chronic abstenteeism in state preschool
Alabama	Yes ¹⁵
Alaska	NA
Arizona	No
Arkansas	NA
California CSPP	NA
California TK	Yes ¹²
Colorado	NA
Connecticut CDCC	NA
Connecticut SR	NA
Connecticut Smart Start	NA
Delaware	No
District of Columbia	No
Florida	NA
Georgia	No
Hawaii	NA
Illinois	NA
Iowa Shared Visions	NA
Iowa SWVPP	NA
Kansas Preschool Pilot	Yes ⁹
Kansas State Pre-K	Yes ¹⁰
Kentucky	Yes ¹⁶
Louisiana 8(g)	NA
Louisiana LA 4	NA NA
Louisiana NSECD	NA
Maine	NA
Maryland	NA NA
Massachusetts UPK	NA NA
Massachusetts Ch 70	NA
Michigan	NA ¹⁰
Minnesota HdSt	No
Minnesota VPK/SRP	No
Mississippi	NA NA
Missouri	NA NA
Montana	NA NA
Nebraska	NA NA
Nevada	NA NA
New Jersey Abbott	No
New Jersey ECPA	No
New Jersey ELLI	No
New Mexico	Yes
New York	NA NA
North Carolina	NA NA
North Dakota	NA NA
Ohio	NA NA
Oklahoma	NA NA
Oregon HdSt	No
Oregon Preschool Promise	Yes
Pennsylvania RTL	No
Pennsylvania HSSAP	No
Pennsylvania K4 & SBPK	No
Pennsylvania PKC	No
Rhode Island	Yes
South Carolina	No No
Tennessee	Yes ¹⁷
Texas	No No
Vermont	No No
Virginia	No
Washington	Yes ¹³
West Virginia	Yes ¹¹
Wisconsin 4K	No No
Wisconsin HdSt	NA NA
Guam	No No
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STATE	Does this state-funded preschool program have policies/practices in place regarding suspension and/or expulsion of children?
Alabama	Yes, suspension and expulsion policies
Alaska	No
Arizona	No
Arkansas	Yes, suspension and expulsion policies
California CSPP	Yes, suspension and expulsion policies ¹⁴
California TK	Yes, suspension and expulsion policies ¹³
Colorado	Yes, suspension and expulsion policies ¹²
Connecticut CDCC	Yes, suspension and expulsion policies
Connecticut SR	Yes, suspension and expulsion policies
Connecticut Smart Start	Yes, suspension and expulsion policies
Delaware	No
District of Columbia	Yes, suspension and expulsion policies
Florida	No
Georgia	Yes, suspension and expulsion policies
Hawaii	Yes, suspension and expulsion policies
Illinois	Yes, suspension and expulsion policies ¹¹
Iowa Shared Visions	No
Iowa SWVPP	No
Kansas Preschool Pilot	No
Kansas State Pre-K	No
Kentucky	No
Louisiana 8(g)	No
Louisiana LA 4	No
Louisiana NSECD	No
Maine	Yes, suspension and expulsion policies
Maryland	Yes, suspension and expulsion policies
Massachusetts UPK	No
Massachusetts Ch 70	No
Michigan	Yes, suspension and expulsion policies ¹¹
Minnesota HdSt	Yes, suspension and expulsion policies ¹⁵
Minnesota VPK/SRP	No, currently under discussion and review
Mississippi	No
Missouri	Yes, suspension and expulsion policies ¹¹
Montana	No
Nebraska	Suspension and expulsion policies are under development
Nevada	Yes, suspension and expulsion policies
New Jersey Abbott	Yes, suspension and expulsion policies
New Jersey ECPA	Yes, suspension and expulsion policies
New Jersey ELLI	Yes, suspension and expulsion policies
New Mexico	Yes, suspension and expulsion policies
New York	No
North Carolina	Yes, suspension and expulsion policies
North Dakota	No
Ohio	No ¹⁰
Oklahoma	No
Oregon HdSt	Yes, suspension and expulsion policies
Oregon Preschool Promise	Yes, suspension and expulsion policies ¹⁷
Pennsylvania RTL	Yes, suspension and expulsion policies
Pennsylvania HSSAP	Yes, suspension and expulsion policies
Pennsylvania K4 & SBPK	Yes, suspension and expulsion policies
Pennsylvania PKC	Yes, suspension and expulsion policies
Rhode Island	Yes, expulsion policies only ^o
South Carolina	Yes, suspension and expulsion policies
Tennessee	Yes, suspension and expulsion policies ¹⁸
Texas	Yes, suspension policies only ⁹
Vermont	Yes, suspension and expulsion policies ¹⁴
Virginia	Yes, suspension and expulsion policies
Washington	Yes, suspension and expulsion policies ¹⁴
West Virginia	No
Wisconsin 4K	Yes, suspension and expulsion recommended practices ¹⁴
Wisconsin HdSt	Yes, suspension and expulsion policies ¹⁴
Guam	Yes

STATE POLICIES/PRACTICES REGARDING PRESCHOOL SUSPENSION AND EXPULSION

	The state monitors preschool programs	The state provides TA to ensure preschool	Other policies/practices regarding
STATE	to ensure appropriate suspension and/or expulsion practices	programs understand alternatives to suspension and/or expulsion	suspension and/or expulsion in state-funded preschool
Alabama	No	Yes	No
Alaska	NA	NA	NA
Arizona	NA	NA	NA
Arkansas	Yes	Yes	No
California CSPP	Yes ¹⁵	Yes ¹⁵	Yes ¹⁵
California TK	Yes	Yes	No
Colorado	Yes	No	No
Connecticut CDCC	No	No	Yes ¹⁰
Connecticut SR	No	No	Yes ¹⁰
Connecticut Smart Start	No	No	Yes ⁹
Delaware	NA	NA	NA
District of Columbia	Yes	Yes	Yes ¹⁵
Florida	NA	NA	NA
Georgia	Yes	Yes	No
Hawaii	No	Yes ¹²	No
Illinois	No	Yes	No
Iowa Shared Visions	NA	NA NA	NA NA
Iowa SWVPP	NA NA	NA NA	NA NA
Kansas Preschool Pilot	NA NA	NA NA	NA NA
			NA NA
Kansas State Pre-K	NA NA	NA NA	
Kentucky	NA NA	NA NA	NA NA
Louisiana 8(g)	NA NA	NA NA	NA NA
Louisiana LA 4	NA NA	NA	NA NA
Louisiana NSECD	NA	NA	NA
Maine	Yes	Yes	No
Maryland	No	Yes	No
Massachusetts UPK	NA NA	NA	NA
Massachusetts Ch 70	NA NA	NA	NA
Michigan	Yes	Yes	No
Minnesota HdSt	No	No	Yes ¹⁵
Minnesota VPK/SRP	NA	NA	NA
Mississippi	NA	NA	NA
Missouri	No	No	Yes ¹¹
Montana	NA	NA	NA
Nebraska	No	Yes	No
Nevada	Yes	Yes	No
New Jersey Abbott	Yes	Yes	No
New Jersey ECPA	Yes	Yes	No
New Jersey ELLI	Yes	Yes	No
New Mexico	No	Yes	Yes ¹⁴
New York	NA	NA	NA
North Carolina	Yes	Yes	No
North Dakota	NA	NA	NA
Ohio	NA	NA	NA
Oklahoma	NA	NA	NA
Oregon HdSt	No	Yes	No
Oregon Preschool Promise	. No	No	Yes
Pennsylvania RTL	No	Yes ⁵	No
Pennsylvania HSSAP	Yes	Yes	No
Pennsylvania K4 & SBPK	No	Yes ⁴	No
Pennsylvania PKC	Yes	Yes	No
Rhode Island	Yes	Yes	No
South Carolina	No	No	No
Tennessee	Yes	No	No
Texas	No	No	Yes
Vermont	Yes	Yes	No
Virginia	No No	Yes	No
Washington	Yes	Yes	No
West Virginia	NA Na	NA Vos	NA No
Wisconsin 4K	No	Yes	No V. 14
Wisconsin HdSt	No	No	Yes ¹⁴
Guam	No	Yes	No

STATE	Title of state's ELDS document
Alabama	Alabama Developmental Standards for Preschool Children
Alaska	Alaska Early Learning Guidelines
Arizona	Arizona Early Learning Standards, Infant Toddler Developmental Guidelines
Arkansas	Arkansas Child Development and Early Learning Standards: Birth through 60 Months
California CSPP	California Preschool Learning Foundations
California TK	California Preschool Learning Foundations ¹⁴
Colorado	Colorado Early Learning and Development Guidelines
Connecticut CDCC	Connecticut Early Learning and Development Standards
Connecticut SR	Connecticut Early Learning and Development Standards
Connecticut Smart Start	Connecticut Early Learning and Development Standards
Delaware	Delaware Early Learning Foundations
District of Columbia	District of Columbia Early Learning Standards
Florida	Florida Early Learning and Developmental Standards: 4 Years Old to Kindergarten (2017)
Georgia	Georgia Early Learning and Development Standards
Hawaii	Hawaii Early Learning and Development Standards
Illinois	Illinois Early Learning and Development Standards
Iowa Shared Visions	lowa Early Learning Standards
Iowa SWVPP	lowa Early Learning Standards
Kansas Preschool Pilot	, ,
	Kansas Early Learning Standards
Kansas State Pre-K	Kansas Early Learning Standards
Kentucky	Kentucky Early Childhood Standards
Louisiana 8(g)	Louisiana's Birth to Five Early Learning and Development Standards
Louisiana LA 4	Louisiana's Birth to Five Early Learning and Development Standards
Louisiana NSECD	Louisiana's Birth to Five Early Learning and Development Standards
Maine	Maine's Early Learning & Development Standards
Maryland	Supporting Every Young Learner: Maryland's Guide to Early Childhood Pedagogy
Massachusetts UPK	Guidelines of Preschool Learning Experiences; Early English Language Learner Standards: Massachusetts Guidelines; Pre-K Science and Technology/Engineering Standards; and Pre-School and Kindergarten Standards in the Domains of Social-Emotional Development and Approaches to Play and Learning
Massachusetts Ch 70	Massachusetts Curriculum Frameworks
Michigan	Early Childhood Standards of Quality for Prekindergarten
Minnesota HdSt	Early Childhood Indicators of Progress: Minnesota's Early Learning Standards ¹⁶
Minnesota VPK/SRP	Early Childhood Indicators of Progress: Minnesota's Early Learning Standards ¹⁸
Mississippi	Early Learning Standards for Classrooms Serving Infants through Four-Year-Old Children
Missouri	Missouri Early Learning Goals ¹²
Montana	Montana Early Learning Standards
Nebraska	Nebraska Early Learning Guidelines for ages 3 to 5
Nevada	Nevada Pre-Kindergarten Standards
New Jersey Abbott	Preschool Teaching and Learning Standards
New Jersey ECPA	Preschool Teaching and Learning Standards
New Jersey ELLI	Preschool Teaching and Learning Standards
New Mexico	New Mexico Early Learning Guidelines, Birth to Kindergarten
New York	New York State Prekindergarten Foundation for School Success
North Carolina	North Carolina Foundations for Early Learning and Development ¹⁴
North Dakota	North Dakota Birth - Kindergarten Standards
Ohio	Ohio's Early Learning & Development Standards; Ohio's Early Learning Program Standards
Oklahoma	Onlo's Larry Learning & Development Standards, Onlo's Larry Learning Program Standards Oklahoma Academic Standards
Oregon HdSt	Oregon Early Learning and Kindergarten Guidelines
Oregon Preschool Promise	Oregon Early Learning and Kindergarten Guidelines
Pennsylvania RTL	Pennsylvania Learning Standards for Early Childhood
Pennsylvania HSSAP	Pennsylvania Learning Standards for Early Childhood
Pennsylvania K4 & SBPK	Pennsylvania Learning Standards for Early Childhood
Pennsylvania PKC	Pennsylvania Learning Standards for Early Childhood
Rhode Island	Rhode Island Early Learning and Development Standards
South Carolina	South Carolina Early Learning Standards (SC-ELS)
Tennessee	Tennessee Early Learning Development Standards for 4-Year-Olds
Texas	Texas Prekindergarten Guidelines
Vermont	Vermont Early Learning Standards
Virginia	Virginia's Foundation Blocks for Early Learning: Comprehensive Standards for Four-Year-Olds
Washington	Washington State Early Learning and Development Guidelines
West Virginia	Early Learning Standards Framework: Content Standards and Learning Criteria for West Virginia Pre-Kindergarten ¹²
Wisconsin 4K	Wisconsin Model Early Learning Standards
Wisconsin HdSt	Wisconsin Model Early Learning Standards
Guam	Guam Early Learning Guidelines

Web address of state's ELDS document

Alabama	http://children.alabama.gov/wp-content/uploads/sites/4/2017/03/2013_Developmental_Standards_with_missing_pages.pdf
Alaska	https://education.alaska.gov/publications/earlylearningguidelines.pdf
Arizona	https://cms.azed.gov/home/GetDocumentFile?id=5ba5462a1dcb2507f8788ea1 and https://cms.azed.gov/home/GetDocumentFile?id=54efd-b1e1130c00eb465d5bc
Arkansas	http://humanservices.arkansas.gov/images/uploads/dccece/AR%20Early%20Learning%20Standards%202016.pdf
California CSPP	http://www.cde.ca.gov/sp/cd/re/psfoundations.asp
California TK	http://www.cde.ca.gov/sp/cd/re/psfoundations.asp
Colorado	https://www.cde.state.co.us/early/eldgs
Connecticut CDCC	http://www.ct.gov/oec/cwp/view.asp?a=4541&q=536726
Connecticut SR	http://www.ct.gov/oec/cwp/view.asp?a=4541&q=536726
Connecticut Smart Start	http://www.ct.gov/oec/cwp/view.asp?a=4541&q=536726
Delaware	https://dieecpd.org/static/uploads/files/elfpreschool9-10.pdf
District of Columbia	https://osse.dc.gov/sites/default/files/dc/sites/osse/publication/attachments/DC%20Early%20Learning%20Standards2013.pdf
Florida	http://flbt5.floridaearlylearning.com/
Georgia	http://www.gelds.decal.ga.gov
Hawaii	http://earlylearning.hawaii.gov/hawaii-early-learning-and-development-standards-helds/
Illinois	
	English: https://www.isbe.net/Documents/early_learning_standards.pdf; Spanish: https://www.isbe.net/Documents/ields-sp.pdf
Iowa Shared Visions	https://educateiowa.gov/pk-12/early-childhood/early-childhood-standards
lowa SWVPP	https://educateiowa.gov/pk-12/early-childhood/early-childhood-standards
Kansas Preschool Pilot	http://www.ksde.org/Portals/0/Early%20Childhood/KsEarlyLearningStandards.pdf
Kansas State Pre-K	http://www.ksde.org/Portals/0/Early%20Childhood/KsEarlyLearningStandards.pdf
Kentucky	https://kidsnow.ky.gov/families/readiness/Documents/early-childhood-standards.pdf
Louisiana 8(g)	https://www.louisianabelieves.com/docs/default-source/academic-standards/early-childhoodbirth-to-five-standards.pdf?sfvrsn=6
Louisiana LA 4	https://www.louisianabelieves.com/docs/default-source/academic-standards/early-childhoodbirth-to-five-standards.pdf?sfvrsn=6
Louisiana NSECD	https://www.louisianabelieves.com/docs/default-source/academic-standards/early-childhoodbirth-to-five-standards.pdf?sfvrsn=6
Maine	http://www.maine.gov/doe/learning/earlychildhood/publicpreschool/standards
Maryland	http://earlychildhood.marylandpublicschools.org/system/files/filedepot/3/pedagogyguide-learningstandards_042015_1.pdf
Massachusetts UPK	https://www.mass.gov/early-education-learning-standards-and-curriculum-guidelines
Massachusetts Ch 70	http://www.doe.mass.edu/frameworks/current.html
Michigan	http://www.michigan.gov/gsrp
Minnesota HdSt	https://education.mn.gov/MDE/dse/early/ind/index.htm
Minnesota VPK/SRP	http://education.state.mn.us/MDE/dse/early/ind/
Mississippi	http://www.mdek12.org/ec
Missouri	https://dese.mo.gov/sites/default/files/eel-el-2013-MELGoals.pdf
Montana	http://www.mtecp.org/pdfs/Montana%20Early%20Learning%20Standards.pdf
Nebraska	https://www.education.ne.gov/oec/early-learning-guidelines/
Nevada	http://www.doe.nv.gov/Standards_Instructional_Support/Nevada_Academic_Standards/Pre-K/
New Jersey Abbott	http://www.state.nj.us/education/ece/guide/standards.pdf
New Jersey ECPA	http://www.state.nj.us/education/ece/guide/standards.pdf
New Jersey ELLI	http://www.state.nj.us/education/ece/guide/standards.pdf
New Mexico	https://prek.ped.state.nm.us/EarlyLearningGuidelines
New York	http://www.p12.nysed.gov/earlylearning/standards/documents/PrekindergartenFoundationfortheCommonCore.pdf
North Carolina	http://ncchildcare.nc.gov/PDF_forms/NC_Foundations.pdf
North Dakota	https://www.nd.gov/dpi/uploads/87/FINALFINALEarlyLearningStandards7NOV2018.pdf
Ohio	http://education.ohio.gov/Topics/Early-Learning/Early-Learning-Content-Standards and http://earlychildhoodohio.org/sutq.php
Oklahoma	http://sde.ok.gov/sde/oklahoma-academic-standards
Oregon HdSt	http://www.oregon.gov/ode/students-and-family/FullDayK/Pages/Early-Learning-and-Kindergarten-Guidelines.aspx
Oregon Preschool Promise	http://www.oregon.gov/ode/students-and-family/FullDayK/Pages/Early-Learning-and-Kindergarten-Guidelines.aspx
Pennsylvania RTL	http://www.pakeys.org/wp-content/uploads/2017/11/2014-Pennsylvania-Learning-Standards-for-Early-Childhood-PreKindergarten.pdf
Pennsylvania HSSAP	http://www.pakeys.org/wp-content/uploads/2017/11/2014-Pennsylvania-Learning-Standards-for-Early-Childhood-PreKindergarten.pdf
Pennsylvania K4 & SBPK	http://www.pakeys.org/wp-content/uploads/2017/11/2014-Pennsylvania-Learning-Standards-for-Early-Childhood-PreKindergarten.pdf
Pennsylvania PKC	http://www.pakeys.org/wp-content/uploads/2017/11/2014-Pennsylvania-Learning-Standards-for-Early-Childhood-PreKindergarten.pdf
Rhode Island South Carolina	http://www.rields.com https://ed.sc.gov/scdoe/assets/File/instruction/early-learning-literacy/South-%20Carolina%20Early%20Learning%20Standards%202017_Accessible %20Vascing and file of the control of th
Tennessee	ble%20Version.pdf https://www.tn.gov/content/dam/tn/education/standards/tnelds/std_tnelds_4yo_2018.pdf
Texas	http://tea.texas.gov/pkg.aspx
Vermont	https://vels.education.vermont.gov/
Virginia	http://www.doe.virginia.gov/early-childhood/index.shtml
Washington	https://www.dcyf.wa.gov/sites/default/files/pdf/guidelines.pdf
West Virginia	https://wvde.state.wv.us/apps/tree/static/doc/grade/elsf-guidebook.pdf ¹²
Wisconsin 4K	http://www.collaboratingpartners.com/wp-content/uploads/2017/CPlinkedDocs/wmels_5thedition.pdf
Wisconsin HdSt	http://www.collaboratingpartners.com/wp-content/uploads/2017/CPlinkedDocs/wmels_5thedition.pdf
Guam	https://www.guamcedders.org/publications-products/#ecspecialpubAnchor

STATE

Year state's ELDS was revised

	0040 0 1 1 1 1 1	
Alabama	2012, Currently under revision	
Alaska	2007	
Arizona	Arizona Early Learning Standards: 2018	
Arkansas	2016	
California CSPP	2015	
California TK	2015	
Colorado	2013	
Connecticut CDCC	2013	
Connecticut SR	2013	
Connecticut Smart Start	2013	
Delaware	2010	
District of Columbia	2013	
Florida	2017	
Georgia	2013-2014	
Hawaii	Currently under revision	
Illinois	2013	
Iowa Shared Visions	201816	
Iowa SWVPP	201815	
Kansas Preschool Pilot	2013	
Kansas State Pre-K	2013	
Kentucky	2013	
Louisiana 8(g)	2013	
Louisiana LA 4	2013	
Louisiana NSECD	2013	
Maine	2014	
Maryland	2015	
Massachusetts UPK	2015	
Massachusetts Ch 70	Varies: Each content area has been revised at different times	
Michigan	2013	
Minnesota HdSt	2017	
Minnesota VPK/SRP	2017	
Mississippi	2018	
Adv.	0010	
Missouri	2013	
Missouri Montana		
	2014, Currently under revision	
Montana		
Montana Nebraska Nevada	2014, Currently under revision Revised for use for the 2018-2019 school year 2010	
Montana Nebraska Nevada New Jersey Abbott	2014, Currently under revision Revised for use for the 2018-2019 school year 2010 2014	
Montana Nebraska Nevada New Jersey Abbott New Jersey ECPA	2014, Currently under revision Revised for use for the 2018-2019 school year 2010 2014 2014	
Montana Nebraska Nevada New Jersey Abbott New Jersey ECPA New Jersey ELLI	2014, Currently under revision Revised for use for the 2018-2019 school year 2010 2014 2014 2014	
Montana Nebraska Nevada New Jersey Abbott New Jersey ECPA New Jersey ELLI New Mexico	2014, Currently under revision Revised for use for the 2018-2019 school year 2010 2014 2014 2014 Preschool section: 2018	
Montana Nebraska Nevada New Jersey Abbott New Jersey ECPA New Jersey ELLI New Mexico New York	2014, Currently under revision Revised for use for the 2018-2019 school year 2010 2014 2014 2014 2014 Preschool section: 2018 2011	
Montana Nebraska Nevada New Jersey Abbott New Jersey ECPA New Jersey ELLI New Mexico New York North Carolina	2014, Currently under revision Revised for use for the 2018-2019 school year 2010 2014 2014 2014 2014 Preschool section: 2018 2011 2013	
Montana Nebraska Nevada New Jersey Abbott New Jersey ECPA New Jersey ELLI New Mexico New York North Carolina North Dakota	2014, Currently under revision Revised for use for the 2018-2019 school year 2010 2014 2014 2014 Preschool section: 2018 2011 2013 2018	
Montana Nebraska Nevada New Jersey Abbott New Jersey ECPA New Jersey ELLI New Mexico New York North Carolina North Dakota Ohio	2014, Currently under revision Revised for use for the 2018-2019 school year 2010 2014 2014 2014 Preschool section: 2018 2011 2013 2018 2011 (ELDS); 2009 (ELPS)	
Montana Nebraska Nevada New Jersey Abbott New Jersey ECPA New Jersey ELLI New Mexico New York North Carolina North Dakota Ohio Oklahoma	2014, Currently under revision Revised for use for the 2018-2019 school year 2010 2014 2014 2014 Preschool section: 2018 2011 2013 2018 2011 (ELDS); 2009 (ELPS) 2016	
Montana Nebraska Nevada New Jersey Abbott New Jersey ECPA New Jersey ELLI New Mexico New York North Carolina North Dakota Ohio Oklahoma Oregon HdSt	2014, Currently under revision Revised for use for the 2018-2019 school year 2010 2014 2014 2014 Preschool section: 2018 2011 2013 2018 2018 2011 (ELDS); 2009 (ELPS) 2016 2016	
Montana Nebraska Nevada New Jersey Abbott New Jersey ECPA New Jersey ELLI New Mexico New York North Carolina North Dakota Ohio Oklahoma Oregon HdSt Oregon Preschool Promise	2014, Currently under revision Revised for use for the 2018-2019 school year 2010 2014 2014 2014 Preschool section: 2018 2011 2013 2018 2018 2011 (ELDS); 2009 (ELPS) 2016 2016 2016	
Montana Nebraska Nevada New Jersey Abbott New Jersey ECPA New Jersey ELLI New Mexico New York North Carolina North Dakota Ohio Oklahoma Oregon HdSt Oregon Preschool Promise Pennsylvania RTL	2014, Currently under revision Revised for use for the 2018-2019 school year 2010 2014 2014 2014 Preschool section: 2018 2011 2013 2018 2018 2011 (ELDS); 2009 (ELPS) 2016 2017 2014	
Montana Nebraska Nevada New Jersey Abbott New Jersey ECPA New Jersey ELLI New Mexico New York North Carolina North Dakota Ohio Oklahoma Oregon HdSt Oregon Preschool Promise Pennsylvania RTL Pennsylvania HSSAP	2014, Currently under revision Revised for use for the 2018-2019 school year 2010 2014 2014 2014 Preschool section: 2018 2011 2013 2018 2018 2011 (ELDS); 2009 (ELPS) 2016 2017 2014 2014	
Montana Nebraska Nevada New Jersey Abbott New Jersey ECPA New Jersey ELLI New Mexico New York North Carolina North Dakota Ohio Oklahoma Oregon HdSt Oregon Preschool Promise Pennsylvania RTL Pennsylvania K4 & SBPK	2014, Currently under revision Revised for use for the 2018-2019 school year 2010 2014 2014 2014 Preschool section: 2018 2011 2013 2018 2018 2011 (ELDS); 2009 (ELPS) 2016 2017 2014 2014 2014	
Montana Nebraska Nevada New Jersey Abbott New Jersey ECPA New Jersey ELLI New Mexico New York North Carolina North Dakota Ohio Oklahoma Oregon HdSt Oregon Preschool Promise Pennsylvania RTL Pennsylvania K4 & SBPK Pennsylvania PKC	2014, Currently under revision Revised for use for the 2018-2019 school year 2010 2014 2014 2014 Preschool section: 2018 2011 2013 2018 2018 2011 (ELDS); 2009 (ELPS) 2016 2017 2014 2014 2014 2014	
Montana Nebraska Nevada New Jersey Abbott New Jersey ECPA New Jersey ELLI New Mexico New York North Carolina North Dakota Ohio Oklahoma Oregon HdSt Oregon Preschool Promise Pennsylvania RTL Pennsylvania K4 & SBPK	2014, Currently under revision Revised for use for the 2018-2019 school year 2010 2014 2014 2014 Preschool section: 2018 2011 2013 2018 2018 2011 (ELDS); 2009 (ELPS) 2016 2016 2017 2014 2014 2014 2014 2014 2014 2014 2014	
Montana Nebraska Nevada New Jersey Abbott New Jersey ECPA New Jersey ELLI New Mexico New York North Carolina North Dakota Ohio Oklahoma Oregon HdSt Oregon Preschool Promise Pennsylvania RTL Pennsylvania K4 & SBPK Pennsylvania PKC	2014, Currently under revision Revised for use for the 2018-2019 school year 2010 2014 2014 2014 Preschool section: 2018 2011 2013 2018 2011 (ELDS); 2009 (ELPS) 2016 2016 2017 2014 2014 2014 2014 2014 2014 2014 2013 2013 2018	
Montana Nebraska Nevada New Jersey Abbott New Jersey ECPA New Jersey ELLI New Mexico New York North Carolina North Dakota Ohio Oklahoma Oregon HdSt Oregon Preschool Promise Pennsylvania RTL Pennsylvania K4 & SBPK Pennsylvania PKC Rhode Island	2014, Currently under revision Revised for use for the 2018-2019 school year 2010 2014 2014 2014 Preschool section: 2018 2011 2013 2018 2018 2011 (ELDS); 2009 (ELPS) 2016 2016 2017 2014 2014 2014 2014 2014 2014 2014 2014	
Montana Nebraska Nevada New Jersey Abbott New Jersey ECPA New Jersey ELLI New Mexico New York North Carolina North Dakota Ohio Oklahoma Oregon HdSt Oregon Preschool Promise Pennsylvania RTL Pennsylvania KTL Pennsylvania K4 & SBPK Pennsylvania PKC Rhode Island South Carolina	2014, Currently under revision Revised for use for the 2018-2019 school year 2010 2014 2014 2014 Preschool section: 2018 2011 2013 2018 2011 (ELDS); 2009 (ELPS) 2016 2016 2017 2014 2014 2014 2014 2014 2014 2014 2013 2013 2018	
Montana Nebraska Nevada New Jersey Abbott New Jersey ECPA New Jersey ELLI New Mexico New York North Carolina North Dakota Ohio Oklahoma Oregon HdSt Oregon Preschool Promise Pennsylvania RTL Pennsylvania K4 & SBPK Pennsylvania PKC Rhode Island South Carolina Tennessee Texas	2014, Currently under revision Revised for use for the 2018-2019 school year 2010 2014 2014 2014 Preschool section: 2018 2011 2013 2018 2011 (ELDS); 2009 (ELPS) 2016 2016 2017 2014 2014 2014 2014 2014 2014 2013 2018 2017 2018	
Montana Nebraska Nevada New Jersey Abbott New Jersey ECPA New Jersey ELLI New Mexico New York North Carolina North Dakota Ohio Oklahoma Oregon HdSt Oregon Preschool Promise Pennsylvania RTL Pennsylvania RTL Pennsylvania K4 & SBPK Pennsylvania PKC Rhode Island South Carolina Tennessee	2014, Currently under revision Revised for use for the 2018-2019 school year 2014 2014 2014 Preschool section: 2018 2011 2013 2018 2011 (ELDS); 2009 (ELPS) 2016 2017 2014 2014 2014 2014 2014 2014 2014 2014 2014 2013 2017 2018 2017 2018 2017 2018 2017	
Montana Nebraska Nevada New Jersey Abbott New Jersey ECPA New Jersey ELLI New Mexico New York North Carolina North Dakota Ohio Oklahoma Oregon HdSt Oregon Preschool Promise Pennsylvania RTL Pennsylvania HSSAP Pennsylvania PKC Rhode Island South Carolina Tennessee Texas Vermont Virginia	2014, Currently under revision Revised for use for the 2018-2019 school year 2010 2014 2014 2014 Preschool section: 2018 2011 2013 2018 2011 (ELDS); 2009 (ELPS) 2016 2016 2017 2014 2014 2014 2014 2014 2014 2014 2015 2015 Currently under revision	
Montana Nebraska Nevada New Jersey Abbott New Jersey ECPA New Jersey ELLI New Mexico New York North Carolina North Dakota Ohio Oklahoma Oregon HdSt Oregon Preschool Promise Pennsylvania RTL Pennsylvania HSSAP Pennsylvania PKC Rhode Island South Carolina Tennessee Texas Vermont Virginia Washington	2014, Currently under revision Revised for use for the 2018-2019 school year 2010 2014 2014 2014 Preschool section: 2018 2013 2018 2018 2011 (ELDS); 2009 (ELPS) 2016 2017 2014 2014 2014 2014 2014 2014 2017 2018 2016 2017 2018 2019 2018 2019 2019 2019 2010 2010 2011 2011 2011	
Montana Nebraska Nevada New Jersey Abbott New Jersey ECPA New Jersey ELLI New Mexico New York North Carolina North Dakota Ohio Oklahoma Oregon HdSt Oregon Preschool Promise Pennsylvania RTL Pennsylvania HSSAP Pennsylvania PKC Rhode Island South Carolina Tennessee Texas Vermont Virginia Washington West Virginia	2014, Currently under revision Revised for use for the 2018-2019 school year 2010 2014 2014 2014 2014 Preschool section: 2018 2011 2013 2018 2011 2018 2011 (ELDS); 2009 (ELPS) 2016 2016 2017 2014 2014 2014 2014 2014 2014 2015 2015 Currently under revision 2012 2015	
Montana Nebraska Nevada New Jersey Abbott New Jersey ECPA New Jersey ELLI New Mexico New York North Carolina North Dakota Ohio Oklahoma Oregon HdSt Oregon Preschool Promise Pennsylvania RTL Pennsylvania HSSAP Pennsylvania PKC Rhode Island South Carolina Tennessee Texas Vermont Virginia Washington West Virginia Wisconsin 4K	2014, Currently under revision Revised for use for the 2018-2019 school year 2010 2014 2014 2014 2014 Preschool section: 2018 2011 2013 2018 2018 2011 (ELDS); 2009 (ELPS) 2016 2016 2017 2014 2014 2014 2014 2014 2014 2017 2018 2017 2018 2017 2018 2015 Currently under revision 2012 2015 2015	
Montana Nebraska Nevada New Jersey Abbott New Jersey ECPA New Jersey ELLI New Mexico New York North Carolina North Dakota Ohio Oklahoma Oregon HdSt Oregon Preschool Promise Pennsylvania RTL Pennsylvania HSSAP Pennsylvania PKC Rhode Island South Carolina Tennessee Texas Vermont Virginia Washington West Virginia	2014, Currently under revision Revised for use for the 2018-2019 school year 2010 2014 2014 2014 2014 Preschool section: 2018 2011 2013 2018 2011 2018 2011 (ELDS); 2009 (ELPS) 2016 2016 2017 2014 2014 2014 2014 2014 2014 2015 2015 Currently under revision 2012 2015	

	EARLY LEARNING & DEVELOPMENT STANDARDS				
STATE	Physical and motor development	DOMAINS Social and emotional development	ADDRESSED IN THE STATE Approaches toward learning	TE'S ELDS Language development	Cognitive development and general knowledge
Alabama	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes
Alaska	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes
Arizona	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes
Arkansas	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes
California CSPP	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes
California TK	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes
Colorado	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes
Connecticut CDCC	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes
Connecticut SR	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes
Connecticut Smart Start	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes
Delaware	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes
District of Columbia	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes
Florida	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes
Georgia	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes
Hawaii	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes
Illinois	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes
Iowa Shared Visions	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes
Iowa SWVPP	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes
Kansas Preschool Pilot	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes
Kansas State Pre-K	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes
Kentucky	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes
Louisiana 8(g)	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes
Louisiana LA 4	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes
Louisiana NSECD	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes
Maine	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes
Maryland	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes
Massachusetts UPK	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes
Massachusetts Ch 70	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes
Michigan Minnesota HdSt	Yes Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes Yes	Yes Yes
Minnesota VPK/SRP	Yes	Yes Yes	Yes Yes	Yes	Yes
Mississippi	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes
Missouri	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes
Montana	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes
Nebraska	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes
Nevada	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes
New Jersey Abbott	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes
New Jersey ECPA	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes
New Jersey ELLI	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes
New Mexico	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes
New York	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes
North Carolina	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes
North Dakota	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes
Ohio	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes
Oklahoma	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes
Oregon HdSt	Yes ⁷	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes
Oregon Preschool Promise	Yes ¹⁸	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes
Pennsylvania RTL	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes
Pennsylvania HSSAP	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes
Pennsylvania K4 & SBPK	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes
Pennsylvania PKC	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes
Rhode Island	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes
South Carolina	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes
Tennessee	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes
Texas	Yes	Yes	Yes ¹⁰	Yes	Yes
Vermont	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes
Virginia	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes
Washington	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes
West Virginia	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes
Wisconsin 4K	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes
Wisconsin HdSt	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes
Guam	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes

STATE	ELDS (or Guidance) contains content related to serving DLLs or cultural awareness
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Alabama	Yes
Alaska	Yes
Arizona	Yes
Arkansas	Yes
California CSPP	Yes ¹⁶
California TK	Yes ¹⁴
Colorado	Yes
Connecticut CDCC	Yes
Connecticut SR	Yes
Connecticut Smart Start	Yes
Delaware	Yes
District of Columbia	Yes
Florida	Yes
Georgia	Yes ¹¹
Hawaii	Yes
Illinois	Yes
Iowa Shared Visions	Yes
Iowa SWVPP	Yes
Kansas Preschool Pilot	Yes
Kansas State Pre-K	Yes
Kentucky	Yes
Louisiana 8(g)	Yes
Louisiana 6(g)	Yes
Louisiana NSECD	Yes
	Yes
Maine	Yes
Maryland Massachusetts UPK	Yes
Massachusetts Ch 70	
	Yes Yes
Michigan Michigan	
Minnesota HdSt Minnesota VPK/SRP	Yes Yes
	Yes
Mississippi Missouri	Yes
Montana	
Nebraska	Yes Yes
	Yes
New Jersey Abbott	Yes
	Yes
New Jersey ECPA New Jersey ELLI	Yes
New Mexico	Yes ¹⁵
New York	Yes
North Carolina	Yes
North Dakota	Yes
Ohio Oklahoma	Yes Yes ⁷
	Yes
Oregon HdSt	
Oregon Preschool Promise	Yes
Pennsylvania RTL	Yes ⁶
Pennsylvania HSSAP	Yes ⁶
Pennsylvania K4 & SBPK	Yes ⁵
Pennsylvania PKC	Yes ¹²
Rhode Island	Yes
South Carolina	Yes
Tennessee	Yes
Texas	Yes
Vermont	Yes
Virginia	Yes
Washington	Yes
West Virginia	Yes ¹³
Wisconsin 4K	Yes
Wisconsin HdSt	Yes ¹⁵
Guam	Yes
Footnotes are grouped by state at the end of Appendix A. Unless noted, all data are for the '17-'18 school year.	

ALIGNMENT OF ELDS WITH OTHER STATE STANDARDS

State developed/adopted college and career ready standards for the early grades

STATE	State K-3 standards	State developed/adopted college and career ready standards for the early grades	State infant and toddler standards
Alabama	Yes ¹⁶	Yes	Yes
laska	Alignment is in Progress	Alignment is in Progress	Included in ELDS
vrizona	Yes	Yes	Yes
	Yes ¹⁵	Yes	Yes
rkansas			
alifornia CSPP	Yes	Yes	Yes
alifornia TK	Yes	Yes	Yes
olorado	Yes	Yes	Yes
onnecticut CDCC	Yes	Yes	Yes
onnecticut SR	Yes	Yes	Yes
onnecticut Smart Start	Yes	Yes	Yes
elaware	Yes	Yes	Yes
istrict of Columbia	Yes	Yes	Yes ¹⁶
lorida	Yes ⁸	NA	Yes
ieorgia	Yes	Yes	Yes
lawaii	Yes	Yes ¹³	Yes
linois	Yes	Yes	Yes
owa Shared Visions	Yes	Yes	Yes
owa SWVPP	Yes	Yes	Yes
ansas Preschool Pilot	Yes	Yes	Yes
	Yes	Yes	Yes
ansas State Pre-K			
(entucky	Yes	Yes	Yes
ouisiana 8(g)	Yes	Yes	Yes
ouisiana LA 4	Yes	Yes	Yes
ouisiana NSECD	Yes	Yes	Yes
1aine	Yes	Yes	Yes
1aryland	Yes	Yes	Yes
lassachusetts UPK	Yes	Alignment is in Progress	Yes
Massachusetts Ch 70	Yes	Yes	Alignment is in Progress
Michigan	Yes	Yes	Yes
Ninnesota HdSt	Yes	Yes	Yes
Minnesota VPK/SRP	Yes	Yes	Yes
Mississippi	Yes	Yes	Yes
1issouri	Alignment is in Progress ¹²	Alignment is in Progress	Yes ¹²
Montana	Yes	Yes	Yes
Vebraska	Yes	Yes	Yes
levada	Alignment is in Progress ²⁴	Alignment is in Progress	Alignment is in Progress ²⁴
lew Jersey Abbott	Yes	Yes	Yes
lew Jersey ECPA	Yes	Yes	Yes
lew Jersey ELLI	Yes	Yes	Yes
lew Mexico	Yes	Yes	Yes
lew York	Yes	Yes	NA
Iorth Carolina	Yes	Yes	Yes
Iorth Dakota	Yes ⁹	Yes	Yes
Phio	Yes	Yes	Yes
Oklahoma	Yes	Yes	Yes
Pregon HdSt	Yes	Yes	Alignment is in Progress
Pregon Preschool Promise	Yes	Yes	Yes
ennsylvania RTL	Yes	Yes	Yes
		Yes	
ennsylvania HSSAP	Yes		Yes
ennsylvania K4 & SBPK	Yes	Yes	Yes
ennsylvania PKC	Yes	Yes	Yes
hode Island	Yes	Yes	Yes
	Yes	Yes	Yes
			Yes
	Yes	Yes	163
ennessee	Yes Yes	Yes No	Yes
ennessee exas			
ennessee exas ermont	Yes	No	Yes
ennessee exas ermont irginia	Yes Yes Yes	No Yes No ⁸	Yes Yes NA
ennessee exas ermont irginia Vashington	Yes Yes Yes Yes	No Yes No ⁸ No	Yes Yes NA Yes
ennessee exas ermont irginia /ashington /est Virginia	Yes Yes Yes Yes Yes Yes	No Yes No ⁸ No Yes	Yes Yes NA Yes Yes
outh Carolina ennessee exas fermont firginia Vashington Vest Virginia Visconsin 4K Visconsin HdSt	Yes Yes Yes Yes	No Yes No ⁸ No	Yes Yes NA Yes

ALIGNMENT OF ELDS WITH OTHER STATE STANDARDS

STATE	Other standards
Alabama	Yes: Head Start Standards
Alaska	No
Arizona	Yes: Head Start Child Outcomes
Arkansas	Yes ¹⁵
California CSPP	Yes: Early Childhood Educator Competencies, California Content Standards, Common Core State Standards, Head Start Outcomes Framework
California TK	Yes: Common Core State Standards, California Preschool Learning Foundations, California Content Standards, Head Start Child Development and Early Learning Framework
Colorado	Yes: Head Start Standards
Connecticut CDCC	Yes ¹¹
Connecticut SR	Yes ¹¹
Connecticut Smart Start	Yes ¹⁰
Delaware	No No
District of Columbia	No No
Florida	Yes: Head Start Child Development and Early Learning Framework
Georgia	Yes: Head Start Child Outcomes Framework and the Work Sampling System indicators for four-year-olds
Hawaii	No
Illinois	Yes: Head Start Child Development and Early Learning Domains
Iowa Shared Visions	Yes: Head Start Early Learning Outcomes Framework
Iowa SWVPP	Yes: Head Start Early Learning Outcomes Framework
Kansas Preschool Pilot	
Kansas Preschool Pilot Kansas State Pre-K	No No
	Yes: Head Start Child Development and Early Learning Framework ¹⁷
Kentucky	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
Louisiana 8(g)	No No
Louisiana LA 4	No No
Louisiana NSECD	No
Maine	Yes: K-12 Guiding Principles
Maryland	No
Massachusetts UPK	Yes
Massachusetts Ch 70	No
Michigan	Yes: NAEYC and Head Start Outcomes Framework
Minnesota HdSt	Alignment is in Progress ¹⁷
Minnesota VPK/SRP	Alignment is in Progress ¹⁹
Mississippi	Yes: Head Start framework
Missouri	No
Montana	No
Nebraska	Yes: Head Start Outcomes Framework
Nevada	Alignment is in Progress ²⁴
New Jersey Abbott	No
New Jersey ECPA	No
New Jersey ELLI	No No
New Mexico	No No
New York	Yes: New York State Next Generation Learning Standards
North Carolina	Yes ¹⁴
North Dakota	Yes
Ohio	No
Oklahoma	No No
Oregon HdSt	No
Oregon Preschool Promise	Yes: Head Start Early Learning Framework
Pennsylvania RTL	Alignment is in Progress: English Language Development Standards Career Education and Work Standards
Pennsylvania HSSAP	Alignment is in Progress: English Language Development Standards Career Education and Work Standards Alignment is in Progress: English Language Development Standards Career Education and Work Standards
	Alignment is in Progress: English Language Development Standards Career Education and Work Standards Alignment is in Progress: English Language Development Standards Career Education and Work Standards
Pennsylvania K4 & SBPK	
Pennsylvania PKC Rhode Island	Alignment is in Progress: English Language Development Standards Career Education and Work Standards
	Yes: Family visiting models (Watch Me Grow and PAT), CCSS, NGSS for K, Head Start Standards
South Carolina	Alignment in progress: Head Start Standards
Tennessee	NA
Texas Vermont	No Yes: Common Core State Standards, Next Generation Science Standards, Aligning Preschool through High School Social and Emotional Learning Standards: A Critical and Doable New Step Collaborative for Academic, Social, and Emotional Learning (CASEL), Head Start Standards
Virginia	No
Washington	Yes: ECEAP Performance Standards
West Virginia	Yes: Head Start Early Learning Outcomes Framework
Wisconsin 4K	Yes: Literacy and language arts standards, mathematical standards, Head Start Early Learning Performance Outcomes
Wisconsin HdSt	Yes: Head Start learning standards ¹⁶
Guam	No
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STATE SUPPORTS FOR THE USE OF ELDS

		STATE SUPPORTS FOR THE USE OF ELDS	
STATE	Offer guidance on selecting curricula aligned with ELDS	Provides professional development opportunities to support use of ELDS	Child assessments required to be aligned with ELDS
Alabama	Yes	Yes ¹⁷	Yes ¹⁷
Alaska	Yes ⁹	Yes ⁹	Yes ⁹
Arizona	Yes	Yes ¹⁶	Yes
Arkansas	Yes	Yes	Yes
California CSPP	Yes	Yes	Yes
California TK	Yes	Yes ¹⁵	No
Colorado	Yes	Yes ¹³	No
Connecticut CDCC	Yes	Yes ¹²	Yes ¹²
Connecticut SR	Yes	Yes ¹²	Yes ¹²
Connecticut Smart Start	Yes	Yes ¹¹	Yes ¹¹
Delaware	Yes	Yes	Yes
District of Columbia	Yes	Yes	Yes (DCPS & CBO)
Florida	Yes	Yes	Yes
Georgia	Yes	Yes	Yes
Hawaii	Yes	Yes	Yes
Illinois	Yes	Yes	Yes
Iowa Shared Visions	No	Yes	Yes
Iowa SWVPP	No	Yes	Yes
Kansas Preschool Pilot	Yes	Yes	Yes
Kansas State Pre-K	Yes	Yes	Yes
Kentucky	Yes	Yes	Yes
Louisiana 8(g)	Yes	Yes	Yes
Louisiana LA 4	Yes	Yes	Yes
Louisiana NSECD		Yes	
	Yes	Yes ¹²	Yes
Maine	Yes		Yes
Maryland	Yes	Yes	Yes
Massachusetts UPK	Yes	Yes ¹⁴	Yes ¹⁴
Massachusetts Ch 70	In progress	Yes	No
Michigan	Yes	Yes	Yes
Minnesota HdSt	Yes	Yes	Yes ¹⁸
Minnesota VPK/SRP	Yes	Yes	Yes
Mississippi	Yes	Yes	Yes
Missouri	No	Yes	Yes
Montana	Yes	Yes	No
Nebraska	No	Yes	Yes
Nevada	Yes	Yes	Yes
New Jersey Abbott	Yes	Yes	Yes
New Jersey ECPA	Yes	Yes	Yes
New Jersey ELLI	Yes	Yes	Yes
New Mexico	Yes	Yes	Yes
New York	No	Yes	Yes
North Carolina	Yes	Yes	Yes
North Dakota	No	Yes ¹⁰	No
Ohio	Yes	Yes	Yes
Oklahoma	Yes	Yes ⁸	No
Oregon HdSt	Yes	Yes	Yes
Oregon Preschool Promise	Yes	Yes	Yes
Pennsylvania RTL	Yes ⁷	Yes ⁷	Yes
Pennsylvania HSSAP	Yes	Yes ⁷	Yes
Pennsylvania K4 & SBPK	Yes	Yes	No No
Pennsylvania PKC	Yes	Yes	Yes
		Yes Yes ¹⁰	
Rhode Island	Yes		Yes
South Carolina	Yes	Yes	Yes
Tennessee	Yes	Yes ¹⁹	Yes
Texas	Yes	Yes	No
Vermont	Yes	Yes	Yes ¹⁵
Virginia	Yes	Yes	Yes
Washington	Yes	Yes	Yes
West Virginia	Yes	Yes ¹⁴	Yes
Wisconsin 4K	Yes ¹⁶	Yes	No
Wisconsin HdSt	Yes ¹⁷	Yes	No
Guam	Yes	Yes	Yes
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STATE SUPPORTS FOR THE USE OF ELDS

	Additional resources are provided	
STATE	to programs to implement ELDS	Other supports
Alabama	Yes	Yes ¹⁷
Alaska	Yes	No
Arizona	Yes	No
Arkansas	Yes ¹⁶	Yes¹ ⁶
California CSPP	Yes	Yes ¹⁷
California TK	No	No
Colorado	Yes	Yes ¹³
Connecticut CDCC	Yes	Yes ¹²
Connecticut SR	Yes	Yes ¹²
Connecticut Smart Start	Yes	Yes ¹¹
Delaware	Yes	No
District of Columbia	No	No
Florida	Yes	No
Georgia	Yes	Yes ¹²
Hawaii	Yes	No
Illinois	Yes	Yes ¹²
Iowa Shared Visions	No	Yes ¹⁷
Iowa SWVPP	No	No
Kansas Preschool Pilot	Yes ¹⁰	No
Kansas State Pre-K	Yes ¹¹	No
Kentucky	Yes	Yes¹8
Louisiana 8(g)	Yes	Yes ⁹
Louisiana LA 4	Yes	Yes ⁸
Louisiana NSECD	Yes	Yes ⁷
Maine	No	Yes ¹²
Maryland	Yes	No
Massachusetts UPK	Yes ¹⁴	Yes ¹⁴
Massachusetts Ch 70	Yes	No
Michigan	No No	No ¹²
Minnesota HdSt	No	No
Minnesota VPK/SRP	Yes	No
Mississippi	Yes	No ⁹
Missouri	No	No
Montana	Yes	No
Nebraska	No No	No
Nevada	Yes	No
New Jersey Abbott	No	No
New Jersey ECPA	No	No
New Jersey ELLI	Yes	No No
New Mexico	Yes	Yes ¹⁶
New York	Yes	No
North Carolina	Yes	No
North Dakota	Yes	Yes
Ohio	Yes	No
Oklahoma	Yes	Yes ⁸
Oregon HdSt	Yes	No
Oregon Preschool Promise	No	No
Pennsylvania RTL	Yes ⁷	No
Pennsylvania HSSAP	Yes ⁷	No
Pennsylvania K4 & SBPK	No	No
Pennsylvania PKC	Yes	Yes
Rhode Island	Yes	No
South Carolina	Yes	No
Tennessee	Yes	Yes ¹⁹
Texas	Yes	No
Vermont	Yes	No
Virginia	No	No
Washington	No	Yes: online training modules and coaching
West Virginia	Yes	Yes ¹⁴
Wisconsin 4K	Yes	Yes¹ ⁶
Wisconsin HdSt	Yes	Yes ¹⁷
Guam	No	No
	f A	

Alaska Yes, state policy requires the use of at least one specific child assessments), which is aligned with the ELDS, to be used by all preschool programs Alaska Yes, state policy requires the use of at least one specific child assessments), which is aligned with the ELDS to be used by all preschool programs or select at least one child assessments which the ELDS to be used by all preschool programs. The select at least one child assessments which the ELDS to be used by all preschool programs. The select at least one specific child assessments which is aligned with the ELDS to be used by all preschool programs. The select at least one specific child assessments in TK* Calorado Teaching Strategies GOLD its required and aligned with ELDS.* Connecticut SR Teaching Strategies GOLD its required and aligned with ELDS.* Connecticut SR Yes, locally determined assessment, but aligned with ELDS.* Connecticut SR Yes, locally determined assessment, but aligned with ELDS.* Connecticut SR Yes, state policy provides an approved process for locally selected child assessments that are aligned with the ELDS. District of Columbia Yes, state policy provides an approved process for locally selected child assessments that are aligned with the ELDS. to be used by all preschool programs and programs are required to use only those state approved assessments. Plorida Yes, state policy requires the use of at least one specific child assessments aligned with the ELDS, to be used by all preschool programs. Illinois Yes, state policy requires the use of at least one specific child assessments, which is aligned with the ELDS, to be used by all preschool programs. Illinois Yes, state policy requires the use of at least one specific child assessments, which is aligned with the ELDS, to be used by all preschool programs. Illinois Yes, state policy requires the use of at least one specific child assessments, which is aligned with the ELDS. To be used by all preschool programs. Illinois Yes, state policy requires the use of at lea	STATE	State requirements for alignment between child assessments and ELDS
Arizona Yes, state policy requires all programs to select at least one child assessment(s) that is aligned with the ELDS; to be used by all preschool programs? Arizonas Yes, state policy requires the use of at least one specific child assessment(s), which is aligned with the ELDS; to be used by all preschool programs? California TK The state does not mquire child assessments in TK!* Colorado Touching Stratogies GOLD is required and aligned with the ELDS; to be used by all preschool programs and the colorate of the state of the st	Alabama	Yes, state policy requires the use of at least one specific child assessment(s), which is aligned with the ELDS, to be used by all preschool programs ¹⁸
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And programs are required to use only those state-approved assessments ¹² Kentucky Yes, state policy requires all programs to select at least one child assessment(s) that is aligned with the ELDS ¹⁹ Louisiana 8(g) Yes, state policy requires the use of at least one specific child assessment(s), which is aligned with the ELDS, to be used by all preschool programs ¹⁰ Louisiana LA 4 Yes, state policy requires the use of at least one specific child assessment(s), which is aligned with the ELDS, to be used by all preschool programs ¹⁰ Louisiana NSECD Yes, state policy requires the use of at least one specific child assessment(s), which is aligned with the ELDS, to be used by all preschool programs ¹⁰ Maine Yes, state policy requires all programs to select at least one child assessment(s) that is aligned with the ELDS Maryland Yes, state policy requires all programs to select at least one child assessment(s) that is aligned with the ELDS ¹⁴ Massachusetts UPK Yes, state policy provides an approved list of child assessments aligned with the ELDS, but programs are not required to use them Michigan Yes, state policy requires all programs to select at least one child assessments Minnesota HdSt Yes, there is a state-level approval process for locally selected child assessments that are aligned with the ELDS and programs are required to use only those state-approved assessment(s) that is aligned with the ELDS ²⁰ Minnesota VPK/SRP Yes, state policy requires all programs to select at least one child assessment(s) that is aligned with the ELDS ²⁰ Mississippi Yes, state policy requires all programs to select at least one child assessment(s) that is aligned with the ELDS Missouri Yes, state policy requires the use of at least one specific child assessment(s), which is aligned with the ELDS, to be used by all preschool programs Child assessments are not required to align with the ELDS, to be used by all preschool programs ¹²	Kansas Preschool Pilot	
Louisiana 8(g) Yes, state policy requires the use of at least one specific child assessment(s), which is aligned with the ELDS, to be used by all preschool programs ¹⁰ Louisiana LA 4 Yes, state policy requires the use of at least one specific child assessment(s), which is aligned with the ELDS, to be used by all preschool programs ²⁰ Louisiana NSECD Yes, state policy requires the use of at least one specific child assessment(s), which is aligned with the ELDS, to be used by all preschool programs ²⁰ Maine Yes, state policy requires all programs to select at least one child assessment(s) that is aligned with the ELDS Maryland Yes, state policy requires all programs to select at least one child assessment(s) that is aligned with the ELDS ¹⁴ Massachusetts UPK Yes, state policy provides an approved list of child assessments aligned with the ELDS, but programs are not required to use them Massachusetts Ch 70 The state does not require child assessments Michigan Yes, state policy requires all programs to select at least one child assessment(s) that is aligned with the ELDS ¹³ Yes, there is a state-level approval process for locally selected child assessments that are aligned with the ELDS and programs are required to use only those state-approved assessments ¹⁹ Minnesota VPK/SRP Yes, state policy requires all programs to select at least one child assessment(s) that is aligned with the ELDS ²⁰ Mississippi Yes, state policy requires all programs to select at least one child assessment(s) that is aligned with the ELDS Missouri Yes, state policy requires the use of at least one specific child assessment(s), which is aligned with the ELDS, to be used by all preschool programs Child assessments are not required to align with the ELDS, to be used by all preschool programs ¹²	Kansas State Pre-K	
Louisiana LA 4 Yes, state policy requires the use of at least one specific child assessment(s), which is aligned with the ELDS, to be used by all preschool programs? Louisiana NSECD Yes, state policy requires the use of at least one specific child assessment(s), which is aligned with the ELDS, to be used by all preschool programs8 Maine Yes, state policy requires all programs to select at least one child assessment(s) that is aligned with the ELDS Maryland Yes, state policy requires all programs to select at least one child assessment(s) that is aligned with the ELDS Massachusetts UPK Yes, state policy provides an approved list of child assessments aligned with the ELDS, but programs are not required to use them Massachusetts Ch 70 The state does not require child assessments Michigan Yes, state policy requires all programs to select at least one child assessment(s) that is aligned with the ELDS and programs are required to use only those state-approved assessments that are aligned with the ELDS and programs are required to use only those state-approved assessment(s) that is aligned with the ELDS Misnouri Yes, state policy requires all programs to select at least one child assessment(s) that is aligned with the ELDS Missouri Yes, state policy requires all programs to select at least one child assessment(s) that is aligned with the ELDS Missouri Yes, state policy requires the use of at least one specific child assessment(s), which is aligned with the ELDS, to be used by all preschool programs Child assessments are not required to align with the ELDS, to be used by all preschool programs ¹²	Kentucky	Yes, state policy requires all programs to select at least one child assessment(s) that is aligned with the ELDS ¹⁹
Louisiana NSECD Yes, state policy requires the use of at least one specific child assessment(s), which is aligned with the ELDS, to be used by all preschool programs ⁸ Maine Yes, state policy requires all programs to select at least one child assessment(s) that is aligned with the ELDS Maryland Yes, state policy requires all programs to select at least one child assessment(s) that is aligned with the ELDS ¹⁴ Massachusetts UPK Yes, state policy provides an approved list of child assessments aligned with the ELDS, but programs are not required to use them Massachusetts Ch 70 The state does not require child assessments Michigan Yes, state policy requires all programs to select at least one child assessment(s) that is aligned with the ELDS ¹³ Yes, there is a state-level approval process for locally selected child assessments that are aligned with the ELDS and programs are required to use only those state-approved assessments ¹⁹ Minnesota VPK/SRP Yes, state policy requires all programs to select at least one child assessment(s) that is aligned with the ELDS ²⁰ Mississippi Yes, state policy requires all programs to select at least one child assessment(s) that is aligned with the ELDS Missouri Yes, state policy requires the use of at least one specific child assessment(s), which is aligned with the ELDS, to be used by all preschool programs Child assessments are not required to align with the ELDS, to be used by all preschool programs ¹² Nebraska Yes, state policy requires the use of at least one specific child assessment(s), which is aligned with the ELDS, to be used by all preschool programs ¹²	Louisiana 8(g)	Yes, state policy requires the use of at least one specific child assessment(s), which is aligned with the ELDS, to be used by all preschool programs ¹⁰
Maine Yes, state policy requires all programs to select at least one child assessment(s) that is aligned with the ELDS Maryland Yes, state policy requires all programs to select at least one child assessment(s) that is aligned with the ELDS Massachusetts UPK Yes, state policy provides an approved list of child assessments aligned with the ELDS, but programs are not required to use them Massachusetts Ch 70 The state does not require child assessments Michigan Yes, state policy requires all programs to select at least one child assessment(s) that is aligned with the ELDS¹³ Yes, there is a state-level approval process for locally selected child assessments that are aligned with the ELDS and programs are required to use only those state-approved assessments¹⁰ Minnesota VPK/SRP Yes, state policy requires all programs to select at least one child assessment(s) that is aligned with the ELDS²⁰ Mississippi Yes, state policy requires all programs to select at least one child assessment(s) that is aligned with the ELDS Missouri Yes, state policy requires the use of at least one specific child assessment(s), which is aligned with the ELDS, to be used by all preschool programs Child assessments are not required to align with the ELDS, to be used by all preschool programs²² Nebraska Yes, state policy requires the use of at least one specific child assessment(s), which is aligned with the ELDS, to be used by all preschool programs²²	Louisiana LA 4	Yes, state policy requires the use of at least one specific child assessment(s), which is aligned with the ELDS, to be used by all preschool programs9
Maryland Yes, state policy requires all programs to select at least one child assessment(s) that is aligned with the ELDS ¹⁴ Massachusetts UPK Yes, state policy provides an approved list of child assessments aligned with the ELDS, but programs are not required to use them Massachusetts Ch 70 The state does not require child assessments Michigan Yes, state policy requires all programs to select at least one child assessment(s) that is aligned with the ELDS ¹³ Yes, there is a state-level approval process for locally selected child assessments that are aligned with the ELDS and programs are required to use only those state-approved assessments ¹⁹ Minnesota VPK/SRP Yes, state policy requires all programs to select at least one child assessment(s) that is aligned with the ELDS ²⁰ Mississippi Yes, state policy requires all programs to select at least one child assessment(s) that is aligned with the ELDS Missouri Yes, state policy requires the use of at least one specific child assessment(s), which is aligned with the ELDS, to be used by all preschool programs Child assessments are not required to align with the ELDS, to be used by all preschool programs ¹² Nebraska Yes, state policy requires the use of at least one specific child assessment(s), which is aligned with the ELDS, to be used by all preschool programs ¹²	Louisiana NSECD	Yes, state policy requires the use of at least one specific child assessment(s), which is aligned with the ELDS, to be used by all preschool programs ⁸
Massachusetts UPK Yes, state policy provides an approved list of child assessments aligned with the ELDS, but programs are not required to use them Massachusetts Ch 70 The state does not require child assessments Michigan Yes, state policy requires all programs to select at least one child assessment(s) that is aligned with the ELDS ¹³ Yes, there is a state-level approval process for locally selected child assessments that are aligned with the ELDS and programs are required to use only those state-approved assessments ¹⁹ Minnesota VPK/SRP Yes, state policy requires all programs to select at least one child assessment(s) that is aligned with the ELDS ²⁰ Mississippi Yes, state policy requires all programs to select at least one child assessment(s) that is aligned with the ELDS Missouri Yes, state policy requires the use of at least one specific child assessment(s), which is aligned with the ELDS, to be used by all preschool programs Montana Child assessments are not required to align with the ELDS, to be used by all preschool programs ¹² Nebraska Yes, state policy requires the use of at least one specific child assessment(s), which is aligned with the ELDS, to be used by all preschool programs ¹²	Maine	Yes, state policy requires all programs to select at least one child assessment(s) that is aligned with the ELDS
Massachusetts Ch 70 The state does not require child assessments Michigan Yes, state policy requires all programs to select at least one child assessment(s) that is aligned with the ELDS¹³ Minnesota HdSt Yes, there is a state-level approval process for locally selected child assessments that are aligned with the ELDS and programs are required to use only those state-approved assessments¹° Minnesota VPK/SRP Yes, state policy requires all programs to select at least one child assessment(s) that is aligned with the ELDS²⁰ Mississippi Yes, state policy requires all programs to select at least one child assessment(s) that is aligned with the ELDS Missouri Yes, state policy requires the use of at least one specific child assessment(s), which is aligned with the ELDS, to be used by all preschool programs Montana Child assessments are not required to align with the ELDS, to be used by all preschool programs²² Nebraska Yes, state policy requires the use of at least one specific child assessment(s), which is aligned with the ELDS, to be used by all preschool programs²²	Maryland	Yes, state policy requires all programs to select at least one child assessment(s) that is aligned with the ELDS ¹⁴
Michigan Yes, state policy requires all programs to select at least one child assessment(s) that is aligned with the ELDS¹³ Minnesota HdSt Yes, there is a state-level approval process for locally selected child assessments that are aligned with the ELDS and programs are required to use only those state-approved assessments¹9 Minnesota VPK/SRP Yes, state policy requires all programs to select at least one child assessment(s) that is aligned with the ELDS²⁰ Mississippi Yes, state policy requires all programs to select at least one child assessment(s) that is aligned with the ELDS Missouri Yes, state policy requires the use of at least one specific child assessment(s), which is aligned with the ELDS, to be used by all preschool programs Child assessments are not required to align with the ELDS, to be used by all preschool programs²² Nebraska Yes, state policy requires the use of at least one specific child assessment(s), which is aligned with the ELDS, to be used by all preschool programs²²	Massachusetts UPK	Yes, state policy provides an approved list of child assessments aligned with the ELDS, but programs are not required to use them
Minnesota HdSt Yes, there is a state-level approval process for locally selected child assessments that are aligned with the ELDS and programs are required to use only those state-approved assessments ¹⁹ Minnesota VPK/SRP Yes, state policy requires all programs to select at least one child assessment(s) that is aligned with the ELDS ²⁰ Mississippi Yes, state policy requires all programs to select at least one child assessment(s) that is aligned with the ELDS Missouri Yes, state policy requires the use of at least one specific child assessment(s), which is aligned with the ELDS, to be used by all preschool programs Montana Child assessment(s), which is aligned with the ELDS, to be used by all preschool programs ¹²	Massachusetts Ch 70	The state does not require child assessments
Minnesota PGSt Minnesota VPK/SRP Yes, state policy requires all programs to select at least one child assessment(s) that is aligned with the ELDS ²⁰ Mississippi Yes, state policy requires all programs to select at least one child assessment(s) that is aligned with the ELDS Missouri Yes, state policy requires the use of at least one specific child assessment(s), which is aligned with the ELDS, to be used by all preschool programs Montana Child assessments are not required to align with the ELDS Nebraska Yes, state policy requires the use of at least one specific child assessment(s), which is aligned with the ELDS, to be used by all preschool programs ¹²	Michigan	Yes, state policy requires all programs to select at least one child assessment(s) that is aligned with the ELDS ¹³
Mississippi Yes, state policy requires all programs to select at least one child assessment(s) that is aligned with the ELDS Missouri Yes, state policy requires the use of at least one specific child assessment(s), which is aligned with the ELDS, to be used by all preschool programs Montana Child assessments are not required to align with the ELDS Nebraska Yes, state policy requires the use of at least one specific child assessment(s), which is aligned with the ELDS, to be used by all preschool programs ¹²	Minnesota HdSt	
Missouri Yes, state policy requires the use of at least one specific child assessment(s), which is aligned with the ELDS, to be used by all preschool programs Montana Child assessments are not required to align with the ELDS Nebraska Yes, state policy requires the use of at least one specific child assessment(s), which is aligned with the ELDS, to be used by all preschool programs ¹²	Minnesota VPK/SRP	Yes, state policy requires all programs to select at least one child assessment(s) that is aligned with the ELDS ²⁰
Montana Child assessments are not required to align with the ELDS Nebraska Yes, state policy requires the use of at least one specific child assessment(s), which is aligned with the ELDS, to be used by all preschool programs ¹²	Mississippi	Yes, state policy requires all programs to select at least one child assessment(s) that is aligned with the ELDS
Nebraska Yes, state policy requires the use of at least one specific child assessment(s), which is aligned with the ELDS, to be used by all preschool programs ¹²	Missouri	Yes, state policy requires the use of at least one specific child assessment(s), which is aligned with the ELDS, to be used by all preschool programs
	Montana	Child assessments are not required to align with the ELDS
Nevada Yes, state policy requires all programs to select at least one child assessment(s) that is aligned with the ELDS ²⁵	Nebraska	Yes, state policy requires the use of at least one specific child assessment(s), which is aligned with the ELDS, to be used by all preschool programs ¹²
	Nevada	Yes, state policy requires all programs to select at least one child assessment(s) that is aligned with the ELDS ²⁵

The state does not require child assessments 17

Child assessments are not required to align with the ELDS¹⁸
Yes, there is a state-level approval process for locally selected child assessments that are aligned with the ELDS and programs are required to use only those state-approved assessments

STATE	State requirements for alignment between child assessments and ELDS
New Jersey Abbott	Yes, state policy requires all programs to select at least one child assessment(s) that is aligned with the ELDS
New Jersey ECPA	Yes, state policy requires all programs to select at least one child assessment(s) that is aligned with the ELDS
New Jersey ELLI	Yes, state policy requires all programs to select at least one child assessment(s) that is aligned with the ELDS
New Mexico	Yes, state policy requires the use of at least one specific child assessment(s), which is aligned with the ELDS, to be used by all preschool programs
New York	Yes, state policy requires all programs to select at least one child assessment(s) that is aligned with the ELDS9
North Carolina	Yes, state policy requires all programs to select at least one child assessment(s) that is aligned with the ELDS
North Dakota	The state does not require child assessments
Ohio	Yes, state policy requires the use of at least one specific child assessment(s), which is aligned with the ELDS, to be used by all preschool programs
Oklahoma	The state does not require child assessments ⁹
Oregon HdSt	Yes, state policy requires the use of at least one specific child assessment(s), which is aligned with the ELDS, to be used by all preschool programs
Oregon Preschool Promis	e Yes, state policy requires all programs to select at least one child assessment(s) that is aligned with the ELDS ¹⁹
Pennsylvania RTL	Yes, state policy requires all programs to select at least one child assessment(s) that is aligned with the ELDS ⁸
Pennsylvania HSSAP	Yes, state policy requires all programs to select at least one child assessment(s) that is aligned with the ELDS
Pennsylvania K4 & SBPK	Yes, state policy requires all programs to select at least one child assessment(s) that is aligned with the ELDS ⁶
Pennsylvania PKC	Yes, state policy requires all programs to select at least one child assessment(s) that is aligned with the ELDS
Rhode Island	Yes, state policy requires the use of at least one specific child assessment(s), which is aligned with the ELDS, to be used by all preschool programs ¹¹
South Carolina	Yes, there is a state-level approval process for locally selected child assessments that are aligned with the ELDS and programs are required to use only those state-approved assessments ¹⁴
Tennessee	Yes, state policy requires the use of at least one specific child assessment(s), which is aligned with the ELDS, to be used by all preschool programs ²⁰
Texas	Yes, state policy provides an approved list of child assessments aligned with the ELDS, but programs are not required to use them
Vermont	Yes, state policy requires the use of at least one specific child assessment(s), which is aligned with the ELDS, to be used by all preschool programs ¹⁵
Virginia	Yes, state policy requires the use of at least one specific child assessment(s), which is aligned with the ELDS, to be used by all preschool programs9
Washington	Yes, state policy requires the use of at least one specific child assessment(s), which is aligned with the ELDS, to be used by all preschool programs
West Virginia	Yes, state policy requires the use of at least one specific child assessment(s), which is aligned with the ELDS, to be used by all preschool programs ¹⁵

Wisconsin 4K

Guam

Wisconsin HdSt

STATE SUPPORTS FOR CURRICULUM DECISION-MAKING AND IMPLEMENTATION

STATE	Guidance on criteria for selecting evidence- based curricula	List of state approved curricula	List of state recommended curricula	Requires adoption of specific curricula by all programs and sites	Requires alignment of curricula with ELDS
Alabama	Yes	No	Yes	No	Yes
Alaska	Yes	No	No	No	Yes
Arizona	No	No	No	No	Yes
Arkansas	Yes	Yes	No	No	Yes
California CSPP	Yes	No	No	No	No
California TK	No	No	No	No	No
Colorado	Yes	No	No	No	No
Connecticut CDCC	Yes	No	No	No	No
Connecticut SR	Yes	No	No	No	Yes
Connecticut Smart Start	Yes	No	No	No	Yes
Delaware	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes
District of Columbia	Yes	Yes	Yes	No	Yes
Florida	Yes	Yes ⁹	Yes	No	Yes ⁹
Georgia	Yes	Yes ¹⁴	No	Yes	Yes
Hawaii	Yes	No	No	No	Yes
Illinois	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes
Iowa Shared Visions	Yes	No	No	No	Yes
Iowa SWVPP	Yes ¹⁷	No	No	No	Yes ¹⁷
Kansas Preschool Pilot	Yes	No	No	No	Yes
Kansas State Pre-K	Yes	No	No	No	Yes
Kentucky	Yes	No	No	No	No
Louisiana 8(g)	Yes	Yes ¹¹	Yes	Yes	Yes
Louisiana LA 4	Yes	Yes ¹⁰	Yes	Yes	Yes
Louisiana NSECD	Yes	Yes ⁹	Yes	Yes	Yes
Maine	Yes	No	Yes	No	Yes
Maryland	Yes	No	Yes	No	Yes
Massachusetts UPK	Yes	No	No	No	Yes
Massachusetts Ch 70	In progress	No	In progress	No	Yes
Michigan	Yes	Yes	No	No	Yes
Minnesota HdSt	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes
Minnesota VPK/SRP	Yes	Yes ²¹	Yes	No	Yes ²¹
Mississippi	Yes	Yes	No	No	Yes
Missouri	No	Yes	No	No	Yes
Montana	Yes	No	No	No	No
Nebraska	No	No	No	No	Yes
Nevada	Yes	No	No	No	Yes
New Jersey Abbott	Yes	No	Yes	No	Yes
New Jersey ECPA	Yes	No	Yes	No	Yes
New Jersey ELLI	Yes	No	Yes	No	Yes
New Mexico	Yes	No	No	No	Yes
New York	Yes	No	No	No	Yes
North Carolina	Yes	Yes	No	No	Yes
North Dakota	No	No	No	No	No
Ohio	Yes ¹¹	No	No	No ¹¹	Yes
Oklahoma	Yes	Yes	No	No	Yes
Oregon HdSt	Yes	No	No	No	No
Oregon Preschool Promise	Yes	Yes	Yes	No	Yes
Pennsylvania RTL	No	No	Yes ⁹	No	No
Pennsylvania HSSAP	Yes	Yes	Yes	No	Yes
Pennsylvania K4 & SBPK	No	No	Yes	No	Yes ⁷
Pennsylvania PKC	Yes	No	Yes ¹³	No	Yes ¹³
Rhode Island	Yes	Yes	Yes	No	Yes
South Carolina	Yes	Yes ¹⁵	Yes ¹⁵	No	Yes
Tennessee	Yes	Yes ²¹	No	Yes ²¹	Yes
Texas	No	Yes	Yes	No	No
Vermont	No	No	No	No	Yes
Virginia	Yes	No	No	No	Yes
Washington	Yes	Yes ¹⁵	No	Yes	Yes
West Virginia	Yes	Yes	No	Yes	Yes
Wisconsin 4K	Yes	No	No	No	No
Wisconsin HdSt	Yes	No	No	No	No
Guam	No	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes
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STATE SUPPORTS FOR CURRICULUM DECISION-MAKING AND IMPLEMENTATION

			COLON DECISION-MAKI		
STATE	SEA/Office of Early Learning sponsored training	Supporting materials (manuals, videos, websites, etc.)	On-going technical assistance on curriculum implementation	Funding to support curriculum implementation/training	Other supports
Alabama	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes ¹⁹
Alaska	Yes ¹⁰	Yes	Yes	Yes ¹⁰	No
Arizona	No	No ¹⁸	Yes ¹⁸	No	No
Arkansas	Yes ¹⁸	Yes	Yes ¹⁸	Yes ¹⁸	Yes ¹⁸
California CSPP	Yes	Yes	Yes	No	No
California TK	Yes	Yes ¹⁷	Yes	Yes	Yes ¹⁷
Colorado	Yes	No	Yes	No	No
Connecticut CDCC	Yes	Yes ¹⁴	Yes	Yes	Yes ¹⁴
Connecticut SR	Yes	Yes ¹⁴	Yes	Yes	Yes ¹⁴
Connecticut Smart Start	Yes	Yes ¹³	Yes	Yes	Yes ¹³
Delaware	Yes	Yes	Yes ¹⁶	Yes	No
District of Columbia	Yes	No	Yes	Yes	No
Florida	No	Yes ⁹	No	No	No No
Georgia	No	No	No	Yes	Yes ¹⁴
Hawaii	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	No
Illinois	Yes	Yes ¹²	Yes	Yes	Yes ¹²
Iowa Shared Visions	Yes ¹⁹	No ¹⁹	No	Yes ¹⁹	No
Iowa SWVPP	No	No	No	Yes ¹⁷	No
Kansas Preschool Pilot	No	No	Yes ¹²	Yes	No ¹²
Kansas State Pre-K	No	No	Yes ¹³	Yes	No ¹³
Kentucky	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes ¹⁸	Yes ¹⁸
Louisiana 8(g)	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes ¹¹
Louisiana LA 4	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes ¹⁰
Louisiana NSECD	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes ⁹
Maine	Yes	Yes	Yes	No	No
Maryland	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	No
Massachusetts UPK	No ¹⁵	No	No ¹⁵	Yes	Yes ¹⁵
Massachusetts Ch 70	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	No
Michigan	No	No	No	Yes	Yes ¹⁴
Minnesota HdSt	Yes	Yes	Yes	No	No
Minnesota VPK/SRP	No	Yes	Yes	Yes	No
Mississippi	No	Yes	No	Yes ¹⁰	No
Missouri	No	No	Yes	Yes	No
Montana	Yes ¹²	No	Yes ¹²	Yes	Yes ¹²
Nebraska	Yes	No	No	No	No
Nevada	Yes	Yes	Yes	No	No
New Jersey Abbott	No	No	No	Yes	No
New Jersey ECPA	No	No	No	Yes	No
New Jersey ELLI	No	No	No No	Yes	No No
New Mexico	Yes	Yes	Yes ¹⁶	Yes	Yes ¹⁶
New York	Yes	Yes ¹⁰	No	Yes	Yes ¹⁰
North Carolina	Yes	Yes	Yes ¹⁵	Yes	Yes ¹⁵
North Dakota	No	No	No	No	No
Ohio	Yes	No	Yes	No	Yes ¹¹
Oklahoma	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes ¹⁰
Oregon HdSt	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	No
Oregon Preschool Promise	No	No	No	Yes	No
Pennsylvania RTL	No	No	No	No	No
Pennsylvania HSSAP	No	No	No	No	No
Pennsylvania K4 & SBPK	No	No	No	No	No
Pennsylvania PKC	No	No	No	Yes	Yes ¹³
Rhode Island	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	No
South Carolina	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	No
Tennessee	Yes	Yes	Yes ²¹	Yes ²¹	No ²¹
Texas	No	No	No	No	No
Vermont	Yes	No	Yes ¹⁶	No	Yes ¹⁶
	Yes	Yes	Yes	No	No
Virginia	Yes ¹⁵				
Washington		Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes ¹⁵
West Virginia	No	Yes	Yes	Yes	No
Wisconsin 4K	Yes	Yes ¹⁸	Yes ¹⁸	No	Yes ¹⁸
Wisconsin HdSt	No	Yes ¹⁹	No	No	Yes ¹⁹
Guam	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	No

STATE	Is there a system to ensure curricula are being implemented with fidelity?
Alabama	Yes, ongoing monitoring, coaching, and training is provided by OSR ²⁰
Alaska	No
Arizona	No
Arkansas	Yes, the state requires programs to establish a system to ensure that curricula are being implemented with fidelity
California CSPP	No
California TK	Determined locally
Colorado	No No
Connecticut CDCC	No ¹⁵
Connecticut SR	No ¹⁵
Connecticut Smart Start	No ¹⁴
Delaware	Yes, the state has a system to ensure that curricula are being implemented with fidelity ¹⁷
District of Columbia	Yes, the state requires programs to establish a system to ensure that curricula are being implemented with fidelity
Florida	Yes, the state requires programs to establish a system to ensure that curricula are being implemented with fidelity ¹⁰
Georgia	Yes, the state has a system to ensure that curricula are being implemented with fidelity
Hawaii	No ¹⁴
llinois	Yes, the state has a system to ensure that curricula are being implemented with fidelity
owa Shared Visions	Yes, AEAs provide training and support for curriculum adoption, implementation, and guidance for fidelity ²⁰
owa SWVPP	Yes, AEAs provide training and support for curriculum adoption, implementation, and guidance for fidelity ¹⁷
Kansas Preschool Pilot	No
Kansas State Pre-K	No
Kentucky	Yes, the state has a system to ensure that curricula are being implemented with fidelity ²⁰
Louisiana 8(g)	Yes, other ¹²
Louisiana LA 4	Yes, other ¹¹
Louisiana NSECD	Yes, other ¹⁰
Maine	Yes, the state requires programs to establish a system to ensure that curricula are being implemented with fidelity
Maryland	Determined locally
Massachusetts UPK	No No
Massachusetts Ch 70	No, fidelity of curriculum implementation is monitored locally
	·
Michigan	Yes, through monitoring and coaching ¹⁵
Minnesota HdSt	Yes, the state has a system to ensure that curricula are being implemented with fidelity
Minnesota VPK/SRP	No ²²
Mississippi	Yes, the state has a system to ensure that curricula are being implemented with fidelity ¹¹
Missouri	No ¹³
Montana	No
Nebraska	No
Nevada	No ²⁶
New Jersey Abbott	Yes, the state requires programs to establish a system to ensure that curricula are being implemented with fidelity
New Jersey ECPA	No
New Jersey ELLI	No
New Mexico	Yes, consultation, coaching, and monitoring system ¹⁷
New York	Yes, curricula are reviewed and discussed through periodic monitoring of programs
North Carolina	Yes, through teacher training and monitoring ¹⁶
North Dakota	No
Ohio	No No
Onio Oklahoma	No ¹¹
<u> </u>	
Oregon HdSt	No No
Oregon Preschool Promise	No ²⁰
Pennsylvania RTL	No
Pennsylvania HSSAP	No
Pennsylvania K4 & SBPK	No
Pennsylvania PKC	No
Rhode Island	Yes, through written frameworks, observations, and interviews ¹²
South Carolina	Yes, the state has a system to ensure that curricula are being implemented with fidelity ¹⁶
[ennessee	No ²²
Texas	No
Vermont	Yes, the state has a system to ensure that curricula are being implemented with fidelity ¹⁷
Virginia	No
Washington	Yes, the state has a system to ensure that curricula are being implemented with fidelity ¹⁶
West Virginia	Yes, the state requires programs to establish a system to ensure that curricula are being implemented with fidelity
Wisconsin 4K	No No
Wisconsin HdSt	No No
Guam	No

STATE	Comprehensive curricula approved for use in state preschool
Alabama	None ²¹
Alaska	None
Arizona	None
Arkansas	Comprehensive Preschool Program; Core Knowledge; Creative Curriculum; Curiosity Corner; DLM Early Childhood Express; Frog Street; High Reach; HighScope; Houghton Mifflin Harcourt PreK Education; InvestiGator Club; Montessori; Opening the World of Learning (OWL); Pebble Soup; PreschoolFirst; Project Approach; Reggio Emilia Inspired; Scholastic Early Childhood Curriculum
California CSPP	None ¹⁸
California TK	None ¹⁸
Colorado	None
Connecticut CDCC	None
Connecticut SR	None
Connecticut Smart Start	None
Delaware	Core Knowledge; Creative Curriculum; HighScope; InvestiGator Club; Montessori; Opening the World of Learning (OWL); Other curriculum ¹⁸
District of Columbia	Core Knowledge; Creative Curriculum; Frog Street; HighScope; Montessori; Opening the World of Learning (OWL); Tools of the Mind; Locally developed; Other curriculum ¹⁷
Florida	Beyond Centers and Circle Time; Big Day for Pre-K; Creative Curriculum; DLM Early Childhood Express; The Empowered Child; Frog Street; Galileo Pre-K Online Curriculum; HighScope; InvestiGator Club; Journey Pre-Kindergarten Curriculum; Learn Every Day and Nemours Bright Start; Let's Begin with the Letter People Comprehensive Program; LifeSmart Curriculum; Little Treasures; Splash into Pre-K
Georgia	Big Day for Pre-K; Creative Curriculum; Frog Street; High Reach; HighScope; InvestiGator Club; Montessori; Opening the World of Learning (OWL); Locally developed; Alpha Skills Pre-K; Beyond Centers and Circle Time; DIG; Galileo; We Can; Wings
Hawaii	None
Illinois	Curricula must be aligned with IELDS ¹³
Iowa Shared Visions	None ²⁰
Iowa SWVPP	None
Kansas Preschool Pilot	None
Kansas State Pre-K	None
Kentucky	None ²¹
Louisiana 8(g)	Abrams Learning Trends - DIG Develop. Inspire. Grow. ECE Ages 3-4; Big Day for Pre-K; Children's Literacy Initiative - Blueprint for Early Literacy, ECE Ages 3-4; Creative Curriculum; Frog Street; Great Minds - Eureka Math, ECE Ages 3-4; InvestiGator Club; Opening the World of Learning (OWL); Voyager Sopris Learning, Inc We Can Early Learning Curriculum, ECE 3-4
Louisiana LA 4	Abrams Learning Trends - DIG Develop. Inspire. Grow. ECE Ages 3-4; Big Day for Pre-K; Children's Literacy Initiative - Blueprint for Early Literacy, ECE Ages 3-4; Creative Curriculum; Frog Street; Great Minds - Eureka Math, ECE Ages 3-4; InvestiGator Club; Opening the World of Learning (OWL); Voyager Sopris Learning, Inc We Can Early Learning Curriculum, ECE 3-4
Louisiana NSECD	Abrams Learning Trends - DIG Develop. Inspire. Grow. ECE Ages 3-4; Big Day for Pre-K; Children's Literacy Initiative - Blueprint for Early Literacy, ECE Ages 3-4; Creative Curriculum; Frog Street; Great Minds - Eureka Math, ECE Ages 3-4; InvestiGator Club; Opening the World of Learning (OWL); Voyager Sopris Learning, Inc We Can Early Learning Curriculum, ECE 3-4
Maine	None
Maryland	Big Day for Pre-K; Core Knowledge; Creative Curriculum; Curiosity Corner; Frog Street; High Reach; HighScope; InvestiGator Club; Montessori; Opening the World of Learning (OWL); Tools of the Mind; Locally developed; Other curriculum ¹⁵
Massachusetts UPK	None
Massachusetts Ch 70	None
Michigan	Connect4Learning; Creative Curriculum; HighScope; Montessori; Project Approach; Reggio Emilia; Tools of the Mind
Minnesota HdSt	Big Day for Pre-K; Core Knowledge; Creative Curriculum; Curiosity Corner; Frog Street; High Reach; HighScope; InvestiGator Club; Montessori; Opening the World of Learning (OWL); Locally developed; Other curricula ²⁰
Minnesota VPK/SRP	Big Day for Pre-K; Core Knowledge; Creative Curriculum; Curiosity Corner; High Reach; HighScope; InvestiGator Club; Montessori; Opening the World of Learning (OWL); Tools of the Mind; Locally developed; Other curricula ²³
Mississippi	Big Day for Pre-K; Creative Curriculum; Frog Street; Galileo; Opening the World of Learning (OWL) ¹²
Missouri	Creative Curriculum; Emerging Language & Literacy Curriculum; Foundations of Project Construct; HighScope
Montana	None
Nebraska	None
Nevada	None

New Jersey Abbott New Jersey ECPA New Jersey ELLI	Creative Curriculum; Curiosity Corner; HighScope; Tools of the Mind ¹¹ Creative Curriculum; Curiosity Corner; HighScope; Tools of the Mind ⁹ Creative Curriculum; Curiosity Corner; HighScope; Tools of the Mind ¹² None ¹⁸
New Jersey ELLI	Creative Curriculum; Curiosity Corner; HighScope; Tools of the Mind ¹²
	, , , , , , ,
N M :	None ¹⁸
New Mexico	
New York	None
North Carolina	Big Day for Pre-K; Creative Curriculum; Curiosity Corner; Frog Street; High Reach; HighScope; InvestiGator Club; Opening the World of Learning (OWL); Tools of the Mind; Other curriculum ¹⁷
North Dakota	None
Ohio	None
Oklahoma	Big Day for Pre-K; Core Knowledge; Frog Street; Creative Curriculum
Oregon HdSt	None
Oregon Preschool Promise	Creative Curriculum; Developmental Learning Materials; HighScope; Opening the World of Learning (OWL); The Creative Curriculum for Family Child Care (2nd ed.); The Scholastic Curriculum for Family Child Care (2nd ed.) ²²
Pennsylvania RTL Crea	ative Curriculum; Curiosity Corner; Frog Street; High Reach; HighScope; InvestiGator Club; Opening the World of Learning (OWL); Tools of the Mind; Locally developed; Other curriculum ⁸
Pennsylvania HSSAP Big Day	y for Pre-K; Creative Curriculum; Curiosity Corner; Frog Street; HighScope; InvestiGator Club; Opening the World of Learning (OWL); Tools of the Mind; Locally developed; Other curriculum ⁸
Pennsylvania K4 & SBPK Crea	ative Curriculum; Curiosity Corner; Frog Street; High Reach; HighScope; InvestiGator Club; Opening the World of Learning (OWL); Tools of the Mind; Locally developed; Other curriculum ⁸
Pennsylvania PKC	Big Day for Pre-K; Creative Curriculum; Curiosity Corner; Frog Street; High Reach; HighScope; InvestiGator Club; Opening the World of Learning (OWL); Tools of the Mind; Locally developed ¹⁴
Rhode Island Big	B Day for Pre-K; Core Knowledge; Creative Curriculum; Curiosity Corner; Frog Street; High Reach; HighScope; InvestiGator Club; Montessori; Opening the World of Learning (OWL); Tools of the Mind; Locally developed
South Carolina	Big Day for Pre-K; Creative Curriculum; HighScope; InvestiGator Club; Montessori; Worlds of Wonder ¹⁷
Tennessee	Big Day for Pre-K; Creative Curriculum; Connect 4 Learning ²¹
Texas	Big Day for Pre-K; Frog Street; HighScope; Opening the World of Learning (OWL); Locally developed ¹¹
Vermont	None ¹⁸
Virginia	None ¹⁰
Washington	Creative Curriculum; HighScope; Other curriculum ¹⁵
West Virginia	Creative Curriculum; High Reach; HighScope
Wisconsin 4K	None
Wisconsin HdSt	None
Guam	Locally developed

STATE	Subject-specific curricula approved for use in state preschool
Alabama	None ²¹
Alaska	None
Arizona	None
urkansas	None ¹⁹
California CSPP	None ¹⁸
California TK	Determined locally
Colorado	None
Connecticut CDCC	None
Connecticut SR	None
Connecticut Smart Start	None
Delaware	Yes ¹⁸
District of Columbia	None
lorida	None
Beorgia	None ¹⁵
ławaii 	None
linois	None
owa Shared Visions	Determined locally ²⁰
owa SWVPP	None
Cansas Preschool Pilot	None
ansas State Pre-K	None Determined levelly 21
entucky	Determined locally ²¹ Yes: Blueprint for Early Literacy, ECE Ages 3-4; Great Minds - Eureka Math, ECE Ages 3-4
ouisiana 8(g)	
ouisiana LA 4 ouisiana NSECD	Yes: Blueprint for Early Literacy, ECE Ages 3-4; Great Minds - Eureka Math, ECE Ages 3-4 Yes: Blueprint for Early Literacy, ECE Ages 3-4; Great Minds - Eureka Math, ECE Ages 3-4
Maine	None
Maryland	None
Massachusetts UPK	None
Massachusetts Ch 70	None
1ichigan	None
Minnesota HdSt	None
// // // // // // // // // // // // //	No ²⁴
Mississippi	None
Missouri	None
Montana	None
Vebraska	None
levada	None
New Jersey Abbott	None
New Jersey ECPA	None
lew Jersey ELLI	None
lew Mexico	Determined locally ¹⁸
lew York	None
Iorth Carolina	None
North Dakota	None
Dhio	None
Oklahoma	Yes: Pre-K Alpha Friends (HMH) - Literacy Curriculum
Dregon HdSt	None
Oregon Preschool Promise	None
ennsylvania RTL	Yes ⁸
ennsylvania HSSAP	Yes ⁸
ennsylvania K4 & SBPK	Yes ⁸
ennsylvania PKC	Yes ¹⁴
thode Island	None
outh Carolina	Yes ¹⁸
ennessee	None
exas	None
/ermont	Determined locally ¹⁸
/irginia	None
Vashington	None
Vest Virginia	None
Visconsin 4K	None
Visconsin HdSt	None
Guam	Yes: Language Arts/Literacy, Mathematical Thinking, Scientific Thinking, Physical Development & Health; The Arts; Chamorro Language; Food Friends & Mighty Moves Program ⁵

STATE	Minimum lead teacher degree requirement		
Alabama	BA (public and nonpublic) ²²		
Alaska	BA (public); None (nonpublic) ¹¹		
Arizona	25% of Lead Teachers and Administrators must have 12 ECE credits or a Certificate of Completion in ECE or CD, or a CDA (public and nonpublic a		
Arkansas	BA (public); AA beyond the first classroom at a site (nonpublic) ²⁰		
California CSPP	California Child Development Associate Teacher Permit (public and nonpublic)19		
California TK	BA (public) ¹⁹		
Colorado	CDA (public and nonpublic) ¹⁴		
Connecticut CDCC	CDA plus 12 Early Childhood credits (nonpublic) ¹⁶		
Connecticut SR	CDA plus 12 Early Childhood credits (public and nonpublic) ¹⁶		
Connecticut Smart Start	BA (public)		
Delaware	BA (public); AA (nonpublic) ¹⁹		
District of Columbia	BA (DCPS and CBO); Determined locally (PCS) ¹⁸		
Florida	BA (summer); CDA or equivalent plus specified training (school year) ¹¹		
Georgia	BA (public and nonpublic) ¹⁶		
Hawaii	BA (public)		
Illinois	BA (public and nonpublic)		
Iowa Shared Visions	BA (public); AA (nonpublic) ²¹		
Iowa SWVPP	BA (public and nonpublic) ¹⁸		
Kansas Preschool Pilot	BA (public and nonpublic) ¹³		
Kansas State Pre-K	BA (public and nonpublic) ¹⁴		
Kentucky	BA (public and nonpublic) ²²		
Louisiana 8(g)	BA (public)		
Louisiana LA 4	BA (public) ¹²		
Louisiana NSECD	BA (nonpublic)		
Maine	BA (public and nonpublic) ¹³		
Maryland	BA (public and nonpublic)		
Massachusetts UPK	BA (public); High school diploma or equivalent (nonpublic) ¹⁶		
Massachusetts Ch 70	BA (public)		
Michigan	BA (public and nonpublic) ¹⁶		
Minnesota HdSt	AA (public and nonpublic) ²¹		
Minnesota VPK/SRP	Other (public and nonpublic) ²⁵		
Mississippi	BA (public and nonpublic) ¹³		
Missouri	BA (public and nonpublic)		
Montana	BA (public and nonpublic) ¹³		
Nebraska	BA (public and nonpublic)		
Nevada	BA (public and nonpublic)		
New Jersey Abbott	BA (public and nonpublic)		
New Jersey ECPA	BA (public and nonpublic)		
New Jersey ELLI	BA (public and nonpublic)		
New Mexico	BA (public); High school diploma or equivalent (nonpublic) ¹⁹		
New York	MA (public); BA (nonpublic) ¹¹		
North Carolina	BA (public and nonpublic) ¹⁸		
North Dakota	BA (public and nonpublic) ¹¹		
Ohio	AA (public and nonpublic) ¹²		
Oklahoma	BA (public) ¹²		
Oregon HdSt	AA (public and nonpublic) ⁸		
Oregon Preschool Promis	se CDA (public and nonpublic) ²²		
Pennsylvania RTL	BA (public); AA (nonpublic)		
Pennsylvania HSSAP	AA (public and nonpublic) ⁹		
Pennsylvania K4 & SBPK	BA (public and nonpublic)		
Pennsylvania PKC	BA (public and nonpublic) ¹⁵		
Rhode Island	BA (public and nonpublic) ¹³		
South Carolina	BA (public); AA (nonpublic)		
Tennessee	BA (public and nonpublic)		
Texas	BA (public and nonpublic)		
Vermont	BA (public); BA for one teacher per center (nonpublic) ¹⁹		
Virginia	BA (public); High school diploma or equivalent (nonpublic) ¹¹		
Washington	AA (public and nonpublic) ¹⁷		
West Virginia	BA (public and nonpublic) ¹⁶		
Wisconsin 4K	BA (public and nonpublic) ¹⁹		
Wisconsin HdSt	AA (nonpublic) ²⁰		
Guam	AA (public)		

STATE	Required lead teacher degree specialization	
Alabama	Early Childhood Education, Child Development, Preschool Special Education (public and nonpublic) ²²	
Alaska	Early Childhood Education, Elementary Education, Preschool Special Education (public); None (nonpublic) ¹²	
Arizona	25% of Lead Teachers and Administrators must have 12 ECE credits or a Certificate of Completion in ECE or CD, or a CDA (public and nonpublic) ¹¹	
Arkansas	Early Childhood Education, Child Development, Elementary Education, Preschool Special Education, Special Education (public and nonpublic) ²⁰	
California CSPP	Early Childhood Education, Child Development (public and nonpublic) ¹⁹	
California TK	Early Childhood Education, Child Development, Elementary Education (public) ¹⁹	
Colorado	None (public and nonpublic) ¹⁴	
Connecticut CDCC	Early Childhood Education, Child Development, Preschool Special Education (nonpublic)16	
Connecticut SR	Early Childhood Education, Child Development, Preschool Special Education (public and nonpublic)16	
Connecticut Smart Start	State Department of Education certification (public) ¹⁵	
Delaware	Early Childhood Education, Child Development, Preschool Special Education (public and nonpublic) ¹⁹	
District of Columbia	Elementary Education (DCPS); Early Childhood Education, Child Development (CBO); Determined locally (PCS) ¹⁸	
Florida	Early Childhood Education, Prekindergarten, Primary Education, Preschool Education, Family and Consumer Science, or certification in any area (summer); CDA (school year) ¹¹	
Georgia	Early Childhood Education, Child Development, Elementary Education, Preschool Special Education, Special Education (public and nonpublic) ¹⁶	
Hawaii	Elementary Education (public) ¹⁵	
Illinois	Early Childhood Education, Special Education (public and nonpublic)	
Iowa Shared Visions	Early Childhood Education, Child Development, Elementary Education, Preschool Special Education (public and nonpublic) ²¹	
Iowa SWVPP	Early Childhood Education, Child Development, Elementary Education, Preschool Special Education, Special Education (public and nonpublic) ¹⁸	
Kansas Preschool Pilot	Early Childhood Education, Child Development, Elementary Education (public and nonpublic)	
Kansas State Pre-K	Early Childhood Education, Child Development, Elementary Education (public and nonpublic)	
Kentucky	Early Childhood Education, Child Development, Preschool Special Education, Other (public and nonpublic) ²²	
Louisiana 8(g)	None (public)	
Louisiana LA 4	None (public)	
Louisiana NSECD	None (nonpublic)	
Maine	Early Childhood Education (public and nonpublic) ¹³	
Maryland	Early Childhood Education (public and nonpublic)	
Massachusetts UPK	None (public and nonpublic) ¹⁶	
Massachusetts Ch 70	Early Childhood Education, Child Development, Elementary Education, Preschool Special Education (public) ¹⁵	
	Early Childhood Education, Child Development, Elementary Education, Preschool Special Education (public) ¹⁶	
Michigan Minnesota HdSt		
	Early Childhood Education, Child Development, Preschool Special Education (public and nonpublic) ²¹	
Minnesota VPK/SRP	Other (public and nonpublic) ²⁵	
Mississippi	Early Childhood Education, Child Development, Elementary Education (public and nonpublic) ¹³	
Missouri	Early Childhood Education, Child Development, Preschool Special Education, Other (public and nonpublic) ¹⁴	
Montana Nebraska	Elementary Education (public); 20 credits in Early Childhood Education (nonpublic) ¹³	
	Early Childhood Education, Preschool Special Education (public and nonpublic) ¹³	
Nevada	Early Childhood Education (public and nonpublic)	
New Jersey Abbott	Early Childhood Education (public and nonpublic) ¹²	
New Jersey ECPA	Early Childhood Education (public and nonpublic) ¹⁰	
New Jersey ELLI	Early Childhood Education (public and nonpublic) ¹³	
New Mexico	Early Childhood Education (public); None (nonpublic) ¹⁹	
New York	Early Childhood Education, Child Development, Elementary Education, Preschool Special Education, Special Education (public and nonpublic)	
North Carolina	Early Childhood Education, Child Development (public and nonpublic) ¹⁸ Early Childhood Education, Elementary Education with Kindergarten Credential (public); Child Development,	
North Dakota	Elementary Education with Kindergarten Credential (nonpublic) ¹²	
Ohio	Early Childhood Education, Child Development, Elementary Education, Preschool Special Education, Special Education (public); Early Childhood Education, Child Development (nonpublic) ¹²	
Oklahoma	Early Childhood Education (public) ¹²	
Oregon HdSt	Early Childhood Education (public and nonpublic) ⁸	
Oregon Preschool Promise		
Pennsylvania RTL	None (public and nonpublic)	
Pennsylvania HSSAP	None (public and nonpublic) ⁹	
Pennsylvania K4 & SBPK	Early Childhood Education, Elementary Education (public); Early Childhood Education (nonpublic)	
Pennsylvania PKC	Early Childhood Education (public and nonpublic) ¹⁵	
Rhode Island	Early Childhood Education (public and nonpublic)	
South Carolina	Early Childhood Education (public); Early Childhood Education, Child Development (nonpublic) ¹⁹ Early Childhood Education, Child Development, Proschool Special Education (public and population)	
Tennessee	Early Childhood Education, Child Development, Preschool Special Education (public and nonpublic)	
Texas Vermont	None (public and nonpublic) Early Childhood Education, Child Development, Elementary Education, Preschool Special Education (public);	
	Early Childhood Education, Child Development (nonpublic)	
Virginia	Early Childhood Education, Child Development (public and nonpublic) ¹¹	
Washington	Early Childhood Education, Child Development, Preschool Special Education (public and nonpublic) ¹⁷	
West Virginia	Early Childhood Education, Child Development, Preschool Special Education (public); Early Childhood Education, Child Development, Preschool Special Education, Other (nonpublic) ¹⁶	
Wisconsin 4K	Early Childhood Education, Elementary Education (public and nonpublic) ¹⁹	
Wisconsin HdSt	Early Childhood Education, Elementary Education (nonpublic) ²⁰	
Guam	Early Childhood Education (public)	
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STATE	Required lead teacher credentials/licenses/endorsements		
Alabama	Pre-K, Kindergarten, Birth - 3rd grade (public); None (nonpublic) ²²		
Alaska	Pre-K, Kindergarten, 3 years to K, Pre-K - K, Pre-K - 2nd grade, Pre-K - 3rd grade, Pre-K - 4th grade, Pre-K - 6th grade, Pre-K - 8th grade, Birth - K, Birth - 3rd grade, K-3rd grade, K-6th grade, K-8th grade, Elementary Education with ECE endorsement, Preschool Special Education (public); None (nonpublic) ¹²		
Arizona	25% of Lead Teachers and Administrators must have 12 ECE credits or a Certificate of Completion in ECE or CD, or a CDA (public and nonpublic) ¹⁵		
Arkansas	Pre-K - 4th grade, Birth - K, Elementary Education with ECE endorsement (public); 9 college credits (or more) in ECE (nonpublic) ²¹		
California CSPP	Pre-K, Nursery, 9 college credits (or more) in ECE, California Child Development Associate Teacher Permit (public and nonpublic) ¹⁹		
California TK	Pre-K - 3rd grade, K-3rd grade, K-8th grade, Bilingual, Other (public) ¹⁹		
Colorado	CDA, Other (public and nonpublic) ¹⁴		
Connecticut CDCC	CDA plus 12 college credits in ECE (nonpublic) ¹⁶		
Connecticut SR	CDA plus 12 college credits in ECE (public and nonpublic) ¹⁶		
Connecticut Smart Start	Pre-K, Pre-K - K, Pre-K - 3rd grade, Pre-K - 6th grade, Pre-K - 8th grade, Birth - K, K-3rd grade, Special Education, Preschool Special Education (public) ¹⁵		
Delaware	9 college credits (or more) in ECE (public and nonpublic) ¹⁹		
District of Columbia	State licensure (DCPS); 9 college credits (or more) in ECE (CBO); Determined locally (PCS) ¹⁸		
Florida	Early Childhood Education, Prekindergarten, Primary Education, Preschool Education, Family and Consumer Science, or certification in any area (summer); CDA (school year) ¹¹		
Georgia	Pre-K, 3 years to K, Pre-K - K, Pre-K - 2nd grade, Pre-K - 3rd grade, Pre-K - 4th grade, Pre-K - 6th grade, Pre-K - 8th grade, Birth - K, Birth - 3rd grade, Elementary Education with ECE endorsement, Preschool Special Education (public and nonpublic) ¹⁶		
Hawaii	K-6th grade (public) ¹⁵		
Illinois	Birth - 3rd grade, Preschool Special Education, Bilingual (public and nonpublic)		
Iowa Shared Visions	Pre-K, Pre-K - K, Pre-K - 3rd grade, Birth - K, Birth - 3rd grade, Elementary Education with ECE endorsement, Preschool Special Education, Other (public and nonpublic) ²¹		
Iowa SWVPP	Pre-K, Pre-K - K, Pre-K - 3rd grade, Birth - K, Birth - 3rd grade (public and nonpublic) ¹⁸		
Kansas Preschool Pilot	Pre-K, Birth - K, Birth - 3rd grade, Preschool Special Education, Elementary Education, K-6, K-9 (public and nonpublic)		
Kansas State Pre-K	Pre-K, Birth - K, Birth - 3rd grade, Preschool Special Education, Elementary Education, K-6, K-9 (public and nonpublic)		
Kentucky	Interdisciplinary Early Childhood Education, Pre-K, Nursery, Kindergarten, 3 years to K, Pre-K - K, Birth - K, Preschool Special Education (public and nonpublic) ²²		
Louisiana 8(g)	Pre-K, Nursery, Kindergarten, 3 years to K, Pre-K - 3rd grade (public) ¹³		
Louisiana LA 4	Pre-K, Nursery, Kindergarten, Pre-K - 3rd grade, Elementary Education with ECE endorsement, Preschool Special Education, Other (public) ¹²		
Louisiana NSECD	Pre-K, Nursery, Kindergarten, Pre-K - 3rd grade, Elementary Education with ECE endorsement, Preschool Special Education, Other (nonpublic) ¹¹		
Maine	Pre-K, Elementary Education with ECE endorsement (public and nonpublic) ¹³		
Maryland	Pre-K - 3rd grade (public and nonpublic)		
Massachusetts UPK	Pre-K - 3rd grade, Elementary Education with ECE endorsement, Preschool Special Education (public); 9 college credits (or more) in ECE (nonpublic) ¹⁶		
Massachusetts Ch 70	Pre-K - 2nd grade (public)		
Michigan	K-8th grade, Elementary Education with ECE endorsement, Other (public and nonpublic) ¹⁶		
Minnesota HdSt	Other (public and nonpublic) ²¹		
Minnesota VPK/SRP	Other (public and nonpublic) ²⁵		
Mississippi	Pre-K, Nursery, Pre-K - K, Pre-K - 3rd grade, Pre-K - 4th grade, Pre-K - 6th grade, K-3rd grade, K-6th grade, K-8th grade, Elementary Education with ECE endorsement, CDA, 9 college credits (or more) in ECE, Other (public and nonpublic) ¹³		
Missouri	Birth - 3rd grade (public and nonpublic) ¹⁴		
Montana	Pre-K - 3rd grade (public); None (nonpublic)		
Nebraska	3 years to K, Birth - K, Birth - 3rd grade, Elementary Education with ECE endorsement, Preschool Special Education (public and nonpublic) ¹³		
Nevada	Birth - 3rd grade, Elementary Education with ECE endorsement (public and nonpublic)		

STATE	Required teacher credentials/licenses/endorsements	
New Jersey Abbott	Nursery, Pre-K - 3rd grade, Special Education, Other (public and nonpublic)12	
New Jersey ECPA	Nursery, Pre-K - 3rd grade, Special Education, Other (public and nonpublic) ¹⁰	
New Jersey ELLI	Nursery, Pre-K - 3rd grade, Special Education, Other (public and nonpublic) ¹³	
New Mexico	Pre-K - 3rd grade, Birth - 3rd grade (public); None (nonpublic) ¹⁹	
New York	Pre-K, Pre-K - 2nd grade, Pre-K - 3rd grade, Birth - 3rd grade (public and nonpublic) ¹¹	
North Carolina	Pre-K, Pre-K - K, Birth - K (public and nonpublic) ¹⁸	
North Dakota	Kindergarten, Pre-K - K, Birth - 3rd grade, Elementary Education with ECE endorsement (public); CDA (nonpublic)	
Ohio	Pre-K, Pre-K - 3rd grade, K-3rd grade, K-8th grade, 9 college credits (or more) in ECE (public and nonpublic) ¹²	
Oklahoma	Elementary Education with ECE endorsement (public) ¹²	
Oregon HdSt	Pre-K (public and nonpublic) ⁸	
Oregon Preschool Promise	CDA, CDA plus 9 college credits (or more) in ECE (public); CDA (nonpublic) ²²	
Pennsylvania RTL	Pre-K - 4th grade, Birth - 3rd grade (public and nonpublic)	
Pennsylvania HSSAP	Pre-K - 4th grade, Birth - 3rd grade (public and nonpublic)	
Pennsylvania K4 & SBPK	Pre-K - 4th grade, K-6th grade (public); Pre-K - 4th grade, Birth - 3rd grade (nonpublic) ⁹	
Pennsylvania PKC	Pre-K - 4th grade, Birth - 3rd grade (public and nonpublic) ¹⁵	
Rhode Island	Pre-K - 2nd grade (public and nonpublic) ¹³	
South Carolina	Pre-K - 3rd grade (public); Other (nonpublic) ²⁰	
Tennessee	Pre-K, 3 years to K, Pre-K - K, Pre-K - 3rd grade, Birth - K, Birth - 3rd grade, Elementary Education with ECE endorsement, Preschool Special Education (public); Pre-K, 3 years to K, Pre-K - K, Birth - K, Birth - 3rd grade, Preschool Special Education (nonpubl	
Texas	Pre-K - 6th grade (public and nonpublic)	
Vermont	Pre-K, 3 years to K, Pre-K - K, Pre-K - 3rd grade, Birth - K, Birth - 3rd grade, K-3rd grade, Elementary Education with ECE endorsement, Preschool Special Education (public); Pre-K, 3 years to K, Pre-K - K, Pre-K - 2nd grade, Pre-K - 3rd grade, Birth - K, Birth - 3rd grade, K-3rd grade, Elementary Education with ECE endorsement, Preschool Special Education (nonpublic) ²⁰	
Virginia	Pre-K - 3rd grade, Pre-K - 6th grade (public); Other (nonpublic) ¹¹	
Washington	Pre-K, Pre-K - 3rd grade, Birth - 3rd grade, Elementary Education with ECE endorsement, Preschool Special Education (public and nonpublic) ¹⁷	
West Virginia	Pre-K, Nursery, Pre-K - K, Pre-K - 4th grade, Elementary Education with ECE endorsement, Preschool Special Education (public); Pre-K, Nursery, Pre-K - K, Pre-K - 4th grade, Elementary Education with ECE endorsement, Preschool Special Education, Community Program Permanent Authorization (nonpublic) ¹⁶	
Wisconsin 4K	Pre-K - 3rd grade, Birth - 3rd grade, Elementary Education with ECE endorsement (public and nonpublic)	
Wisconsin HdSt	Other (nonpublic) ²⁰	
Guam	Pre-K, Pre-K - 2nd grade (public)	

STATE	Minimum assistant teacher degree requirement		
Alabama	CDA or 9 college credits in ECE/CD (public and nonpublic)		
Alaska	High School Diploma or Equivalent, working towards CDA or Equivalent (public and nonpublic)13		
Arizona	High School Diploma or Equivalent (public and nonpublic) ²⁰		
Arkansas	CDA (public and nonpublic) ²²		
California CSPP	High School Diploma or Equivalent (public and nonpublic) ²⁰		
California TK	High School Diploma or Equivalent (public) ²⁰		
Colorado	Other (public and nonpublic) ¹⁵		
Connecticut CDCC	Other (nonpublic) ¹⁷		
Connecticut SR	High School Diploma or Equivalent (public); None (nonpublic) ¹⁷		
Connecticut Smart Start	High School Diploma or Equivalent (public)		
Delaware	High School Diploma or Equivalent (public); working towards CDA or Equivalent (nonpublic) ²⁰		
District of Columbia	CDA (DCPS); AA (CBO); Determined locally (PCS)		
Florida	None (public and nonpublic) ¹²		
Georgia	CDA (public and nonpublic) ¹⁷		
Hawaii	Associates Degree or equivalent as determined by the Department of Education (public) ¹⁶		
Illinois	Educator License (public and nonpublic) ¹⁴		
Iowa Shared Visions	High School Diploma or Equivalent (public and nonpublic) ²²		
Iowa SWVPP	Depends on overseeing agency (public and nonpublic) ¹⁹		
Kansas Preschool Pilot	High School Diploma or Equivalent (public and nonpublic) ¹⁴		
Kansas State Pre-K	High School Diploma or Equivalent (public and nonpublic) ¹⁵		
Kentucky	High School Diploma or Equivalent (public and nonpublic) ²³		
Louisiana 8(g)	High School Diploma or Equivalent (public) ¹⁴		
Louisiana LA 4	Other (public) ¹³		
Louisiana NSECD	CDA (nonpublic) ¹²		
Maine	Educational Technician II (public and nonpublic) ¹⁴		
Maryland	High School Diploma or Equivalent (public and nonpublic) ¹⁶		
Massachusetts UPK	Other (public and nonpublic) ¹⁷		
Massachusetts Ch 70	Determined locally (public)		
Michigan	CDA (public and nonpublic) ¹⁷		
Minnesota HdSt	CDA (public and nonpublic) ²²		
Minnesota VPK/SRP	Other (public and nonpublic) ²⁶		
Mississippi	Associate's Degree (public and nonpublic) ¹⁴		
Missouri	CDA, AA in ECE or CD, or 60 college hours (including 3 in ECE or CD) (public and nonpublic) ¹⁵		
Montana	Other (public and nonpublic) ¹⁴		
Nebraska	6 semester hours of credit in CD or ECE, or equivalent in prior training and experience (public and nonpublic) ¹⁴		
Nevada	High School Diploma or Equivalent (public and nonpublic)		
New Jersey Abbott	High School Diploma or Equivalent (public and nonpublic) ¹³		
New Jersey ECPA	High School Diploma or Equivalent (public and nonpublic) ¹¹		
New Jersey ELLI	High School Diploma or Equivalent (public and nonpublic) ¹⁴		
New Mexico	Associate's Degree (public and nonpublic) ²⁰		
New York	Level I Teaching Assistant Certification (public); High school diploma or equivalent (nonpublic) ¹²		
North Carolina	High School Diploma or Equivalent (public and nonpublic) ¹⁹		
North Dakota	High School Diploma or Equivalent (public); None (nonpublic)		
Ohio	High School Diploma or Equivalent (public and nonpublic)		
Oklahoma	High School Diploma or Equivalent (public) ¹³		
Oregon HdSt	CDA (public and nonpublic)		
Oregon Preschool Promise	Other (public and nonpublic) ²⁴		
Pennsylvania RTL	Meets NCLB requirements (public and nonpublic) ¹⁰		
Pennsylvania HSSAP	CDA (public and nonpublic) ⁹		
Pennsylvania K4 & SBPK	No minimum degree (K4); Meets NCLB requirements (SBPK) (public and nonpublic) ⁶		
Pennsylvania PKC	Meets NCLB requirements (public and nonpublic) ¹⁶		
Rhode Island	High school diploma or equivalent plus 12 college credits in ECE or CD (public); High school diploma or equivalent plus 12 college credits in ECE or CD or a CDA (nonpublic)		
South Carolina	High School Diploma or Equivalent (public and nonpublic) ²¹		
Tennessee	High School Diploma or Equivalent (public and nonpublic) ²⁴		
Texas	High School Diploma or Equivalent (public and nonpublic) ¹²		
Vermont	High School Diploma or Equivalent (public and nonpublic) ²¹		
Virginia	High School Diploma or Equivalent (public); None (nonpublic) ¹¹		
Washington	CDA, 12 credits in ECE, or Initial or higher Washington State Early Childhood Education Certificate (public and nonpublic) ¹⁸		
West Virginia	CDA (public and nonpublic) ¹⁷		
Wisconsin 4K	Other (public and nonpublic) ²⁰		
Wisconsin HdSt	CDA (nonpublic)		
Guam	High School Diploma or Equivalent (public)		

STATE	Required assistant teacher degree specializations and/or pre-service training	
Alabama	Nine (or more) college credits in Early Childhood or Child Development, CDA (public and nonpublic)	
Alaska	Training in Early Childhood Education, Training in Child Development, Training in Elementary Education (public); Training in Early Childhood Education, Training in Child Development, CDA (nonpublic) ¹³	
Arizona	Other (public and nonpublic) ²⁰	
Arkansas	Training in Early Childhood Education, Training in Child Development, Training in Preschool Special Education, Nine (or more) college credits in Early Childhood or Child Development, CDA, Paraprofessional Certification, Other (public and nonpublic)	
California CSPP	None (public and nonpublic) ²⁰	
California TK	Meets NCLB requirements (public) ²⁰	
Colorado	None (public and nonpublic) ¹⁵	
Connecticut CDCC Connecticut SR	None (nonpublic) ¹⁷ None (public and nonpublic) ¹⁷	
Connecticut Sk Connecticut Smart Start	None (public)	
Delaware	Paraprofessional Certification (public); Nine (or more) college credits in Early Childhood or Child Development, CDA (nonpublic) ²⁰	
	CDA, Paraprofessional Certification (DCPS); Training in Early Childhood Education, Training in Child Development,	
District of Columbia	Nine (or more) college credits in Early Childhood or Child Development (CBO); Other (PCS) ¹⁹	
Florida	None (public and nonpublic) ¹²	
Georgia	CDA (public and nonpublic) ¹⁷	
Hawaii Illinois	None (public) ¹⁶ Paraprofessional Certification, Other (public and nonpublic) ¹⁴	
	Training in Early Childhood Education, Training in Child Development, Training in Elementary Education, Training in Preschool Special Education	
Iowa Shared Visions	CDA, Other (public and nonpublic) ²²	
Iowa SWVPP	Nine (or more) college credits in Early Childhood or Child Development, CDA, Paraprofessional Certification, Other (public and nonpublic) ¹⁹	
Kansas Preschool Pilot	None (public and nonpublic) ¹⁴	
Kansas State Pre-K	None (public and nonpublic) ¹⁵	
Kentucky	Other (public and nonpublic) ²³	
Louisiana 8(g)	None (public) ¹⁴	
Louisiana LA 4	Other (public) ¹³	
Louisiana NSECD	CDA (nonpublic) ¹²	
Maine	Training in Early Childhood Education, Training in Child Development (public); Training in Early Childhood Education, Training in Child Development, Paraprofessional Certification (nonpublic) ¹⁴	
Maryland	None (public) nd nonpublic) 16	
Massachusetts UPK	None (public and nonpublic) ¹⁷	
Massachusetts Ch 70	Determined locally (public)	
Michigan	CDA, Other (public and nonpublic) ¹⁷	
Minnesota HdSt	Training in Early Childhood Education, Training in Child Development, CDA (public and nonpublic) ²²	
Minnesota VPK/SRP	None (public and nonpublic) ²⁶	
Mississippi	Training in Early Childhood Education, Training in Child Development, Training in Elementary Education, Nine (or more) college credits in Early Childhood or Child Development, CDA (public and nonpublic) ¹⁴	
Missouri	CDA, Other (public and nonpublic) ¹⁵	
Montana	None (public and nonpublic)	
Nebraska	CDA, 6 semester hours of credit in CD or ECE, or equivalent in prior training and experience (public and nonpublic) ¹⁴	
Nevada	None (public and nonpublic)	
New Jersey Abbott	None (public and nonpublic) ¹³	
New Jersey ECPA	None (public and nonpublic) ¹¹	
New Jersey ELLI	None (public and nonpublic) ¹⁴	
New Mexico	Training in Early Childhood Education, Training in Child Development, Highly qualified paraprofessional, Teaching Assistant certification (public); None (nonpublic) ²⁰	
New York	Training in Early Childhood Education, Training in Child Development, Training in Elementary Education (public and nonpublic) ¹²	
North Carolina	High School Diploma or Equivalent (public and nonpublic)19	
North Dakota	Paraprofessional Certification (public); None (nonpublic)	
Ohio	None (public and nonpublic)	
Oklahoma	None (public) ¹³	
Oregon HdSt	CDA (public and nonpublic)	
Oregon Preschool Promise	Other (public and nonpublic) ²⁴	
Pennsylvania RTL Pennsylvania HSSAP	Meets NCLB requirements (public and nonpublic) ¹⁰	
Pennsylvania HSSAP Pennsylvania K4 & SBPK	CDA (public and nonpublic) ⁹ No minimum degree (K4); Meets NCLB requirements (SBPK) (public and nonpublic) ⁶	
Pennsylvania PKC	Meets NCLB requirements (public and nonpublic) ¹⁶	
Rhode Island	Nine (or more) college credits in Early Childhood or Child Development (public); HSD plus 12 college credits in ECE/CD or a CDA (nonpublic)	
South Carolina	Training in Early Childhood Education, Training in Child Development, Paraprofessional Certification,	
Tennessee	Meets NCLB requirements (public); Training in Early Childhood Education, Training in Child Development (nonpublic) ²¹ Other (public and nonpublic) ²⁴	
Texas	None (public and nonpublic) ¹²	
Vermont	Training in Early Childhood Education, Training in Child Development, Training in Preschool Special Education,	
Virginia	Nine (or more) college credits in Early Childhood or Child Development, CDA (public and nonpublic) ²¹ None (public and nonpublic) ¹¹	
	Training in Early Childhood Education, Training in Child Development,	
Washington	Nine (or more) college credits in Early Childhood or Child Development, CDA (public and nonpublic) ¹⁸	
West Virginia	Training in Early Childhood Education, Training in Child Development, CDA, Teaching Assistant certification (public and nonpublic) ¹⁷	
Wisconsin 4K	Other (public and nonpublic) ²⁰	
Wisconsin HdSt	CDA (nonpublic)	
Guam	None (public)	

STATE	Lead teacher in-service professional development requirement		
Alabama	30 clock hours/year (public and nonpublic)		
Alaska	6 credit hours/5 years (public and nonpublic)		
Arizona	18 clock hours/year (public and nonpublic) ²¹		
Arkansas	30 clock hours/year (public and nonpublic) ²³		
California CSPP	105 clock hours/5 years (public and nonpublic) ²¹		
California TK	Determined locally (public)		
Colorado	15 clock hours/year (public and nonpublic)		
Connecticut CDCC	20 clock hours/year (1% of total hours worked) (nonpublic)18		
Connecticut SR	9 clock hours/year (public and nonpublic)		
Connecticut Smart Start	Determined locally (public) ¹⁶		
Delaware	90 clock hours/5 years (public); 18 clock hours/year (nonpublic)		
District of Columbia	6 days/year (DCPS); 30 clock hours/year (CBO); Determined locally (PCS)		
Florida	10 hours/year (public and nonpublic) ¹³		
Georgia	15 clock hours/school year (public and nonpublic) ¹⁸		
Hawaii	21 clock hours/year (public) ¹⁷		
Illinois	120 clock hours/5 years (public and nonpublic)		
Iowa Shared Visions	6 credit hours/5 years (public); 6 clock hours/year (nonpublic) ²³		
Iowa SWVPP	15 clock hours/year (recommended: public and nonpublic) ²⁰		
Kansas Preschool Pilot	15 clock hours/year (public and nonpublic) ¹⁵		
Kansas State Pre-K	15 clock hours/year (public and nonpublic) ¹⁶ 24 clock hours/year (public and nonpublic)		
Kentucky Louisiana 8(g)	24 clock nours/year (public and nonpublic) 18 clock hours/year (public)		
Louisiana LA 4	18 clock hours/year (public)		
Louisiana NSECD	18 clock hours/year (public)		
Maine	6 credit hours/5 years (public and nonpublic)		
Maryland	6 credit hours/5 years (public and nonpublic)		
Massachusetts UPK	150 clock hours/5 years (public); 20 clock hours/year (nonpublic) ¹⁸		
Massachusetts Ch 70	150 Professional Development Points (public) ¹⁶		
Michigan	16 clock hours/year (public and nonpublic) ¹⁸		
Minnesota HdSt	15 clock hours per year (public and nonpublic) ²³		
Minnesota VPK/SRP	125 clock hours/five years (licensed teachers, public and nonpublic) ²⁷		
Mississippi	15 clock hours/year (public and nonpublic)		
Missouri	22 clock hours/year (public and nonpublic)		
Montana	24 hours/year (public and nonpublic)		
Nebraska	12 clock hours/year (public and nonpublic)		
Nevada	6 credit hours/5 years (public and nonpublic)		
New Jersey Abbott	100 clock hours/5 years (public and nonpublic)		
New Jersey ECPA	100 clock hours/5 years (public and nonpublic)		
New Jersey ELLI	100 clock hours/5 years (public and nonpublic)		
New Mexico	30 clock hours/year (public); 24 clock hours/year & 6 credit hours/year if BA/BS degree not completed (nonpublic)		
New York	175 clock hours/5 years (public and nonpublic)		
North Carolina	80 clock hours/5 years (public and nonpublic) ²⁰		
North Dakota	Varies by teaching license held (public and nonpublic) ¹³		
Ohio	20 clock hours/2 years (public and nonpublic) ¹³		
Oklahoma	15 hours/year (public) ¹⁴		
Oregon HdSt	15 clock hours/year (public and nonpublic)		
Oregon Preschool Promise	20 clock hours/year (public and nonpublic) ²⁵		
Pennsylvania RTL Pennsylvania HSSAP	180 clock hours/5 years (public and nonpublic)		
	15 clock hours/year (public and nonpublic)		
Pennsylvania K4 & SBPK	180 clock hours/5 years (public, SBPK only); Determined locally (nonpublic) ¹⁰ 180 clock hours/5 years (public and nonpublic)		
Pennsylvania PKC Rhode Island	20 clock hours/5 years (public and nonpublic) 20 clock hours/year (public and nonpublic) ¹⁴		
South Carolina	20 clock hours/year (public and nonpublic) ²² 15 clock hours/year (public and nonpublic) ²²		
Tennessee	24 clock hours/year (public and nonpublic) ²⁵		
Texas	150 clock hours/5 years (public and nonpublic) ¹³		
Vermont	9 credit hours/7 years (public); 15 clock hours/year (nonpublic) ²²		
Virginia	15 clock hours/school year (public and nonpublic)		
Washington	15 clock hours/year (public and nonpublic) ¹⁹		
West Virginia	15 clock hours/year (public and nonpublic) ¹⁸		
Wisconsin 4K	None (public and nonpublic) ²¹		
Wisconsin HdSt	15 clock hours/year (nonpublic)		
Guam	30 clock hours/year (public)		
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STATE	Assistant teacher in-service professional development requirement		
Alabama	20 clock hours/year (public and nonpublic)		
Alaska	None (public and nonpublic)		
Arizona	18 clock hours/year (public and nonpublic) ²¹		
Arkansas	30 clock hours/year (public and nonpublic) ²³		
California CSPP	105 clock hours/5 years (public and nonpublic) ²¹		
California TK	Determined locally (public)		
Colorado	15 clock hours/year (public and nonpublic)		
Connecticut CDCC	20 clock hours/year (1% of total hours worked) (nonpublic) ¹⁸		
Connecticut SR	None (public and nonpublic)		
Connecticut Smart Start	Determined locally (public)		
Delaware	15 clock hours/year (public); 18 clock hours/year (nonpublic)		
District of Columbia	15 clock hours/year (DCPS); 30 clock hours/year (CBO); Determined locally (PCS)		
Florida	None (public and nonpublic)		
Georgia	15 clock hours/school year (public and nonpublic) ¹⁸		
Hawaii	None (public)		
Illinois	None (public and nonpublic) ¹⁵		
Iowa Shared Visions	Determined locally (public); 6 clock hours/year (nonpublic) ²³		
Iowa SWVPP	Determined locally (public and nonpublic) ²⁰		
Kansas Preschool Pilot	15 clock hours/year (public and nonpublic) ¹⁵		
Kansas State Pre-K	15 clock hours/year (public and nonpublic) ¹⁶		
Kentucky	18 clock hours/year (public and nonpublic)		
Louisiana 8(g)	18 clock hours/year (public)		
Louisiana LA 4	18 clock hours/year (public)		
Louisiana NSECD	18 clock hours/year (nonpublic)		
Maine	Determined locally (public and nonpublic)		
Maryland	24 clock hours/year (public and nonpublic)		
Massachusetts UPK	Determined locally (public); 20 clock hours/year (nonpublic) ¹⁸		
Massachusetts Ch 70	None (public)		
Michigan	16 clock hours/year (public and nonpublic)		
Minnesota HdSt	15 clock hours/year (public and nonpublic) ²³		
Minnesota VPK/SRP	Determined locally (public and nonpublic)		
Mississippi	15 clock hours/year (public and nonpublic)		
Missouri	22 clock hours/year (public and nonpublic)		
Montana	24 hours/year (public and nonpublic)		
Nebraska	12 clock hours/year (public and nonpublic)		
Nevada	6 credit hours/5 years (public and nonpublic)		
New Jersey Abbott	100 clock hours/5 years (public and nonpublic)		
New Jersey ECPA	100 clock hours/5 years (public and nonpublic)		
New Jersey ELLI	100 clock hours/5 years (public and nonpublic)		
New Mexico	28 clock hours/year (public); 24 clock hours/year (nonpublic); & 6 credit hours/year if AA not completed (public and nonpublic)		
New York	Determined locally (public and nonpublic) ¹³ A credit hours (5 years for assistant teachers working towards licensure (public and nonpublic) ²⁰		
North Carolina	6 credit hours/5 years for assistant teachers working towards licensure (public and nonpublic) ²⁰ Varies by teaching license held (public and nonpublic) ¹³		
North Dakota Ohio	20 clock hours/2 years (public and nonpublic) ¹³		
Oklahoma	20 clock nours/2 years (public and nonpublic) ¹³ 15 hours/year (public) ¹⁴		
Oregon HdSt	15 nours/year (public) 15 nours/year (public)		
	20 hours/year (public and nonpublic)		
Oregon Preschool Promise Pennsylvania RTL	20 nours/year (public and nonpublic)		
Pennsylvania HSSAP	15 clock hours/year (public and nonpublic)		
	None (public and nonpublic)		
Pennsylvania K4 & SBPK Pennsylvania PKC	None (public and nonpublic) None (public and nonpublic)		
Rhode Island	20 clock hours/year (public and nonpublic)		
South Carolina	15 clock hours/year (public and nonpublic) ²²		
Tennessee	24 clock hours/year (public and nonpublic) ²⁵		
Texas	None (public and nonpublic)		
Vermont	15 clock hours/year (public and nonpublic) ²²		
Virginia	Determined locally (public and nonpublic)		
Washington	None (public and nonpublic)		
West Virginia	15 clock hours/year (public and nonpublic) ¹⁸		
Wisconsin 4K	None (public and nonpublic) ²¹		
Wisconsin HdSt	15 clock hours/year (nonpublic)		
Guam	None (public)		
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STATE	Of the required in-service hours, how many are on topics related to health and/or safety?
Alabama	More than 3 hours/year ²³
Alaska	Unknown
Arizona	Unknown
Arkansas	At least 8 hours per year
California CSPP	15 hours/year
California TK	Determined locally
Colorado	Unknown
Connecticut CDCC	Unknown ¹⁸
Connecticut SR	Unknown
Connecticut Smart Start	Determined locally
Delaware	Unknown
District of Columbia	Unknown
Florida	Unknown
Georgia	None
Hawaii	Varies
Illinois	Determined locally
Iowa Shared Visions	1 hour/year ²³
Iowa SWVPP	Determined locally
Kansas Preschool Pilot	Determined locally
Kansas State Pre-K	Determined locally
Kentucky	Unknown
Louisiana 8(g)	Unknown
Louisiana LA 4	Determined locally
Louisiana NSECD	Determined locally
Maine	Unknown
Maryland	Unknown
Massachusetts UPK	None ¹⁹
Massachusetts Ch 70	None
Michigan	2 hours/year
Minnesota HdSt	Follows federal Head Start requirements
Minnesota VPK/SRP	Determined locally
Mississippi	Unknown
	Unknown
Missouri	
Montana	Not specified
Nebraska	None ¹⁵
Nevada	Unknown
New Jersey Abbott	20 hours/5 years
New Jersey ECPA	20 hours/5 years
New Jersey ELLI	20 hours/5 years
New Mexico	None ²¹
New York	None
North Carolina	Varies per NC Child Care Rules
North Dakota	None
Ohio	Unknown
Oklahoma	5 hours/year ¹⁴
Oregon HdSt	Unknown
Oregon Preschool Promise	Varies
Pennsylvania RTL	None
Pennsylvania HSSAP	Unknown
Pennsylvania K4 & SBPK	Unknown
Pennsylvania PKC	Unknown
Rhode Island	Varies based on need
South Carolina	5 hours/year (CERDEP) ²²
Tennessee	18 hours/year
Texas	Unknown
Vermont	Unknown
Virginia	Determined locally
Washington	Determined locally
West Virginia	Determined locally through county continuous quality improvement process
vvest viigiiiia	Determined locally through county continuous quality improvement process

Footnotes are grouped by state at the end of Appendix A. Unless noted, all data are for the '17-'18 school year.

Wisconsin 4K

Guam

Wisconsin HdSt

Determined locally

Follows federal Head Start requirements

5 hours/year

STATE	Are lead teachers required to have annual written individualized professional development plans?	Are assistant teachers required to have annual written individualized professional development plans?
Alabama	Yes (public and nonpublic) ²⁴	Yes (public and nonpublic) ²⁴
Alaska	Yes (public and nonpublic)	Yes (public and nonpublic)
Arizona	No (public and nonpublic)	No (public and nonpublic)
Arkansas	Yes (public and nonpublic)	Yes (public and nonpublic)
California CSPP	Determined locally (public and nonpublic) ²¹	Determined locally (public and nonpublic) ²¹
California TK	Determined locally (public)	Determined locally (public)
Colorado	No (public and nonpublic)	No (public and nonpublic)
Connecticut CDCC	Yes, some teachers (nonpublic) ¹⁹	Yes, some assistant teachers (nonpublic) ¹⁹
Connecticut SR	No (public); Yes, some teachers (nonpublic) ¹⁸	No (public and nonpublic)
Connecticut Smart Start	Yes (public)	No (public)
Delaware	Yes (public and nonpublic)	Yes (public and nonpublic)
District of Columbia	Yes (DCPS and CBO); No (PCS)	Yes (CBO); No (DCPS and PCS)
Florida	Yes, some teachers (public and nonpublic) ¹⁴	Yes, some assistant teachers (public and nonpublic) ¹⁴
Georgia	Yes (public and nonpublic) ¹⁹	Yes (public and nonpublic) ¹⁹
Hawaii	Yes (public)	Yes (public)
Illinois	Yes (public and nonpublic) ¹⁶	Yes (public and nonpublic) ¹⁶
Iowa Shared Visions	Yes (public and nonpublic) ²⁴	Yes (public and nonpublic) ²⁴
Iowa SWVPP	Yes (public and nonpublic) ²¹	Yes (public and nonpublic) ²¹
Kansas Preschool Pilot	No (public and nonpublic)	No (public and nonpublic)
Kansas State Pre-K	No (public and nonpublic)	No (public and nonpublic)
Kentucky	Yes (public); No (nonpublic)	No (public and nonpublic)
Louisiana 8(g)	No (public)	No (public)
Louisiana LA 4		No (public)
	No (public) No (nonpublic)	No (public)
Louisiana NSECD		
Maine	Yes (public and nonpublic)	No (public and nonpublic)
Maryland	Yes (public and nonpublic)	Yes (public and nonpublic)
Massachusetts UPK	Yes (public and nonpublic) ²⁰	Yes (public and nonpublic) ²⁰
Massachusetts Ch 70	Yes (public) ¹⁷	No (public) ¹⁷
Michigan	Yes (public and nonpublic)	Yes (public and nonpublic)
Minnesota HdSt	Yes (public and nonpublic)	Yes (public and nonpublic)
Minnesota VPK/SRP	Yes (public and nonpublic) ²⁸	No (public and nonpublic)
Mississippi	Yes, some teachers (public and nonpublic) ¹⁵	Yes, some assistant teachers (public and nonpublic)
Missouri	Yes, some teachers (public and nonpublic) ¹⁶	No (public and nonpublic)
Montana	No (public and nonpublic)	No (public and nonpublic)
Nebraska	Yes (public and nonpublic)	Yes (public and nonpublic)
Nevada	No (public and nonpublic)	No (public and nonpublic)
New Jersey Abbott	Yes (public and nonpublic)	Determined locally (public and nonpublic) ¹⁴
New Jersey ECPA	Yes (public and nonpublic)	Determined locally (public and nonpublic) ¹²
New Jersey ELLI	Yes (public and nonpublic)	Determined locally (public and nonpublic) ¹⁵
New Mexico	Yes (public and nonpublic)	Yes (public and nonpublic)
New York	No (public and nonpublic)	No (public and nonpublic)
North Carolina	Yes (public and nonpublic)	Yes (public and nonpublic)
North Dakota	Yes (public); No (nonpublic)	No (public and nonpublic)
Ohio	Yes (public and nonpublic)	Yes (public and nonpublic)
Oklahoma	Yes (public) ¹⁵	Yes (public) ¹⁵
Oregon HdSt	Yes (public and nonpublic) ⁹	Yes (public and nonpublic)
Oregon Preschool Promise	Yes, some teachers (public and nonpublic) ²⁶	Yes, some assistant teachers (public and nonpublic) ²⁶
Pennsylvania RTL	Yes, some teachers (public); No (nonpublic) ¹¹	No (public and nonpublic)
Pennsylvania HSSAP	No (public and nonpublic)	No (public and nonpublic)
Pennsylvania K4 & SBPK	Yes, some teachers (public); No (nonpublic) ¹¹	No (public and nonpublic)
Pennsylvania PKC	Yes, some teachers (public and nonpublic) ¹⁷	Yes, some assistant teachers (public and nonpublic) ¹⁷
Rhode Island	Yes (public and nonpublic)	Yes (public and nonpublic)
South Carolina	Yes (public and nonpublic)	Yes (public and nonpublic) ²³
Tennessee	Yes (public and nonpublic) ²⁶	Yes (public and nonpublic) ²⁶
Texas	Determined locally (public and nonpublic)	Determined locally (public and nonpublic)
Vermont	Yes (public and nonpublic)	Yes (public and nonpublic)
Virginia	No (public and nonpublic)	No (public and nonpublic)
Washington	No (public and nonpublic) ²⁰	No (public and nonpublic) ²⁰
West Virginia	Yes (public and nonpublic) ¹⁹	Yes (public and nonpublic) ¹⁹
Wisconsin 4K	Yes (public); No (nonpublic) ²¹	No (public and nonpublic) ²¹
Wisconsin HdSt	No (nonpublic)	No (nonpublic)
Guam	Yes (public)	No (public)
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STATE	Does state policy require ongoing classroom-embedded support to be provided to lead teachers?	Does state policy require ongoing classroom-embedded support to be provided to assistant teachers?
Alabama	Yes (public and nonpublic) ²⁴	Yes (public and nonpublic)
Alaska	Yes, some teachers (public and nonpublic) ¹⁴	Yes, some assistant teachers (public and nonpublic) ¹⁴
Arizona	No (public and nonpublic) ²²	No (public and nonpublic) ²²
Arkansas	No (public and nonpublic) ²⁴	No (public and nonpublic) ²⁴
California CSPP	No (public and nonpublic) ²²	No (public and nonpublic) ²²
California TK	Determined locally (public) ²¹	Determined locally (public) ²¹
Colorado	No (public and nonpublic)	No (public and nonpublic)
Connecticut CDCC	No (nonpublic)	No (nonpublic)
Connecticut SR	No (public and nonpublic)	No (public and nonpublic)
Connecticut Smart Start	No (public)	No (public)
Delaware	Yes, some teachers (public and nonpublic) ²¹	Yes, some assistant teachers (public and nonpublic)
District of Columbia	Yes (DCPS and CBO); No (PCS) ²⁰	
		Yes (CBO); No (DCPS and PCS) ²⁰
Florida	Determined locally (public and nonpublic)	Determined locally (public and nonpublic)
Georgia	Yes (public and nonpublic) ²⁰	Yes, some assistant teachers (public and nonpublic) ²⁰
Hawaii	Yes (public) ¹⁸	Yes (public) ¹⁸
Illinois	Yes (public and nonpublic) ¹⁷	No (public and nonpublic)
Iowa Shared Visions	Yes (public); No (nonpublic)	No (public and nonpublic) ²⁵
Iowa SWVPP	Yes (public); No (nonpublic)	Determined locally (public and nonpublic)
Kansas Preschool Pilot	No (public and nonpublic)	No (public and nonpublic)
Kansas State Pre-K	No (public and nonpublic)	No (public and nonpublic)
Kentucky	Yes, some teachers (public); No (nonpublic) ²⁴	No (public and nonpublic) ²⁴
Louisiana 8(g)	No (public) ¹⁵	No (public) ¹⁵
Louisiana LA 4	No (public) ¹⁴	No (public) ¹⁴
Louisiana NSECD	No (nonpublic) ¹³	No (nonpublic) ¹³
Maine	No (public and nonpublic)	No (public and nonpublic)
Maryland	No (public and nonpublic)	No (public and nonpublic)
Massachusetts UPK	Yes, some teachers (public and nonpublic) ²¹	Yes, some teacher assistants (public and nonpublic) ²¹
Massachusetts Ch 70	No (public) ¹⁸	No (public) ¹⁸
Michigan	Yes (public and nonpublic) ¹⁹	Yes (public and nonpublic) ¹⁹
Minnesota HdSt	Yes (public and nonpublic) ²⁴	Yes (public and nonpublic) ²⁴
Minnesota VPK/SRP	Yes (public and nonpublic) ²⁷	Yes (public and nonpublic) ²⁷
Mississippi	No (public and nonpublic)	No (public and nonpublic)
Missouri	Yes (public and nonpublic)	Yes (public and nonpublic)
Montana	Yes (public and nonpublic)	No (public and nonpublic)
Nebraska	Yes, some teachers (public and nonpublic) ¹⁶	No (public and nonpublic) ¹⁶
		4 1 2
Nevada	No (public and nonpublic)	No (public and nonpublic) Yes (public and nonpublic) ¹⁵
New Jersey Abbott	Yes (public and nonpublic) ¹⁵	
New Jersey ECPA	Yes (public and nonpublic)	Yes (public and nonpublic)
New Jersey ELLI	Yes (public and nonpublic)	Yes (public and nonpublic)
New Mexico	Yes (public and nonpublic)	Yes (public and nonpublic)
New York	No (public and nonpublic) ¹⁴	No (public and nonpublic) ¹⁴
North Carolina	Yes (public and nonpublic) ²¹	No (public and nonpublic)
North Dakota	No (public and nonpublic)	No (public and nonpublic)
Ohio	No (public and nonpublic)	No (public and nonpublic)
Oklahoma	Yes (public)	Yes (public)
Oregon HdSt	Yes (public and nonpublic) ¹⁰	Yes (public and nonpublic) ¹⁰
Oregon Preschool Promise	No (public and nonpublic) ²⁷	No (public and nonpublic) ²⁷
Pennsylvania RTL	Yes, new teachers (public); No (nonpublic) ¹¹	No (public and nonpublic)
Pennsylvania HSSAP	No (public and nonpublic)	No (public and nonpublic)
Pennsylvania K4 & SBPK	Yes, new teachers (public and nonpublic) ¹²	No (public and nonpublic)
Pennsylvania PKC	Yes, some teachers (public and nonpublic) ¹⁷	No (public and nonpublic)
Rhode Island	Yes (public and nonpublic) ¹⁵	Yes (public and nonpublic) ¹⁵
South Carolina	Yes, some teachers (public and nonpublic) ²⁴	Yes, some assistant teachers (public); Yes (nonpublic)
Tennessee	Yes, some teachers (public and nonpublic) ²⁷	Yes, some assistant teachers (public and nonpublic) ²⁷
Texas	Yes, some teachers (public and nonpublic) ¹³	No (public and nonpublic)
	Yes, some teachers (public and nonpublic) ²³	
Vermont		Yes, some assistant teachers (public and nonpublic)
Virginia	No (public and nonpublic)	No (public and nonpublic)
Washington	Yes (public and nonpublic) ²¹	Yes (public and nonpublic) ²¹
West Virginia	No (public and nonpublic)	No (public and nonpublic)
Wisconsin 4K	No (public); Yes, some teachers (nonpublic) ²²	No (public); Yes, some assistant teachers (nonpublic) ²²
Wisconsin HdSt	No (nonpublic) ⁹	No (nonpublic) ⁹
Guam	Yes (public)	No (public)

STATE	How often do teachers receive coaching or mentoring?	How many teachers are assigned to each coach or mentor?
Alabama	Monthly ²⁴	Full-time coach up to 20 classrooms; Part-time coach up to 12 classrooms ²⁵
Alaska	Biweekly ¹⁵	27
Arizona	NA	NA
Arkansas	NA	NA
California CSPP	NA NA	NA
California TK	Determined locally	Determined locally
Colorado	NA NA	NA NA
Connecticut CDCC	NA NA	NA NA
Connecticut SR	NA	NA NA
Connecticut Smart Start	NA	NA
Delaware	Determined locally	Determined locally
District of Columbia	Biweekly (DCPS); Not reported (PCS and CBO)	Unknown
Florida	Determined locally	Determined locally
Georgia	Varies based on need ²¹	Varies based on need ²²
Hawaii	Varies based on need ¹⁸	Average of 4 to 6 lead teachers
Illinois	Varies based on monitoring visit ¹⁸	Varies based on location of teachers ¹⁹
Iowa Shared Visions	Determined locally	Determined locally
Iowa SWVPP	Determined locally	Determined locally
Kansas Preschool Pilot	NA	NA
Kansas State Pre-K	NA	NA
Kentucky	Varies from district to district	Determined locally
Louisiana 8(g)	NA	NA NA
Louisiana LA 4	NA	NA
Louisiana NSECD	NA NA	NA
Maine	NA NA	NA
Maryland	NA NA	NA
Massachusetts UPK	Varies based on individual need	Varies based on individual need
Massachusetts Ch 70	NA	NA
Michigan	At least monthly ¹⁹	Varies
Minnesota HdSt	Per federal Head Start Performance Standards	Per federal Head Start Performance Standards
Minnesota VPK/SRP	Varies ²⁹	Determined locally
Mississippi	NA NA	NA
Missouri	Varies based on need and experience	Determined by vendor
Montana	1-2 days/month	Varies between 1-4 programs per coach
Nebraska	Varies based on need	Unknown ¹⁷
Nevada	NA	NA
New Jersey Abbott	At least twice/month	20
New Jersey ECPA	At least twice/month	20
New Jersey ELLI	At least twice/month	20
New Mexico	Average 3 hours/month; more for new teachers	Average caseload is 14-20 classrooms ²²
New York	NA	NA
North Carolina	Varies based on need ²¹	15 to 25 teachers, depending on the teachers' B-K licensure type
North Dakota	NA	NA
Ohio	NA	NA
Oklahoma	Not reported	Not reported
Oregon HdSt	Variable per program decision	Variable per program decision
Oregon Preschool Promise		NA
Pennsylvania RTL	Determined locally (detailed in induction plan)	Determined locally (detailed in induction plan)
	NA	NA
Pennsylvania HSSAP		
Pennsylvania K4 & SBPK	Determined locally (detailed in induction plan)	Determined locally (detailed in induction plan)
Pennsylvania PKC	Determined locally (detailed in induction plan)	Determined locally (detailed in induction plan)
Rhode Island	Bi-weekly group opportunities available; On-site visits at least monthly	
South Carolina	Varies based on need ²⁵	Varies based on need ²⁶
Tennessee	Not reported	Not reported
Texas	15 hours per year	Unknown
Vermont	Not reported	Not reported
Virginia	NA	NA
Washington	Varies ²²	Average 3.5 sites and 6.2 ECEAP classrooms/lead teachers per coach ²³
West Virginia	NA	NA
Wisconsin 4K	Determined locally	Determined locally
Wisconsin HdSt	NA	NA
Guam	Monthly ⁶	4
	,	

STATE	Education level of teachers, percent	
Alabama	BA: 77%; MA: 23%; EdD/PhD: <1%	
Alaska	Data not available	
Arizona	HSD: 0.92%; CDA: 3.59%; AA: 5.19%; BA: 6.6%; MA: 1.21%; Other: 82.4% ²³	
Arkansas	HSD: 1%; CDA: 3%; AA: 14%; BA: 65%; MA: 16.4%; EdD/PhD: 0.2%; Other: 0.4% ²⁵	
California CSPP	Data not available	
California TK	Data not available	
Colorado	Data not available	
Connecticut CDCC	CDA: 1.23%; AA: 26.69%; BA: 41.72%; MA: 1.36%; Other: 29% ²⁰	
Connecticut SR	CDA: 0.51%; AA: 13.67%; BA: 47.47%; MA: 28.99%; EdD/PhD: 0.13%; Other: 9.24% ¹⁹	
Connecticut Smart Start	BA: 21.74%; MA: 60.87%; Other: 17.39%	
Delaware	Data not available	
District of Columbia	Data not available ²¹	
Florida	Data not available	
Georgia	AA: 0.83%; BA: 66.43%; MA: 27.26%; EdD/PhD: 3.39%; Other: 2.10% ¹⁶	
Hawaii	BA: 90%; MA: 10%	
Illinois	Data not available	
Iowa Shared Visions	AA: 10%; BA: 69%; MA: 20%; EdD/PhD: 1%	
Iowa SWVPP	BA: 81%; MA: 19% ²²	
Kansas Preschool Pilot	Data not available	
Kansas State Pre-K	Data not available	
Kentucky	Data not available ²⁵	
Louisiana 8(g)	100% BA or higher	
Louisiana LA 4	100% BA or higher	
Louisiana NSECD	BA: 67%; MA: 33%	
Maine	BA: 66.5%; MA: 31%; EdD/PhD: 0.1%; Other: 2.4%	
Maryland	100% BA or higher ¹⁷	
Massachusetts UPK	Data not available	
Massachusetts Ch 70	100% BA or higher ¹⁹	
Michigan	BA: 76%; MA: 19%; Other: 5% ²⁰	
Minnesota HdSt Minnesota VPK/SRP	Data not available Data not available	
Mississippi	BA: 87%; MA: 13%	
Missouri	BA: 100%	
Montana	BA: 68%; Other: 32% ¹⁵	
Nebraska	Data not available	
Nevada	Data not available Data not available	
New Jersey Abbott	BA: 68%; MA: 31%; EdD/PhD: 1%	
New Jersey ECPA	Data not available ¹³	
New Jersey ELLI	Data not available ¹⁶	
New Mexico	HSD: 18%; CDA: 1%; AA: 19%; BA: 43%; MA: 18%; EdD/PhD: 1%	
New York	100% BA or higher	
North Carolina	BA: 85%; MA: 15%; EdD/PhD: <1%	
North Dakota	BA: 100%	
Ohio	AA: 12%; BA: 53%; MA: 35%	
Oklahoma	HSD: 0.16%; BA: 82.91%; MA: 16.72%; EdD/PhD: 0.21%	
Oregon HdSt	HSD: 1%; CDA: 9%; AA: 30%; BA: 45%; MA: 15% ¹¹	
Oregon Preschool Promise	CDA: 4%; AA: 15%; BA: 39%; MA: 18%; Other: 24% ²⁸	
Pennsylvania RTL	Data not available	
Pennsylvania HSSAP	HSD: 1.8%; CDA: 4.7%; AA: 11.16%; BA: 56.32%; MA: 8.86%; Other: 17.06% ¹⁰	
Pennsylvania K4 & SBPK	Data not available	
Pennsylvania PKC	CDA: 0.15%; AA: 0.61%; BA: 63.83%; MA: 25.03%; Other: 10.34% ¹⁸	
Rhode Island	BA: 80%; MA: 20%	
South Carolina	AA: 9.55%; BA: 47.78%; MA: 42.43%; EdD/PhD: 0.12%; Other: 0.12% ²⁷	
Tennessee	BA: 64.1%; MA: 50.2%; EdD/PhD: 1.1%; Other: 5.8% ²⁸	
Texas	BA: 100%	
Vermont	BA: 100% ²⁴	
Virginia	CDA: 1%; AA: 1%; BA or higher: 98% ¹²	
Washington	CDA: 1%; AA: 35%; BA: 31.5%; MA: 9.1%; Other: 23.4% ²⁴	
West Virginia	Data not available	
Wisconsin 4K	Data not available	
Wisconsin HdSt	Data not available	
Guam	Data not available	

STATE	Education level of teachers, number	
Alabama	BA: 722; MA: 216; EdD/PhD: 1	
Alaska	Data not available	
Arizona	HSD: 19; CDA: 74; AA: 107; BA: 136; MA: 25; Other: 1,698 ²³	
Arkansas	HSD: 10; CDA: 28; AA: 134; BA: 640; MA: 162; EdD/PhD: 2; Other: 4 ²⁵	
California CSPP	Data not available	
California TK	Data not available	
Colorado	Data not available	
Connecticut CDCC	CDA: 4; AA: 87; BA: 136; MA: 24; Other: 75 ²⁰	
Connecticut SR	CDA: 4; AA: 108; BA: 375; MA: 229; EdD/PhD: 1; Other: 73 ¹⁹	
Connecticut Smart Start	BA: 10; MA: 28; Other: 8	
Delaware	Data not available	
District of Columbia	Data not available ²¹	
Florida	Data not available	
Georgia	AA: 32; BA: 2,568; MA: 1,054; EdD/PhD: 131; Other: 81 ¹⁶	
Hawaii	BA: 19; MA: 2	
Illinois	Data not available	
Ininois Iowa Shared Visions	AA: 11; BA: 77; MA: 22; EdD/PhD: 1	
lowa SWVPP	BA: 659; MA: 153 ²²	
Kansas Preschool Pilot	Data not available	
Kansas State Pre-K	Data not available	
Kentucky	Data not available ²⁵	
Louisiana 8(g)	Data not available ¹⁶	
Louisiana LA 4	Data not available¹⁵	
Louisiana NSECD	BA: 58; MA: 28	
Maine	BA: 384; MA: 181; EdD/PhD: 1; Other: 14	
Maryland	Data not available ¹⁷	
Massachusetts UPK	Data not available	
Massachusetts Ch 70	100% BA or higher ¹⁹	
Michigan	BA: 1,726; MA: 435; Other: 118 ²⁰	
Minnesota HdSt	Data not available	
Minnesota VPK/SRP	Data not available	
Mississippi	BA: 103; MA: 16	
Missouri	BA: 128	
Montana	BA: 15; Other: 7 ¹⁵	
Nebraska	Data not available	
Nevada	Data not available	
New Jersey Abbott	BA: 1967; MA: 909; EdD/PhD: 17	
New Jersey ECPA	Data not available ¹³	
New Jersey ELLI	Data not available ¹⁶	
New Mexico	HSD: 115; CDA: 6; AA: 127; BA: 282; MA: 116; EdD/PhD: 8	
New York	Data not available	
North Carolina	BA: 1719; MA: 304; EdD/PhD: 2	
North Dakota	BA: 49	
Ohio	AA: 169; BA: 773; MA: 514	
Oklahoma	HSD: 3; BA: 1582; MA: 319; EdD/PhD: 4	
Oregon HdSt	HSD: 3; CDA: 38; AA: 126; BA: 186; MA: 62 ¹¹	
Oregon Preschool Promise	CDA: 5; AA: 20; BA: 51; MA: 23; Other: 31 ²⁸	
Pennsylvania RTL	Data not available	
Pennsylvania HSSAP	HSD: 11; CDA: 29; AA: 68; BA: 343; MA: 54; Other: 104 ¹⁰	
Pennsylvania K4 & SBPK	Data not available	
Pennsylvania PKC	CDA: 2; AA: 8; BA: 826; MA: 324; Other: 134 ¹⁸	
Rhode Island	BA: 48; MA: 12	
South Carolina	AA: 77; BA: 385; MA: 342; EdD/PhD: 1; Other: 1 ²⁷	

Footnotes are grouped by state at the end of Appendix A. Unless noted, all data are for the '17-'18 school year.

Tennessee Texas

Vermont

Virginia

Guam

Washington

West Virginia

Wisconsin 4K

Wisconsin HdSt

BA: 633; MA: 496; EdD/PhD: 11; Other: 58²⁸

Data not available

BA: 208²⁴

Data not available

CDA: 7; AA: 234; BA: 211; MA: 61; Other: 156²⁴

Data not available

Data not available

Data not available

Data not available

STATE	Staff are required to have specific training or qualifications related to working with prechool DLLs and their families	Lead teachers who work with DLLs are required to have a bilingual certification/license/endorsement
Alabama	Yes, Lead and Assistant Teachers ²⁶	No ²⁶
Alaska	No	NA
Arizona	No	NA
Arkansas	No ²⁶	NA
California CSPP	No ²³	NA ²³
California TK	Yes, Lead Teachers only	Yes
Colorado	No	NA
Connecticut CDCC	No	NA
Connecticut SR	No No	NA NA
Connecticut Smart Start	No	NA NA
Delaware	Yes, Lead and Assistant Teachers ²²	No ²²
District of Columbia	No	
		NA NA
Florida	No N. 23	NA NA
Georgia	No ²³	NA
Hawaii	No	NA
Illinois	Yes, Lead Teachers only ²⁰	Yes ²⁰
Iowa Shared Visions	No	NA
Iowa SWVPP	No	NA
Kansas Preschool Pilot	No	NA ⁸
Kansas State Pre-K	No	NA°
Kentucky	No	NA
Louisiana 8(g)	No	NA
Louisiana LA 4	No	NA
Louisiana NSECD	No	NA
Maine	Yes, Program Administrators only	NA
Maryland	No	NA
Massachusetts UPK	No	NA
Massachusetts Ch 70	Yes, Lead Teachers and Program Administrators ²⁰	Yes ²⁰
Michigan	No	NA
Minnesota HdSt	Yes, Lead and Assistant Teachers ¹¹	No
Minnesota VPK/SRP	Yes, Lead Teachers only ^{17, 25}	No ^{17, 25}
Mississippi	No	NA NA
Missouri	No	NA NA
Montana	No	NA NA
Nebraska	No No	NA NA
Nevada	No No	NA N. 16
New Jersey Abbott	Yes, Lead Teachers only ¹⁶	No ¹⁶
New Jersey ECPA	No ¹⁴	NA ¹⁴
New Jersey ELLI	No ¹⁷	NA ¹⁷
New Mexico	Yes, Lead and Assistant Teachers & Program Administrators	No
New York	No	NA
North Carolina	No ¹²	NA ¹²
North Dakota	No	NA
Ohio	No	NA
Oklahoma	Yes, Lead Teachers only	No
Oregon HdSt	No	NA
Oregon Preschool Promise	No	NA
Pennsylvania RTL	No	NA
Pennsylvania HSSAP	No	NA
Pennsylvania K4 & SBPK	No	NA
Pennsylvania PKC	No	NA
Rhode Island	No	NA NA
South Carolina	No	NA NA
Tennessee	Yes, Lead Teachers only ²⁹	No
Texas	Yes, Lead Teachers only	Yes
		Yes NA ²⁵
Vermont	No No	
Virginia	No	NA NA
Washington	No No	NA NA
West Virginia	No	NA
Wisconsin 4K	No	NA NA
Wisconsin HdSt	No	NA
Guam	No	NA

STATE POLICY REQUIRES SALARY PARITY FOR PRESCHOOL LEAD TEACHERS WITH K-3

STATE	Starting salary	
Alabama	Yes (public and nonpublic) ²⁷	
Alaska	Yes (public); Determined locally (nonpublic)	
Arizona	Determined locally (public and nonpublic)	
Arkansas	Guidance only, Determined locally (public and nonpublic) ²⁷	
California CSPP	Efforts towards parity (public and nonpublic) ²⁴	
California TK	Yes (public)	
Colorado	Guidance only, Determined locally (public and nonpublic)	
Connecticut CDCC	Determined locally, Efforts towards parity (nonpublic) ²¹	
Connecticut SR	Determined locally, Efforts towards parity (public and nonpublic) ²⁰	
Connecticut Smart Start	Determined locally, Efforts towards parity (public) ¹⁷	
Delaware	Yes (public); No (nonpublic)	
District of Columbia	Yes (DCPS and CBO); No (PCS) ²²	
Florida	Determined locally (public and nonpublic) ¹⁵	
Georgia	Yes (public and nonpublic) ²⁴	
Hawaii	Yes (public) ¹⁹	
Illinois	No (public and nonpublic) ²¹	
Iowa Shared Visions	Yes (public); No (nonpublic) ²⁶	
Iowa SWVPP	Yes (public); Determined locally (nonpublic) ²³	
Kansas Preschool Pilot	Determined locally (public and nonpublic)	
Kansas State Pre-K	Determined locally (public and nonpublic)	
Kentucky	Yes (public); Guidance only, Determined locally, Efforts towards parity (nonpublic) ²⁶	
Louisiana 8(g)	No (public)	
Louisiana LA 4	No (public)	
Louisiana NSECD	No (nonpublic)	
Maine	Yes (public); Guidance only, determined locally (nonpublic) ¹⁵	
Maryland	Guidance only, Determined locally, Efforts towards parity (public and nonpublic) ¹⁸	
Massachusetts UPK	Determined locally (public); No (nonpublic)	
Massachusetts Ch 70	Determined locally (public) ²¹	
Michigan	Determined locally (public and nonpublic)	
Minnesota HdSt	Efforts towards parity (public); Guidance only, determined locally, Efforts towards parity (nonpublic)	
Minnesota VPK/SRP	Yes (public and nonpublic)	
Mississippi	No (public and nonpublic)	
Missouri	Yes (public and nonpublic)	
Montana	Yes (public); Guidance only, determined locally (nonpublic)	
Nebraska	Determined locally (public and nonpublic) ¹⁸	
Nevada	Yes (public and nonpublic)	
New Jersey Abbott	Yes (public and nonpublic)	
New Jersey ECPA	Yes (public and nonpublic)	
New Jersey ELLI	Yes (public and nonpublic)	
New Mexico	Yes (public); No (nonpublic)	
New York	No (public and nonpublic)	
North Carolina	Yes (public); Guidance only, Determined locally, Efforts towards parity (nonpublic) ²²	
North Dakota	No (public and nonpublic)	
Ohio	No (public and nonpublic)	
Oklahoma	Yes (public)	
Oregon HdSt	No (public and nonpublic)	
Oregon Preschool Promise	Yes (public and nonpublic) ²⁹	
Pennsylvania RTL	Determined locally (public and nonpublic)	
Pennsylvania HSSAP	Determined locally (public and nonpublic)	
Pennsylvania K4 & SBPK	Determined locally (public and nonpublic)	
Pennsylvania PKC	Guidance only, Determined locally (public and nonpublic)	
Rhode Island	Yes (public and nonpublic) ¹⁶	
South Carolina	Yes (public); No (nonpublic) ²⁸	
Tennessee	Yes (public); Guidance only (nonpublic) ³⁰	
	V / 12 A N / 12 A	
Texas	Yes (public); No (nonpublic)	
Texas Vermont	Yes (public); No (nonpublic) Yes (public); No (nonpublic)	
Vermont	Yes (public); No (nonpublic)	
Vermont Virginia	Yes (public); No (nonpublic) Yes (public); No (nonpublic)	
Vermont Virginia Washington	Yes (public); No (nonpublic) Yes (public); No (nonpublic) Determined locally, Efforts toward parity (public and nonpublic) ²⁵	
Vermont Virginia Washington West Virginia	Yes (public); No (nonpublic) Yes (public); No (nonpublic) Determined locally, Efforts toward parity (public and nonpublic) ²⁵ Yes (public); No (nonpublic) ²⁰	

STATE POLICY REQUIRES SALARY PARITY FOR PRESCHOOL LEAD TEACHERS WITH K-3

STATE	Salary schedule	
Alabama	Yes (public and nonpublic) ²⁷	
Alaska	Yes (public); Determined locally (nonpublic)	
Arizona	Determined locally (public and nonpublic)	
Arkansas	Guidance only, Determined locally (public and nonpublic) ²⁷	
California CSPP	Efforts towards parity (public and nonpublic) ²⁴	
California TK	Yes (public)	
Colorado	Guidance only, Determined locally (public and nonpublic)	
Connecticut CDCC	Determined locally, Efforts towards parity (nonpublic) ²¹	
Connecticut SR	Determined locally, Efforts towards parity (public and nonpublic) ²⁰	
Connecticut Smart Start	Determined locally, Efforts towards parity (public) ¹⁷	
Delaware	Yes (public); No (nonpublic)	
District of Columbia	Yes (DCPS and CBO); No (PCS) ²²	
Florida	Determined locally (public and nonpublic) ¹⁵	
Georgia	Efforts towards parity (public and nonpublic) ²⁴	
Hawaii	Yes (public) ¹⁹	
Illinois	No (public and nonpublic) ²¹	
Iowa Shared Visions	Yes (public); No (nonpublic) ²⁶	
Iowa SWVPP	Yes (public); Determined locally (nonpublic) ²³	
Kansas Preschool Pilot	Determined locally (public and nonpublic)	
Kansas State Pre-K	Determined locally (public and nonpublic)	
Kentucky	Yes (public); Guidance only, Determined locally, Efforts towards parity (nonpublic) ²⁶	
Louisiana 8(g)	No (public)	
Louisiana LA 4	No (public)	
Louisiana NSECD	No (nonpublic)	
Maine	Yes (public); Guidance only, determined locally (nonpublic) ¹⁵	
Maryland	Guidance only, Determined locally, Efforts towards parity (public and nonpublic) ¹⁸	
Massachusetts UPK	Determined locally (public); No (nonpublic)	
Massachusetts Ch 70	Determined locally (public) ²¹	
Michigan	Determined locally (public and nonpublic)	
Minnesota HdSt	Efforts towards parity (public); Guidance only, determined locally, Efforts towards parity (nonpublic)	
Minnesota VPK/SRP	Yes (public and nonpublic)	
Mississippi	No (public and nonpublic)	
Missouri	Yes (public); Determined locally (nonpublic)	
Montana	Yes (public); Guidance only, determined locally (nonpublic)	
Nebraska	Determined locally (public and nonpublic)18	
Nevada	Yes (public); Guidance only, Determined locally, Efforts towards parity (nonpublic)	
New Jersey Abbott	Yes (public and nonpublic)	
New Jersey ECPA	Yes (public and nonpublic)	
New Jersey ELLI	Yes (public and nonpublic)	
New Mexico	Yes (public); No (nonpublic)	
New York	No (public and nonpublic)	
North Carolina	Yes (public); Guidance only, Determined locally, Efforts towards parity (nonpublic) ²²	
North Dakota	No (public and nonpublic)	
Ohio	No (public and nonpublic)	
Oklahoma	Yes (public)	
Oregon HdSt	No (public and nonpublic)	
Oregon Preschool Promise	Yes (public and nonpublic) ²⁹	
Pennsylvania RTL	Determined locally (public and nonpublic)	
Pennsylvania HSSAP	Determined locally (public and nonpublic)	
Pennsylvania K4 & SBPK	Determined locally (public and nonpublic)	
Pennsylvania PKC	Guidance only, Determined locally (public and nonpublic)	
Rhode Island	Yes (public and nonpublic) ¹⁶	
South Carolina	Yes (public); No (nonpublic) ²⁸	
Tennessee	Yes (public); Guidance only (nonpublic) ³⁰	
Texas	Yes (public); No (nonpublic)	
Vermont	Yes (public); No (nonpublic)	
Virginia	Yes (public); No (nonpublic)	
Washington	Determined locally, Efforts toward parity (public and nonpublic) ²⁵	
West Virginia	Yes (public); No (nonpublic) ²⁰	
Wisconsin 4K	Determined locally (public and nonpublic)	
Wisconsin HdSt	Determined locally (nonpublic)	
Guam	Yes (public)	
	11 March 17	

STATE POLICY REQUIRES SALARY PARITY FOR PRESCHOOL LEAD TEACHERS WITH K-3

	STATE POLICY REQUIRES SALARY PARITY FOR PRESCHOOL LEAD TEACHERS WITH R-3	
STATE	Salary schedule prorated for differences in length of work day or year	
Alabama	NA (public and nonpublic) ²⁷	
Alaska	NA (public and nonpublic)	
Arizona	Determined locally (public and nonpublic)	
Arkansas	Guidance only, Determined locally (public and nonpublic)	
California CSPP	Efforts towards parity (public and nonpublic)	
California TK	Yes (public)	
Colorado	Guidance only, Determined locally (public and nonpublic)	
Connecticut CDCC	Determined locally, Efforts towards parity (nonpublic) ²¹	
Connecticut SR	Determined locally, Efforts towards parity (public and nonpublic) ²⁰	
Connecticut Smart Start	Determined locally, Efforts towards parity (public) ¹⁷	
Delaware	Yes (public); No (nonpublic)	
District of Columbia	Yes (DCPS and CBO); No (PCS) ²²	
Florida	Determined locally (public and nonpublic) ¹⁵	
Georgia	Yes (public and nonpublic) ²⁴	
Hawaii	NA (public) ¹⁹	
Illinois	No (public and nonpublic) ²¹	
Iowa Shared Visions	Yes (public); No (nonpublic) ²⁶	
Iowa SWVPP	Yes (public and nonpublic) ²³	
Kansas Preschool Pilot	Determined locally (public and nonpublic)	
Kansas State Pre-K	Determined locally (public and nonpublic)	
Kentucky	Yes (public); Guidance only, Determined locally, Efforts towards parity (nonpublic) ²⁶	
Louisiana 8(g)	No (public)	
Louisiana LA 4	No (public)	
Louisiana NSECD	No (nonpublic)	
Maine	Yes (public); Guidance only, determined locally (nonpublic) ¹⁵	
Maryland	Guidance only, Determined locally, Efforts towards parity (public and nonpublic) ¹⁸	
Massachusetts UPK	Determined locally (public); No (nonpublic)	
Massachusetts Ch 70	Determined locally (public) ²¹	
Michigan	Determined locally (public and nonpublic)	
Minnesota HdSt	Efforts towards parity (public); Guidance only, determined locally, Efforts towards parity (nonpublic)	
Minnesota VPK/SRP	Yes (public and nonpublic)	
Mississippi	No (public and nonpublic)	
Missouri	Determined locally (public and nonpublic)	
Montana	Yes (public); Guidance only, determined locally (nonpublic)	
Nebraska	Determined locally (public and nonpublic) ¹⁸	
Nevada	Yes (public); Guidance only, Determined locally, Efforts towards parity (nonpublic)	
New Jersey Abbott	Yes (public and nonpublic)	
New Jersey ECPA	Yes (public and nonpublic)	
New Jersey ELLI	Yes (public and nonpublic)	
New Mexico	Yes (public); No (nonpublic)	
New York	No (public and nonpublic)	
North Carolina	Yes (public); Guidance only, Determined locally, Efforts towards parity (nonpublic) ²²	
North Dakota	No (public and nonpublic)	
Ohio	No (public and nonpublic)	
Oklahoma Oragon HdSt	NA (public)	
Oregon HdSt	No (public and nonpublic)	
Oregon Preschool Promise	Yes (public and nonpublic) ²⁹	
Pennsylvania RTL Pennsylvania HSSAP	Determined locally (public and nonpublic) Determined locally (public and nonpublic)	
Pennsylvania K4 & SBPK	Determined locally (public and nonpublic)	
Pennsylvania PKC Rhode Island	Guidance only, Determined locally (public and nonpublic) Yes (public); Determined locally (nonpublic) ¹⁶	
South Carolina	Yes (public); Determined locally (nonpublic) ¹⁰ Yes (public); No (nonpublic) ²⁸	
	Yes (public); No (nonpublic) ²⁰ NA (public and nonpublic) ³⁰	
Tennessee	Yes (public); No (nonpublic)	
Texas Vermont		
	Yes (public); No (nonpublic) NA (public); No (nonpublic)	
Virginia		
Washington Wash Virginia	Determined locally, Efforts toward parity (public and nonpublic) ²⁵	
West Virginia Wiscopsin 4K	Yes (public); No (nonpublic) ²⁰	
Wisconsin 4K	Determined locally (public and nonpublic)	
Wisconsin HdSt	Determined locally (nonpublic)	
Guam	Yes (public)	

STATE POLICY REQUIRES FRINGE AND OTHER BENEFIT PARITY FOR PRESCHOOL LEAD TEACHERS WITH K-3

STATE	Retirement benefits	
Alabama	Yes (public); Guidance only, Determined locally, Efforts towards parity (nonpublic) ²⁷	
Alaska	Yes (public); Determined locally (nonpublic)	
Arizona	Determined locally (public and nonpublic)	
Arkansas	Guidance only, Determined locally (public and nonpublic)	
California CSPP	Efforts towards parity (public and nonpublic)	
California TK	Determined locally (public)	
Colorado	Guidance only, Determined locally (public and nonpublic)	
Connecticut CDCC	Determined locally, Efforts towards parity (nonpublic) ²¹	
Connecticut SR	Determined locally, Efforts towards parity (public and nonpublic) ²⁰	
Connecticut Smart Start	Determined locally, Efforts towards parity (public) ¹⁷	
Delaware	Yes (public); No (nonpublic)	
District of Columbia	Yes (DCPS and PCS); No (CBO) ²²	
Florida	Determined locally (public and nonpublic) ¹⁵	
Georgia	Yes (public); Guidance only, Efforts towards parity (nonpublic) ²⁴	
Hawaii	Yes (public) ¹⁹	
Illinois	No (public and nonpublic) ²¹	
Iowa Shared Visions	Yes (public); No (nonpublic) ²⁶	
Iowa SWVPP	Yes (public); Determined locally (nonpublic) ²³	
Kansas Preschool Pilot	Determined locally (public and nonpublic)	
Kansas State Pre-K	Determined locally (public and nonpublic)	
Kentucky	Yes (public); Guidance only, Determined locally, Efforts towards parity (nonpublic)	
Louisiana 8(g)	No (public)	
Louisiana LA 4	No (public)	
Louisiana NSECD	No (nonpublic)	
Maine	Yes (public); Guidance only, Determined locally (nonpublic)	
Maryland	Determined locally, Efforts towards parity (public and nonpublic) ¹⁸	
Massachusetts UPK	Determined locally (public); No (nonpublic)	
Massachusetts Ch 70	Determined locally (public) ²¹	
Michigan	Determined locally (public and nonpublic)	
Minnesota HdSt	Efforts towards parity (public); Guidance only, Determined locally, Efforts towards parity (public and nonpublic)	
Minnesota VPK/SRP	Yes (public and nonpublic)	
Mississippi	No (public and nonpublic)	
Missouri	Guidance only, Determined locally (public); Determined locally (nonpublic)	
Montana	Yes (public); Guidance only, Determined locally (nonpublic)	
Nebraska	Determined locally (public and nonpublic) ¹⁸	
Nevada	Yes (public); Guidance only, Determined locally, Efforts towards parity (nonpublic)	
New Jersey Abbott	Yes (public); Guidance only (nonpublic)	
New Jersey ECPA	Yes (public); Guidance only (nonpublic)	
New Jersey ELLI	Yes (public); Guidance only (nonpublic)	
New Mexico	Yes (public); No (nonpublic)	
New York	No (public and nonpublic)	
North Carolina	Yes (public); Guidance only, Determined locally, Efforts towards parity (nonpublic)	
North Dakota	No (public and nonpublic)	
Ohio	No (public and nonpublic)	
Oklahoma	Yes (public)	
Oregon HdSt	No (public and nonpublic)	
Oregon Preschool Promise	Guidance only, Determined locally, Efforts towards parity (public and nonpublic)	
Pennsylvania RTL	Determined locally (public and nonpublic)	
Pennsylvania HSSAP	Determined locally (public and nonpublic)	
Pennsylvania K4 & SBPK	Determined locally (public and nonpublic)	
Pennsylvania PKC	Guidance only, Determined locally (public and nonpublic)	
Rhode Island	Yes (public); Guidance only, Determined locally (nonpublic)	
South Carolina	Yes (public); No (nonpublic) 28	
Tennessee	Yes (public and nonpublic)	
Texas	Yes (public); No (nonpublic)	
Vermont	Yes (public); No (nonpublic)	
Virginia	Yes (public); No (nonpublic)	
Washington	Determined locally, Efforts towards parity (public and nonpublic)	
West Virginia	Yes (public); No (nonpublic) ²⁰	
Wisconsin 4K	Yes (public); Determined locally (nonpublic)	
Wisconsin HdSt	Determined locally (nonpublic)	
Guam	Yes (public)	

STATE POLICY REQUIRES FRINGE AND OTHER BENEFIT PARITY FOR PRESCHOOL LEAD TEACHERS WITH K-3

STATE	Health care	
Alabama	Yes (public); Guidance only, Determined locally, Efforts towards parity (nonpublic) ²⁷	
Alaska	Yes (public); Determined locally (nonpublic)	
Arizona	Determined locally (public and nonpublic)	
Arkansas	Guidance only, Determined locally (public and nonpublic)	
California CSPP	Efforts towards parity (public and nonpublic) ²⁴	
California TK	Determined locally (public)	
Colorado	Guidance only, Determined locally (public and nonpublic)	
Connecticut CDCC	Determined locally, Efforts towards parity (nonpublic) ²¹	
Connecticut SR	Determined locally, Efforts towards parity (public and nonpublic) ²⁰	
Connecticut Smart Start	Determined locally, Efforts towards parity (public) ¹⁷	
Delaware	Yes (public); No (nonpublic)	
District of Columbia	Yes (DCPS and PCS); No (CBO) ²²	
Florida	Determined locally (public and nonpublic) ¹⁵	
Georgia	Yes (public); Guidance only, Efforts towards parity (nonpublic) ²⁴	
Hawaii	Yes (public) ¹⁹	
Illinois	No (public and nonpublic) ²¹	
Iowa Shared Visions	Yes (public); No (nonpublic) ²⁶	
Iowa SWVPP	Yes (public); Determined locally (nonpublic) ²³	
Kansas Preschool Pilot	Determined locally (public and nonpublic)	
Kansas State Pre-K	Determined locally (public and nonpublic)	
Kentucky	Yes (public); Guidance only, Determined locally, Efforts towards parity (nonpublic)	
Louisiana 8(g)	No (public)	
Louisiana LA 4	No (public)	
Louisiana NSECD	No (nonpublic)	
Maine	Yes (public); Guidance only, Determined locally (nonpublic)	
Maryland	Determined locally, Efforts towards parity (public and nonpublic) ¹⁸	
Massachusetts UPK	Determined locally (public); No (nonpublic)	
Massachusetts Ch 70	Determined locally (public) ²¹	
Michigan	Determined locally (public and nonpublic)	
Minnesota HdSt	Efforts towards parity (public); Guidance only, Determined locally, Efforts towards parity (nonpublic)	
Minnesota VPK/SRP	Yes (public and nonpublic)	
Mississippi	No (public and nonpublic)	
Missouri	Guidance only, Determined locally (public); Determined locally (nonpublic)	
Montana	Yes (public); Guidance only, Determined locally (nonpublic)	
Nebraska	Determined locally (public and nonpublic) ¹⁸	
Nevada	Yes (public); Guidance only, Determined locally, Efforts towards parity (nonpublic)	
New Jersey Abbott	Yes (public); Guidance only (nonpublic)	
New Jersey ECPA	Yes (public); Guidance only (nonpublic)	
New Jersey ELLI	Yes (public); Guidance only (nonpublic)	
New Mexico	Yes (public); No (nonpublic)	
New York	No (public and nonpublic)	
North Carolina	Yes (public); Guidance only, Determined locally, Efforts towards parity (nonpublic)	
North Dakota	No (public and nonpublic)	
Ohio	No (public and nonpublic)	
Oklahoma	Yes (public)	
Oregon HdSt	No (public and nonpublic)	
Oregon Preschool Promise	Guidance only, Determined locally, Efforts towards parity (public and nonpublic)	
Pennsylvania RTL	Determined locally (public and nonpublic)	
Pennsylvania HSSAP	Determined locally (public and nonpublic)	
Pennsylvania K4 & SBPK	Determined locally (public and nonpublic)	
Pennsylvania PKC	Guidance only, Determined locally (public and nonpublic)	
Rhode Island	Yes (public); Guidance only, Determined locally (nonpublic)	
South Carolina	Yes (public); No (nonpublic) ²⁸	
Tennessee	Yes (public and nonpublic)	
Texas	Yes (public); No (nonpublic)	
Vermont	Yes (public); No (nonpublic)	
Virginia	Yes (public); No (nonpublic)	
Washington	Determined locally, Efforts towards parity (public and nonpublic)	
West Virginia	Yes (public); No (nonpublic) ²⁰	
Wisconsin 4K	Determined locally (public and nonpublic)	
Wisconsin HdSt	Determined locally (nonpublic)	
Guam	Yes (public)	

STATE POLICY REQUIRES FRINGE AND OTHER BENEFIT PARITY FOR PRESCHOOL LEAD TEACHERS WITH K-3

STATE	Paid time off	
Alabama	Yes (public); Guidance only, Determined locally, Efforts towards parity (nonpublic) ²⁷	
Alaska	Yes (public); Determined locally (nonpublic)	
Arizona	Determined locally (public and nonpublic)	
Arkansas	Guidance only, Determined locally (public and nonpublic)	
California CSPP	Efforts towards parity (public and nonpublic) ²⁴	
California TK	Determined locally (public)	
Colorado	Guidance only, Determined locally (public and nonpublic)	
Connecticut CDCC	Determined locally, Efforts towards parity (nonpublic) ²¹	
Connecticut SR	Determined locally, Efforts towards parity (public and nonpublic) ²⁰	
Connecticut Smart Start	Determined locally, Efforts towards parity (public) ¹⁷	
Delaware	Yes (public); No (nonpublic)	
District of Columbia	Yes (DCPS, PCS, and CBO)	
Florida	Determined locally (public and nonpublic) ¹⁵	
Georgia	Yes (public); Guidance only, Efforts towards parity (nonpublic) ²⁴	
Hawaii	Yes (public) ¹⁹	
Illinois	No (public and nonpublic) ²¹	
Iowa Shared Visions	Yes (public); No (nonpublic) ²⁶	
Iowa SWVPP	Yes (public); Determined locally (nonpublic) ²³	
Kansas Preschool Pilot	Determined locally (public and nonpublic)	
Kansas State Pre-K	Determined locally (public and nonpublic)	
Kentucky	Yes (public); Guidance only, Determined locally, Efforts towards parity (nonpublic)	
Louisiana 8(g)	No (public)	
Louisiana LA 4	No (public)	
Louisiana NSECD	No (nonpublic)	
Maine	Yes (public); Guidance only, Determined locally (nonpublic)	
Maryland	Determined locally, Efforts towards parity (public and nonpublic) ¹⁸	
Massachusetts UPK	Determined locally (public); No (nonpublic)	
Massachusetts Ch 70	Determined locally (public) ²¹	
Michigan	Determined locally (public and nonpublic)	
Minnesota HdSt	Efforts towards parity (public); Guidance only, Determined locally, Efforts towards parity (nonpublic)	
Minnesota VPK/SRP	Yes (public and nonpublic)	
Mississippi	No (public and nonpublic)	
Missouri	Yes (public); Determined locally (nonpublic)	
Montana	Yes (public); Guidance only, Determined locally (nonpublic)	
Nebraska	Determined locally (public and nonpublic) ¹⁸	
Nevada	Yes (public); Guidance only, Determined locally, Efforts towards parity (nonpublic)	
New Jersey Abbott	Yes (public and nonpublic) Yes (public and nonpublic)	
New Jersey ECPA	4 1 ,	
New Jersey ELLI	Yes (public and nonpublic)	
New Mexico New York	Yes (public); No (nonpublic)	
North Carolina	No (public and nonpublic) Yes (public); Guidance only, Determined locally, Efforts towards parity (nonpublic)	
North Dakota Ohio	No (public and nonpublic) No (public and nonpublic)	
OTIIO		
Oklahoma	Vac (aublic)	
Oklahoma Oregon HdSt	Yes (public)	
Oregon HdSt	No (public and nonpublic)	
Oregon HdSt Oregon Preschool Promise	No (public and nonpublic) Guidance only, Determined locally, Efforts towards parity (public and nonpublic)	
Oregon HdSt Oregon Preschool Promise Pennsylvania RTL	No (public and nonpublic) Guidance only, Determined locally, Efforts towards parity (public and nonpublic) Determined locally (public and nonpublic)	
Oregon HdSt Oregon Preschool Promise Pennsylvania RTL Pennsylvania HSSAP	No (public and nonpublic) Guidance only, Determined locally, Efforts towards parity (public and nonpublic) Determined locally (public and nonpublic) Determined locally (public and nonpublic)	
Oregon HdSt Oregon Preschool Promise Pennsylvania RTL Pennsylvania HSSAP Pennsylvania K4 & SBPK	No (public and nonpublic) Guidance only, Determined locally, Efforts towards parity (public and nonpublic) Determined locally (public and nonpublic) Determined locally (public and nonpublic) Determined locally (public and nonpublic)	
Oregon HdSt Oregon Preschool Promise Pennsylvania RTL Pennsylvania HSSAP Pennsylvania K4 & SBPK Pennsylvania PKC	No (public and nonpublic) Guidance only, Determined locally, Efforts towards parity (public and nonpublic) Determined locally (public and nonpublic) Determined locally (public and nonpublic) Determined locally (public and nonpublic) Guidance only, Determined locally (public and nonpublic)	
Oregon HdSt Oregon Preschool Promise Pennsylvania RTL Pennsylvania HSSAP Pennsylvania K4 & SBPK Pennsylvania PKC Rhode Island	No (public and nonpublic) Guidance only, Determined locally, Efforts towards parity (public and nonpublic) Determined locally (public and nonpublic) Determined locally (public and nonpublic) Determined locally (public and nonpublic) Guidance only, Determined locally (public and nonpublic) Yes (public and nonpublic)	
Oregon HdSt Oregon Preschool Promise Pennsylvania RTL Pennsylvania HSSAP Pennsylvania K4 & SBPK Pennsylvania PKC Rhode Island South Carolina	No (public and nonpublic) Guidance only, Determined locally, Efforts towards parity (public and nonpublic) Determined locally (public and nonpublic) Determined locally (public and nonpublic) Determined locally (public and nonpublic) Guidance only, Determined locally (public and nonpublic) Yes (public and nonpublic) Yes (public); No (nonpublic) ²⁸	
Oregon HdSt Oregon Preschool Promise Pennsylvania RTL Pennsylvania HSSAP Pennsylvania K4 & SBPK Pennsylvania PKC Rhode Island South Carolina Tennessee	No (public and nonpublic) Guidance only, Determined locally, Efforts towards parity (public and nonpublic) Determined locally (public and nonpublic) Determined locally (public and nonpublic) Determined locally (public and nonpublic) Guidance only, Determined locally (public and nonpublic) Yes (public and nonpublic) Yes (public); No (nonpublic) ²⁸ Yes (public) and nonpublic)	
Oregon HdSt Oregon Preschool Promise Pennsylvania RTL Pennsylvania HSSAP Pennsylvania K4 & SBPK Pennsylvania PKC Rhode Island South Carolina Tennessee Texas	No (public and nonpublic) Guidance only, Determined locally, Efforts towards parity (public and nonpublic) Determined locally (public and nonpublic) Determined locally (public and nonpublic) Determined locally (public and nonpublic) Guidance only, Determined locally (public and nonpublic) Yes (public and nonpublic) Yes (public); No (nonpublic) ²⁸ Yes (public); No (nonpublic) Yes (public); No (nonpublic)	
Oregon HdSt Oregon Preschool Promise Pennsylvania RTL Pennsylvania HSSAP Pennsylvania K4 & SBPK Pennsylvania PKC Rhode Island South Carolina Tennessee Texas Vermont	No (public and nonpublic) Guidance only, Determined locally, Efforts towards parity (public and nonpublic) Determined locally (public and nonpublic) Determined locally (public and nonpublic) Determined locally (public and nonpublic) Guidance only, Determined locally (public and nonpublic) Yes (public and nonpublic) Yes (public); No (nonpublic) ²⁸ Yes (public); No (nonpublic) Yes (public); No (nonpublic) Yes (public); No (nonpublic)	
Oregon HdSt Oregon Preschool Promise Pennsylvania RTL Pennsylvania HSSAP Pennsylvania K4 & SBPK Pennsylvania PKC Rhode Island South Carolina Tennessee Texas Vermont Virginia	No (public and nonpublic) Guidance only, Determined locally, Efforts towards parity (public and nonpublic) Determined locally (public and nonpublic) Determined locally (public and nonpublic) Determined locally (public and nonpublic) Guidance only, Determined locally (public and nonpublic) Yes (public and nonpublic) Yes (public); No (nonpublic)²²² Yes (public); No (nonpublic)	
Oregon HdSt Oregon Preschool Promise Pennsylvania RTL Pennsylvania HSSAP Pennsylvania K4 & SBPK Pennsylvania PKC Rhode Island South Carolina Tennessee Texas Vermont Virginia Washington	No (public and nonpublic) Guidance only, Determined locally, Efforts towards parity (public and nonpublic) Determined locally (public and nonpublic) Determined locally (public and nonpublic) Determined locally (public and nonpublic) Guidance only, Determined locally (public and nonpublic) Yes (public and nonpublic) Yes (public); No (nonpublic)²²² Yes (public); No (nonpublic) Determined locally, Efforts towards parity (public and nonpublic)	
Oregon HdSt Oregon Preschool Promise Pennsylvania RTL Pennsylvania HSSAP Pennsylvania K4 & SBPK Pennsylvania PKC Rhode Island South Carolina Tennessee Texas Vermont Virginia Washington West Virginia	No (public and nonpublic) Guidance only, Determined locally, Efforts towards parity (public and nonpublic) Determined locally (public and nonpublic) Determined locally (public and nonpublic) Determined locally (public and nonpublic) Guidance only, Determined locally (public and nonpublic) Yes (public and nonpublic) Yes (public); No (nonpublic) ²⁸ Yes (public); No (nonpublic) Determined locally, Efforts towards parity (public and nonpublic) Yes (public); No (nonpublic)	
Oregon HdSt Oregon Preschool Promise Pennsylvania RTL Pennsylvania HSSAP Pennsylvania K4 & SBPK Pennsylvania PKC Rhode Island South Carolina Tennessee Texas Vermont Virginia Washington West Virginia Wisconsin 4K	No (public and nonpublic) Guidance only, Determined locally, Efforts towards parity (public and nonpublic) Determined locally (public and nonpublic) Determined locally (public and nonpublic) Determined locally (public and nonpublic) Guidance only, Determined locally (public and nonpublic) Yes (public and nonpublic) Yes (public); No (nonpublic)² Yes (public); No (nonpublic) Determined locally, Efforts towards parity (public and nonpublic) Yes (public); No (nonpublic)² Determined locally (public and nonpublic)	
Oregon HdSt Oregon Preschool Promise Pennsylvania RTL Pennsylvania HSSAP Pennsylvania K4 & SBPK Pennsylvania PKC Rhode Island South Carolina Tennessee Texas Vermont Virginia Washington West Virginia	No (public and nonpublic) Guidance only, Determined locally, Efforts towards parity (public and nonpublic) Determined locally (public and nonpublic) Determined locally (public and nonpublic) Determined locally (public and nonpublic) Guidance only, Determined locally (public and nonpublic) Yes (public and nonpublic) Yes (public); No (nonpublic) ²⁸ Yes (public); No (nonpublic) Determined locally, Efforts towards parity (public and nonpublic) Yes (public); No (nonpublic)	

STATE POLICY REQUIRES FRINGE AND OTHER BENEFIT PARITY FOR PRESCHOOL LEAD TEACHERS WITH K-3

STATE	Other benefits	
Alabama	No (public and nonpublic) ²⁷	
Alaska	No (public and nonpublic)	
Arizona	No (public and nonpublic)	
Arkansas	No (public and nonpublic)	
California CSPP	No (public and nonpublic)	
California TK	No (public)	
Colorado	No (public and nonpublic)	
Connecticut CDCC	No (nonpublic) ²¹	
Connecticut SR	No (public and nonpublic) ²⁰	
Connecticut Smart Start	No (public) ¹⁷	
Delaware	No (public and nonpublic)	
District of Columbia	Yes (DCPS and PCS); No (CBO)	
Florida	No (public and nonpublic) ¹⁵	
Georgia	Yes (public and nonpublic) ²⁴	
Hawaii	Yes (public) ¹⁹	
Illinois	No (public and nonpublic) ²¹	
Iowa Shared Visions	No (public and nonpublic) ²⁶	
Iowa SWVPP	No (public and nonpublic) ²³	
Kansas Preschool Pilot	No (public and nonpublic)	
Kansas State Pre-K	No (public and nonpublic)	
Kentucky	No (public); Yes (nonpublic)	
Louisiana 8(g)	No (public)	
Louisiana LA 4	No (public)	
Louisiana NSECD	No (nonpublic)	
Maine	No (public); Yes (nonpublic)	
Maryland	No (public and nonpublic) ¹⁸	
Massachusetts UPK	No (public and nonpublic)	
Massachusetts Ch 70	No (public) ²¹	
Michigan	No (public and nonpublic)	
Minnesota HdSt	No (public and nonpublic)	
Minnesota VPK/SRP	No (public and nonpublic)	
Mississippi	No (public and nonpublic)	
Missouri	No (public and nonpublic)	
Montana	No (public and nonpublic)	
Nebraska	No (public and nonpublic) ¹⁸	
Nevada	Yes (public and nonpublic)	
New Jersey Abbott	No (public and nonpublic)	
New Jersey ECPA	No (public and nonpublic)	
New Jersey ELLI	No (public and nonpublic)	
New Mexico	No (public and nonpublic)	
New York	No (public and nonpublic)	
North Carolina	No (public and nonpublic)	
North Dakota	No (public and nonpublic)	
Ohio	No (public and nonpublic)	
Oklahoma	No (public)	
Oregon HdSt	No (public and nonpublic)	
Oregon Preschool Promise	Yes (public and nonpublic)	
Pennsylvania RTL	No (public and nonpublic)	
Pennsylvania HSSAP	No (public and nonpublic)	
Pennsylvania K4 & SBPK	No (public and nonpublic)	
Pennsylvania PKC	No (public and nonpublic)	
Rhode Island	No (public); Yes (nonpublic)	
South Carolina	No (public and nonpublic) ²⁸	
Tennessee	No (public and nonpublic)	
Texas	No (public and nonpublic)	
Vermont	No (public and nonpublic)	
Virginia	No (public and nonpublic)	
Washington	No (public and nonpublic)	
West Virginia	No (public and nonpublic) ²⁰	
Wisconsin 4K	No (public and nonpublic)	
Wisconsin HdSt	No (nonpublic)	
Guam	No (public)	

STATE	The state has explicit salary and/or fringe benefits requirements for preschool lead teachers	Average annual salary for preschool lead teachers
Alabama	Yes (salary and fringe) ²⁷	Public: \$45,857; Nonpublic: \$39,986
Alaska	Yes (salary and fringe) ¹⁶	Not reported
Arizona	No	Not reported
Arkansas	No	Public: \$40,193; Nonpublic: \$27,279
California CSPP	No	Public: \$30,000; Nonpublic: \$28,455
California TK	No	Public: \$63,000
Colorado	No	Public: \$30,500; Nonpublic: Not reported
Connecticut CDCC	No	Nonpublic: \$36,638
Connecticut SR	No	Public: \$57,774; Nonpublic: \$36,638
Connecticut Smart Start	No	Public: \$57,774
Delaware	Yes (salary and fringe)	Not reported
District of Columbia	Yes (salary, DCPS & CBO)	Public: \$86,898 (DCPS only); Nonpublic: Not reported
Florida	No	Public: \$24,336; Nonpublic: \$24,336
Georgia	Yes (salary and fringe) ²⁵	Public: \$38,461; Nonpublic: \$38,461
Hawaii	Yes (salary and fringe) ¹⁹	Public: \$53,000
Illinois	No	Not reported
Iowa Shared Visions	Yes (salary) ²⁶	Public: \$52,608; Nonpublic: \$34,457
Iowa SWVPP	Yes (salary) ²³	Public: Full Time: \$51,270; Part time: \$29,330; Nonpublic: Full Time: \$42,266; Part Time: \$25,281
Kansas Preschool Pilot	No	Not reported
Kansas State Pre-K	No	Not reported
Kentucky	Yes (salary and fringe) ²⁶	Public: \$53,450; Nonpublic: Not reported
Louisiana 8(g)	No	Public: \$45,000
Louisiana LA 4	No	Public: Not reported
Louisiana NSECD	No	Nonpublic: Not reported
Maine	No	Public: \$51,180; Nonpublic: Not reported
Maryland	No	Public: \$45,147; Nonpublic: Not reported
Massachusetts UPK	No	Not reported
Massachusetts Ch 70	No	Not reported
Michigan	No	Public: \$42,081; Nonpublic: \$32,197
Minnesota HdSt	No	Public: Not reported; Nonpublic: \$34,545
Minnesota VPK/SRP	Yes (salary and fringe) ³⁰	Not reported
Mississippi	No	Public: \$39,000; Nonpublic: \$20,259
Missouri	No	Not reported
Montana	Yes (salary and fringe)	Public: \$21.51/hour; Nonpublic: \$21.51/hour
Nebraska	No	Not reported
Nevada	Yes (salary)	Public: \$50,000; Nonpublic: \$50,000
New Jersey Abbott	Yes (salary) ¹⁷	Not reported
New Jersey ECPA	Yes (salary) ¹⁵	Not reported
New Jersey ELLI	Yes (salary) ¹⁸	Not reported
New Mexico	No	Public: \$45,094; Nonpublic: Not reported
New York	No	Not reported
North Carolina	Yes (salary and fringe) ²³	Public: \$35,000; Nonpublic: \$24,510
North Dakota	No	Not reported
Ohio	No	Not reported
Oklahoma	Yes (salary and fringe) ¹⁶	Public: \$44,921
Oregon HdSt	No	Public: Not reported; Nonpublic: \$29,713
Oregon Preschool Promise	Yes (salary) ³⁰	Public: \$48,000; Nonpublic: \$48,000
Pennsylvania RTL	No	Not reported
Pennsylvania HSSAP	No	Not reported
Pennsylvania K4 & SBPK	No	Not reported
Pennsylvania PKC	No	Not reported
Rhode Island	Yes (salary and fringe) ¹⁷	Public: \$68,000; Nonpublic: \$56,000
South Carolina	No	Public: \$49,442; Nonpublic: Not reported
Tennessee	Yes (salary and fringe) ³¹	Not reported
Texas	No ¹⁴	Public: \$52,025; Nonpublic: Not reported
Vermont	No ²⁶	Public: \$46,000-\$48,000; Nonpublic: \$28,000-\$30,000
Virginia	No	Public: \$56,861; Nonpublic: Not reported
Washington	No	Public: \$39,167; Nonpublic: \$31,131
West Virginia	Yes (salary and fringe) ²⁰	Public: \$42,163; Nonpublic: Not reported
Wisconsin 4K	Yes (fringe) ²³	Not reported
Wisconsin HdSt	No	Not reported
Guam	Yes (salary and fringe) ⁷	Public: \$36,000
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The state requires paid time for professional State policy requires equivalent paid time for professional responsibilities and/or PD days for preschool lead teachers STATE responsibilities and/or PD days for preschool lead teachers Alabama Yes²⁸ Yes (public and nonpublic)28 Alaska Yes17 Yes (public); Determined locally (nonpublic) No (public and nonpublic) Arizona No Arkansas No No (public and nonpublic)²⁸ California CSPP No (public and nonpublic) No California TK Yes (public) No Colorado Nο No (public and nonpublic) Connecticut CDCC No No (nonpublic) Connecticut SR No No (public and nonpublic) Connecticut Smart Start No No (public) Delaware Yes Yes (public); No (nonpublic) Yes (DCPS); No (PCS); PD days only (CBO)²⁴ District of Columbia Yes (DCPS & CBO), No (PCS)²³ Florida No (public and nonpublic)16 No Yes (public and nonpublic) Georgia Hawaii Yes²⁰ Yes (public) No (public and nonpublic)²² Illinois No Iowa Shared Visions Yes²⁷ PD days only (public); No (nonpublic) Iowa SWVPP PD days only (public); No (nonpublic)²⁴ Yes²⁴ Kansas Preschool Pilot No (public and nonpublic) No Kansas State Pre-K No (public and nonpublic) No Kentucky Yes Yes (public); No (nonpublic) Louisiana 8(g) No No (public) Louisiana LA 4 No No (public) Louisiana NSECD No (nonpublic) No Yes (public); No (nonpublic) Maine No Maryland Yes19 No (public and nonpublic) Massachusetts UPK No No (public and nonpublic) Massachusetts Ch 70 No (public)21 Michigan Yes²¹ No (public and nonpublic)²¹ Minnesota HdSt No (public and nonpublic)²⁵ No Minnesota VPK/SRP No (public and nonpublic)31 No No (public and nonpublic) Mississippi Nο Missouri No No (public and nonpublic) Montana No (public and nonpublic) No Nebraska No No (public and nonpublic)18 Nevada Yes²⁷ Yes (public and nonpublic) New Jersey Abbott Yes (public and nonpublic) No New Jersey ECPA Yes (public and nonpublic) No New Jersey ELLI Yes (public and nonpublic) No New Mexico Yes²³ Yes (public and nonpublic)²³ New York No (public and nonpublic) No North Carolina No No (public and nonpublic)²⁴ PD days only (public); No (nonpublic) North Dakota Yes¹⁴ Ohio No (public and nonpublic) No Oklahoma Yes (public)17 Yes1 Oregon HdSt No No (public and nonpublic) Oregon Preschool Promise Yes³¹ No (public and nonpublic)31 Pennsylvania RTL No No (public and nonpublic)12 Pennsylvania HSSAP No No (public and nonpublic) Pennsylvania K4 & SBPK No (public and nonpublic) No Pennsylvania PKC No No (public and nonpublic) Rhode Island Yes Yes (public and nonpublic)18 South Carolina Yes (public and nonpublic) No No (public and nonpublic) Tennessee Yes³² Texas No No (public and nonpublic) Yes (public); No (nonpublic) Vermont No Virginia Yes¹³ Yes (public); No (nonpublic) Washington Yes²⁶ No (public and nonpublic) West Virginia Yes²¹ Yes (public); PD days only (nonpublic)²¹ Wisconsin 4K No (public and nonpublic)²⁴ No Wisconsin HdSt No No (nonpublic)²¹ Guam Yes8 Yes (public)9

	State provides supports for preschool lead teachers to attain credentials/enhance skills
Alabama	Scholarships, Mentoring, Coaching, Other (public and nonpublic) ²⁹
Alaska	None (public and nonpublic) ¹⁸
Arizona	Scholarships, Bonuses (public and nonpublic) ²⁴
Arkansas	Coaching (public and nonpublic) ²⁹
California CSPP	Mentoring, Coaching, Other (public and nonpublic) ²⁵
California TK	Loan Forgiveness, Mentoring, Coaching, Other (public) ²²
Colorado	None (public and nonpublic) ¹⁶
Connecticut CDCC	Scholarships, Coaching (nonpublic) ²²
Connecticut SR	Scholarships, Coaching (public and nonpublic) ²¹
Connecticut Smart Start	Scholarships, Coaching (public) ¹⁸
Delaware	Scholarships, Mentoring, Coaching (public); Scholarships, Coaching (nonpublic)
District of Columbia	Coaching, Bonuses (DCPS); Locally determined (PCS); Scholarships, Coaching (nonpublic)
Florida	Scholarships, Coaching (public and nonpublic) ¹⁷
Georgia	Scholarships, Mentoring, Coaching, Bonuses (public and nonpublic) ²⁷
Hawaii	Mentoring, Coaching, Other (public) ²¹
Illinois	Scholarships (public and nonpublic) ²³
Iowa Shared Visions Iowa SWVPP	Scholarships, Mentoring (public); Scholarships (nonpublic)
	Scholarships, Mentoring (public); Scholarships (nonpublic)
Kansas Preschool Pilot	None (public and nonpublic)
Kansas State Pre-K	None (public and nonpublic)
Kentucky	Scholarships, Loan Forgiveness, Mentoring, Coaching (public); Scholarships, Loan Forgiveness, Mentoring (nonpublic) ²⁷
Louisiana 8(g)	Scholarships, Mentoring, Coaching (public)
Louisiana LA 4	Scholarships (public) ¹⁶
Louisiana NSECD	Scholarships, Mentoring, Coaching (nonpublic)
Maine	Loan Forgiveness, Coaching (public); Coaching (nonpublic)
Maryland	Coaching (public); Scholarships, Coaching, Bonuses (nonpublic)
Massachusetts UPK	Determined locally (public); Scholarships, Coaching (nonpublic)
Massachusetts Ch 70	Determined locally (public)
Michigan	Scholarships, Mentoring, Coaching (public and nonpublic) ²²
Minnesota HdSt	Scholarships (public and nonpublic) ²⁶
Minnesota VPK/SRP	Scholarships, Mentoring, Other (public and nonpublic) ³²
Mississippi	None (public and nonpublic)
Missouri	Coaching (public and nonpublic)
Montana	Scholarships, Mentoring, Coaching (public and nonpublic)
Nebraska	Scholarships, Coaching (public and nonpublic)
Nevada	Scholarships, Coaching (public and nonpublic) ²⁸
New Jersey Abbott	Mentoring, Coaching (public and nonpublic)
New Jersey ECPA	Mentoring, Coaching (public and nonpublic)
New Jersey ELLI	Mentoring, Coaching (public and nonpublic)
New Mexico	Scholarships, Loan Forgiveness, Mentoring, Coaching, Bonuses (public); Scholarships, Mentoring, Coaching, Bonuses (nonpublic)
New York	None (public and nonpublic)
North Carolina	Scholarships, Mentoring, Coaching (public and nonpublic)
North Dakota	Scholarships, Loan Forgiveness, Mentoring, Coaching (public) Scholarships, Coaching, Bonuses (nonpublic) Scholarships, Loan Forgiveness, Mentoring, Coaching (public); Scholarships, Coaching, Bonuses (nonpublic) Scholarships, Loan Forgiveness, Mentoring, Coaching (public) Scholarships, Coaching, Bonuses (nonpublic) Scholarships, Loan Forgiveness, Mentoring, Coaching (public) Scholarships, Coaching, Bonuses (nonpublic) Scholarships, Loan Forgiveness, Mentoring, Coaching (public) Scholarships, Coaching, Bonuses (nonpublic) Scholarships, Loan Forgiveness, Mentoring, Coaching (public) Scholarships, Coaching, Bonuses (nonpublic) Scholar
Ohio	Scholarships, Loan Forgiveness, Mentoring, Coaching (public); Scholarships, Coaching, Bonuses (nonpublic).
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Oklahoma Orogon HdS+	Loan Forgiveness (public)
Oregon HdSt	None (public and nonpublic)
Oregon Preschool Promise	Scholarships, Mentoring, Coaching (public and nonpublic)
Pennsylvania RTL	None (public and nonpublic) ¹²
Pennsylvania HSSAP	Coaching (public and nonpublic) ¹¹
Pennsylvania K4 & SBPK	None (public and nonpublic) ¹³
Pennsylvania PKC	Loan Forgiveness, Coaching (public); Scholarships, Coaching, Bonuses (nonpublic) ¹⁹
Rhode Island	Mentoring, Coaching (public and nonpublic)
South Carolina	Scholarships, Loan Forgiveness, Mentoring, Coaching (public); Loan Forgiveness, Mentoring, Coaching, Other (nonpublic) ²⁹
Tennessee	Loan Forgiveness, Coaching (public and nonpublic)
Texas	None (public and nonpublic)
Vermont	Scholarships, Mentoring, Coaching (public); Scholarships, Mentoring, Coaching, Bonuses (nonpublic)
Virginia	Mentoring (public); None (nonpublic)
virginia	Scholarships, Mentoring, Coaching, Other (public and nonpublic) ²⁷
Washington	
	Other (public and nonpublic) ²²
Washington	Other (public and nonpublic) ²² None (public and nonpublic) ²⁵
Washington West Virginia	

STATE	Does the state provide wage or salary incentives for preshool lead teachers?	Preschool lead teachers are covered by a collective bargaining agreement
Alabama	Yes, tied to years of service and Master's degree ²⁷	Determined locally (public and nonpublic)
Alaska	Yes, tied to local contracts	Yes (public); No (nonpublic)
Arizona	Yes, as a retention strategy ²⁴	No (public and nonpubic)
Arkansas	No	Determined locally (public and nonpublic)
California CSPP	No	Determined locally (public and nonpublic)
California TK	No	Yes (public)
Colorado	No	Determined locally (public and nonpublic)
Connecticut CDCC	No	Determined locally (nonpublic)
Connecticut SR	No	Determined locally (public and nonpublic)
Connecticut Smart Start	No	Determined locally (public)
Delaware	No	Determined locally (public); No (nonpublic)
District of Columbia	Yes, tied to performance (DCPS only) ²³	Yes (DCPS), Locally Determined (PCS); No (CBO) ²⁵
Florida	No	Determined locally (public and nonpublic)
Georgia	Yes, tied to program quality standards; and QRIS (nonpublic)	No (public and nonpublic) ²⁸
Hawaii	No	Yes (public)
Illinois	No	Yes (public); No (nonpublic)
Iowa Shared Visions	No	Yes (public); No (nonpublic)
Iowa SWVPP	No	Yes (public); No (nonpublic)
Kansas Preschool Pilot	No	Determined locally (public and nonpublic)
Kansas State Pre-K	No	Determined locally (public and nonpublic)
Kentucky	No No	Determined locally (public and nonpublic)
Louisiana 8(g)	No No	No (public)
Louisiana LA 4	No	No (public)
Louisiana NSECD	No	No (nonpublic)
Maine	No	Determined locally (public); No (nonpublic)
Maryland Massachusetts UPK	Yes, tied to program quality standards	Yes (public); No (nonpublic)
Massachusetts Ch 70	No No ²²	Determined locally (public and nonpublic)
	No ²³	Determined locally (public) Determined locally (public and nonpublic)
Michigan Minnesota HdSt	No	Determined locally (public and nonpublic) Determined locally (public and nonpublic)
Minnesota VPK/SRP	No ³³	Determined locally (public); No (nonpublic)
Mississippi	No	No (public and nonpublic)
Missouri	No	Determined locally (public and nonpublic)
Montana	No ¹⁶	Yes (public); No (nonpublic)
Nebraska	No	Yes (public); Unknown (nonpublic)
Nevada	No	Determined locally (public and nonpublic)
New Jersey Abbott	No	Determined locally (public and nonpublic)
New Jersey ECPA	No	Determined locally (public and nonpublic)
New Jersey ELLI	No	Determined locally (public and nonpublic)
New Mexico	Yes, tied to teacher performance	Determined locally (public); No (nonpublic)
New York	No	Determined locally (public and nonpublic)
North Carolina	No	No (public and nonpublic)
North Dakota	No	Determined locally (public and nonpublic)
Ohio	No	Determined locally (public and nonpublic)
Oklahoma	No ¹⁶	Yes (public)
Oregon HdSt	No	Determined locally (public and nonpublic)
Oregon Preschool Promise	No	Determined locally (public and nonpublic)
Pennsylvania RTL	No	Determined locally (public and nonpublic)
Pennsylvania HSSAP	No	Determined locally (public and nonpublic)
Pennsylvania K4 & SBPK	No	Determined locally (public and nonpublic)
Pennsylvania PKC	No	Determined locally (public and nonpublic)
Rhode Island	No	Yes (public); No (nonpublic)
South Carolina	Yes, tied to teacher performance ³⁰	No (public and nonpublic)
Tennessee	No	Determined locally (public and nonpublic) ³³
Texas	No	No (public and nonpublic)
Vermont	No ²⁷	Yes (public); Determined locally (nonpublic)
Virginia	No	No (public and nonpublic)
Washington	No	Determined locally (public and nonpublic)
West Virginia	No	No (public); Determined locally (nonpublic)
Wisconsin 4K	No ²⁴	Determined locally (public and nonpublic)
Wisconsin HdSt	No ²¹	Determined locally (nonpublic) ²¹
Guam	No	Yes (public)

STATE POLICY REQUIRES SALARY PARITY FOR PRESCHOOL ASSISTANT TEACHERS WITH K-3

STATE	Starting salary	
Alabama	Yes (public and nonpublic)	
Alaska	No (public and nonpublic)	
Arizona	No (public and nonpublic)	
Arkansas	Guidance only, Determined locally (public and nonpublic)	
California CSPP	No (public and nonpublic) ²⁴	
California TK	No (public) ²³	
Colorado	No (public and nonpublic)	
Connecticut CDCC	No (nonpublic)	
Connecticut SR	No (public and nonpublic)	
Connecticut Smart Start	No (public)	
Delaware	No (public and nonpublic)	
District of Columbia	Yes (DCPS and CBO); No (PCS) ²³	
Florida	Determined locally (public and nonpublic)	
Georgia	Yes (public and nonpublic) ²⁹	
Hawaii	Yes (public) ²²	
Illinois	Determined locally (public and nonpublic)	
Iowa Shared Visions	Determined locally (public and nonpublic)	
Iowa SWVPP	Determined locally (public and nonpublic)	
Kansas Preschool Pilot	No (public and nonpublic)	
Kansas State Pre-K	No (public and nonpublic)	
Kentucky	Yes (public); No (nonpublic)	
Louisiana 8(g)	No (public)	
Louisiana LA 4	No (public)	
Louisiana NSECD	No (nonpublic)	
Maine	Determined locally (public); No (nonpublic)	
Maryland	No (public and nonpublic)	
Massachusetts UPK	No (public and nonpublic)	
Massachusetts Ch 70	Determined locally (public)	
Michigan	Determined locally (public and nonpublic)	
Minnesota HdSt	No (public and nonpublic)	
Minnesota VPK/SRP	Determined locally (public and nonpublic) ³⁴	
Mississippi	No (public and nonpublic)	
Missouri	No (public and nonpublic)	
Montana	Guidance only (public and nonpublic)	
Nebraska	Determined locally (public and nonpublic)	
Nevada	Yes (public); Guidance only, Determined locally, Efforts towards parity (nonpublic) ²⁹	
New Jersey Abbott	Yes (public) Yes (public)	
New Jersey ECPA	Yes (public and nonpublic)	
New Jersey ELLI	Yes (public and nonpublic)	
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New Mexico	Yes (public); No (nonpublic)	
New York	No (public and nonpublic)	
North Carolina	Yes (public); No (nonpublic)	
North Dakota	No (public and nonpublic)	
Ohio	No (public and nonpublic)	
Oklahoma	Yes (public)	
Oregon HdSt	No (public and nonpublic)	
Oregon Preschool Promise	No (public and nonpublic) ³²	
Pennsylvania RTL	No (public and nonpublic)	
Pennsylvania HSSAP	No (public and nonpublic)	
Pennsylvania K4 & SBPK	Determined locally (public and nonpublic)	
Pennsylvania PKC	Guidance only, Determined locally (public and nonpublic)	
Rhode Island	Yes (public and nonpublic) ¹⁹	
South Carolina	Yes (public); Determined locally (nonpublic)	
Tennessee	Determined locally (public and nonpublic)	
Texas	No (public and nonpublic)	
Vermont	Yes (public); No (nonpublic)	
Virginia	Determined locally (public and nonpublic)	
Washington	Determined locally, Efforts towards parity (public and nonpublic) ²⁵	
West Virginia	Yes (public); No (nonpublic) ²⁰	
Wisconsin 4K	No (public and nonpublic)	
Wisconsin HdSt	Determined locally (nonpublic)	
Guam	No (public)	
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STATE POLICY REQUIRES SALARY PARITY FOR PRESCHOOL ASSISTANT TEACHERS WITH K-3

STATE	Salary schedule	
Alabama	Yes (public); Determined locally, Efforts towards parity (nonpublic) ³⁰	
Alaska	No (public and nonpublic)	
Arizona	No (public and nonpublic)	
Arkansas	Guidance only, Determined locally (public and nonpublic) ²⁷	
California CSPP	No (public and nonpublic) ²⁴	
California TK	No (public) ²³	
Colorado	No (public and nonpublic)	
Connecticut CDCC	No (nonpublic)	
Connecticut SR	No (public and nonpublic)	
Connecticut Smart Start	No (public)	
Delaware	No (public and nonpublic)	
District of Columbia	Yes (DCPS and CBO); No (PCS) ²³	
Florida	Determined locally (public and nonpublic)	
Georgia	Other, Efforts towards parity (public); Determined locally, Other, Efforts towards parity (nonpublic) ²⁹	
Hawaii	Yes (public) ²²	
Illinois	Determined locally (public and nonpublic)	
Iowa Shared Visions	Determined locally (public and nonpublic)	
Iowa SWVPP	Determined locally (public and nonpublic)	
Kansas Preschool Pilot	No (public and nonpublic)	
Kansas State Pre-K	No (public and nonpublic)	
Kentucky	Yes (public); No (nonpublic)	
Louisiana 8(g)	No (public)	
Louisiana LA 4	No (public)	
Louisiana NSECD	No (nonpublic)	
Maine	Determined locally (public); No (nonpublic)	
Maryland	No (public and nonpublic)	
Massachusetts UPK	No (public and nonpublic)	
Massachusetts Ch 70	Determined locally (public)	
Michigan	Determined locally (public and nonpublic)	
Minnesota HdSt	No (public and nonpublic)	
Minnesota VPK/SRP	Determined locally (public and nonpublic) ³⁴	
Mississippi	No (public and nonpublic)	
Missouri	No (public and nonpublic)	
Montana	Guidance only (public and nonpublic)	
Nebraska	Determined locally (public and nonpublic)	
Nevada	Yes (public); State guidance, Determined locally, Efforts towards parity (nonpublic) ²⁹	
New Jersey Abbott	Yes (public and nonpublic)	
New Jersey ECPA	Yes (public and nonpublic)	
New Jersey ELLI	Yes (public and nonpublic)	
New Mexico	Yes (public); No (nonpublic)	
New York	No (public and nonpublic)	
North Carolina	Yes (public); No (nonpublic)	
North Dakota	No (public and nonpublic)	
Ohio	No (public and nonpublic)	
Oklahoma	Yes (public)	
Oregon HdSt	No (public and nonpublic)	
Oregon Preschool Promise	No (public and nonpublic) ³²	
Pennsylvania RTL	No (public and nonpublic)	
Pennsylvania HSSAP	No (public and nonpublic)	
Pennsylvania K4 & SBPK	Determined locally (public and nonpublic)	
Pennsylvania PKC	State guidance, Determined locally (public and nonpublic)	
Rhode Island	Yes (public and nonpublic) ¹⁹	
South Carolina	Yes (public); Determined locally (nonpublic)	
Tennessee	Yes (public); Locally determined (nonpublic)	
Texas	No (public and nonpublic)	
Vermont	Yes (public); No (nonpublic)	
Virginia	Determined locally (public and nonpublic)	
Washington	Determined locally, Efforts towards parity (public and nonpublic) ²⁵	
West Virginia	Yes (public); No (nonpublic) ²⁰	
Wisconsin 4K	No (public and nonpublic)	
Wisconsin HdSt	Determined locally (nonpublic)	
Guam	Yes (public)	
	2.5 days 2.5 %	

STATE POLICY REQUIRES SALARY PARITY FOR PRESCHOOL ASSISTANT TEACHERS WITH K-3

STATE	Salary schedule prorated for differences in length of work day or year
Alabama	NA (public); Determined locally, Efforts towards parity (nonpublic)
Alaska	No (public and nonpublic)
Arizona	No (public and nonpublic)
Arkansas	State guidance, Determined locally (public and nonpublic)
California CSPP	No (public and nonpublic) ²⁴
California TK	No (public) ²³
Colorado	No (public and nonpublic)
Connecticut CDCC	No (nonpublic)
Connecticut SR	No (public and nonpublic)
Connecticut Smart Start	No (public)
Delaware	Yes (public); No (nonpublic)
District of Columbia	Yes (DCPS and CBO); No (PCS) ²³
Florida	Determined locally (public and nonpublic)
Georgia	Yes (public and nonpublic) ²⁹
Hawaii	NA (public) ²²
Illinois	Determined locally (public and nonpublic)
Iowa Shared Visions	Determined locally (public and nonpublic)
Iowa SWVPP	Determined locally (public and nonpublic) Determined locally (public and nonpublic)
Kansas Preschool Pilot	No (public and nonpublic)
Kansas State Pre-K	No (public and nonpublic)
Kentucky	Yes (public); No (nonpublic)
Louisiana 8(g)	No (public)
Louisiana LA 4	No (public)
Louisiana NSECD	No (public) No (nonpublic)
Maine	Determined locally (public); No (nonpublic)
	No (public and nonpublic)
Maryland Massachusetts UPK	No (public and nonpublic)
Massachusetts OFK Massachusetts Ch 70	
	Determined locally (public)
Michigan	Determined locally (public and nonpublic)
Minnesota HdSt	No (public and nonpublic)
Minnesota VPK/SRP	Determined locally (public and nonpublic) ³⁴
Mississippi	No (public and nonpublic)
Missouri	No (public and nonpublic)
Montana	Guidance only (public and nonpublic)
Nebraska	Determined locally (public and nonpublic)
Nevada	Yes (public); Guidance only, Determined locally, Efforts towards parity (nonpublic) ²⁹
New Jersey Abbott	Yes (public and nonpublic)
New Jersey ECPA	Yes (public and nonpublic)
New Jersey ELLI	Yes (public and nonpublic)
New Mexico	Yes (public); No (nonpublic)
New York	No (public and nonpublic)
North Carolina	Yes (public); No (nonpublic)
North Dakota	No (public and nonpublic)
Ohio	No (public and nonpublic)
Oklahoma	Yes (public)
Oregon HdSt	No (public and nonpublic)
Oregon Preschool Promise	No (public and nonpublic) ³²
Pennsylvania RTL	No (public and nonpublic)
Pennsylvania HSSAP	No (public and nonpublic)
Pennsylvania K4 & SBPK	Determined locally (public and nonpublic)
Pennsylvania PKC	Guidance only, Determined locally (public and nonpublic)
Rhode Island	NA (public); Yes (nonpublic) ¹⁹
South Carolina	Yes (public); Determined locally (nonpublic)
Tennessee	NA (public and nonpublic)
Texas	No (public and nonpublic)
Vermont	Yes (public); No (nonpublic)
Virginia	Determined locally (public and nonpublic)
Washington	Determined locally, Efforts towards parity (public and nonpublic) ²⁵
West Virginia	Yes (public); No (nonpublic) ²⁰
Wisconsin 4K	No (public and nonpublic)
Wisconsin HdSt	Determined locally (nonpublic)
Guam	Yes (public)

STATE POLICY REQUIRES FRINGE AND OTHER BENEFIT PARITY FOR PRESCHOOL ASSISTANT TEACHERS WITH K-3

STATE	Retirement benefits	
Alabama	Yes (public); State guidance, Determined locally, Efforts towards parity (nonpublic)	
Alaska	No (public and nonpublic)	
Arizona	No (public and nonpublic)	
Arkansas	Guidance only, Determined locally (public and nonpublic)	
California CSPP	No (public and nonpublic) ²⁴	
California TK	No (public) ²³	
Colorado	No (public and nonpublic)	
Connecticut CDCC	No (nonpublic)	
Connecticut SR	No (public and nonpublic)	
Connecticut Smart Start	No (public)	
Delaware	Yes (public); No (nonpublic)	
District of Columbia	Yes (DCPS); No (PCS and CBO) ²³	
Florida	Determinted locally (public and nonpublic)	
Georgia	Yes (public); Determined locally, Efforts towards parity (nonpublic) ²⁹	
Hawaii	Yes (public) ²²	
Illinois	Determinted locally (public and nonpublic)	
Iowa Shared Visions	Determinted locally (public and nonpublic)	
Iowa SWVPP	Determinted locally (public and nonpublic)	
Kansas Preschool Pilot	No (public and nonpublic)	
Kansas State Pre-K	No (public and nonpublic)	
Kentucky	Yes (public); No (nonpublic)	
Louisiana 8(g)	No (public)	
Louisiana LA 4	No (public)	
Louisiana NSECD	No (nonpublic)	
Maine	Determinted locally (public); No (nonpublic)	
Maryland	No (public and nonpublic)	
Massachusetts UPK	No (public and nonpublic)	
Massachusetts Ch 70	Determined locally (public)	
Michigan	Determined locally (public and nonpublic)	
Minnesota HdSt	No (public and nonpublic)	
Minnesota VPK/SRP	Determined locally (public and nonpublic)	
Mississippi	No (public and nonpublic)	
Missouri	No (public and nonpublic)	
Montana	No (public and nonpublic)	
Nebraska	Determined locally (public and nonpublic)	
Nevada	Yes (public); State guidance, Determined locally, Efforts towards parity (nonpublic)	
New Jersey Abbott	Yes (public); State guidance (nonpublic)	
New Jersey ECPA	Yes (public); State guidance (nonpublic)	
New Jersey ELLI	Yes (public); State guidance (nonpublic)	
New Mexico	Yes (public); No (nonpublic)	
New York	No (public and nonpublic)	
North Carolina	Yes (public); No (nonpublic)	
North Dakota	No (public and nonpublic)	
Ohio	No (public and nonpublic)	
Oklahoma	Yes (public)	
Oregon HdSt	No (public and nonpublic)	
Oregon Preschool Promise	No (public and nonpublic) ³²	
Pennsylvania RTL	No (public and nonpublic)	
Pennsylvania HSSAP	No (public and nonpublic)	
Pennsylvania K4 & SBPK	Determined locally (public and nonpublic)	
Pennsylvania PKC	Guidance only, Determined locally (public and nonpublic)	
Rhode Island	Yes (public);Guidance only (nonpublic) ¹⁹	
South Carolina	Yes (public); Determined locally (nonpublic)	
Tennessee	Yes (public); Determined locally (nonpublic)	
Texas	No (public and nonpublic)	
Vermont	Yes (public); No (nonpublic)	
Virginia	Determined locally (public and nonpublic)	
Washington	Determined locally, Efforts towards parity (public and nonpublic)	
West Virginia	Yes (public); No (nonpublic) ²⁰	
Wisconsin 4K	No (public and nonpublic)	
Wisconsin HdSt	Determined locally (nonpublic)	
Guam	Yes (public)	
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STATE POLICY REQUIRES FRINGE AND OTHER BENEFIT PARITY FOR PRESCHOOL ASSISTANT TEACHERS WITH K-3

STATE	Health care	
Alabama	Yes (public); Guidance only, Determined locally, Efforts towards parity (nonpublic)	
Alaska	No (public and nonpublic)	
Arizona	No (public and nonpublic)	
Arkansas	Guidance only, Determined locally (public and nonpublic)	
California CSPP	No (public and nonpublic) ²⁴	
California TK	No (public) ²³	
Colorado	No (public and nonpublic)	
Connecticut CDCC	No (nonpublic)	
Connecticut SR	No (public and nonpublic)	
Connecticut Smart Start	No (public)	
Delaware	Yes (public); No (nonpublic)	
District of Columbia	Yes (DCPS); No (PCS and CBO) ²³	
Florida	Determinted locally (public and nonpublic)	
Georgia	Yes (public); Determined locally, Efforts towards parity (nonpublic) ²⁹	
Hawaii	Yes (public) ²²	
Illinois	Determinted locally (public and nonpublic)	
Iowa Shared Visions	Determinted locally (public and nonpublic)	
Iowa SWVPP	Determinted locally (public and nonpublic)	
Kansas Preschool Pilot	No (public and nonpublic)	
Kansas State Pre-K	No (public and nonpublic)	
Kentucky	Yes (public); No (nonpublic)	
Louisiana 8(g)	No (public)	
Louisiana LA 4	No (public)	
Louisiana NSECD	No (nonpublic)	
Maine	Determinted locally (public); No (nonpublic)	
Maryland	No (public and nonpublic)	
Massachusetts UPK	No (public and nonpublic)	
Massachusetts Ch 70	Determined locally (public)	
Michigan	Determined locally (public and nonpublic)	
Minnesota HdSt	No (public and nonpublic)	
Minnesota VPK/SRP	Determined locally (public and nonpublic)	
Mississippi	No (public and nonpublic)	
Missouri	No (public and nonpublic)	
Montana	No (public and nonpublic)	
Nebraska	Determined locally (public and nonpublic)	
Nevada	Yes (public); Guidance only, Determined locally, Efforts towards parity (nonpublic)	
New Jersey Abbott	Yes (public); Guidance only (nonpublic)	
New Jersey ECPA	Yes (public); Guidance only (nonpublic)	
New Jersey ELLI	Yes (public); Guidance only (nonpublic)	
New Mexico	Yes (public); No (nonpublic)	
New York	No (public and nonpublic)	
North Carolina	Yes (public); No (nonpublic)	
North Dakota	No (public and nonpublic)	
Ohio	No (public and nonpublic)	
Oklahoma	Yes (public)	
Oregon HdSt	No (public and nonpublic)	
Oregon Preschool Promise	No (public and nonpublic) ³²	
Pennsylvania RTL	No (public and nonpublic)	
Pennsylvania HSSAP	No (public and nonpublic)	
Pennsylvania K4 & SBPK	Determined locally (public and nonpublic)	
Pennsylvania PKC	Guidance only, Determined locally (public and nonpublic)	
Rhode Island	Yes (public); Guidance only (nonpublic) ¹⁹	
South Carolina Tennessee	Yes (public); Determined locally (nonpublic)	
LODDOSCOO	Yes (public and nonpublic)	
Texas	No (public and nonpublic)	
Texas Vermont	Yes (public); No (nonpublic)	
Texas Vermont Virginia	Yes (public); No (nonpublic) Determined locally (public and nonpublic)	
Texas Vermont Virginia Washington	Yes (public); No (nonpublic) Determined locally (public and nonpublic) Determined locally, Efforts towards parity (public and nonpublic)	
Texas Vermont Virginia Washington West Virginia	Yes (public); No (nonpublic) Determined locally (public and nonpublic) Determined locally, Efforts towards parity (public and nonpublic) Yes (public); No (nonpublic) ²⁰	
Texas Vermont Virginia Washington West Virginia Wisconsin 4K	Yes (public); No (nonpublic) Determined locally (public and nonpublic) Determined locally, Efforts towards parity (public and nonpublic) Yes (public); No (nonpublic) ²⁰ No (public and nonpublic)	
Texas Vermont Virginia Washington West Virginia	Yes (public); No (nonpublic) Determined locally (public and nonpublic) Determined locally, Efforts towards parity (public and nonpublic) Yes (public); No (nonpublic) ²⁰	

STATE POLICY REQUIRES FRINGE AND OTHER BENEFIT PARITY FOR PRESCHOOL ASSISTANT TEACHERS WITH K-3

STATE	Paid time off
Alabama	Yes (public); Guidance only, Determined locally, Efforts towards parity (nonpublic)
Alaska	No (public and nonpublic)
Arizona	No (public and nonpublic)
Arkansas	Guidance only, Determined locally (public and nonpublic)
California CSPP	No (public and nonpublic) ²⁴
California TK	No (public) ²³
Colorado	No (public and nonpublic)
Connecticut CDCC	No (nonpublic)
Connecticut SR	No (public and nonpublic)
Connecticut Smart Start	No (public)
Delaware	Yes (public); No (nonpublic)
District of Columbia	Yes (DCPS); No (PCS and CBO) ²³
Florida	Determinted locally (public and nonpublic)
Georgia	Yes (public); Determined locally, Efforts towards parity (nonpublic) ²⁹
Hawaii	Yes (public) ²²
Illinois	Determinted locally (public and nonpublic)
Iowa Shared Visions	Determinted locally (public and nonpublic)
Iowa SWVPP	Determinted locally (public and nonpublic)
Kansas Preschool Pilot	No (public and nonpublic)
Kansas State Pre-K	No (public and nonpublic)
Kentucky	Yes (public); No (nonpublic)
Louisiana 8(g)	No (public)
Louisiana LA 4	No (public)
Louisiana NSECD	No (nonpublic)
Maine	Determinted locally (public); No (nonpublic)
Maryland	No (public and nonpublic)
Massachusetts UPK	No (public and nonpublic)
Massachusetts Ch 70	Determined locally (public)
Michigan	Determined locally (public and nonpublic)
Minnesota HdSt	No (public and nonpublic)
Minnesota VPK/SRP	Determined locally (public and nonpublic)
Mississippi	No (public and nonpublic)
Missouri	No (public and nonpublic)
Montana	No (public and nonpublic)
Nebraska	Determined locally (public and nonpublic)
Nevada	Yes (public); Guidance only, Determined locally, Efforts towards parity (nonpublic)
New Jersey Abbott	Yes (public and nonpublic)
New Jersey ECPA	Yes (public and nonpublic)
New Jersey ELLI	Yes (public and nonpublic)
New Mexico	Yes (public); No (nonpublic)
New York	No (public and nonpublic)
North Carolina	Yes (public); No (nonpublic)
North Dakota	No (public and nonpublic)
Ohio	No (public and nonpublic)
Oklahoma	Yes (public)
Oregon HdSt	No (public and nonpublic)
Oregon Preschool Promise	No (public and nonpublic) ³²
Pennsylvania RTL	No (public and nonpublic)
Pennsylvania HSSAP	No (public and nonpublic)
Pennsylvania K4 & SBPK	Determined locally (public and nonpublic)
Pennsylvania PKC	Guidance only, Determined locally (public and nonpublic)
Rhode Island	Yes (public and nonpublic) ¹⁹
South Carolina	Yes (public); Determined locally (nonpublic)
Tennessee	Yes (public); Determined locally (nonpublic)
	No (public and nonpublic)
Texas	The space and mempassey
	Yes (public); No (nonpublic)
Vermont	
Vermont Virginia	Yes (public); No (nonpublic)
Vermont Virginia Washington	Yes (public); No (nonpublic) Determined locally (public and nonpublic)
Texas Vermont Virginia Washington West Virginia Wisconsin 4K	Yes (public); No (nonpublic) Determined locally (public and nonpublic) Determined locally, Efforts towards parity (public and nonpublic)
Vermont Virginia Washington West Virginia	Yes (public); No (nonpublic) Determined locally (public and nonpublic) Determined locally, Efforts towards parity (public and nonpublic) Yes (public); No (nonpublic) ²⁰

STATE POLICY REQUIRES FRINGE AND OTHER BENEFIT PARITY FOR PRESCHOOL ASSISTANT TEACHERS WITH K-3

Washington No (public and nonpublic)	STATE	Other benefits	
Actames No Igability and manapabilish California ICSPP	Alabama	No (public and nonpublic)	
Advances No fundament computabilety California IS No fundament computabilety Collination No fundament computabilety Connection CDCC No fundament computabilety Connection SR No fundament computabilety Connection SR No fundament computabilety Connection SR No fundamental computabilety Connection SR No fundamental computabilety Connection SR No fundamental computabilety Control No fundamental computabilety Closed No fundamental computabilety Florida No fundamental computabilety Hawait No fundamental computabilety Kemass Prescho Pitot No fundamental computabilety Kemass Prescho Pitot No fundamental computabilety	Alaska	No (public and nonpublic)	
California ISSP	Arizona	No (public and nonpublic)	
California TX No (qualitie and manyabilis) Colorando No (subility and manyabilis) Connecticus CDCC No (menpublic) Connecticus SR No (quality and manyabilis) Debroiser No (quality and manyabilis) Debroiser No (quality and manyabilis) Debroiser No (quality and manyabilis) Postiga Yes (public and manyabilis) Georgia Yes (public and manyabilis) Hawaii No (quality and manyabilis) Louisiana MSECO No (quality and manyabilis) Louisiana MSECO No (quality and m	Arkansas	No (public and nonpublic)	
Colorado No Invalida end nenouelaci Comerciació SE No Romerciació SE S	California CSPP	No (public and nonpublic) ²⁴	
Connectant CDCC No transpublic Connectant SR No Equable and manpability Connectant SR No Equable and manpability Connectant SR No Equable and manpability Desires of Columbia No CDCSP, PCS and CROPP Filiation Position Filiation Roy Equable and manpability Roy Equable and manpabili	California TK	No (public) ²³	
Commerciant SH No (public and normalability Delaware Delaware Delaware No (public and normalability Delaware) Haware No (public and normalability Desa Share) Haware No (public and normalability Desa Share) No (public and normalability Delaware) Delaware No (public and normalability Delaware) No (public and normalab	Colorado	No (public and nonpublic)	
Connecticul Streat Start No (public and nonpublic) Datrice of Columbia No (CAPS, PCS and CDQ** Florida No (CAPS, PCS and CDQ** Florida No (CAPS, PCS and CDQ** Florida No (public and inequabilic) Cinzegie No (public and nonpublic) Florida Florida Florida No (public and nonpublic) Florida Florida Florida No (public and nonpublic) Florida Flor	Connecticut CDCC	No (nonpublic)	
No (public and nonpublic) Plotted of Columba No (pound and many public) Plotted of Columba No (public and nonpublic) Consegin Was (public	Connecticut SR	No (public and nonpublic)	
Dentre of Columbia No. (DCPS, PCS and CRUO)** Florida No. (public and nonpublic) Groorgia Ven (public and nonpublic) Groorgia No. (public and nonpublic) Introduced Visions No. (public and nonpublic)	Connecticut Smart Start	No (public)	
Florida No (public and nonpublic) Groupin Weig Apublic and nonpublic) Howai No (public and nonpublic) Illinois No (public and nonpublic) No (publ	Delaware	No (public and nonpublic)	
Seorgia Yes (public and compublic)** Hawaii	District of Columbia		
Hawaii	Florida	No (public and nonpublic)	
Illinois No (public and nonpublic)	Georgia	Yes (public and nonpublic) ²⁹	
Iowa Shared Visions No (public and nonpublic)	Hawaii	No (public) ²²	
Iones SWAPP	Illinois	No (public and nonpublic)	
Kansas Pitat Pre-K	Iowa Shared Visions	No (public and nonpublic)	
Kensts State Pre-K Kentucky No (public and nonpublic) Louisiana (8g) No (public) Louisiana (1.4 4 No (public) Louisiana NECD No (nonpublic) Maine No (public and nonpublic) Manyland No (public and nonpublic) Massachusetts UPK No (public and nonpublic) Massachusetts UPK No (public and nonpublic) Massachusetts UPK No (public and nonpublic) Minnesota VRSSP No (public and nonpublic) Mortana No (public and nonpublic) Norborska No (public and nonp		·	
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Louisiana NSECD	Louisiana 8(g)		
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South Carolina No (public and nonpublic) Tennessee No (public and nonpublic) Texas No (public and nonpublic) Vermont No (public and nonpublic) Virginia No (public and nonpublic) Virginia No (public and nonpublic) Washington No (public and nonpublic) West Virginia Yes (public); No (nonpublic)²⁰ Wisconsin 4K No (public and nonpublic) Wisconsin HdSt No (nonpublic)			
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Vermont No (public and nonpublic) Virginia No (public and nonpublic) Washington No (public and nonpublic) West Virginia Yes (public); No (nonpublic)²0 Wisconsin 4K No (public and nonpublic) Wisconsin HdSt No (nonpublic)			
Virginia No (public and nonpublic) Washington No (public and nonpublic) West Virginia Yes (public); No (nonpublic)²0 Wisconsin 4K No (public and nonpublic) Wisconsin HdSt No (nonpublic)		,	
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West Virginia Yes (public); No (nonpublic)²0 Wisconsin 4K No (public and nonpublic) Wisconsin HdSt No (nonpublic)	Virginia		
Wisconsin 4K No (public and nonpublic) Wisconsin HdSt No (nonpublic)		' '	
Wisconsin HdSt No (nonpublic)	West Virginia		
Guam No (public)			
	Guam	No (public)	

STATE	The state has explicit salary and/or fringe benefits requirements for preschool assistant teachers	Average annual salary for preschool assistant teachers
Alabama	Yes (salary and benefits) ³⁰	Public: \$20,041; Nonpublic: \$20,522 ³⁰
Alaska	No	Not reported
Arizona	No	Not reported
Arkansas	No	Public: \$20,830; Nonpublic: \$15,483
California CSPP	No	Public: \$21,840; Nonpublic: \$21,840
California TK	No	Not reported
Colorado	No	Not reported
Connecticut CDCC	No	Nonpublic: \$27,785
Connecticut SR	No	Public: \$31,899; Nonpublic: \$27,785
Connecticut Smart Start	No	Public: \$31,899
Delaware	Yes (salary and benefits)	Not reported
District of Columbia	No	Public: \$21,252 (DCPS only); Nonpublic: Not reported ²⁶
Florida	No	Not reported
Georgia	Yes (salary and benefits) ²⁵	Public: \$15,873; Nonpublic: \$15,873
Hawaii	Yes (salary and benefits) ²²	Public: \$29,690
Illinois	No	Public: \$54,936; Nonpublic: \$43,780
Iowa Shared Visions	No	
	INO	Public: \$17,786; Nonpublic: \$22,423 Public: Full-time: \$17,067; Part-time: \$13,969;
Iowa SWVPP	No No	Nonpublic: Full-time: \$15,690; Part-time: \$11,263
Kansas Preschool Pilot	No	Not reported
Kansas State Pre-K	No	Not reported
Kentucky	No	Not reported
Louisiana 8(g)	No	Public: Not reported
Louisiana LA 4	No	Public: Not reported
Louisiana NSECD	No	Nonpublic: Not reported
Maine	No	Not reported
Maryland	No	Not reported
Massachusetts UPK	No	Not reported
Massachusetts Ch 70	No	Not reported
Michigan	No	Public: \$17,740; Nonpublic: \$18,771
Minnesota HdSt	No	Public: Not reported; Nonpublic: \$23,111
Minnesota VPK/SRP	No ³⁵	Not reported
Mississippi	No	Public: \$18,000; Nonpublic: \$17,486
Missouri	No	Not reported
Montana	No	Public: \$11.91/hour; Nonpublic: \$11.91/hour
Nebraska	No	Not reported
Nevada	No	Public: \$20,000; Nonpublic: \$20,000
New Jersey Abbott	No	Not reported
New Jersey ECPA	No	Not reported
New Jersey ELLI	No	Not reported
New Mexico	No	Not reported
New York	No	Not reported
North Carolina	Yes (salary and benefits) ²⁵	Public: \$20,605; Nonpublic: \$17,148 ²⁶
North Dakota	No	Not reported
Ohio	No	Not reported
Oklahoma	No	Public: \$16,144
Oregon HdSt	No	Public: Not reported; Nonpublic: \$20,155
Oregon Preschool Promise	No	Public: \$28,000; Nonpublic: \$27,473
Pennsylvania RTL	No	Not reported
Pennsylvania HSSAP	No	Not reported
Pennsylvania K4 & SBPK	No	Not reported
Pennsylvania PKC	No	Not reported
Rhode Island	Yes (salary and benefits) ¹⁷	Public: \$18,000; Nonpublic: \$30,000
South Carolina	No	Not reported
Tennessee	No	Not reported
Texas	No	Public: \$20586; Nonpublic: Not reported
Vermont	No	Public: \$30,000-\$32,000; Nonpublic: \$25,000-\$26,000
Virginia	No	Not reported
Washington	No	Public: \$21,000; Nonpublic: \$23,116
West Virginia	Yes (salary and benefits) ²⁰	Public: \$23,684; Nonpublic: Not reported
Wisconsin 4K	No	Not reported
Wisconsin HdSt	No	Nonpublic: Not reported
Guam	Yes (salary and benefits) ¹⁰	Public: \$26,000
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The state requires paid time for professional State policy requires equivalent paid time for professional responsibilities and/or PD days for preschool assistant teachers STATE responsibilities and/or PD days for preschool assistant teachers Alabama Yes²⁸ Yes (public and nonpublic)30 Alaska No No (public and nonpublic) No (public and nonpublic) Arizona No Arkansas No No (public and nonpublic)²⁸ California CSPP No (public and nonpublic) No No (public)²³ California TK No Colorado Nο No (public and nonpublic) Connecticut CDCC No No (nonpublic) Connecticut SR No No (public and nonpublic) Connecticut Smart Start No No (public) Delaware Yes Yes (public); No (nonpublic) District of Columbia Yes (DCPS); No (PCS); Yes, PD time only (CBO)²³ No Florida No (public and nonpublic)16 No Yes (public and nonpublic)²⁶ Georgia Yes²⁶ Hawaii No (public) No No (public and nonpublic)²² Illinois No Iowa Shared Visions No No (public and nonpublic) Iowa SWVPP No (public and nonpublic) No Kansas Preschool Pilot No (public and nonpublic) No Kansas State Pre-K No (public and nonpublic) No Kentucky No Yes (public); No (nonpublic) Louisiana 8(g) No No (public) Louisiana LA 4 No No (public) Louisiana NSECD No (nonpublic) No Maine No No (public and nonpublic) No (public and nonpublic)20 Maryland No Massachusetts UPK No No (public and nonpublic) Massachusetts Ch 70 Determined locally (public) No Michigan Yes²¹ No (public and nonpublic)²¹ Minnesota HdSt Determined locally (public and nonpublic) No Minnesota VPK/SRP No (public and nonpublic) No No (public and nonpublic) Mississippi Nο No (public and nonpublic) Missouri No Montana No (public and nonpublic) No Nebraska No No (public and nonpublic)19 Nevada No Yes (public); No (nonpublic) New Jersey Abbott Yes (public and nonpublic) Yes New Jersey ECPA Yes (public and nonpublic) Yes New Jersey ELLI Yes (public and nonpublic) Yes New Mexico Yes (public and nonpublic) New York No (public and nonpublic) No North Carolina No^{27} No (public and nonpublic) North Dakota Determined locally (public and nonpublic) No Ohio No (public and nonpublic) No Oklahoma Determined locally (public) No Oregon HdSt No No (public and nonpublic) Oregon Preschool Promise Yes³¹ Determined locally (public and nonpublic)³¹ Pennsylvania RTL No No (public and nonpublic)12 Pennsylvania HSSAP No No (public and nonpublic) Pennsylvania K4 & SBPK No (public and nonpublic)¹³ No Pennsylvania PKC No No (public and nonpublic) Rhode Island Yes Yes (public and nonpublic)20 South Carolina Yes (public and nonpublic)31 No No (public and nonpublic)34 Tennessee No Texas No (public and nonpublic) No Yes (public); No (nonpublic) Vermont No No (public and nonpublic) Virginia Nο Washington Yes²⁶ Determined locally (public and nonpublic) West Virginia Yes²³ Yes (public); Yes, PD time only (nonpublic)21 Wisconsin 4K No (public and nonpublic)²⁴ No Wisconsin HdSt No No (nonpublic)²¹

Footnotes are grouped by state at the end of Appendix A. Unless noted, all data are for the '17-'18 school year.

No

Guam

No (public)11

STATE	State provides supports for preschool assistant teachers to attain credentials/enhance skills	Preschool assistant teachers are covered by a collective bargaining agreement
Alabama	Scholarships, Mentoring, Coaching (public and nonpublic)	Determined locally (public and nonpublic)
Alaska	None (public and nonpublic)	Determined locally (public and nonpublic)
Arizona	Scholarships, Bonuses (public and nonpublic) ²⁴	No (public and nonpublic)
Arkansas	Coaching (public ad nonpublic) ²⁹	Determined locally (public and nonpublic)
California CSPP	None (public and nonpublic) ²⁶	Determined locally (public and nonpublic)
California TK	None (public) ²³	Determined locally (public)
Colorado	None (public and nonpublic) ¹⁶	Determined locally (public and nonpublic)
Connecticut CDCC	Scholarships, Coaching (nonpublic) ²²	Determined locally (nonpublic)
Connecticut SR	Coaching (public); Scholarships, Coaching (nonpublic) ²¹	Determined locally (public and nonpublic)
Connecticut Smart Start	Coaching (public) ¹⁸	Determined locally (public)
Delaware	Scholarships, Mentoring, Coaching (public); Scholarships, Coaching (nonpublic)	Determined locally (public); No (nonpublic)
District of Columbia	Coaching, Bonuses (DCPS); None (PCS); Scholarships, Coaching (CBO) ²³	Yes (DCPS); Determined locally (PCS); No (CBO) ²⁷
Florida	None (public and nonpublic)	Determined locally (public and nonpublic)
Georgia	Scholarships, Coaching, Bonuses (public and nonpublic) ²⁷	No (public and nonpublic) ²⁸
Hawaii	Mentoring, Coaching, Other (public) ²¹	Yes (public)
Illinois	Scholarships (public and nonpublic)	Determined locally (public); No (nonpublic)
Iowa Shared Visions	Scholarships (public and nonpublic)	Determined locally (public); No (nonpublic)
Iowa SWVPP	Scholarships (public and nonpublic) ²⁵	Determined locally (public and nonpublic)
Kansas Preschool Pilot	None (public and nonpublic)	Determined locally (public and nonpublic)
Kansas State Pre-K	None (public and nonpublic)	Determined locally (public and nonpublic)
Kentucky	Other (public); None (nonpublic) ²⁷	Determined locally (public and nonpublic)
Louisiana 8(g)	None (public)	No (public)
Louisiana LA 4	None (public)	No (public)
Louisiana NSECD	None (nonpublic)	No (nonpublic)
Maine	None (public and nonpublic)	Determined locally (public and nonpublic)
Maryland	None (public and nonpublic)	Determined locally (public); No (nonpublic)
Massachusetts UPK	None (public and nonpublic)	Determined locally (public and nonpublic)
Massachusetts Ch 70	Determined locally (public)	Determined locally (public)
Michigan	Scholarships, Mentoring, Coaching, Other (public and nonpublic) ²⁴	Determined locally (public and nonpublic)
Minnesota HdSt	None (public and nonpublic) ²⁶	Determined locally (public and nonpublic)
Minnesota VPK/SRP	None (public and nonpublic) ³⁶	Determined locally (public and nonpublic)
Mississippi	None (public and nonpublic)	No (public and nonpublic)
Missouri	Coaching (public and nonpublic)	Determined locally (public and nonpublic)
Montana	Scholarships, Mentoring, Coaching (public and nonpublic)	Yes (public); No (nonpublic)
Nebraska	None (public and nonpublic) ²⁰	Yes (public); Unknown (nonpublic)
Nevada	Scholarships (public and nonpublic) ³⁰	Determined locally (public and nonpublic)
New Jersey Abbott	Mentoring, Coaching (public); Coaching (nonpublic)	Determined locally (public and nonpublic)
	Mentoring, Coaching (public, Coaching (nonpublic)	Determined locally (public and nonpublic)
New Jersey ELLI	Mentoring, Coaching (public and nonpublic) Mentoring, Coaching (public and nonpublic)	Determined locally (public and nonpublic) Determined locally (public and nonpublic)
New Jersey ELLI	Scholarships, Loan Forgiveness, Mentoring, Coaching, Bonuses (public);	
New Mexico New York	Scholarships, Mentoring, Coaching, Bonuses (nonpublic) None (public and nonpublic)	Determined locally (public and nonpublic) Determined locally (public and nonpublic)
North Carolina		No (public and nonpublic)
	Scholarships (public and nonpublic) ²⁸	1 /
North Dakota	Mentoring, Coaching (public); None (nonpublic) ¹⁶	Determined locally (public and nonpublic)
Oklahama	None (public and nonpublic)	Determined locally (public and nonpublic)
Oklahoma	None (public)	Determined locally (public)
Oregon HdSt	None (public and nonpublic)	Determined locally (public and nonpublic)
Oregon Preschool Promise		Determined locally (public and nonpublic)
Pennsylvania RTL	None (public and nonpublic)	Determined locally (public and nonpublic)
Pennsylvania HSSAP	None (public and nonpublic)	Determined locally (public and nonpublic)
Pennsylvania K4 & SBPK	None (public and nonpublic)	Determined locally (public and nonpublic)
Pennsylvania PKC	None (public and nonpublic)	Determined locally (public and nonpublic)
Rhode Island	Coaching (public and nonpublic)	Yes (public); No (nonpublic)
South Carolina	Scholarships, (public); Scholarships, Mentoring, Coaching, (nonpublic)	No (public and nonpublic)
Tennessee Texas	Loan Forgiveness (public and nonpublic) None (public and nonpublic)	Determined locally (public and nonpublic) No (public and nonpublic)
Vermont	Scholarships, Mentoring, Coaching (public);	Yes (public); Determined locally (nonpublic)
Virginia	Scholarships, Mentoring, Coaching, Bonuses (nonpublic) None (public and nonpublic)	No (public and nonpublic)
Washington	Scholarships, Mentoring, Other (public and nonpublic) ²⁷	Determined locally (public and nonpublic)
West Virginia	Other (public and nonpublic) ²²	No (public); Determined locally (nonpublic)
Wisconsin 4K	None (public and nonpublic)	Determined locally (public and nonpublic)
		Determined locally (nonpublic) Determined locally (nonpublic)
Wisconsin HdSt	None (nonpublic) ²¹	·
Guam	None (public)	Determined locally (public) ¹²

STATE	Total 2017-2018 spending	How much of total spending came from
Alabama	\$120,231,818	State: \$77,462,050; Federal: \$18,723,405; Required local: \$24,046,363
Alaska	\$3,200,00019	State: \$3,200,000 ¹⁹
Arizona	\$21,307,301 ²⁵	State: \$21,307,301 ²⁵
Arkansas	\$187,008,506	State: \$106,500,000; Federal: \$11,258,389; Required local: \$69,250,117
California CSPP	\$976,008,12727	State: \$932,344,577; Federal: \$42,010,609; Local: \$1,652,941
California TK	\$922,488,00024	State: \$922,488,000
Colorado	\$90,930,217	State: \$54,374,180; Required local: \$36,556,037
Connecticut CDCC	\$18,479,917 ²³	State: \$16,225,367; Federal: \$2,254,550 ²³
Connecticut SR	\$118,792,576	State: \$90,764,459; Federal: \$10,016,048; Non-required local: \$18,012,069 ²²
Connecticut Smart Start	\$4,602,510	State: \$4,037,735; Federal: \$12,576; Non-required local: \$552,19919
Delaware	\$6,149,300 ²³	State: \$6,149,300 ²³
District of Columbia	\$250,684,616	State: \$236,712,885; Federal: \$13,971,731
Florida	\$379,969,502	State: \$379,969,502
Georgia	\$355,281,10630	State: \$355,281,106 ³⁰
Hawaii	\$2,597,734	State: \$2,597,734
Illinois	\$392,170,536	State: \$346,097,978; Federal: \$214,184; Non-required local: \$45,858,374
Iowa Shared Visions	\$10,445,047	State: \$6,527,709; Federal: Unknown; Required local: \$1,305,541; Non-required local: \$2,611,797 ²⁸
Iowa SWVPP	\$80,469,941	State: \$80,469,941
Kansas Preschool Pilot	\$4,132,317	Federal (TANF): \$4,132,317
Kansas State Pre-K	\$14,549,792	State: \$14,549,792 ¹⁷
Kentucky	\$178,932,547	State: \$96,011,951; Federal: \$60,391,573; Non-required local: \$22,529,023
	\$8,846,469	·
Louisiana 8(g)		State: \$8,846,469
Louisiana LA 4 Louisiana NSECD	\$76,021,373 \$6,472,236	State: \$33,801,910; Federal: \$40,492,803; Local: \$1,726,660 State: \$6,472,236
	\$6,472,236	
Maine	\$40,754,632	State: \$19,316,515; Federal: \$4,069,851; Required local: \$17,368,266
Maryland	\$257,026,880	State: \$124,726,542; Federal: \$13,190,793; Non-required local: \$119,109,545
Massachusetts UPK	\$33,443,185	State: \$5,700,000 Federal: \$27,743,185
Massachusetts Ch 70	\$77,231,298 ²³	State: \$77,231,298 ²³
Michigan	\$243,900,000 ²⁵	State: \$243,900,000 ²⁵
Minnesota HdSt	\$11,807,310 ²⁷	State: \$11,807,310 ²⁷
Minnesota VPK/SRP	\$44,450,074	State: \$36,475,424; Local: \$7,974,650
Mississippi	\$10,623,638	State: \$3,976,431; Required local: \$3,976,431; Non-required local: \$2,670,775 ¹⁶
Missouri	\$10,832,676	State: \$10,832,676
Montana	\$2,599,653	State: \$2,573,914; Required local: \$25,739; Non-required local: unknown ¹⁷
Nebraska	\$96,159,613	State: \$24,796,908; Federal: \$57,744,862; Required local: \$13,617,843
Nevada	\$16,647,475 ³¹	State: \$8,738,875; Federal: \$7,908,600 ³¹
New Jersey Abbott	\$615,958,329	State: \$615,958,329
New Jersey ECPA	\$53,509,888	State: \$41,550,371; Federal: \$11,959,517
New Jersey ELLI	\$3,381,751	State: \$2,280,300; Federal: \$1,101,451
New Mexico	\$53,302,160	State: \$35,702,160; Federal: \$17,600,000
New York	\$826,777,934	State: \$796,699,144; Federal: \$30,078,790
North Carolina	\$241,423,087	State: \$148,072,222; Federal: \$49,584,851; Required local: \$16,296,294; Non-required local: \$27,469,720
North Dakota	\$750,000	State: \$750,000
Ohio	\$71,672,000	State: \$71,672,000
Oklahoma	\$319,428,344	State: \$145,038,018; Federal: \$33,988,013; Required local: \$139,891,069; Non-required local: \$511,244
Oregon HdSt	\$74,436,226	State: \$74,436,226
Oregon Preschool Promise	\$17,088,732	State: \$17,088,732
Pennsylvania RTL	\$6,618,598	State: \$6,618,598
Pennsylvania HSSAP	\$53,621,00012	State: \$53,621,000
Pennsylvania K4 & SBPK	\$10,039,352	State: \$10,039,352
Pennsylvania PKC	\$169,806,267	State: \$169,806,267
Rhode Island	\$12,138,075	State: \$6,240,000; Federal: \$5,898,075
South Carolina	\$84,506,429	State: \$77,572,655; Federal: \$6,933,774 ³²
Tennessee	\$110,536,296 ³⁵	State: \$85,062,422; Federal: \$1,947,875; Required local: \$23,526,000 ³⁵
Texas	\$836,108,971	State: \$823,908,971; Federal: \$12,200,000
Vermont	\$70,002,75928	State, federal, local: \$65,289,078; Federal: \$4,713,681 ²⁸
Virginia	\$109,351,120	State: \$69,097,643; Federal: \$1,158,812; Required local: \$39,094,665
Washington	\$110,594,84128	State: \$110,594,841 ²⁸
West Virginia	\$145,577,256	State: \$94,533,303; Federal: \$45,425,337; Non-required local: \$5,618,616
Wisconsin 4K	\$290,200,000	State + local: \$290,200,000 ²⁶
Wisconsin HdSt	\$6,264,098	State: \$6,264,098
Guam	\$362,973	State: \$362,973

Abbors	STATE	Dedicated revenue source for state funding of preschool		
Abstances Yes Part balances Yes Colored California TK Nage Nage Colored Colored Nage Colored Colored Nage	Alabama	Yes: The State Education Trust Fund ³¹		
Advances	Alaska	Yes: General fund		
California TX Yes State Public School Fund - State Education Colorizo COCC No Comencian CDCC No Comencian CDCC No Comencian SR No Comencian SR Start No Distroct of Councies Yes Distroct of Councies Yes Distroct of Councies Yes Broad of Yes Yes Councies Florids Yes Councies Corogia Yes Councies Flowed Yes Councies Floward Yes Councies Revenue Louis August Yes Councies Revenue Councies Revenue No Kentucky Yes State General Fund Kentucky Yes Counci	Arizona	Yes: State tobacco revenue		
California TK Year* Year* Connected CDCC No Connected SR No Connected SR No Connected SR No Connected SIM No Darker Collegates Yes Barbary Yes Barbary Yes Brodit Yes Gorga Yes Brown Yes	Arkansas	Yes: Arkansas General Fund of \$106,500,000		
Calerande	California CSPP	Yes: General Fund		
Connecticut CDCC	California TK	Yes ²⁵		
Connecticut CDCC	Colorado	Yes: State Public School Fund - State Education		
Connecticut ST				
Camerical Stream Start No No No No No No No N				
Debare of Columbia Ves Ves Ves Caneral Revenue				
District of Columbia Yes Yes Ceneral Recurse				
Partial				
Secongs				
Hawaii				
Illinois Yes. Early Childhood Block Grant*		,		
Invas ShreeT Nations Yes. General Fund® Karnass Freichool Pilot No® Share General Sharturoy Dedication Louisians LA				
Invest SWIPP Yes: General Fund® No®		•		
Kansas Preschool Pilot Konsas State Pie K Konsas State Pie K Konsas State Pie K No Kansas State Pie K No Kansas State Pie K No Kantucky Yes² Louisiana B(g) Yes State General Statutory Dedication Louisiana LA 4 Yes State General Statutory Dedication Louisiana LA 4 Yes State General Fund - \$33,801,910 Louisiana NSECD Yes State General Fund - \$34,472,236 Maine Marine Maryland Mayland Yes: General Fund Mayland Prokindorgarton Expansion Financing Fund - Aid to Education Massachusetts UFK No Massachusetts UFK No Massachusetts Ch 70 Yes: Chapter 70 line Item* Michigan Yes: General Fund - State School Aid Acr Minesota MPKSRP Yes: State Iegislative allocation of \$25, in million annually Minesota MPKSRP Yes: General Fund Internation No				
Kontacky Yes Kontacky Yes Coulsians Big) Yes: State General Statutory Dedication Louisians LA 4 Yes: State General Statutory Dedication Louisians LA 4 Yes: State General Fund - \$33,801,910 Louisian SECD Yes: State General Fund Maine Yes: General Fund Scate School Act Pland Manyland Yes: General Fund Scate School Act Pland Maysachusetts Ch 70 No Massachusetts Ch 73 Yes: General Fund - State School Act Act Pland Minnesota PMSKIR Yes: State legislative allocation of \$25.1 million annually Minnesota PMSKIR Yes: State Legislative allocation of \$25.1 million annually Minnesota PMSKIR Yes: State Legislative allocation of \$25.1 million annually Minnesota PMSKIR Yes: State Act 3-3 Grant; Below Age Five Flex Spending* Missouri Yes: State Act 3-3 Grant; Below Age Five Flex Spending* Missouri Yes: State Act 3-3 Grant; Below Age Five Flex Spending* Novada Yes: General Fund (Preschool Education Adi (PEA)) New Jersey ELLI Yes: General Fund (Preschool Education Adi (PEA)) New Jersey ELLI Yes: General Fund (Preschool Education Adi (PEA))				
Kentucky Louisians (Ig) Louisians (I				
Louisiana 8(g) Yes: State General Fund - \$33,801,710 Louisiana LA 4 789: State General Fund - \$33,801,710 Louisiana NSECD 795: State General Fund - \$33,801,710 Louisiana NSECD 795: See General Fund - \$33,801,710 Louisiana NSECD 795: See General Fund 6 \$33,801,710 Marked 795: General Funds - Manyland Prekinderganten Expansion Financing Fund - Aid to Education Massachusetts UPK 800				
Louisiana IÁ.4				
Louisiana NSECD		,		
Maine Yes: General Funds - Maryland Prekindegarren Expansion Financing Fund - Aid to Education Maryland Yes: General Funds - Maryland Prekindegarren Expansion Financing Fund - Aid to Education Massachusetts UPK No Massachusetts Ch 70 Yes: Shate Incipation of Spatial Aid Active Michigan Minnesotal MSK 14 Yes: State legislative allocation of \$25.1 million annually Minnesotal VPK/SRP Yes: General Fund fine manually Minnesotal VPK/SRP Yes: General Fund in the manual of \$4 million annually Mississippi Yes: General Fund in the manual of \$4 million annually Mississippi Yes: General Fund in the manual of \$4 million annually Mississippi No No No Nebraska Yes: State Aid; 3-5 Grant; Below Age Five Flex Spending** Nevalue No New Jersey Abbott Yes: General Fund (Preschool Education Aid (PEA)) New Jersey ELLI Yes: General Fund (Preschool Education Aid (PEA)) New Jersey ELLI Yes: General Fund (Preschool Education Aid (PEA)) New Jersey ELLI Yes: General Fund (Preschool Education Aid (PEA)) New Jersey ELLI Yes: General Fund (Preschool Education Aid (PEA)) North Carolina				
Maryland Yes: General Funds - Maryland Prekindergarten Expansion Financing Fund - Aid to Education Massachusetts UPK No Massachusetts Ch 70 Yes: Chapter 70 line item?* Michigan Yes: General Fund - State School Aid Act** Minnesotal WPK/SRP Yes: General Fund of the amount of \$25.1 million annually Minnesotal WPK/SRP Yes: General Fund in the amount of \$25.1 million annually Missouri Yes: General Fund in the amount of \$4 million annually Missouri Yes: Tobacco Settlement Montana No Nothana Yes: State Aid; 3.5 Grant; Below Age Five Flex Spending** Nevada Yes: State Aid; 3.5 Grant; Below Age Five Flex Spending** New Jarsey Abbott Yes: General Fund (Preschool Education Aid (PEA)) New Jarsey ECPA Yes: General Fund (Preschool Education Aid (PEA)) New Jarsey ECPA Yes: General Fund (Preschool Education Aid (PEA)) New Jarsey ELLI Yes: General Fund (Preschool Education Aid (PEA)) New Jarsey ELLI Yes: General Fund (Preschool Education Aid (PEA)) New York Yes: State General Fund (Preschool Education Aid (PEA)) New York Yes: State General Fund (Preschool Education Aid (PEA))		The second secon		
Massachusetts UPK No Massachusetts C70 Yes: Ceneral Fund - State School Aid Act ²⁶ Michigan Yes: State legislative allocation of \$25.7 in Intillion annually Minnesota HdSt Yes: State legislative allocation of \$25.7 in Intillion annually Minnesota VPK/SRP Yes: General Fund in the amount of \$4 million annually Missouri Yes: General Fund in the amount of \$4 million annually Missouri Yes: Tobacco Settlement Montana No Nevada Yes: State Aid; 3-5 Grant; Below Age Five Flex Spending*! Nevadada Yes: State Aid; 3-5 Grant; Below Age Five Flex Spending*! Nev Jersey ECPA Yes: General Fund (Preschool Education Aid (PEA)) Nev Jersey ECPA Yes: General Fund (Preschool Education Aid (PEA)) Nev Jersey ELI Yes: General Fund (Preschool Education Aid (PEA)) New Jersey ELI Yes: General Fund (Preschool Education Aid (PEA)) New Jersey ELI Yes: State appropriation: \$69,820,112; Lottery: \$78,252,110 North Carolina Yes: State appropriation: \$69,820,2112; Lottery: \$78,252,511 North Carolina Yes: State appropriation: \$69,820,2012; Lottery: \$78,252,511 North Carolina Yes: General Revonue (\$66,672,000); Casino Settlem				
Machagan Yes: Chapter 70 line item?** Michigan Yes: General Fund - State School Aid Act** Minnesota HdSt Yes: State legislative allocation of \$25.1 million annually Minnesota VPK/SRP Yes: General Fund?* Mississippi Yes: General Fund?* Mississippi Yes: General Fund?* Missouri Pyes: Fobacco Settlement Montana No No Nebraska Yes: State Aid; 3-5 Grant, Below Age Five Flex Spending?* Nevada Nosew Jersey ECPA Yes: General Fund Preschool Education Aid (PEA)) New Jersey Abbott Yes: General Fund Preschool Education Aid (PEA)) New Jersey ECPA Yes: General Fund Preschool Education Aid (PEA)) New Jersey ECPA Yes: General Fund Preschool Education Aid (PEA)) New Jersey ECPA Yes: General Fund Preschool Education Aid (PEA)) New Jersey ECPA Yes: General Fund Preschool Education Aid (PEA)) New Moxico Yes: State General Fund Preschool Education Aid (PEA)) North Carolina Yes: State Appropriation: \$69,820,112; Lotter; \$78,252,110 North Dakota Yes: State appropriation: \$69,820,112; Lotter; \$78,252,110 North Dakota Yes: General Fund Yes: General Fund Oregon HdSt Yes: General Fund Oregon Preschool Promise Yes: General Fund Pennsylvania RTL Yes: Ready To Learn (RTL) Block Grant Pennsylvania RTL Yes: Ready To Learn (RTL) Block Grant Pennsylvania RSSAP Yes: General Fund Pennsylvania RSSAP Yes: General Fund Tennessoe Yes: State-funded PreK and categorical line in State Budget South Carolina Yes: State-funded PreK and categorical line in State Budget No Vermont Yes: Local approval of School budgets funded through the Education Fund** Versignia Yes: General Fund - State (ECEAP Proviso); General Fund - State (ECEAP Foviso); General Fund -				
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Nebraska Yes: State Aid; 3-5 Grant; Below Age Five Flex Spending** Nevada No New Jersey Abbott Yes: General Fund (Preschool Education Aid (PEA)) New Jersey ECPA Yes: General Fund (Preschool Education Aid (PEA)) New Jersey ELLI Yes: General Fund (Preschool Education Aid (PEA)) New Mexico Yes: State General Fund New Moexico Yes: State General Fund North Carolina Yes: State appropriation: \$69,820,112; Lottery: \$78,252,110 North Carolina Yes: General Revenue (\$66,820,0112; Lottery: \$78,252,110 North Dakota Yes: \$1.5 million/biennium* Ohio Yes: General Revenue (\$66,820,00); Casino Settlement Funds (\$5,000,000) Oklahoma No Oregon HdSt Yes: General Fund Oregon Preschool Promise Yes: General Fund Pennsylvania RT Yes: Ready To Learn (RTL) Block Grant Pennsylvania HSSAP Yes: General Fund Pennsylvania HSSAP No Pennsylvania HSSAP Yes: General Fund Pennsylvania PKC Yes: State-funded PreK and categorical line in State Budget South Carolina Yes: State-funded PreK and categorical line in State Budget South Carolina Yes: Ceneral Fund Yes: General Fund Yes:	Missouri	Yes: Tobacco Settlement		
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New Jersey ELLI Yes: General Fund (Preschool Education Aid (PEA)) New Mexico Yes: State General Fund New York Yes's North Carolina Yes: State appropriation: \$69,820,112; Lottery: \$78,252,110 North Dakota Yes: \$1.5 million/biennium¹¹ Ohio Yes: General Revenue (\$66,672,000); Casino Settlement Funds (\$5,000,000) Oklahoma No Oregon HdSt Yes: General Fund Oregon Preschool Promise Yes: General Fund Yes: General Fund Pennsylvania RTL Yes: Ready To Learn (RTL) Block Grant Pennsylvania KSAP No Pennsylvania PKC Yes: General Fund Pennsylvania PKC Yes: State-funded PreK and categorical line in State Budget South Carolina Yes: State-funded PreK and categorical line in State Budget South Carolina Yes: General Fund Yes: General Fund Yes: General Fund Yes: General Fund Yes: State-funded PreK and categorical line in State Budget South Carolina Yes: General Fund - State (ECEAP Proviso); General Fund - State (Tiered Reimbursements); Opportunity Pathways (lottery); Education Legacy Trust Account (ELTA - from estate taxes & interest earnings) ⁷⁰ West Virgnia No Wisconsin 4K Yes ²⁷ Wisconsin HdSt No	New Jersey Abbott	Yes: General Fund (Preschool Education Aid (PEA))		
New Mexico New York Yes: State General Fund New York Yes: State appropriation: \$69,820,112; Lottery: \$78,252,110 North Carolina North Dakota Yes: State appropriation: \$69,820,112; Lottery: \$78,252,110 North Dakota Yes: General Revenue (\$66,672,000); Casino Settlement Funds (\$5,000,000) Oklahoma No Oregon HdSt Yes: General Fund Oregon Preschool Promise Yes: General Fund Pennsylvania RTL Yes: Ready To Learn (RTL) Block Grant Pennsylvania HSSAP Yes: General Fund Pennsylvania K4 & SBPK No Pennsylvania PKC Yes: Pre-K Counts Rhode Island Yes: State-funded PreK and categorical line in State Budget South Carolina Yes: General Fund Texas No Vermont Yes: Local approval of school budgets funded through the Education Fund** Wirginia Yes: General Fund - State (ECEAP Proviso); General Fund - State (Tiered Reimbursements); Opportunity Pathways (lottery); Education Legacy Trust Account (ELTA - from estate taxes & interest earnings)** West Virginia No Wisconsin 4K Yes: 7	New Jersey ECPA	Yes: General Fund (Preschool Education Aid (PEA))		
New York Yes¹5 North Carolina Yes: State appropriation: \$69,820,112; Lottery: \$78,252,110 North Dakota Yes: \$1.5 million/biennium¹² Ohio Yes: General Revenue (\$66,672,000); Casino Settlement Funds (\$5,000,000) Oklahoma No Oregon HdSt Yes: General Fund Oregon Preschool Promise Yes: General Fund Pennsylvania RTL Yes: Ready To Learn (RTL) Block Grant Pennsylvania HSSAP Yes: General Fund Pennsylvania PKC Yes: General Fund Pennsylvania PKC Yes: Pre-K Counts Rhode Island Yes: State-funded PreK and categorical line in State Budget South Carolina Yes: General Fund Texas No Vermont Yes: Local approval of school budgets funded through the Education Fund²8 Virginia Yes: Lottery Funds Washington Yes: General Fund - State (ECEAP Proviso); General Fund - State (Tiered Reimbursements); Opportunity Pathways (lottery); Education Legacy Trust Account (ELTA - from estate taxes & interest earnings)²° West Virginia No Wisconsin 4K Yes²² Wisconsin HdSt No	New Jersey ELLI	Yes: General Fund (Preschool Education Aid (PEA))		
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North Dakota Yes: \$1.5 million/biennium³? Ohio Yes: General Revenue (\$66,672,000); Casino Settlement Funds (\$5,000,000) Oklahoma No Oregon HdSt Yes: General Fund Oregon Preschool Promise Yes: General Fund Pennsylvania RTL Yes: Ready To Learn (RTL) Block Grant Pennsylvania HSSAP Yes: General Fund Pennsylvania K5AP Yes: General Fund Pennsylvania K4 & SBPK No Pennsylvania PKC Yes: Pre-K Counts Rhode Island Yes: State-funded PreK and categorical line in State Budget South Carolina Yes³3 Tennessee Yes: General Fund Texas No Vermont Yes: Local approval of school budgets funded through the Education Fund²8 Virginia Yes: General Fund - State (ECEAP Proviso); General Fund - State (Tiered Reimbursements); Opportunity Pathways (lottery); Education Legacy Trust Account (ELTA- from estate taxes & interest earnings)²9 West Virginia No Wisconsin 4K Yes²7 Wisconsin HdSt No	New York	Yes ¹⁵		
Ohio Yes: General Revenue (\$66,672,000); Casino Settlement Funds (\$5,000,000) Oklahoma No Oregon HdSt Yes: General Fund Oregon Preschool Promise Yes: General Fund Pennsylvania RTL Yes: Ready To Learn (RTL) Block Grant Pennsylvania HSSAP Yes: General Fund Pennsylvania V4 & SBPK No Pennsylvania PKC Yes: Pre-K Counts Rhode Island Yes: State-funded PreK and categorical line in State Budget South Carolina Yes: General Fund Texas No Vermont Yes: Local approval of school budgets funded through the Education Fund ²⁸ Virginia Yes: Lottery Funds Washington Yes: General Fund - State (ECEAP Proviso); General Fund - State (Fired Reimbursements); Opportunity Pathways (lottery); Education Legacy Trust Account (ELTA - from estate taxes & interest earnings) ²⁹ West Virginia No Wisconsin 4K Yes ²⁷ Wisconsin HdSt No	North Carolina	Yes: State appropriation: \$69,820,112; Lottery: \$78,252,110		
Oklahoma No Oregon HdSt Yes: General Fund Oregon Preschool Promise Yes: General Fund Pennsylvania RTL Yes: Ready To Learn (RTL) Block Grant Pennsylvania HSSAP Yes: General Fund Pennsylvania K4 & SBPK No Pennsylvania PKC Yes: Pre-K Counts Rhode Island Yes: State-funded PreK and categorical line in State Budget South Carolina Yes: 3 Tennessee Yes: General Fund Texas No Vermont Yes: Local approval of school budgets funded through the Education Fund ²⁸ Virginia Yes: Lottery Funds Washington Yes: General Fund - State (ECEAP Proviso); General Fund - State (Tiered Reimbursements); Opportunity Pathways (lottery); Education Legacy Trust Account (ELTA - from estate taxes & interest earnings) ²⁹ West Virginia No Wisconsin 4K Yes ²⁷ Wisconsin HdSt No	North Dakota	Yes: \$1.5 million/biennium ¹⁷		
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Pennsylvania HSSAP Pennsylvania K4 & SBPK No Pennsylvania PKC Yes: Pre-K Counts Rhode Island Yes: State-funded PreK and categorical line in State Budget South Carolina Yes: General Fund Yes: General Fund Texas No Vermont Yes: Local approval of school budgets funded through the Education Fund²8 Virginia Yes: General Fund - State (ECEAP Proviso); General Fund - State (Tiered Reimbursements); Opportunity Pathways (lottery); Education Legacy Trust Account (ELTA - from estate taxes & interest earnings)²9 West Virginia No Wisconsin 4K Yes:² Wisconsin HdSt No		Yes: Ready To Learn (RTL) Block Grant		
Pennsylvania K4 & SBPK Pennsylvania PKC Yes: Pre-K Counts Rhode Island Yes: State-funded PreK and categorical line in State Budget South Carolina Yes³3 Tennessee Yes: General Fund Texas No Vermont Yes: Local approval of school budgets funded through the Education Fund²8 Virginia Yes: General Fund - State (ECEAP Proviso); General Fund - State (Tiered Reimbursements); Opportunity Pathways (lottery); Education Legacy Trust Account (ELTA - from estate taxes & interest earnings)²²² West Virginia No Wisconsin 4K Yes²² Wisconsin HdSt No				
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South Carolina Yes: General Fund Texas No Vermont Yes: Local approval of school budgets funded through the Education Fund²8 Virginia Yes: Lottery Funds Washington Yes: General Fund - State (ECEAP Proviso); General Fund - State (Tiered Reimbursements); Opportunity Pathways (lottery); Education Legacy Trust Account (ELTA - from estate taxes & interest earnings)²9 West Virginia No Wisconsin 4K Yes²7 Wisconsin HdSt No				
Tennessee Yes: General Fund Texas No Vermont Yes: Local approval of school budgets funded through the Education Fund ²⁸ Virginia Yes: Lottery Funds Washington Yes: General Fund - State (ECEAP Proviso); General Fund - State (Tiered Reimbursements); Opportunity Pathways (lottery); Education Legacy Trust Account (ELTA - from estate taxes & interest earnings) ²⁹ West Virginia No Wisconsin 4K Yes ²⁷ Wisconsin HdSt No				
Texas No Vermont Yes: Local approval of school budgets funded through the Education Fund ²⁸ Virginia Yes: Lottery Funds Washington Yes: General Fund - State (ECEAP Proviso); General Fund - State (Tiered Reimbursements); Opportunity Pathways (lottery); Education Legacy Trust Account (ELTA - from estate taxes & interest earnings) ²⁹ West Virginia No Wisconsin 4K Yes ²⁷ Wisconsin HdSt No				
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West Virginia West Virginia No Wisconsin 4K Visconsin HdSt No				
Wisconsin 4KYes²7Wisconsin HdStNo	Washington	Education Legacy Trust Account (ELTA - from estate taxes & interest earnings) ²⁹		
Wisconsin HdSt No	West Virginia	No		
	Wisconsin 4K	Yes ²⁷		
Guam Yes: General Fund	Wisconsin HdSt	No		
	Guam	Yes: General Fund		

TATE	Federal funding sources and amounts	School funding or state aid formula?
labama	PDG: \$18,723,405; IDEA, USDA CACFP, McKinney-Vento, Title 1, Head Start, Title II: Amounts not reported	No
laska	Title 1, Head Start, Title 1 C Migrant Funds: Amounts not reported	No
rizona		No
rkansas	TANF: \$7,500,000; PDG: \$3,758,389; USDA CACFP: Amount not reported ³⁰	No^{31}
alifornia CSPP	CCDF: \$42,010,609	No
alifornia TK		Yes ²⁵
olorado		Yes ¹⁷
onnecticut CDCC	CCDF: \$1,901,940; PDG: \$352,610	No
onnecticut SR	CCDF: \$7,590,038; PDG: \$2,426,010	Yes ²³
onnecticut Smart Start	CCDF: \$12,576 ²⁰	No
elaware		No
istrict of Columbia	Head Start: \$13,971,731; TANF, CCDF: Amounts not reported	Yes ²⁹
lorida		Yes ¹⁸
eorgia		No
awaii		No
inois	PDG: \$214,184	No
wa Shared Visions		
	CCDF, IDEA, USDA CACFP, Head Start, Social Services Block Grant: Amounts not reported	No No
wa SWVPP	TANE #4.400.047	Yes ²⁶
insas Preschool Pilot	TANF: \$4,132,317	No No
insas State Pre-K		No ¹⁸
entucky	Breakdown not reported: \$60,391,573 ²⁹	Yes ³⁰
puisiana 8(g)		Yes ¹⁷
ouisiana LA 4	TANF: \$40,492,803	Yes ¹⁷
uisiana NSECD		No
aine	PDG: \$4,069,851; IDEA, Title 1, Head Start: Amounts not reported	Yes ¹⁶
aryland	PDG: \$13,190,793	Yes ²¹
assachusetts UPK	CCDF: \$27,743,185	No
assachusetts Ch 70		Yes ²⁵
ichigan	CCDF, IDEA, USDA CACFP, McKinney-Vento, Title 1, Head Start: Amounts not reported	Yes ²⁷
innesota HdSt	ANF, CCDF, IDEA, USDA, CACFP, McKinney-Vento, Title 1, Federal Head Start, Title II, Social Services Block Grant: Amounts not specified	Yes ²⁸
linnesota VPK/SRP		Yes ³⁸
ississippi	IDEA, Title 1, Head Start, Title IV, US Department of Education Grant: Amounts not reported	Yes ¹⁷
issouri	CCDF, IDEA, USDA CACFP, Title 1: Amounts not reported	No
ontana		No
ebraska	IDEA: \$40,677,697; Title 1: \$7,727,118; Head Start: \$9,340,047	Yes ²²
evada	PDG: \$7,908,600; IDEA, Title 1: Amounts not reported	No
ew Jersey Abbott	IDEA, PDG, USDA CACFP, Title 1, Head Start: Amounts not reported	Yes ¹⁸
ew Jersey ECPA	PDG: \$11,959,517; IDEA, USDA CACFP, Title 1, Head Start: Amounts not reported	Yes ¹⁶
ew Jersey ELLI	PDG: \$1,101,451; IDEA, USDA CACFP, Title 1, Head Start: Amounts not reported	Yes ¹⁹
ew Mexico	TANF: \$17,600,000	No
ew York	PDG: \$25,000,000; Title 1: \$5,078,790; CCDF, USDA CACFP: Amounts not reported	Yes ¹⁶
orth Carolina	TANF: \$6,000,000; CCDF: \$4,941,705; IDEA: \$8,865,315; USDA CACFP: \$3,099,426; Title 1: \$11,360,095; Head Start: \$15,184,110; Childcare Subsidies: \$134,200	No ²⁹
orth Dakota	The state of the s	No
hio		No
klahoma	Breakdown not reported: \$33,988,013	Yes ¹⁸
regon HdSt	TANF, CCDF, USDA CACFP, McKinney-Vento, Title 1, Head Start: Amounts not reported	No
regon Preschool Promise	USDA CACFP: Determined locally	No
ennsylvania RTL	OJDA CACIT. Determined locally	Yes ¹³
		No
nnsylvania HSSAP	T'al 4 A 114	
ennsylvania HSSAP ennsylvania K4 & SBPK	Title 1: Amount not reported ¹⁴	No
nnsylvania HSSAP nnsylvania K4 & SBPK nnsylvania PKC	·	No No
ennsylvania HSSAP ennsylvania K4 & SBPK ennsylvania PKC node Island	PDG: \$5,898,075	No No Yes ²¹
ennsylvania HSSAP ennsylvania K4 & SBPK ennsylvania PKC node Island	PDG: \$5,898,075 IDEA: \$6,933,774	No No
ennsylvania HSSAP ennsylvania K4 & SBPK ennsylvania PKC node Island outh Carolina	PDG: \$5,898,075	No No Yes ²¹
ennsylvania HSSAP ennsylvania K4 & SBPK ennsylvania PKC node Island outh Carolina nnessee	PDG: \$5,898,075 IDEA: \$6,933,774	No No Yes ²¹ Yes ³⁴
ennsylvania HSSAP ennsylvania K4 & SBPK ennsylvania PKC node Island outh Carolina ennessee	PDG: \$5,898,075 IDEA: \$6,933,774 PDG: \$1,947,875	No No Yes ²¹ Yes ³⁴ Yes ³⁶
ennsylvania HSSAP ennsylvania K4 & SBPK ennsylvania PKC node Island buth Carolina ennessee exas ermont rginia	PDG: \$5,898,075 IDEA: \$6,933,774 PDG: \$1,947,875 CCDF: \$12,200,000 ¹⁵	No No Yes ²¹ Yes ³⁴ Yes ³⁶ Yes ¹⁶
ennsylvania HSSAP ennsylvania K4 & SBPK ennsylvania PKC node Island outh Carolina ennessee exas ermont	PDG: \$5,898,075 IDEA: \$6,933,774 PDG: \$1,947,875 CCDF: \$12,200,000 ¹⁵ PDG: \$4,713,681; CCDF, IDEA, Title 1, Head Start: Amounts Total: \$4,114,775	No No Yes ²¹ Yes ³⁴ Yes ³⁶ Yes ¹⁶ Yes ²⁹
ennsylvania HSSAP ennsylvania K4 & SBPK ennsylvania PKC ende Island buth Carolina ennessee exas ermont rginia ashington	PDG: \$5,898,075 IDEA: \$6,933,774 PDG: \$1,947,875 CCDF: \$12,200,000 ¹⁵ PDG: \$4,713,681; CCDF, IDEA, Title 1, Head Start: Amounts Total: \$4,114,775 PDG: \$1,158,812; IDEA, Title 1: Amounts not reported	No No Yes ²¹ Yes ³⁴ Yes ³⁶ Yes ¹⁶ Yes ²⁹ Yes ¹⁴
ennsylvania HSSAP ennsylvania K4 & SBPK ennsylvania PKC node Island buth Carolina ennessee exas ermont rginia ashington est Virginia	PDG: \$5,898,075 IDEA: \$6,933,774 PDG: \$1,947,875 CCDF: \$12,200,000 ¹⁵ PDG: \$4,713,681; CCDF, IDEA, Title 1, Head Start: Amounts Total: \$4,114,775 PDG: \$1,158,812; IDEA, Title 1: Amounts not reported TANF/CCDF: \$3,745,497; IDEA: \$4,428,521; Title 1: \$716,129; Head Start: \$36,535,190	No No Yes ²¹ Yes ³⁴ Yes ³⁶ Yes ¹⁶ Yes ²⁹ Yes ¹⁴ No Yes ²⁴
ennsylvania HSSAP ennsylvania K4 & SBPK ennsylvania PKC ende Island buth Carolina ennessee exas ermont rginia ashington	PDG: \$5,898,075 IDEA: \$6,933,774 PDG: \$1,947,875 CCDF: \$12,200,000 ¹⁵ PDG: \$4,713,681; CCDF, IDEA, Title 1, Head Start: Amounts Total: \$4,114,775 PDG: \$1,158,812; IDEA, Title 1: Amounts not reported	No No Yes ²¹ Yes ³⁴ Yes ³⁶ Yes ¹⁶ Yes ²⁹ Yes ¹⁴ No

Private agencies, Faith-based centers, BESE-Approved Nonpublic Schools

Public schools

Public schools, Head Start, Private agencies, Faith-based centers, Family child care homes

Public schools, Head Start, Private agencies, Faith-based centers, Family child care homes

Public schools

Intermediate School Districts

Head Start

Public schools³⁹
Public schools, Head Start, Private agencies, Faith-based centers

Public schools, Head Start, Private agencies, Family child care homes

Public schools, Head Start, Private agencies, Family child care homes

Public schools

Public schools, Head Start, Private agencies, Faith-based centers

STATE	Agencies eligible to receive funding directly		
Alabama	Public schools, Head Start, Private agencies, Faith-based centers, Family child care homes, Military childcare, College/University, Community-based child care, Private Schools		
Alaska	Public schools, Head Start		
Arizona	Public schools, Head Start, Private agencies, Faith-based centers, Family child care homes, Tribally regulated programs		
Arkansas	Public schools, Head Start, Private agencies, Faith-based centers, Family child care homes, State Education Service Cooperatives, Higher Education Institution Related Programs		
California CSPP	Public schools, Head Start, Private agencies, Faith-based centers		
California TK	Public schools		
Colorado	School districts ¹⁸		
Connecticut CDCC	Public schools, Head Start, Private agencies, Faith-based centers, Family child care homes, Municipalities, Regional Education Service Centers, Human Service Agencies		
Connecticut SR	Public schools, Head Start, Private agencies, Faith-based centers, Municipalities, Regional Education Service Centers, Human Service Agencies		
Connecticut Smart Start	Public schools		
Delaware	Public schools, Head Start, Private agencies, Faith-based centers, Family child care homes		
District of Columbia	Public schools, Head Start, Private agencies, Faith-based centers		
Florida	Early Learning Coalitions ¹⁹		
Georgia	Public schools, Head Start, Private agencies, Faith-based centers, University and Technical Schools, Military Bases, Charter Schools		
Hawaii	Public schools		
Illinois	Public schools, Head Start, Private agencies, Faith-based centers, Family child care homes, Higher Education Institutions, Regional Offices of Education		
Iowa Shared Visions	Public schools, Head Start, Private agencies, Faith-based centers, Any public or private non-profit organization		
Iowa SWVPP	Public schools ²⁷		
Kansas Preschool Pilot	Public schools, Head Start, Private agencies, Faith-based centers		
Kansas State Pre-K	Public schools		
Kentucky	Public schools ³¹		
Louisiana 8(g)	Public schools		
Louisiana LA 4	Public schools, Independent LEA Charter Schools, Tribal Schools		

Louisiana NSECD

Massachusetts UPK

Minnesota HdSt

Minnesota VPK/SRP

Massachusetts Ch 70

Maine

Maryland

Michigan

Mississippi Missouri

Montana

Nebraska

Nevada

STATE	Agencies eligible to receive funding directly

New Jersey Abbott	Public schools		
New Jersey ECPA	Public schools		
New Jersey ELLI	Public schools		
New Mexico	Public schools, Head Start, Private agencies, Faith-based centers, Family child care homes, Universities, Colleges, Cities, Tribal programs ²⁵		
New York	Public schools, Private agencies (for SUFDPK only), Faith-based centers (for SUFDPK only), Libraries, Museums		
North Carolina	Public schools, Head Start, Public-private partnerships (local Smart Start partnerships), Community Action Agencies		
North Dakota	Public schools, Private agencies, Faith-based centers, Family child care homes		
Ohio	Public schools, Head Start, Private agencies, Faith-based centers, Family child care homes		
Oklahoma	Public schools		
Oregon HdSt	Public schools, Head Start, Private agencies, Faith-based centers, Family child care homes, Community college, Higher education institutions, Education service districts, Government agencies ¹²		
Oregon Preschool Promise	Early Learning Hubs		
Pennsylvania RTL	Public schools		
Pennsylvania HSSAP	Head Start		
Pennsylvania K4 & SBPK	Public schools		
Pennsylvania PKC	Public schools, Head Start, Private agencies, PDE licensed private nurseries		
Rhode Island	Public schools, Head Start, Private agencies, Faith-based centers		
South Carolina	Public schools, Head Start, Private agencies, Faith-based centers, Federally licensed military centers serving students in eligible districts may be approved as First Steps 4K providers		
Tennessee	Public schools		
Texas	Public schools, Charter schools		
Vermont	Public schools, Head Start, Private agencies, Family child care homes, Parent-child centers		
Virginia	Public schools, Other state and local government agencies		
Washington	Public schools, Head Start, Private agencies, Faith-based centers, Family child care homes, Local governments, Colleges/Universities, Tribes, Educational Service districts		
West Virginia	Public schools		
Wisconsin 4K	Public schools		
Wisconsin HdSt	Head Start		
Guam	Public schools		

STATE	Agencies with which subcontracting is permitted		
Alabama	None		
Alaska	Public schools, Head Start, Private agencies		
Arizona	None		
Arkansas	Public schools ²²		
California CSPP	Public schools, Head Start, Private agencies, Faith-based centers, Family child care homes		
California TK	None		
Colorado	Public schools, Head Start, Private agencies, Public agencies such as city recreation centers, University and College Lab School programs, Charter schools		
Connecticut CDCC	Public schools, Head Start, Private agencies, Faith-based centers, Family child care homes, Municipalities		
Connecticut SR	Public schools, Head Start, Private agencies, Faith-based centers, Regional Education Service Centers, Human Service Agencies		
Connecticut Smart Start	None		
Delaware	None		
District of Columbia	None		
Florida	Public schools, Head Start, Private agencies, Faith-based centers, Family child care homes, Boys and Girls Clubs, the YMCA		
Georgia	None		
Hawaii	None		
Illinois	Public schools, Head Start, Private agencies, Faith-based centers, Family child care homes		
Iowa Shared Visions	Public schools, Head Start, Private agencies, Faith-based centers, Any public or private non-profit organization		
Iowa SWVPP	Head Start, Private agencies, Faith-based centers, Family child care homes ²⁷		
Kansas Preschool Pilot	Public schools, Head Start, Private agencies, Faith-based centers, Family child care homes, Other 19		
Kansas State Pre-K	Public schools, Head Start, Private agencies, Faith-based centers, Family child care homes, Other ¹⁹		
Kentucky	Public schools, Head Start, Private agencies, Faith-based centers		
Louisiana 8(g) Louisiana LA 4	None Head Start, Private agencies, Non-Independent LEA Charter Schools		
Louisiana NSECD	Head Start, Private agencies, Non-independent LEA Charter Schools Head Start, Private agencies, Faith-based centers		
Maine	Head Start, Private agencies, Family child care homes		
Maryland	Head Start, Private agencies, Faith-based centers		
Massachusetts UPK	Public schools, Head Start, Private agencies, Faith-based centers, Family child care homes		
Massachusetts Ch 70	None ²⁶		
Michigan	Public schools, Head Start, Private agencies, Faith-based centers, For-profit public or private agencies		
Minnesota HdSt	Public schools, Head Start, Private agencies, Faith-based centers, Family child care homes		
Minnesota VPK/SRP	Public schools, Head Start, Private agencies, Faith-based centers, Family child care homes		
Mississippi	Public schools, Head Start, Private agencies, Faith-based centers		
Missouri	Public schools, Head Start, Private agencies, Family child care homes		
Montana	Public schools, Head Start, Private agencies, Family child care homes ¹⁸		
Nebraska	Public schools, Head Start, Private agencies		
Nevada	None		
New Jersey Abbott	Public schools, Head Start, Private agencies, Faith-based centers ¹⁹		
New Jersey ECPA	Public schools, Head Start, Private agencies, Faith-based centers ¹⁷		
New Jersey ELLI	Public schools, Head Start, Private agencies, Faith-based centers ²⁰		
New Mexico	None		
New York	Public schools, Head Start, Private agencies, Faith-based centers, Family child care homes, Libraries, Museums ¹⁷		
North Carolina	Public schools, Head Start, Private agencies, Faith-based centers30		
North Dakota	Head Start ¹⁸		
Ohio	Public schools, Head Start, Private agencies, Faith-based centers, Family child care homes		
Oklahoma	Public schools, Head Start		
Oregon HdSt	Public schools, Head Start, Private agencies, Faith-based centers, Family child care homes, Community college, Higher education institutions, Education service districts, Government agencies		
Oregon Preschool Promise	Public schools, Head Start, Private agencies, Faith-based centers, Family child care homes ³⁴		
Pennsylvania RTL	Public schools, Head Start, Private agencies		
Pennsylvania HSSAP	Public schools, Head Start, Private agencies, Faith-based centers, Family child care homes		
Pennsylvania K4 & SBPK	Public schools, Head Start, Private agencies, Faith-based centers, Family child care homes		
Pennsylvania PKC	Public schools, Head Start, Private agencies, Faith-based centers, PDE licensed private nurseries		
Rhode Island	Public schools, Head Start, Private agencies, Faith-based centers		
South Carolina	First Steps: Head Start, Private agencies, Faith-based centers, Other ³⁵		
Tennessee	Head Start, Private agencies, Faith-based centers, Institutions of higher learning ³⁷		
Texas	Head Start, Private agencies, Faith-based centers		
Vermont	Public schools, Head Start, Private agencies, Family child care homes ³⁰		
Virginia	Public schools, Head Start, Private agencies, Faith-based centers		
Washington	Public schools, Head Start, Private agencies, Faith-based centers, Family child care homes, Local governments, Colleges/Universities, Tribes, Educational Service districts		
West Virginia	Public schools, Head Start, Private agencies, Faith-based centers ²⁵		
Wisconsin 4K	Public schools, Head Start, Private agencies, Faith-based centers, Family child care homes		
Wisconsin HdSt	Public schools, Head Start, Private agencies, Faith-based centers, Family child care homes		
Guam	None		

STATE

Is there a required local match?

Alabama	Yes: At minimum 25% in-kind/cash match is required per classroom	
Alaska	No	
Arizona	No	
Arkansas	Yes: 40% ³³	
California CSPP	No	
California TK	No	
Colorado	Yes ¹⁷	
Connecticut CDCC	No	
Connecticut SR	No	
Connecticut Smart Start	No	
Delaware	No	
District of Columbia	No	
Florida	No	
Georgia	No	
Hawaii	No	
Illinois	No	
Iowa Shared Visions	Yes: 20% of awarded state dollars	
Iowa SWVPP	No	
Kansas Preschool Pilot	No	
Kansas State Pre-K	No	
Kentucky	No	
Louisiana 8(g)	No	
Louisiana LA 4	No	
Louisiana NSECD	No	
Maine	Yes ¹⁷	
Maryland	No	
Massachusetts UPK	No	
Massachusetts Ch 70	Yes ²⁷	
	No No	
Michigan		
Minnesota HdSt	Yes: Per Head Start performance standards	
Minnesota VPK/SRP	No	
Mississippi	Yes: 1 to 1 dollar for dollar match ¹⁷	
Missouri	No No	
Montana	Yes: 10% ¹⁹	
Nebraska	Yes ²³	
Nevada	No	
New Jersey Abbott	No	
New Jersey ECPA	No	
New Jersey ELLI	Yes ¹⁹	
New Mexico	No	
New York	No	
North Carolina	Yes: Not specified	
North Dakota	No	
Ohio	No	
Oklahoma	No	
Oregon HdSt	No	
Oregon Preschool Promise	No	
Pennsylvania RTL	No	
Pennsylvania HSSAP	No	
Pennsylvania K4 & SBPK	No	
Pennsylvania PKC	No	
Rhode Island	No	
South Carolina	No	
Tennessee	Yes ³⁶	
Texas	No No	
	No	
Vermont		
Virginia	Yes: Based on the local composite index	
Washington	No	
West Virginia	No.	
Wisconsin 4K	No ²⁹	
Wisconsin HdSt	No	
Guam No		
controles are grouped by state at the end of Appendix A. Unless noted, all data are for the 17-18 school year		

FORMAL PROGRAM EVALUATION

Was there a formal evaluation measuring preschool program quality and effectiveness within the last 5 years?

Alasta	STATE	Was there a formal evaluation measuring preschool program quality and effectiveness within the last 5 years?	Year of the most recent formal evaluation
Arbons Arbons Yes O2017 California (SSPP No.pl. 2009 California (SSPP No.pl. 2017 California (SSPP No.pl. No. NA. California (SSPP No.pl. No. NA. Camenctica (SSP No. NA. Camenctica (SSPP No. NA. Camenctica (SSPP	Alabama	Yes	2018
Arfantes	Alaska	In planning or piloting phase ²⁰	Currently planning/piloting ²⁰
California TK No.* 2009 Colorado No. NAA Colorado No. NAA Comenciorio SR No. NAA Comenciorio SR No. NAA Delixorio Courbia No. NAA Delixorio Courbia No. NAA Florida No. NAA Florida No. NAA Florida No. NAA Georgia Yea?** 2017 Hawaii No. NA Howaii No. NA Lows SWPP In planning proling phase?** Currently planning planning Komas Packbod Pilet No. NA Komas Swetzer No. NA Keerudy Yea?** 2015 Countries BA No. NA Keerudy Yea?** 2016 Coustwan SteCt No. NA Keerudy Yea Yea NA Male Na NA	Arizona	Yes	2018
California TK No.* 2009 Colorado No. NAA Colorado No. NAA Comenciorio SR No. NAA Comenciorio SR No. NAA Delixorio Courbia No. NAA Delixorio Courbia No. NAA Florida No. NAA Florida No. NAA Florida No. NAA Georgia Yea?** 2017 Hawaii No. NA Howaii No. NA Lows SWPP In planning proling phase?** Currently planning planning Komas Packbod Pilet No. NA Komas Swetzer No. NA Keerudy Yea?** 2015 Countries BA No. NA Keerudy Yea?** 2016 Coustwan SteCt No. NA Keerudy Yea Yea NA Male Na NA	Arkansas	Yes	2017
Coloraeditus (CDCC) No NAA Connectitus (SR No NA Connectitus (SR No NA Connectitus (SR times) No NA Delaware No NA Delates of Calumbia No NA Bords No NA Bords NA NA Georgia Nest* 2017 Heres No NA Heres No NA Heres No NA Lose BWPP In planning or pioting plase** Currendly planning/ploting Komes Strate Pra K No NA Coulisian AC No NA <td>California CSPP</td> <td>No²⁸</td> <td>2009</td>	California CSPP	No ²⁸	2009
Connection CDCC	California TK	Yes	2017
Commercian Stem	Colorado	No	NA
Commercian Stem	Connecticut CDCC	No	NA
Camentain Street Name No NA Deliavaire No NA Daniel of Columbia No NA Findish No.Po NA Georgia Yee.Pi 2017 Hendel No NA Hendel No NA Illiens No NA Jose Shand Visions Yee.Pi 2017 Illiens No NA Jose Shand Visions Yee.Pi 2017 Jose Shand Visions No NA Jose Shand Visions Yee.Pi 2016 Jose Shand Visions No NA Kornack Storlow No NA Kornack Windows No NA Komma Storlow No NA Komma Storlow No NA Komma Storlow No NA Komma Storlow No NA Mullisions No NA Mullisions No NA Mullisions		No	
Delaware	Connecticut Smart Start		
Dantics of Columbia No			
Florida			
Serogia Yest No NA			
Havail No NA Na Na Na Na Na Na Na			
Illinois			
Jose Stead Visions Yes 2017 Jose SWAPP In planning or piloting phase Currently planning/piloting Skansas Preschool Pilot No			
Journ SW/PP		<u> </u>	
Kansas Pata Pro K No NA Kennacky Yes ¹² 2016 Louisiana B(g) No NA Louisiana LA 4 No NA Louisiana NSECD No NA Maine No NA Maryland Yes Multi-year study through 2018 Massachusetts UPK Yes, QRIS Validation Study 2012-2016 Massachusetts G.77 No NA Michigan Yes ¹⁸ Ongoing (0017-2022) Minnesota VPK/SRP No NA Minnesota VPK/SRP No NA Missasiapip No NA Missasiapit No NA Missasiapit No NA Missasiapit No NA Mortraina Yes 2018 Nebraska No NA Neval Seap ALD No NA New Jensey Abbott No 2015 New Jensey Abbott No NA New Jensey Abbott No			
Kansas State Pre-K			· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
Kentucky Yes? 2016 Louisians LA No NA Louisians NSECD No NA Maine No NA Maryland Yes Mulls-year stuck through 2018 Massachusetts UFK Yes, QRIS Wildration Study 2012, 2016 Massachusetts UFK Yes, QRIS Wildration Study 2012, 2016 Massachusetts UFK Yes, QRIS Wildration Study NA Michigan Yes* Organing (2017-2022) Michigan Yes* 2015-2016 Minnesotal VPK/SRP No NA Minnesotal VPK/SRP No NA Minsessipp No NA Missouri No NA Missouri No NA Mesterska No NA New Jessy 2018 NA New Jessy Abbott No 2015 New Jessy ELD No NA New Jessy ELD No NA New Jessy ELD No NA New			
Louisiana R(g) No NA Louisiana LA 4 No NA Louisiana NSECD No NA Maine No NA Manie No NA Massachusetts UFK Yes, QRISS Validation Study 2012-2016 Massachusetts UFK Yes, QRISS Validation Study 2015-2016 Minesotal VEKSRP No NA Minesotal PKSKSP No NA Minesotal PKSKSP No NA Missouri No NA Nobrosk No NA Nobroska No NA New Jeney ECPA No NA New Jeney ECPA No NA			
Louisiana DA 4 No NA Louisiana NSECD No NA Marie No NA Maryland Yes Multi-year study through 2018 Massachusetts UFK Yes, QRIS Validation Study 2012-2016 Massachusetts Ch 70 No NA Michigan Yes Ongoing 2017-2022) Minnesota L85t Yes 2015-2016 Minnesota VPK/SRP No NA Minnesota VPK/SRP No NA Minssissippi No NA Mississippi No NA Mississippi No NA Morbana Yes 2018 Morbana Yes 2018 Neval Servey Abbott No NA Neval Jersey BCPA No NA Neval Jersey BCPA			
Louisiana NSECD No NA Maine No NA Manyland Yes Multi-year study through 2018 Massachusetts UPK Yes, QRIS Validation Study 2012-2016 Massachusetts UPK Yes, QRIS Validation Study 2012-2016 Massachusetts UPK Yes Ongoing (2017-2022) Minnesotal HdSt Yes 2015-2016 Minnesotal HdSt Yes 2015-2016 Minnesotal PWGSRP No NA Mississippi No NA Missouri No NA Missouri No NA Motoriana Yes 2018 Nobroska No NA Novada Yes 2015 New Jersey Abbott No Na New Jersey ELUI No NA New Jersey ELUI No NA New Jersey ELUI No NA New Yers No NA North Carolina Yes*1 2015-2016 North			
Maine No NA Moryland Yes Multi-year study through 2018 Massachusetts UPK Yes, QRIS Validation Study 2012-2016 Massachusetts Ch 70 No NA Machigan Yes Ongoing (2017-2022) Minnesota HdSt Yes 2015-2016 Minnesota VPK/SRP No NA Mississippi No NA Mississippi No NA Mississippi No NA Mississipi No NA No NA NA Nevalua Yes 2018 No Ward No NA New Jersey ECP			
Maryland Yes Multi-year study through 2018 Massachusetts UPK Yes, QRIS Validation Study 2012-2016 Massachusetts Ch 70 No NA Minesotal McSt Yeas** Ongening (2017-2022) Minesotal HdSt Yes 2015-2016 Minnesotal PMSRP No NA Mississippi No NA Missouri No NA Moscorus NA NA Missouri No NA Mothana Yes 2018 Nebroaka No NA Nebroaka No NA Nevadra Yes 2015 New Jersey Abbott No NA New Jersey ECPA No NA New Jersey ECPA No NA New Jersey ELLI No NA New Jersey ELLI No NA North Carolina Yes** 2015-2016 North Carolina Yes** 2015-2016 North Dakota No<			
Massachusetts UPK Yes, QRIS Validation Study 2012-2016 Massachusetts Ch 70 No NA Massachusetts Ch 70 No NA Michigan Yes Ongoing 2017-2022) Minnesota HdSt Yes 2015-2016 Minnesota VPK/SRP No NA Mississippi No NA Missouri No NA Montana Yes 2018 Nebraska No NA Nevade Yes 2018 Nevades Yes 2015 New Jersey ECPA No NA New Jersey ECPA No NA New Jersey ELLI No NA New York No NA			
Massachusetts Ch 70 No NA Michigan Yes*** Ongoing (2017-2022) Minnesotat HdSt Yes 2015-2016 Minnesotat VPK/SRP No NA Mississippi No NA Mississippi No NA Mississippi No NA Mississippi No NA Montana Yes 2018 New Jersey 2018 NA Nevada Yes 2018 Nevada Yes 2015 New Jersey Ebbt No NA New Jersey Ebbt No NA New Jersey ELLI No NA New Jersey ELLI No NA New Jersey ELLI No NA New York No NA New York No NA North Dakota No NA North Dakota No NA Orbidatoria No NA Orbidatoria N			· · · · ·
Michigan Yes 2015-2016 Minnesota PKKSRP No NA Minsestripi No NA Missouri No NA Montana Yes 2018 Nebraska No NA Nevada Yes 2015 New Jersey Abbett No 2008 New Jersey ECPA No NA New Mexico No NA New Mexico No NA New Morth No NA New Horsey ECLI No NA New Mexico No NA New Morth No NA North Carolina Yes³* 2015-2016 North Dakota No NA Oklahoma No NA Oklahoma No NA Oregon Host No NA Pennsylvania RTL No NA Pennsylvania RTL No NA Pennsylvania RTL No NA <td>Massachusetts UPK</td> <td>Yes, QRIS Validation Study</td> <td></td>	Massachusetts UPK	Yes, QRIS Validation Study	
Minnesota HdSt Yes 2015-2016 Minnesota VPK/SRP No NA Mississippi No NA Montal Yes 2018 Nebraska No NA Nevada Yes 2015 New Jersey ECPA No 2008 New Jersey ECPA No NA New Jersey ELI No NA New York No NA New York No NA New York No NA Orth Dakota No NA <t< td=""><td>Massachusetts Ch 70</td><td></td><td></td></t<>	Massachusetts Ch 70		
Minesota VPK/SRP No NA Mississippi No NA Missouri No NA Montana Yes 2018 Morbraka No NA Nevada Yes 2015 New Jersey Abbott No 2008 New Jersey ECPA No NA New Jersey ELPI No NA New Jersey ELI No NA North Carolina Yes ¹¹ 2015-2016 North Carolina Yes ¹² 2015-2016 North Carolina No NA Olicio No NA Olicio No NA Origon HdSt No NA Origon HdSt No	Michigan	Yes ²⁸	Ongoing (2017-2022)
Mississippi No NA Missouri No NA Montana Yes 2018 Nebraska No NA Nevada Yes 2015 New Jersey Abbott No 2008 New Jersey ECPA No NA New Jersey ELI No NA New York No NA New York No NA North Carolina Yes¹¹ 2015-2016 North Dakota No NA Okidahoma No NA Oklahoma No NA Oregon HdSt No NA Oregon Preschool Promise No NA Pennsylvania RTL No NA Pennsylvania RSAP No NA Pennsylvania PKC In planning or piloting phase Currently planning/piloting³° Rhode Island In planning or piloting phase²² Currently planning/piloting³° South Carolina Yes³¹ 2018 Tennessee	Minnesota HdSt	Yes	2015-2016
Missouri No NA Montana Yes 2018 Nebraska No NA Nevada Yes 2015 New Jersey Abbott No 2008 New Jersey ECPA No NA New Jersey EELU No NA New Mexico No NA New York No NA North Carolina Yes¹¹ 2015-2016 North Dakota No NA Ohio No NA Oklahoma No NA Oregon HdSt No NA Oregon Preschool Promise No NA Pennsylvania RTL No NA Pennsylvania RTL No NA Pennsylvania PKC No NA Pennsylvania PKC No NA Pennsylvania PKC In planning or piloting phase 2 Currently planning/piloting* Rhode Island In planning or piloting phase 2 Currently planning/piloting* South Carolina <td>Minnesota VPK/SRP</td> <td>No</td> <td>NA</td>	Minnesota VPK/SRP	No	NA
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Wisconsin 4K No NA Wisconsin HdSt No NA			
Wisconsin HdSt No NA			
	Wisconsin 4K		
Guam Yes 2018			
	Guam	Yes	2018

FORMAL PROGRAM EVALUATION

STATE

Documentation of formal evaluation

SIAIE	Documentation of formal evaluation		
Alabama	https://children.alabama.gov/resources/research/		
Alaska	NA		
Arizona	https://www.firstthingsfirst.org/wp-content/uploads/2018/02/AZ_QF_Exec-Summary.pdf		
Arkansas	https://humanservices.arkansas.gov/images/uploads/dccece/2009-2011-Cohorts-Compiled-REDACTED-Report.pd.pdf		
California CSPP	https://www.rand.org/labor/projects/ca_preschool.html		
California TK	https://tkstudy.airprojects.org/sites/default/files/_TK_Impact_Study_Final_Rpt_FINALpdf		
Colorado	NA		
Connecticut CDCC	NA		
Connecticut SR	NA NA		
Connecticut Smart Start	NA NA		
Delaware	NA NA		
District of Columbia	NA NA		
	NA NA		
Florida			
Georgia	http://www.decal.ga.gov/documents/attachments/GAPreKEvalLongitudinalYr3Report.pdf		
Hawaii	NA		
Illinois	NA NA		
Iowa Shared Visions	https://educateiowa.gov/documents/shared-visions-parent-support-and-preschool-programs/2018/07/shared-visions-preschool-2		
Iowa SWVPP	NA NA		
Kansas Preschool Pilot	NA		
Kansas State Pre-K	NA		
Kentucky	http://www.lrc.ky.gov/lrcpubs/RR450.pdf		
Louisiana 8(g)	NA		
Louisiana LA 4	NA		
Louisiana NSECD	NA		
Maine	NA NA		
Maryland	Results will be available upon completion of the evaluation		
Massachusetts UPK	Not available online		
Massachusetts Ch 70	NA		
Michigan	Results will be posted at http://www.michigan.gov/gsrp		
Minnesota HdSt	http://www.mnheadstart.org/outcomes.html		
Minnesota VPK/SRP	NA NA		
Mississippi	NA NA		
Missouri	NA NA		
Montana	https://dphhs.mt.gov/Portals/85/hcsd/documents/ChildCare/STARSPreschool/STARSPreEvalFinal.pdf		
Nebraska	NA NA		
Nevada	http://www.doe.nv.gov/Early_Learning_Development/Reports_and_Summaries/		
New Jersey Abbott	By request only		
New Jersey ECPA	NA NA		
New Jersey ELLI	NA		
New Mexico	NA		
New York	NA		
North Carolina	https://fpg.unc.edu/resources/effects-participation-north-carolina-pre-kindergarten-program-end-kindergarten-2015-2016-0		
North Dakota	NA NA		
Ohio	NA		
Oklahoma	NA NA		
Oregon HdSt	NA NA		
Oregon Preschool Promise	NA NA		
Pennsylvania RTL	NA NA		
Pennsylvania HSSAP	NA NA		
Pennsylvania K4 & SBPK	NA NA		
Pennsylvania PKC	NA NA		
Rhode Island	NA		
South Carolina	between the control of the control o		
	https://www.eoc.sc.gov/sites/default/files/Documents/Evaluation%20of%20Full-Day%204K%2C%20FY2016-17%20FY2017-18-Final.pdf and		
Tennessee	https://www.eoc.sc.gov/sites/default/files/Documents/KRA%20Final.08292018.pdf		
Tennessee	https://www.eoc.sc.gov/sites/default/files/Documents/KRA%20Final.08292018.pdf http://peabody.vanderbilt.edu/research/pri/VPKthrough3rd_final_withcover.pdf		
Texas	https://www.eoc.sc.gov/sites/default/files/Documents/KRA%20Final.08292018.pdf http://peabody.vanderbilt.edu/research/pri/VPKthrough3rd_final_withcover.pdf NA		
Texas Vermont	https://www.eoc.sc.gov/sites/default/files/Documents/KRA%20Final.08292018.pdf http://peabody.vanderbilt.edu/research/pri/VPKthrough3rd_final_withcover.pdf NA https://education.vermont.gov/documents/legislative-report-preliminary-evaluation-of-prek-programs-2018		
Texas Vermont Virginia	https://www.eoc.sc.gov/sites/default/files/Documents/KRA%20Final.08292018.pdf http://peabody.vanderbilt.edu/research/pri/VPKthrough3rd_final_withcover.pdf NA https://education.vermont.gov/documents/legislative-report-preliminary-evaluation-of-prek-programs-2018 NA		
Texas Vermont Virginia Washington	https://www.eoc.sc.gov/sites/default/files/Documents/KRA%20Final.08292018.pdf http://peabody.vanderbilt.edu/research/pri/VPKthrough3rd_final_withcover.pdf NA https://education.vermont.gov/documents/legislative-report-preliminary-evaluation-of-prek-programs-2018 NA https://www.wsipp.wa.gov/ReportFile/1576/Wsipp_Outcome-Evaluation-of-Washington-States-Early-Childhood-Educationand-		
Texas Vermont Virginia Washington West Virginia	https://www.eoc.sc.gov/sites/default/files/Documents/KRA%20Final.08292018.pdf http://peabody.vanderbilt.edu/research/pri/VPKthrough3rd_final_withcover.pdf NA https://education.vermont.gov/documents/legislative-report-preliminary-evaluation-of-prek-programs-2018 NA https://www.wsipp.wa.gov/ReportFile/1576/Wsipp_Outcome-Evaluation-of-Washington-States-Early-Childhood-Educationand-Not available online		
Texas Vermont Virginia Washington West Virginia Wisconsin 4K	https://www.eoc.sc.gov/sites/default/files/Documents/KRA%20Final.08292018.pdf http://peabody.vanderbilt.edu/research/pri/VPKthrough3rd_final_withcover.pdf NA https://education.vermont.gov/documents/legislative-report-preliminary-evaluation-of-prek-programs-2018 NA http://www.wsipp.wa.gov/ReportFile/1576/Wsipp_Outcome-Evaluation-of-Washington-States-Early-Childhood-Educationand-Not available online NA		
Texas Vermont Virginia Washington West Virginia	https://www.eoc.sc.gov/sites/default/files/Documents/KRA%20Final.08292018.pdf http://peabody.vanderbilt.edu/research/pri/VPKthrough3rd_final_withcover.pdf NA https://education.vermont.gov/documents/legislative-report-preliminary-evaluation-of-prek-programs-2018 NA https://www.wsipp.wa.gov/ReportFile/1576/Wsipp_Outcome-Evaluation-of-Washington-States-Early-Childhood-Educationand-Not available online		

FORMAL PROGRAM EVALUATION

Was this formal evaluation mandated by the state?

	Was this formal evalua mandated by the sta	
STATE		
Alabama	Yes	Yes: UAB, PARCA
Alaska	NA NA	NA NA
Arizona	Yes	Yes: Child Trends
Arkansas	Yes	Yes: Arkansas Research Center, University of Central Arkansas
California CSPP	No	Yes: RAND Corporation
California TK	No	Yes: American Institutes for Research (AIR)
Colorado	NA NA	NA
Connecticut CDCC	NA NA	NA NA
Connecticut SR	NA	NA NA
Connecticut Smart Start	NA	NA
Delaware	NA NA	NA NA
District of Columbia	NA	NA
Florida	NA NA	NA CHECK CHILD IN THE COLUMN TO THE COLUMN T
Georgia	Yes	Yes: Frank Porter Graham Child Development Institute
Hawaii	NA NA	NA NA
Illinois Iowa Shared Visions	NA V	NA
	Yes	Yes: University of Iowa's Center for Evaluation and Assessment
Iowa SWVPP Kansas Preschool Pilot	NA NA	NA NA
Kansas Preschool Pilot Kansas State Pre-K	NA NA	NA NA
	Yes	NA Vac Office of Education Associatehility
Kentucky		Yes: Office of Education Accountability
Louisiana 8(g)	NA NA	NA NA
Louisiana LA 4 Louisiana NSECD	NA NA	NA NA
	NA NA	NA NA
Maine		
Maryland Massachusetts UPK	No Yes	Yes: University of Maryland Yes: University of Massachusetts Donahue Institute and Wellesley Centers for Women
Massachusetts Ch 70	NA	NA
Michigan Minnesota HdSt	No No	Yes: Michigan State University, Community Evaluation and Research Collaborative, University Outreach and Engagement Yes: University of Tulsa
Minnesota VPK/SRP	NA NA	NA
Mississippi	NA NA	NA NA
Missouri	NA NA	NA NA
Montana	Yes	No
Nebraska	NA NA	NA NA
Nevada	Yes	Yes: Pacific Research Associates
New Jersey Abbott	No	Yes: National Institute for Early Education Research
New Jersey ECPA	NA	NA
New Jersey ELLI	NA	NA
New Mexico	NA	NA
New York	NA	NA
North Carolina	Yes	Yes: Frank Porter Graham Child Development Institute
North Dakota	NA	NA
Ohio	NA	NA
Oklahoma	NA	NA
Oregon HdSt	NA	NA
Oregon Preschool Promi		NA
Pennsylvania RTL	NA	NA
Pennsylvania HSSAP	NA	NA
Pennsylvania K4 & SBPK	NA	NA
Pennsylvania PKC	NA	NA
Rhode Island	NA	NA
South Carolina	Yes	Yes: SC Education Oversight Committee (EOC) ³⁶
Tennessee	No	Yes: Peabody Research Institute
Texas	NA	NA
Vermont	Yes	Yes: Education Development Center
Virginia	NA	NA
Washington	Yes	Yes: Washington State Institute for Public Policy
West Virginia	Yes	Yes: National Institute for Early Education Research
Wisconsin 4K	NA	NA
Wisconsin HdSt	NA	NA
Guam	Yes	Yes: Department's Administrator for Research, Planning & Evaluation
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Abbons Ablabes Vise Multiple Innex ciurge the year? Abrons Vise Ab	STATE	Does state policy require state preschool programs to assess children's learning and development during the preschool year?	What is the frequency of these preschool child assessments?
Abstace Vise Multiple times during the year* Altorous Vise Multiple times during the year* Altorous Vise Multiple times during the year Altorous Vise Vise Nove per year* Caltorina TC No Altorous Vise Three heckgoints per year Caltorina TC Carnocitical CDCC No	Alabama	Yes	Multiple times during the year ³²
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California TK No			
Colorado Ne No NA Connectious SE No No NA NA Delevance No Multiple times during the year' Delevance No Multiple times during the year' Delevance No Multiple times during the year' Connectious SE Connectious SE No Multiple times during the year' Delevance No Multiple times during the year' Delevance No Multiple times during the year' No Multiple times during the year' Delevance Search Searc			
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Georgia Yes Multiple times during the year Hawaii Yes Multiple times during the year illinois Yes Multiple times during the year illinois Yes Multiple times during the year illinois Short Michael Short Modern Short Shor			
Heavail Yes		***	
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Jove Shared Visions Yes Multiple times during the year*	Hawaii	Yes	
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Kentucky Yes	Kansas Preschool Pilot	Yes ¹⁸	Annually, or more if determined locally ¹⁸
Kentucky Yes	Kansas State Pre-K	Yes ²⁰	Annually, or more if determined locally ²⁰
Louisiana NSECD Yes Multiple times during the year* Marine Yes Multiple times during the year* Mary Mary Mary Mary Mary Mary Mary Mary	Kentucky	Yes	
Louisiana NSECD Yes Multiple times during the year* Marine Yes Multiple times during the year* Mary Mary Mary Mary Mary Mary Mary Mary	Louisiana 8(g)	Yes	At the beginning and end of the year
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New York Yes Three times per year North Carolina Yes³²² Multiple times during the year³²² North Dakota No NA Ohio Yes Multiple times during the year Oklahoma No NA Oregon HdSt Yes Multiple times during the year Oregon Preschool Promise Yes At least three times per year Pennsylvania RTL Yes Unspecified Pennsylvania HSSAP Yes Assessment is ongoing; Outcomes are reported twice per year Pennsylvania HSSAP Yes Unspecified Pennsylvania PKC Yes For formative use: Determined by the assessment tool Rhode Island Yes For formative use: Determined by the assessment tool Rhode Island Yes Multiple times during the year South Carolina Yes Multiple times during the year Fennessee Yes³? Multiple times during the year Texas No NA Vermont Yes At the beginning and end of the year Washington Yes At the beginn	New Jersey ELLI	Yes	Multiple times during the year
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OklahomaNoNAOregon HdStYesMultiple times during the yearOregon Preschool PromiseYesAt least three times per yearPennsylvania RTLYesUnspecifiedPennsylvania HSSAPYesAssessment is ongoing; Outcomes are reported twice per yearPennsylvania K4 & SBPKYesUnspecifiedPennsylvania PKCYesFor formative use: Determined by the assessment toolRhode IslandYesMultiple times during the yearSouth CarolinaYesAt the beginning and end of the year37TennesseeYes399Multiple times during the year399TexasNoNAVermontYesAt the beginning and end of the yearVirginiaYesAt the beginning and end of the yearWashingtonYesAt the beginning and end of the yearWest VirginiaYesMultiple times during the year30West VirginiaYesFall, winter, and spring (end-of-year) checkpointsWisconsin 4KYesDetermined locally30Wisconsin HdStYesPer federal Head Start Performance Standards	North Dakota	No	NA
Oregon HdStYesMultiple times during the yearOregon Preschool PromiseYesAt least three times per yearPennsylvania RTLYesUnspecifiedPennsylvania HSSAPYesAssessment is ongoing; Outcomes are reported twice per yearPennsylvania K4 & SBPKYesUnspecifiedPennsylvania PKCYesFor formative use: Determined by the assessment toolRhode IslandYesMultiple times during the yearSouth CarolinaYesAt the beginning and end of the year37TennesseeYes39Multiple times during the year39TexasNoNAVermontYesAt the beginning and end of the yearVirginiaYesAt the beginning and end of the yearWashingtonYesMultiple times during the year30West VirginiaYesMultiple times during the year30West VirginiaYesFall, winter, and spring (end-of-year) checkpointsWisconsin 4KYesDetermined locally30Wisconsin HdStYesPer federal Head Start Performance Standards	Ohio	Yes	Multiple times during the year
Oregon Preschool PromiseYesAt least three times per yearPennsylvania RTLYesUnspecifiedPennsylvania HSSAPYesAssessment is ongoing; Outcomes are reported twice per yearPennsylvania K4 & SBPKYesUnspecifiedPennsylvania PKCYesFor formative use: Determined by the assessment toolRhode IslandYesMultiple times during the yearSouth CarolinaYesAt the beginning and end of the year37TennesseeYes399Multiple times during the year399TexasNoNAVermontYesAt the beginning and end of the yearVirginiaYesAt the beginning and end of the yearWashingtonYesMultiple times during the year300West VirginiaYesFall, winter, and spring (end-of-year) checkpointsWisconsin 4KYesDetermined locally300Wisconsin HdStYesPer federal Head Start Performance Standards	Oklahoma	No	NA
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Pennsylvania RTL Yes Unspecified Pennsylvania HSSAP Yes Assessment is ongoing; Outcomes are reported twice per year Pennsylvania K4 & SBPK Yes Unspecified Pennsylvania PKC Yes For formative use: Determined by the assessment tool Rhode Island Yes Multiple times during the year South Carolina Yes At the beginning and end of the year ³⁷ Tennessee Yes ³⁹ Multiple times during the year ³⁹ Texas No NA Vermont Yes At the beginning and end of the year Virginia Yes At the beginning and end of the year Washington Yes At the beginning and end of the year West Virginia Yes At the beginning and end of the year West Virginia Yes Fall, winter, and spring (end-of-year) checkpoints Wisconsin 4K Yes Determined locally ³⁰ Wisconsin HdSt Yes Per federal Head Start Performance Standards	Oregon Preschool Promise	Yes	, , ,
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Pennsylvania PKC Yes For formative use: Determined by the assessment tool Rhode Island Yes Multiple times during the year South Carolina Yes At the beginning and end of the year ³⁷ Tennessee Yes ³⁹ Multiple times during the year ³⁹ Texas No NA Vermont Yes At the beginning and end of the year Virginia Yes At the beginning and end of the year Washington Yes At the beginning and end of the year West Virginia Yes Multiple times during the year ³⁰ West Virginia Yes Fall, winter, and spring (end-of-year) checkpoints Wisconsin 4K Yes Determined locally ³⁰ Wisconsin HdSt Yes Per federal Head Start Performance Standards			
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Wisconsin HdSt Yes Per federal Head Start Performance Standards			
		Yes	
Guam Yes At the beginning and end of the year	Wisconsin HdSt	Yes	Per federal Head Start Performance Standards
	Guam	Yes	At the beginning and end of the year

CHILD DEVELOPMENT DOMAINS REQUIRED TO BE COVERED BY THE PRESCHOOL CHILD ASSESSMENTS

STATE	Language	Literacy	Math
Alabama	Yes	Yes	Yes
Alaska	Yes ²²	Yes ²²	Yes ²²
Arizona	Yes	Yes	Yes
Arkansas	Yes	Yes	Yes
California CSPP	Yes	Yes	Yes
California TK	NA	NA	NA
Colorado	Yes	Yes	Yes
Connecticut CDCC	NA	NA	NA
Connecticut SR	Yes	Yes	Yes
Connecticut Smart Start	NA	NA	NA
Delaware	Yes	Yes	Yes
District of Columbia	Yes	Yes	Yes
Florida	Yes	Yes	Yes
Georgia	Yes	Yes	Yes
Hawaii	Yes	Yes	Yes
Illinois	Yes	Yes	Yes
Iowa Shared Visions	Yes	Yes	Yes
Iowa SWVPP	Yes ³⁰	Yes ³⁰	Yes ³⁰
Kansas Preschool Pilot	No	Yes	Yes
Kansas State Pre-K	No	Yes ²⁰	Yes ²⁰
Kentucky	Yes	Yes	Yes
Louisiana 8(g)	Yes	Yes	Yes
Louisiana LA 4	Yes	Yes	Yes
Louisiana NSECD	Yes	Yes	Yes
Maine	Yes	Yes	Yes
Maryland	Yes	Yes	Yes
Massachusetts UPK	Yes	Yes	Yes
Massachusetts Ch 70	NA	NA	NA
Michigan	Yes	Yes	Yes
Minnesota HdSt	Yes	Yes	Yes
Minnesota VPK/SRP	Yes ²⁰	Yes ²⁰	Yes ²⁰
Mississippi	Yes	Yes	Yes
Missouri	Yes	Yes	Yes
Montana	Yes	Yes	Yes
Nebraska	Yes	Yes	Yes
Nevada	Yes	Yes	Yes
New Jersey Abbott	Yes	Yes	Yes
New Jersey ECPA	Yes	Yes	Yes
New Jersey ELLI	Yes	Yes	Yes
New Mexico	Yes	Yes	Yes
New York	Yes ¹⁸	No	No
North Carolina	Yes	Yes	Yes
North Dakota	NA	NA	NA
Ohio	Yes	Yes	Yes
Oklahoma	NA	NA NA	NA NA
Oregon HdSt	Yes	Yes	Yes
Oregon Preschool Promise	Yes	Yes	Yes
Pennsylvania RTL	Yes ¹⁴	Yes ¹⁴	Yes ¹⁴
Pennsylvania HSSAP	Yes	Yes Yes	Yes
Pennsylvania K4 & SBPK	No ¹⁵	No ¹⁵	No ¹⁵
Pennsylvania PKC	Yes	Yes	Yes
Rhode Island	Yes	Yes	Yes
South Carolina	Yes	Yes	Yes
Tennessee	Yes ³⁹	Yes ³⁹	No Yes
	Yes ³ NA	NA	NA
Texas	Yes	Yes	Yes
Vermont	Yes Yes	Yes Yes ¹⁵	Yes Yes ¹⁵
Virginia			
Washington	Yes	Yes	Yes
West Virginia	Yes	Yes	Yes
Wisconsin 4K	No	Yes	No
Wisconsin HdSt	Yes	Yes	Yes
Guam	Yes	Yes	Yes

CHILD DEVELOPMENT DOMAINS REQUIRED TO BE COVERED BY THE PRESCHOOL CHILD ASSESSMENTS

STATE	Science	Social and emotional development	Approaches toward learning
Alabama	Yes	Yes	Yes
Alaska	Yes	Yes ²²	Yes
Arizona	Yes	Yes	Yes
Arkansas	Yes	Yes	Yes
California CSPP	Yes	Yes	Yes
California TK	NA	NA	NA
Colorado	Yes	Yes	Yes
Connecticut CDCC	NA	NA NA	NA
Connecticut SR	Yes	Yes	Yes
Connecticut Smart Start	NA NA	NA	NA NA
Delaware	Yes	Yes	Yes
District of Columbia	Yes	Yes	Yes
Florida	No	No	No
			Yes
Georgia	Yes	Yes	
Hawaii	No	Yes	Yes
Illinois	Yes	Yes	Yes
Iowa Shared Visions	No	Yes	Yes
Iowa SWVPP	Yes ³⁰	Yes ³⁰	Yes ³⁰
Kansas Preschool Pilot	No	Yes	No
Kansas State Pre-K	No	Yes ²⁰	No
Kentucky	Yes	Yes	Yes
Louisiana 8(g)	Yes	Yes	Yes
Louisiana LA 4	Yes	Yes	Yes
Louisiana NSECD	Yes	Yes	Yes
Maine	Yes	Yes	Yes
Maryland	Yes	Yes	Yes
Massachusetts UPK	Yes	Yes	Yes
Massachusetts Ch 70	NA	NA	NA
Michigan	Yes	Yes	Yes
Minnesota HdSt	Yes	Yes	Yes
Minnesota VPK/SRP	Yes ²⁰	Yes ²⁰	Yes ²⁰
	No	Yes	Yes
Mississippi			
Missouri	Yes	Yes	Yes
Montana	No	Yes	Yes
Nebraska	No	Yes	Yes
Nevada	Yes	Yes	Yes
New Jersey Abbott	Not reported	Yes	Yes
New Jersey ECPA	Not reported	Yes	Yes
New Jersey ELLI	Not reported	Yes	Yes
New Mexico	Yes	Yes	Yes
New York	No	Yes ¹⁸	No
North Carolina	Yes	Yes	Yes
North Dakota	NA	NA	NA
Ohio	Yes	Yes	Yes
Oklahoma	NA	NA	NA
Oregon HdSt	No	Yes	Yes
Oregon Preschool Promise	Yes	Yes	Yes
Pennsylvania RTL	Yes ¹⁴	Yes ¹⁴	Yes ¹⁴
Pennsylvania HSSAP	Yes	Yes	Yes
Pennsylvania K4 & SBPK	No ¹⁵	No ¹⁵	No ¹⁵
Pennsylvania PKC	Yes	Yes	Yes
Rhode Island	Yes	Yes	No
South Carolina	Yes	Yes	Yes
Tennessee	No	No	No
Texas	NA V	NA Y	NA Y
Vermont	Yes	Yes	Yes
Virginia	Yes ¹⁵	Yes ¹⁵	Yes ¹⁵
Washington	No ³¹	Yes	No
West Virginia	Yes	Yes	Yes
	No	No	No
Wisconsin 4K			
Wisconsin 4K Wisconsin HdSt	Yes	Yes	Yes

CHILD DEVELOPMENT DOMAINS REQUIRED TO BE COVERED BY THE PRESCHOOL CHILD ASSESSMENTS

STATE	Physical/motor development	General cognitive development	Other domains
Alabama	Yes	Yes	Yes: Health and Daily Living, Creative Arts, Technology
Alaska	Yes	Yes ²²	No
Arizona	Yes	Yes	No
Arkansas	Yes	Yes	Yes: Social Studies and The Arts
California CSPP	Yes	Yes	No
California TK	NA	NA	NA
Colorado	Yes	Yes	No
Connecticut CDCC	NA NA	NA NA	NA NA
Connecticut SR	Yes	Yes	No
Connecticut Smart Start	NA	NA	NA NA
Delaware	Yes	Yes	No
District of Columbia	Yes		
		Yes	No
Florida	No	No	No
Georgia	Yes	Yes	No
Hawaii	Yes	Yes	No
Illinois	Yes	Yes	Yes ²⁵
Iowa Shared Visions	Yes	Yes	Yes: English Language Acquisition (for DLLs)
Iowa SWVPP	Yes ³⁰	Yes ³⁰	Yes ³⁰
Kansas Preschool Pilot	No	No	No
Kansas State Pre-K	No	No	No
Kentucky	Yes	Yes	No
Louisiana 8(g)	Yes	Yes	Yes: Social Studies, The Arts, English Language Acquisition
Louisiana LA 4	Yes	Yes	Yes: Social Studies, The Arts, English Language Acquisition
Louisiana NSECD	Yes	Yes	Yes: Social Studies, The Arts, English Language Acquisition
Maine	Yes	Yes	No
Maryland	Yes	Yes	No
Massachusetts UPK	Yes	Yes	No
Massachusetts Ch 70	NA NA	NA	NA NA
	Yes	Yes	No
Michigan			
Minnesota HdSt	Yes	Yes	No
Minnesota VPK/SRP	Yes ²⁰	Yes ²⁰	No
Mississippi	Yes	Yes	No
Missouri	Yes	Yes	Yes: History-Social Science, Visual and Performing Arts
Montana	Yes	Yes	No
Nebraska	Yes	Yes	No ²⁵
Nevada	Yes	Yes	No
New Jersey Abbott	Yes	Yes	No
New Jersey ECPA	Yes	Yes	No
New Jersey ELLI	Yes	Yes	No
New Mexico	Yes	Yes	No
New York	No	Yes ¹⁸	No
North Carolina	Yes	Yes	No
North Dakota	NA	NA	NA
Ohio	Yes	Yes	No
Oklahoma	NA	NA	NA
Oregon HdSt	Yes	Yes	No
Oregon Preschool Promise	Yes	Yes	Yes ³⁵
Pennsylvania RTL	Yes ¹⁴	Yes ¹⁴	No
Pennsylvania HSSAP	Yes	Yes	No
Pennsylvania K4 & SBPK	No ¹⁵	No ¹⁵	No ¹⁵
		-	
Pennsylvania PKC	Yes	Yes	No No
Rhode Island	Yes	Yes	Yes: Social Studies and Creative Art
South Carolina	Yes	Yes	Yes: Health
Tennessee	No	No	No
Texas	NA	NA	NA
Vermont	Yes	Yes	No
Virginia	Yes ¹⁵	Yes ¹⁵	No
Washington	Yes	Yes	Yes: English Language Acquisition ³¹
West Virginia	Yes	Yes	Yes: Arts
Wisconsin 4K	No	No	No
Wisconsin HdSt	Yes	Yes	No
Guam	Yes	Yes	Yes: Arts and Chamorro language
			

STATE	Preschool assessment tools
Alabama	Programs must use: Teaching Strategies GOLD
Alaska	Programs must use: Teaching Strategies GOLD
Arizona	Determined locally
Arkansas	Programs must use: Work Sampling System
California CSPP	Programs must use: Desired Results Developmental Profile
California TK	NA
Colorado	Programs must use: Teaching Strategies GOLD
Connecticut CDCC	NA
Connecticut SR	Determined locally ²⁴
Connecticut Smart Start	NA
Delaware	Programs may use: Teaching Strategies GOLD ²⁵
District of Columbia	Programs must use: Teaching Strategies GOLD (DCPS); Determined locally (PCS and CBO) ³⁰
Florida	Programs must use: Florida VPK Assessment
Georgia	Programs must use: Work Sampling System
Hawaii	Programs must use: Teaching Strategies GOLD
Illinois	Determined locally ²⁶
Iowa Shared Visions	Programs must use: Teaching Strategies GOLD
Iowa SWVPP	Programs must use: Teaching Strategies GOLD
Kansas Preschool Pilot	Determined locally ¹⁹
Kansas State Pre-K	Determined locally ²¹
Kentucky	Programs may use: HighScope COR; Teaching Strategies GOLD; Work Sampling; AEPS; Carolina Curriculum ³⁴
Louisiana 8(g)	Programs must use: Teaching Strategies GOLD ¹⁰
Louisiana LA 4	Programs must use: Teaching Strategies GOLD ⁹
Louisiana NSECD	Programs must use: Teaching Strategies GOLD ⁸
Maine	Determined locally ¹⁸
Maryland	Determined locally ²³
Massachusetts UPK	Programs may use: HighScope COR; Teaching Strategies GOLD; Work Sampling; Other
Massachusetts Ch 70	NA
Michigan	Programs may use: HighScope COR; Teaching Strategies GOLD; Work Sampling; Assessment, Evaluation and Programming System (AEPS) for Infants and Children
Minnesota HdSt	Programs may use: Desired Results Developmental Profile; HighScope COR; Teaching Strategies GOLD; Work Sampling; Other ²⁹
Minnesota VPK/SRP	Programs may use: Desired Results Developmental Profile; HighScope COR; Teaching Strategies GOLD; Work Sampling; Other ⁴¹
Mississippi	Programs must use: Mississippi State Kindergarten Readiness Assessment and Brigance III ¹⁹
Missouri	Programs must use: Desired Results Developmental Profile
Montana	Programs must use: DIAL, ASQ-SE
Nebraska	Programs must use: Teaching Strategies GOLD
Nevada	Programs may use: Desired Results Developmental Profile; HighScope COR; Teaching Strategies GOLD; Work Sampling; Other ³³
New Jersey Abbott	Programs may use: Early Learning Scale; HighScope COR; Teaching Strategies GOLD; Work Sampling
New Jersey ECPA	Programs may use: Early Learning Scale; HighScope COR; Teaching Strategies GOLD; Work Sampling
New Jersey ELLI	Programs may use: Early Learning Scale; HighScope COR; Teaching Strategies GOLD; Work Sampling
New Mexico	Programs must use: New Mexico Preschool Observational Assessment ²⁷
New York	Determined locally ¹⁸
North Carolina	Programs may use: HighScope COR; Teaching Strategies GOLD; Work Sampling; Other ³²
North Dakota	NA
Ohio	Programs must use: Ohio's Early Learning Assessment
Oklahoma	NA NA
Oregon HdSt	Programs must use: Teaching Strategies GOLD
Oregon Preschool Promise	Programs may use: Teaching Strategies GOLD; AEPS; Other ³⁶
Pennsylvania RTL	Programs may use: HighScope COR; Phonological Awareness Literacy Screening; Teaching Strategies GOLD; Work Sampling; Other ¹⁵
Pennsylvania HSSAP	Programs may use: Early Learning Scale; HighScope COR; Teaching Strategies GOLD; Work Sampling; Other [®]
Pennsylvania K4 & SBPK	Determined Locally ⁸
Pennsylvania PKC	Programs may use: Early Learning Scale; HighScope COR; Teaching Strategies GOLD; Work Sampling; Other (Galileo) ¹⁴
Rhode Island	Programs must use: Teaching Strategies GOLD
South Carolina	Programs may use: HighScope COR; Phonological Awareness Literacy Screening; Teaching Strategies GOLD; Work Sampling; Other ³⁸
Tennessee	Programs must use: Growth Portfolio Model ³⁹
Texas	NA THE PART OF THE
Vermont	Programs must use: Teaching Strategies GOLD; Ready For Kindergarten! Survey (R4K!S) ³²
Virginia	Programs must use: Phonological Awareness Literacy Screening
Washington	Programs must use: Teaching Strategies GOLD
West Virginia	Programs must use: Early Learning Scale ²⁷
Wisconsin 4K	Determined locally ³¹
Wisconsin HdSt	NA NA
Guam	Programs must use state developed tool ¹³

STATE	Are assessors who administer preschool child assessments required to be reliable on the assessment tool(s) used?
Alabama	Yes ³³
Alaska	Yes ²³
Arizona	No
Arkansas	Yes ³⁴
California CSPP	Yes ³⁰
California TK	NA
Colorado	Yes ¹⁹
Connecticut CDCC	NA
Connecticut SR	No
Connecticut Smart Start	NA
Delaware	Yes
District of Columbia	Yes (DCPS & CBO) ³¹
Florida	Yes ²²
Georgia	Yes ³²
Hawaii	Yes ²⁴
Illinois	Yes ²⁷
Iowa Shared Visions	Yes ³²
Iowa SWVPP	Yes ³¹
Kansas Preschool Pilot	No
Kansas State Pre-K	No
Kentucky	No
Louisiana 8(g)	Yes ¹⁸
Louisiana LA 4	Yes¹8
Louisiana NSECD	Yes¹ ⁴
Maine	Yes
Maryland	Yes ²⁴
Massachusetts UPK	No
Massachusetts Ch 70	NA NA
Michigan	No ³⁰
Minnesota HdSt	No
Minnesota VPK/SRP	No
Mississippi	No ²⁰
Missouri	No
Montana	No
Nebraska	Yes ²⁶
Nevada	No
New Jersey Abbott	Yes
New Jersey ECPA	Yes
New Jersey ELLI	Yes
New Mexico	No
New York	No
North Carolina	Yes ³³
North Dakota	NA
Ohio	Yes¹ ⁴
Oklahoma	NA NA
Oregon HdSt	Yes ¹³
Oregon Preschool Promise	No
Pennsylvania RTL	No
Pennsylvania HSSAP	No
Pennsylvania K4 & SBPK	Not reported
Pennsylvania PKC	No
Rhode Island	Yes ²³
South Carolina	Yes
Tennessee	No No
Texas	NA NA
Vermont	Yes ³³
Virginia	No No
Washington	Yes ³²
West Virginia	No
Wisconsin 4K	No No
Wisconsin HdSt	Yes
	No ¹⁴
Guam	IVO**

		DL CHILD ASSESSMENTS
	HOW IS PRESCHC To guide teacher training, professional	OOL ASSESSMENT DATA USED?
STATE	development, or technical assistance	To make decisions regarding a child's enrollment in kindergarten
Alabama	State and Local Level	Local Level
Alaska	State and Local Level	No
Arizona	Local Level	No
Arkansas	State and Local Level	No
California CSPP	State and Local Level	No
California TK	NA	NA
Colorado	State Level	Local Level
Connecticut CDCC	NA	No
Connecticut SR	Local Level	Local Level
Connecticut Smart Start	NA	NA
Delaware	State and Local Level	No
District of Columbia	Local Level	Local Level
Florida	Local Level	No
Georgia	State and Local Level	No
Hawaii	State Level	No
Illinois	Local Level	Local Level
Iowa Shared Visions Iowa SWVPP	State and Local Level	No
Kansas Preschool Pilot	State and Local Level	No No
Kansas Preschool Pilot Kansas State Pre-K	Local Level Local Level	No No
Kentucky	State and Local Level	No
Louisiana 8(g)	State Level	State Level
Louisiana LA 4	State Level	No
Louisiana NSECD	State Level	No
Maine	Local Level	Local Level
Maryland	State and Local Level	No
Massachusetts UPK	No	No
Massachusetts Ch 70	NA	NA
Michigan	Local Level ³¹	No
Minnesota HdSt	Local Level	No
Minnesota VPK/SRP	State and Local Level	No
Mississippi	State and Local Level	Local Level
Missouri	Local Level	No
Montana	State and Local Level	No
Nebraska	State and Local Level	No
Nevada	State and Local Level	No
New Jersey Abbott	Local Level	Local Level
New Jersey ECPA	Local Level	Local Level
New Jersey ELLI	Local Level	Local Level
New Mexico	State and Local Level	No
New York	Local Level	Local Level
North Carolina	State and Local Level ³⁴	Local Level
North Dakota	NA	NA NA
Ohio	State and Local Level	No
Oklahoma Oragon HdS+	NA State and Local Level	NA No
Oregon HdSt		
Oregon Preschool Promise	Local Level	No Local Level
Pennsylvania RTL Pennsylvania HSSAP	Local Level Local Level	No No
Pennsylvania K4 & SBPK	Local Level	Local Level
Pennsylvania PKC	Local Level	No No
Rhode Island	State Level	Local Level
South Carolina	State and Local Level	Local Level
Tennessee	State and Local Level	No
Texas	NA	NA NA
Vermont	State and Local Level	Local Level
Virginia	State and Local Level	No
Washington	State Level	Local Level
West Virginia	Local Level	Local Level
Wisconsin 4K	Local Level	No
Wisconsin HdSt	Local Level	Local Level
Guam	No	State Level

PRESCHOOL CHILD ASSESSMENTS HOW IS PRESCHOOL ASSESSMENT DATA USED?

STATE	To identify programs for corrective action or sanctions	To make funding decisions about programs or grantees
Alabama	State and Local Level	State Level
Alaska	No	No
Arizona	No	No
Arkansas	State Level	State Level
California CSPP	State and Local Level	State and Local Level ³¹
California TK	NA	NA
Colorado	State Level	Local Level
Connecticut CDCC	No No	No No
Connecticut SR	Local Level	Local Level
Connecticut Smart Start	NA	NA
Delaware	State and Local Level	State Level
District of Columbia	Local Level	Local Level
Florida	No	No
Georgia	State and Local Level	No
Hawaii	No	No
Illinois	No	No
Iowa Shared Visions	State Level	No
Iowa SWVPP	State Level	No
Kansas Preschool Pilot	No	No
Kansas State Pre-K	No	No
Kentucky	No	No
Louisiana 8(g)	No	No
Louisiana LA 4	No	No
Louisiana NSECD	No	No
Maine	No	No
Maryland	No	No
Massachusetts UPK	No	No
Massachusetts Ch 70	NA NA	NA
Michigan	Local Level	Local Level
Minnesota HdSt	No	No
Minnesota VPK/SRP	No	No
Mississippi	State Level	State Level
Missouri	No	No
Montana	No	No
Nebraska	No	No
Nevada	No	No
New Jersey Abbott	Local Level	No
New Jersey ECPA	Local Level	No
New Jersey ELLI	Local Level	No
New Mexico	No	No
New York	Local Level	Local Level
North Carolina	No No	No No
North Dakota	NA NA	NA NA
Ohio	State Level	State Level
Oklahoma Oklahoma	NA	
·		NA NA
Oregon HdSt	No	No
Oregon Preschool Promise	No	No
Pennsylvania RTL	No	No
Pennsylvania HSSAP	No	No
Pennsylvania K4 & SBPK	No	No
Pennsylvania PKC	No	No
DI III		Charles I avail
Rhode Island	Local Level	State Level
	Local Level No	No
South Carolina		
South Carolina Tennessee	No	No
South Carolina Tennessee Texas	No No	No No
South Carolina Tennessee Texas Vermont	No No NA State Level	No No NA State Level
South Carolina Tennessee Texas Vermont Virginia	No No NA State Level No	No No NA State Level No
South Carolina Tennessee Texas Vermont Virginia Washington	No No NA State Level No Local Level	No No NA State Level No Local Level
South Carolina Tennessee Texas Vermont Virginia Washington West Virginia	No No NA State Level No Local Level No	No No NA State Level No Local Level
South Carolina Tennessee Texas Vermont Virginia Washington West Virginia Wisconsin 4K	No No NA State Level No Local Level No No	No No NA State Level No Local Level No No
Rhode Island South Carolina Tennessee Texas Vermont Virginia Washington West Virginia Wisconsin 4K Wisconsin HdSt Guam	No No NA State Level No Local Level No	No No NA State Level No Local Level

HOW IS PRESCHOOL ASSESSMENT DATA USED? To track child and program level

	HC	WW IS PRESCHOOL ASSESSMENT DATA USED? To track child and program level	To make changes to state policies
TATE	To make adjustments to curricula	outcomes over time	regarding the preschool program
labama	State and Local Level	State and Local Level	State Level
aska	Local Level	State and Local Level	State and Local Level
rizona	Local Level	Local Level	No
kansas	State and Local Level	State and Local Level	State Level
alifornia CSPP	State Level	State and Local Level	Local Level
alifornia TK	NA	NA	NA
olorado	Local Level	State and Local Level	State and Local Level
onnecticut CDCC			
	No	No	No
onnecticut SR	Local Level	Local Level	Local Level
onnecticut Smart Start	NA	NA	NA .
elaware	Local Level	State and Local Level	State Level
strict of Columbia	Local Level	Local Level	Local Level
orida	Local Level	Local Level	No
eorgia	State and Local Level	State and Local Level	State and Local Level
awaii	State Level	State Level	No
nois	Local Level	Local Level	No
wa Shared Visions	Local Level	State and Local Level	State Level
wa SWVPP	Local Level	State and Local Level	State Level
nsas Preschool Pilot	Local Level	Local Level	No
nsas State Pre-K	Local Level	Local Level	No
entucky	State and Local Level	State and Local Level	State and Local Level
uisiana 8(g)	State Level	State Level	No
puisiana LA 4	No	State Level	No
puisiana NSECD	No	State Level	No
aine	No	State and Local Level	No
aryland	Local Level	State and Local Level	No
assachusetts UPK	No ²²	No	No
assachusetts Ch 70	NA	NA	NA NA
			No
ichigan	Local Level	Local Level	
innesota HdSt	Local Level	Local Level	No
innesota VPK/SRP	Local Level	Local Level ⁴²	No
ississippi	Local Level	State and Local Level	State Level
issouri	Local Level	No	No
ontana	Local Level	State and Local Level	State Level
ebraska	Local Level	State and Local Level	State Level
evada	Local Level	State and Local Level	State Level
ew Jersey Abbott	Local Level	Local Level	No
ew Jersey ECPA	Local Level	Local Level	No
ew Jersey ELLI	Local Level	Local Level	No
ew Mexico	State and Local Level	State and Local Level ²⁸	No
ew York	Local Level	Local Level	Local Level
orth Carolina	Local Level	Local Level	No
orth Dakota	NA	NA	NA
hio	Local Level	State and Local Level	State Level
klahoma	NA	NA	NA
regon HdSt	Local Level	State and Local Level	State and Local Level
regon Preschool Promise	Local Level	State and Local Level ³⁷	State Level
ennsylvania RTL	Local Level	Local Level	No No
ennsylvania HSSAP	Local Level	Local Level	No
nnsylvania K4 & SBPK	Local Level	Local Level	No
ennsylvania PKC	Local Level	Local Level	No State and Local Level
ode Island	State and Local Level	State and Local Level	State and Local Level
outh Carolina	State and Local Level	State and Local Level	State Level
nnessee	Local Level	State and Local Level	No
exas	NA	NA	NA
ermont	Local Level	State and Local Level	State Level
rginia	Local Level	Local Level	No
ashington	State Level	State Level	Local Level
est Virginia	Local Level	Local Level	No
isconsin 4K	Local Level	Local Level	No
/isconsin HdSt	Local Level	Local Level	No

HOW IS PRESCHOOL ASSESSMENT DATA USED?
To provide a measure

STATE	To evaluate teacher performance	To provide a measure of kindergarten readiness	Other
Alabama	State and Local Level	State and Local Level	No
Alaska	No	State and Local Level	No
Arizona	No	No	No
Arkansas	Local Level	State and Local Level	No
California CSPP	No No	State and Local Level	No
California TK	NA NA	NA	NA NA
Colorado	Local Level	Local Level	No
Connecticut CDCC	No No	No No	No
Connecticut SR	Local Level	Local Level	Local Level
Connecticut Smart Start	NA NA	NA	NA
Delaware	Local Level	State and Local Level	No
District of Columbia	Local Level	Local Level	No
Florida	Local Level	No No	No
Georgia	No No	State and Local Level	No
Hawaii	No	State And Local Level	No
Illinois	No	No	No
Iowa Shared Visions	No	No	No
lowa SWVPP	No	No	No
Kansas Preschool Pilot	No	No No	No No
Kansas State Pre-K	No Legal Legal	No State and Local Level	No State Lovel
Kentucky	Local Level		State Level
Louisiana 8(g)	No	State Level	No
Louisiana LA 4	No	No	No
Louisiana NSECD	No	No	No
Maine	No	Local Level	No
Maryland	No	State and Local Level	No
Massachusetts UPK	No	No	State and Local Level ²²
Massachusetts Ch 70	NA	NA	NA
Michigan	No	No	Local Level ³¹
Minnesota HdSt	No	No	No
Minnesota VPK/SRP	No	No	No
Mississippi	Local Level	State and Local Level	No
Missouri	No	No	No
Montana	No	State and Local Level	No
Nebraska	No	State and Local Level	No
Nevada	No	State Level	No
New Jersey Abbott	No	Local Level	State and Local Level ²⁰
New Jersey ECPA	No	Local Level	State Level ¹⁸
New Jersey ELLI	No	Local Level	State Level ²¹
New Mexico	No	State and Local Level	No
New York	No	Local Level	No No
North Carolina	Local Level	Local Level ³⁴	State Level ³⁴
North Dakota	NA	NA	NA
Ohio	No	No	No
Oklahoma	NA	NA	NA
Oregon HdSt	No	State and Local Level	No
Oregon Preschool Promise	No	State and Local Level	No
Pennsylvania RTL	Local Level	Local Level	No
Pennsylvania HSSAP	No	No	No
Pennsylvania K4 & SBPK	Local Level	Local Level	No
Pennsylvania PKC	No No	No No	No
Rhode Island	State and Local Level	State and Local Level	No
South Carolina	Local Level	State and Local Level	No
Tennessee	State and Local Level	No	No
Texas	NA NA	NA	NA NA
Vermont	No	State and Local Level	No
Virginia	No	State Level	No
Washington	Local Level	State Level	Local Level ³³
West Virginia	No	No	No
Wisconsin 4K	No	Local Level	No
Wisconsin HdSt	Local Level	Local Level	No
Guam	No	State Level	No

KINDERGARTEN CHILD ASSESSMENTS

STATE	Does state policy require kindergarten programs to assess children's learning and development?
Alabama	Yes, during kindergarten
Alaska	Yes, at kindergarten entry
Arizona	No ²⁷
Arkansas	Yes, at kindergarten entry and during kindergarten ³⁵
California CSPP	Determined locally ³²
California TK	Determined locally ²⁶
Colorado	Yes, at kindergarten entry and ongoing assessments ²⁰
Connecticut CDCC	Yes, at kindergarten entry
Connecticut SR	Yes, at kindergarten entry
Connecticut Smart Start	Yes, at kindergarten entry
Delaware	Yes, at kindergarten entry ²⁶
District of Columbia	No
Florida	Yes, at kindergarten entry ²³
Georgia	Yes, at kindergarten entry and during kindergarten
Hawaii	No
Illinois	Yes, at kindergarten entry ²⁸
Iowa Shared Visions	Yes, at kindergarten entry and during kindergarten ³³
Iowa SWVPP	Yes, at kindergarten entry and during kindergarten ³²
Kansas Preschool Pilot	No ²⁰
Kansas State Pre-K	No ²²
Kentucky	Yes, at kindergarten entry and during kindergarten ³⁵
Louisiana 8(g)	Yes, at kindergarten entry
Louisiana LA 4	Yes, at kindergarten entry
Louisiana NSECD	Yes, at kindergarten entry
Maine	Determined locally
Maryland	Yes, at kindergarten entry ²⁵
Massachusetts UPK	No
Massachusetts Ch 70	No ²⁸
Michigan	Yes, during kindergarten
Minnesota HdSt	Determined locally ³⁰
Minnesota VPK/SRP	Determined locally ⁴³
Mississippi	Yes, at kindergarten entry and end of year ²¹
Missouri	No
Montana	No
Nebraska	No
Nevada	Yes, at kindergarten entry ³⁴
New Jersey Abbott	No ²¹
New Jersey ECPA	No ¹⁹
New Jersey ELLI	No ²²
New Mexico	Yes, at kindergarten entry and during kindergarten ²⁹
New York	Yes, at kindergarten entry
North Carolina	Yes, at kindergarten entry
North Dakota	No
Ohio	Yes, at kindergarten entry ¹⁵
Oklahoma	Yes, at kindergarten entry ¹⁹
Oregon HdSt	Yes, at kindergarten entry
Oregon Preschool Promise	Yes, at kindergarten entry and during kindergarten
Pennsylvania RTL	No
Pennsylvania HSSAP	No
Pennsylvania K4 & SBPK	No
Pennsylvania PKC	No
Rhode Island	No ²⁴
South Carolina	Yes, at kindergarten entry and during kindergarten
Tennessee	Yes, in PDG classrooms ⁴⁰
Texas	Yes, during kindergarten ¹⁷
Vermont	Yes, at kindergarten entry
Virginia	Yes, during kindergarten ¹⁶
Washington	Yes, at kindergarten entry
West Virginia	Yes, during kindergarten ²⁸
Wisconsin 4K	Yes, literacy screening ³²
Wisconsin HdSt	Yes, literacy screening ²²
Guam	Yes, at kindergarten entry

KINDERGARTEN CHILD ASSESSMENTS

Required kindergarten assessments

JIAIL	Required kindergarten assessments
Alabama	Any formative assessment ³⁴
Alaska	State developed assessment: Alaska Developmental Profile
Arizona	NA .
Arkansas	Determined locally ³⁵
California CSPP	Determined locally ³²
California TK	Determined locally ²⁷
Colorado	Determined locally ²⁰
Connecticut CDCC	State developed assessment: Connecticut Kindergarten Entrance Inventory ²⁴
Connecticut SR	State developed assessment: Connecticut Kindergarten Entrance Inventory ²⁵
Connecticut Smart Start	State developed assessment: Connecticut Kindergarten Entrance Inventory ²¹
Delaware	Teaching Strategies GOLD; Other assessments are determined locally
District of Columbia	NA NA
Florida	Star Early Literacy Assessment Tool ²³
Georgia	State developed assessment: Georgia Kindergarten Inventory of Developing Skills; Other assessments are determined locally ³³
Hawaii	NA
Illinois	State developed assessment: Kindergarten Individual Development Survey (KIDS) ²⁸
Iowa Shared Visions	Formative Assessment System for Teachers (FAST); Other assessments are determined locally ³⁴
Iowa SWVPP	Formative Assessment System for Teachers (FAST); Other assessments are determined locally ³³
Kansas Preschool Pilot	NA
Kansas State Pre-K	NA NA
Kentucky	BRIGANCE K; Other assessments are determined locally ³⁵
	Desired Results Developmental Profile (DRDP); Developing Skills Checklist (DSC); Teaching Strategies GOLD ¹⁹
Louisiana 8(g)	
Louisiana LA 4	Desired Results Developmental Profile (DRDP); Developing Skills Checklist (DSC); Teaching Strategies GOLD ¹⁹
Louisiana NSECD	Desired Results Developmental Profile (DRDP); Developing Skills Checklist (DSC); Teaching Strategies GOLD ¹⁵
Maine	Determined locally
Maryland	State developed assessment: Maryland Kindergarten Readiness Assessment
Massachusetts UPK	NA
Massachusetts Ch 70	NA
Michigan	Determined locally 32
Minnesota HdSt	Desired Results Developmental Profile (DRDP); DevMilestones; Teaching Strategies GOLD; Work Sampling System ³¹
Minnesota VPK/SRP	Desired Results Developmental Profile (DRDP); DevMilestones; Teaching Strategies GOLD; Work Sampling System ⁴⁴
Mississippi	Mississippi State Kindergarten Readiness Assessment, Star Literacy by Renaissance Learning (administered twice per year)
Missouri	NA NA
Montana	NA
Nebraska	NA NA
Nevada	BRIGANCE K
New Jersey Abbott	NA NA
New Jersey ECPA	NA NA
New Jersey ELLI	NA THE RESERVE TO A SECOND TO
New Mexico	State developed assessment: Kindergarten Observation Tool (KOT) ²⁹
New York	Determined locally
North Carolina	Other assessments ³⁵
North Dakota	NA
Ohio	State developed assessment: Kindergarten Readiness Assessment (KRA) ¹⁵
Oklahoma	DIBELS; Other assessments ²⁰
Oregon HdSt	State developed assessment: State Kindergarten Entry Assessment
Oregon Preschool Promise	State developed assessment: State Kindergarten Entry Assessment ³⁸
Pennsylvania RTL	NA NA
Pennsylvania HSSAP	NA NA
Pennsylvania K4 & SBPK	NA NA
	NA NA
Pennsylvania PKC Rhode Island	NA NA
South Carolina	Kindergarten Readiness Assessment (KRA) ³⁹
Tennessee	State developed assessment: Kindergarten Entry Inventory; Other assesments piloted ⁴⁰
	Determined locally ¹⁷
Texas	
Vermont	Teaching Strategies GOLD; Ready for Kindergarten! Survey
	Teaching Strategies GOLD; Ready for Kindergarten! Survey Phonological Awareness Literacy Screening (PALS); Other assessments are determined locally ¹⁶
Vermont	
Vermont Virginia	Phonological Awareness Literacy Screening (PALS); Other assessments are determined locally ¹⁶
Vermont Virginia Washington	Phonological Awareness Literacy Screening (PALS); Other assessments are determined locally ¹⁶ Teaching Strategies GOLD ³⁴ State developed assessment: West Virginia Early Learning Reporting System: Kindergarten (ELRS:K) ²⁸
Vermont Virginia Washington West Virginia	Phonological Awareness Literacy Screening (PALS); Other assessments are determined locally ¹⁶ Teaching Strategies GOLD ³⁴

STATE	Does state policy require structured observations of classroom quality?
Alabama	Yes, all classrooms are observed, at least annually ³⁵
Alaska	Yes, but which classrooms or how often is determined locally ²⁴
Arizona	Yes, all programs observed every 24 to 27 months per QRIS ²⁸
Arkansas	Yes, each agency is observed every other year & one-third of classrooms are randomly selected
California CSPP	Yes, all classrooms are observed, at least annually ³³
California TK	No
Colorado	Yes, all classrooms are observed, at least annually if above QRIS level 1
Connecticut CDCC	Yes, non-NAEYC accredited and non-Head Start programs ²⁵
Connecticut SR	Yes, non-NAEYC accredited and non-Head Start programs ²⁶
Connecticut Smart Start	Yes, non-NAEYC accredited and non-Head Start programs ²²
Delaware	Yes, all classrooms are observed, over the course of a 3-year cycle
District of Columbia	Yes, all classrooms are observed, at least annually
Florida	No
Georgia	Yes, classrooms are randomly selected to be observed each year ³⁴
Hawaii	Yes, all classrooms are observed, at least annually
Illinois	Yes, all classrooms are observed, over the course of a 3-to 4-year cycle
Iowa Shared Visions	Yes, all classrooms are observed, every 5 years and determined locally ³⁵
Iowa SWVPP	Yes, all classrooms are observed, at least annually
Kansas Preschool Pilot	No
Kansas State Pre-K	No
Kentucky	Yes, all classrooms are observed, over the course of a five-year cycle
Louisiana 8(g)	Yes, all classrooms are observed, at least annually
Louisiana LA 4	Yes, all classrooms are observed, at least annually
Louisiana NSECD	Yes, all classrooms are observed, at least annually
Maine	Yes, new classrooms are observed annually, all other classrooms are observed on a 2- to 3- year cycle
Maryland	Yes, all classrooms are observed, at least annually
Massachusetts UPK	Yes, classrooms are randomly selected to be observed each year per QRIS ²³
Massachusetts Ch 70	Yes, all classrooms are observed, at least annually
Michigan	Yes, all classrooms are observed, at least annually ³³
Minnesota HdSt	Yes, all classrooms are observed, over the course of a multi-year cycle per federal Head Start Performance Standards
Minnesota VPK/SRP	Yes, all classrooms are observed, at least annually
Mississippi	Yes, all classrooms are observed, at least annually
Missouri	Yes, all classrooms are observed, at least annually
Montana	Yes, all classrooms are observed, at least annually
Nebraska	Yes, new, low performing, and a percentage of other classrooms are observed annually ²⁷
Nevada	Yes, PDG-funded classrooms are observed annually ³⁵
New Jersey Abbott	Yes, all classrooms are observed, at least annually
New Jersey ECPA	Yes, all classrooms are observed, at least annually
New Jersey ELLI	Yes, all classrooms are observed, at least annually
New Mexico	Yes, all classrooms are observed, at least annually
New York	Two prekindergarten grant funding streams require annual visits; Other structured observations are determined locally ¹⁹
North Carolina	Yes, all classrooms are observed, over the course of a multi-year cycle (at most, every 3 years) ³⁶
North Dakota	No No
Ohio	Yes, all classrooms are observed, at least annually
Oklahoma	Yes, all classrooms are observed, at least annually
Oregon HdSt	Yes, but which classrooms or how often is determined locally
Oregon Preschool Promise	Yes, but which classrooms or how often is determined locally
Pennsylvania RTL	Yes, classrooms with Instructional I certified teachers are observed annually
Pennsylvania HSSAP	Yes, all classrooms are observed, over the course of a multi-year cycle
Pennsylvania K4 & SBPK	Yes, classrooms with Instructional I certified teachers are observed annually
Pennsylvania PKC	Yes, all classrooms are observed, at least annually
Rhode Island	Yes, all classrooms are observed, at least annually
South Carolina	Yes, all classrooms are observed, over the course of a 2-to 3-year cycle
Tennessee	Yes, first year teachers are observed and other classroom observations are determined locally
Texas	No No
Vermont	Yes, all classrooms are observed, over the course of a three-year cycle
Virginia	No No
Washington	Yes, all classrooms are observed, over the course of a three-year cycle ³⁵
West Virginia	Yes, all classrooms are observed, at least annually
Wisconsin 4K	Yes, but which classrooms or how often is determined locally
Wisconsin HdSt	Yes, some classroom are selected to be observed each year per federal Head Start Performance Standards
Guam	Yes, all classrooms are observed, at least annually

STATE	Required classroom observation instruments
Alabama	CLASS, ERS/ECERS
Alaska	Determined locally ²⁵
Arizona	CLASS, ERS/ECERS ²⁹
Arkansas	ERS/ECERS
California CSPP	ERS/ECERS ³³
California TK	NA
Colorado	Colorado Quality Standards ²¹
Connecticut CDCC	ERS/ECERS, NAEYC Accreditation
Connecticut SR	ERS/ECERS, NAEYC Accreditation
Connecticut Smart Start	ERS/ECERS, NAEYC Accreditation
Delaware	ERS/ECERS ERS/ECERS
District of Columbia	CLASS
Florida	NA
Georgia	CLASS, ERS/ECERS, TPOT ³⁴
Hawaii	CLASS, Danielson Framework
Illinois	ERS/ECERS ERS/ECERS
Iowa Shared Visions	Determined locally ³⁶
lowa SWVPP	Other ³⁴
Kansas Preschool Pilot	NA NA
Kansas State Pre-K	NA EDG/FGEDG
Kentucky	ERS/ECERS
Louisiana 8(g)	CLASS
Louisiana LA 4	CLASS
Louisiana NSECD	CLASS
Maine	CLASS
Maryland	CLASS, ERS/ECERS
Massachusetts UPK	ERS/ECERS, CLASS, Program Administration Scale (PAS), Strengthening Families Program Self-Assessment, Arnett-Caregiver Interaction Scale ²³ Danielson Framework
Massachusetts Ch 70	
Michigan Minnesota HdSt	Program Quality Assessment CLASS ³²
Minnesota VPK/SRP	CLASS, Danielson Framework, Marzano, TPOT ⁴⁵
Mississippi	CLASS, Danielson Framework, Marzano, 1FO1-
Missouri	ERS/ECERS
Montana	ERS/ECERS, State-developed Health and Safety Checklist
Nebraska	ERS/ECERS, TPOT
Nevada	CLASS, ERS/ECERS
New Jersey Abbott	ERS/ECERS, TPOT, Danielson Framework or Marzano ²²
New Jersey ECPA	Danielson Framework or Marzano ²⁰
New Jersey ELLI	Danielson Framework or Marzano ²³
New Mexico	CLASS, ERS/ECERS, TPOT
New York	Determined locally
North Carolina	ERS/ECERS, NC Professional Teaching Standards ³⁷
North Dakota	NA NA
Ohio	The Ohio Classroom Observation Tool
Oklahoma	Marzano Focus Framework, Tulsa Teacher Leader Effectiveness
Oregon HdSt	CLASS
Oregon Preschool Promise	CLASS ²⁹
Pennsylvania RTL	Danielson Framework
Pennsylvania HSSAP	CLASS, ERS/ECERS ¹³
Pennsylvania K4 & SBPK	Danielson Framework¹⁰
Pennsylvania PKC	CLASS, Danielson Framework, ERS/ECERS, TPOT ²¹
Rhode Island	CLASS, ERS/ECERS
South Carolina	ELLCO, ERS/ECERS, Teaching Strategies Coaching to Fidelity, Preschool Edition
Tennessee	CLASS, ELLCO, ERS/ECERS
Texas	NA
Vermont	CLASS, ERS/ECERS
Virginia	NA NA
Washington	CLASS, ERS/ECERS
West Virginia	Determined locally ²⁹
Wisconsin 4K	Determined locally
Wisconsin HdSt	CLASS
Guam	CLASS

STATE	How does the state support reliability and validity of the classroom quality observation data?
Alabama	Double coding and CLASS Calibration ³⁶
Alaska	The state supports CLASS Training
Arizona	The state requires all assessors must be reliable on the tools ³⁰
Arkansas	ERS/ECERS is conducted via an independent contractor with trained and reliable personnel
California CSPP	Master Anchors (certified to at least 90% reliability) train Regional Anchors (reliability is re-tested periodically)
California TK	NA
Colorado	The state asks for a summation of the report results in the program's annual report
Connecticut CDCC	Annual ESRI training; raters at least 85% reliable ²⁶
Connecticut SR	Annual ESRI training; raters at least 85% reliable ²⁷
Connecticut Smart Start	Annual ESRI training; raters at least 85% reliable ²³
Delaware	Programs participate in Delaware Stars; Stars evaluators are required to be reliable on all observation tools used
District of Columbia	All data collectors have a current CLASS Pre-K certification through Teachshone; Monthly calibration; Double coding of a random sample; Data collection protocol fidelity checks ³²
Florida	NA
Georgia	Observers must demonstrate annual reliability for all instruments for which they conduct observations ³⁵
Hawaii	Observers must pass a training course and maintain certification yearly by passing required reliability testing
Illinois	Ongoing reliability checks with the state anchor ²⁹
Iowa Shared Visions	Not reported
Iowa SWVPP	Staff are trained on the Iowa Quality Preschool Program Standards ³⁵
Kansas Preschool Pilot	NA
Kansas State Pre-K	NA
Kentucky	Staff who achieved anchor status with ESRI trained other staff; Cross-agency reliability between state-funded preschool, Head Start, and child care ³⁶
Louisiana 8(g)	Staff must demonstrate reliability on the CLASS and be reassessed annually for reliability; Qualified non-classroom staff conduct periodic observational assessments to verify reliability; Shadow scoring is required.
Louisiana LA 4	Staff must demonstrate reliability on the CLASS and be reassessed annually for reliability; Qualified non-classroom staff conduct periodic observational assessments to verify reliability; Shadow scoring is required.
Louisiana NSECD	Staff must demonstrate reliability on the CLASS and be reassessed annually for reliability; Qualified non-classroom staff conduct periodic observational assessments to verify reliability; Shadow scoring is required.
Maine	All CLASS observers must have an updated reliability certificate to perform the CLASS
Maryland	Classrooms participating in Maryland EXCELS, the State's QRIS system, are assessed by reliable observers who are monitored by the MD EXCELS Branch which conducts fidelity checks on all assessors
Massachusetts UPK	EEC Program Quality Specialists are trained on the ERS; MA subcontracts with a vendor who is trained to reliability on the ERS to conduct classroom observations for programs that have applied for the upper levels of QRIS (Levels 3 and 4)
Massachusetts Ch 70	Not reported
Michigan	All Early Childhood Specialists (classroom coaches) have been formally trained in the PQA and must renew status as a reliable assessor with a minimum test score of 80% biennially
Minnesota HdSt	Per Federal Head Start
Minnesota VPK/SRP	Professionals administering the tools should complete be trained on the use of the selected tool ⁴⁵
Mississippi	All classroom monitors are reliable to the PreK CLASS tool, and maintain reliability annually ²²
Missouri	Inter-rater reliability approximately every tenth assessment with state anchor; all assessors are trained and reliable with the authors of the instrument
Montana	Montana provided annual training to all teachers and on-site coaching to help ensure reliability; All ECERS assessors are reliable
Nebraska	Observers are required to maintain an 85% reliability rating with state anchors who have achieved reliability with the tool authors
Nevada	All QRIS coaches and assessors must be reliable to the anchor assessor in both tools

STATE	How does the state support reliability and validity of the classroom quality observation data?
New Jersey Abbott	The state offers training in the ECERS-3 and reliability training for the TPOT
New Jersey ECPA	The state offers training in the ECERS-3 and reliability training for the TPOT
New Jersey ELLI	The state offers training in the ECERS-3 and reliability training for the TPOT
New Mexico	The state requires all persons administering the classroom observations to receive training
New York	Districts are required to use valid and reliable tools that include environmental quality and teacher/child interactions ¹⁹
North Carolina	Staff must demonstrate reliability on any instruments used; Staff must be re-assessed periodically for reliability; Qualified non-classroom staff conduct periodic observational assessments to verify reliability
North Dakota	NA
Ohio	Staff must demonstrate reliability on any instruments used; Staff must be re-assessed periodically for reliability
Oklahoma	Observers must complete an initial five day training with a final exam; Recertification training must be completed every two years
Oregon HdSt	Certified CLASS observers must be used
Oregon Preschool Promise	2017-2018 was used for capacity building; in 2018-2019 some double coding will be used
Pennsylvania RTL	Not supported
Pennsylvania HSSAP	ERS and CLASS assessments are conducted by a team of assessors who complete inter-rater reliability
Pennsylvania K4 & SBPK	Not supported
Pennsylvania PKC	ERS and CLASS are supported with reliable assessors
Rhode Island	Rhode Island contracts with a third party vendor that hires reliable assessors
South Carolina	All public school monitors are required to receive ELLCO training; All First Steps 4K Regional Coordinators have been trained in the Coaching to Fidelity Tool and ECERS-3
Tennessee	ECERS and ELLCO assessors must be trained to reliability ⁴¹
Texas	NA
Vermont	Vermont conducts state-wide and regional trainings for the ECERS and CLASS ³⁴
Virginia	NA
Washington	The state contracts with the University of Washington (UW) to conduct the ERS & CLASS, using observers who are certified reliable
West Virginia	Determined locally
Wisconsin 4K	The state provides guidance via the WI Educator Effectiveness System but these resources are not required to be used; For more information see: https://dpi.wi.gov/ee
Wisconsin HdSt	Individuals using the CLASS must be trained in using the CLASS
Guam	Classroom observations are completed by the School Administrator utilizing the district's Professional Teacher Evaluation Program (PTEP) tool

Does state policy require programs, teachers, and/or classrooms to receive on-going feedback based on data collected from structured observations of classroom quality?

Does the state receive the results of structured observations of classroom quality?

STATE	classrooms to receive on-going feedback based on data collected from structured observations of classroom quality?	Does the state receive the results of structured observations of classroom quality?
Alabama	Yes ³⁷	Yes
Alaska	No	No
Arizona	Yes ³¹	Yes
Arkansas	Yes	Yes
California CSPP	Yes ³⁴	Yes
California TK	NA	NA
Colorado	No	No
Connecticut CDCC	Yes ²⁷	Yes ²⁷
Connecticut SR	Yes ²⁸	Yes ²⁸
Connecticut Smart Start	Yes ²⁴	Yes ²⁴
Delaware	Yes	Yes
District of Columbia	Yes ³³	Yes
Florida	NA	NA
Georgia	Yes ³⁴	Yes
Hawaii	Yes ²⁵	Yes
Illinois	Yes ³⁰	Yes ³⁰
Iowa Shared Visions	No ³⁷	No
Iowa SWVPP	No	No
Kansas Preschool Pilot	NA	NA
Kansas State Pre-K	NA	NA
Kentucky	Yes ³⁷	Yes
Louisiana 8(g)	Yes	Yes
Louisiana LA 4	Yes	Yes
Louisiana NSECD	Yes	Yes
Maine	Yes	Yes ¹⁹
Maryland	Yes	Yes
Massachusetts UPK	No No	
Massachusetts Ch 70	Yes ²⁹	Yes
		Yes
Michigan	Yes ³³	Yes
Minnesota HdSt	Yes, per Federal Head Start	No
Minnesota VPK/SRP	Yes ⁴⁶	No
Mississippi	Yes	Yes
Missouri	Yes ¹⁷	Yes
Montana	Yes ²⁰	Yes
Nebraska	Yes	Yes
Nevada	Yes	Yes
New Jersey Abbott	Yes	Yes
New Jersey ECPA	Yes	Yes
New Jersey ELLI	Yes	Yes
New Mexico	Yes	Yes
New York	No	No
North Carolina	Yes	Yes
North Dakota	NA NA	NA NA
Ohio	Yes	No No
Oklahoma	Yes	Yes
Oregon HdSt	Yes	Yes
Oregon Preschool Promise	No ³⁹	No ³⁹
Pennsylvania RTL	Yes ¹⁶	Yes
Pennsylvania HSSAP	No	No
Pennsylvania K4 & SBPK	Yes ¹⁷	Yes
Pennsylvania PKC	Yes	Yes
Rhode Island	Yes ²⁵	Yes
South Carolina	Yes ⁴⁰	Yes
Tennessee	Yes ⁴²	Yes ⁴²
Texas	NA	NA
Vermont	Yes	Yes
Virginia	NA	NA
Washington	Yes	Yes
West Virginia	Yes ³⁰	No ³⁰
Wisconsin 4K	No	No
	No	
Wisconsin HdSt		No Vec
Guam	Yes	Yes

HOW IS THE INFORMATION COLLECTED DURING STRUCTURED OBSERVATIONS
OF CLASSROOM QUALITY USED FOR PROGRAM IMPROVEMENT?

To provide program staff with technical

STATE	To make adjustments to curricula	To provide feedback to parents	To provide program staff with technical assistance and/or mentoring
Alabama	State and Local Level	State and Local Level	State and Local Level
Alaska	Local Level		
Arizona	Local Level		State Level
Arkansas	Local Level	Local Level	State and Local Level
California CSPP	Local Level	Local Level	State and Local Level
California TK			
Colorado	Local Level	Local Level	
Connecticut CDCC	Eddal Edvel	Edeal Edvel	Local Level
Connecticut SR			Local Level
Connecticut Smart Start			Local Level
Delaware			State Level
District of Columbia	Local Level	Local Level	Local Level
Florida			
Georgia	State and Local Level	Local Level	State and Local Level
Hawaii	State Level		State Level
Illinois	Local Level	Local Level	State and Local Level
Iowa Shared Visions	Local Level		Local Level
Iowa SWVPP	Local Level		State and Local Level
Kansas Preschool Pilot			
Kansas State Pre-K			
Kentucky	State and Local Level	Local Level	State and Local Level
Louisiana 8(g)	State Level	Local Level	State Level
Louisiana LA 4	Local Level	State Level	State Level
Louisiana NSECD	Local Level	State Level	State Level
Maine	Local Level	Otato 2010.	0.0.0 2010.
Maryland	State and Local Level	Local Level	State and Local Level
Massachusetts UPK	State and Local Level	LOCAI Level	State and Local Level
			State and Local Level
Massachusetts Ch 70			
Michigan	Local Level	State and Local Level	State and Local Level
Minnesota HdSt	Local Level		Local Level
Minnesota VPK/SRP			
Mississippi	Local Level	Local Level	State Level
Missouri			State Level
Montana	Local Level	Local Level	State and Local Level
Nebraska	Local Level	Local Level	State and Local Level
Nevada	Local Level		State and Local Level
New Jersey Abbott	Local Level		State and Local Level
New Jersey ECPA	Local Level		State and Local Level
New Jersey ELLI	Local Level		State and Local Level
New Mexico	Local Level		State and Local Level
New York	Local Level	Local Level	State and Local Level
North Carolina	Local Level	Local Level	Local Level
North Dakota	Local Level	LOCAI Level	Local Level
	Local Loyal	Local Lovel	State and Level
Ohio	Local Level	Local Level	State and Local Level
Oklahoma			Cr. III III
Oregon HdSt	Local Level		State and Local Level
Oregon Preschool Promise			
Pennsylvania RTL			Local Level
Pennsylvania HSSAP	Local Level	Local Level	Local Level
Pennsylvania K4 & SBPK	Local Level	Local Level	Local Level
Pennsylvania PKC	Local Level	Local Level	Local Level
Rhode Island	Local Level	Local Level	State Level
South Carolina	State and Local Level	Local Level	State and Local Level
Tennessee			
Texas			
Vermont	Local Level	State and Local Level	State and Local Level
Virginia	20001 20001	Satis and Local Level	Cate and Local Level
Washington	Local Level	State Level	Local Level
West Virginia	Local Level	Local Level	Local Level
Wisconsin 4K	Local Level	Local Level	Local Level
Wisconsin HdSt	Local Level	Local Level	Local Level
Guam	State Level		

HOW IS THE INFORMATION COLLECTED DURING STRUCTURED OBSERVATIONS
OF CLASSROOM QUALITY USED FOR PROGRAM IMPROVEMENT?
eeds that

STATE	To identify needs that will guide teacher training or PD	To create a program improvement plan	To measure program on a QRIS
Alabama	State and Local Level	State and Local Level	program on a zimo
Alaska			
Arizona	State Level	Local Level	State Level
Arkansas	State and Local Level	State and Local Level	State Level
California CSPP	Local Level	Local Level	State and Local Level
California TK			
Colorado	State Level	State and Local Level	State and Local Level
Connecticut CDCC	Local Level	Local Level	
Connecticut SR	Local Level	Local Level	
Connecticut Smart Start	Local Level	Local Level	
Delaware	State Level	State Level	State Level
District of Columbia	Local Level	Local Level	State Level
Florida			
Georgia	State and Local Level	State and Local Level	State Level
Hawaii	State Level	State Level	
Illinois	Local Level	State and Local Level	State Level
Iowa Shared Visions	Local Level	Local Level	
Iowa SWVPP	State and Local Level	State and Local Level	
Kansas Preschool Pilot			
Kansas State Pre-K			
Kentucky	State and Local Level	State and Local Level	State and Local Level
Louisiana 8(g)	Local Level		State Level
Louisiana LA 4	State and Local Level	State Level	State Level
Louisiana NSECD	State and Local Level	State Level	State Level
Maine	State and Local Level	State and Local Level	
Maryland	State and Local Level	State and Local Level	State Level
Massachusetts UPK		State and Local Level	State Level
Massachusetts Ch 70			
Michigan	State and Local Level	Local Level	State and Local Level
Minnesota HdSt	Local Level		
Minnesota VPK/SRP			
Mississippi	State Level	State Level	
Missouri	State Level		
Montana	State and Local Level	State and Local Level	State Level
Nebraska	State and Local Level	Local Level	Local Level
Nevada	State and Local Level	Local Level	State Level
New Jersey Abbott	Local Level	Local Level	State and Local Level
New Jersey ECPA	Local Level	Local Level	State and Local Level
New Jersey ELLI	Local Level	Local Level	State and Local Level
New Mexico	State and Local Level	State and Local Level	
New York	State and Local Level	State and Local Level	State and Local Level
North Carolina	State and Local Level	Local Level	State and Local Level
North Dakota			
Ohio	State and Local Level	State and Local Level	State and Local Level
Oklahoma	Local Level	Local Level	
Oregon HdSt	State and Local Level	State and Local Level	
Oregon Preschool Promise			
Pennsylvania RTL	Local Level		
Pennsylvania HSSAP	Local Level	Local Level	
Pennsylvania K4 & SBPK	Local Level	Local Level	
Pennsylvania PKC	State and Local Level	State and Local Level	State Level
Rhode Island	State and Local Level	State and Local Level	State and Local Level
South Carolina	State and Local Level	State and Local Level	
Tennessee	State and Local Level	Local Level	
Texas			
Vermont	State and Local Level	State and Local Level	State and Local Level
Virginia			
Washington	State and Local Level	Local Level	State Level
West Virginia	Local Level	Local Level	
Wisconsin 4K	Local Level		
Wisconsin HdSt	Local Level	Local Level	
Guam	State Level	State Level	

HOW IS THE INFORMATION COLLECTED DURING STRUCTURED OBSERVATIONS OF CLASSROOM QUALITY USED FOR PROGRAM IMPROVEMENT?

STATE	To make changes to state policies regarding the preschool program	To target funding for quality improvement efforts	To make funding decisions about programs or grantees
labama	State Level	State Level	State Level
laska	0.000 20701	0.00.00	0.00 2010.
rizona	State Level	State Level	State Level
kansas	State Level	State Level	State Level
alifornia CSPP	State Level	State and Local Level	State Level
alifornia TK	0.000 20701	0 and and 2000 2010.	0.00 2010.
olorado	State Level	Local Level	State Level
onnecticut CDCC	State Level	Eddar Edver	3466 26761
onnecticut SR			
onnecticut Smart Start			
elaware	State Level	State Level	State Level
strict of Columbia	State Level	State Level	State Level
orida	State Level	State Level	State Level
	State Level	State and Local Level	State Level
eorgia	State Level		State Level
waii	Ct-t- II	State Level	
nois	State Level	State Level	
wa Shared Visions			
wa SWVPP			Local Level
nsas Preschool Pilot			
nsas State Pre-K			
ntucky	State and Local Level	State and Local Level	
uisiana 8(g)	State Level	State Level	State Level
uisiana LA 4	State Level	State Level	State Level
uisiana NSECD	State Level	State Level	State Level
aine	State Level	State Level	
aryland	State Level	State Level	State Level
assachusetts UPK			
assachusetts Ch 70			
ichigan	State Level	State Level	Local Level
innesota HdSt			
innesota VPK/SRP			
ississippi	State Level		State Level
issouri		State Level	
ontana	State Level	State Level	
ebraska	State Level		State Level
evada		State Level	
ew Jersey Abbott			
ew Jersey ECPA			
ew Jersey ELLI			
ew Mexico	State and Local Level	Local Level	
ew York	State Level	State Level	State Level
orth Carolina	State Level	State and Local Level	State and Local Level
orth Dakota			
hio	State Level	State and Local Level	State Level
klahoma	State Level	State and Local Level	Local Level
regon HdSt		State Level	Local Level
regon Preschool Promise		Julie Level	
ennsylvania RTL			
ennsylvania KTL ennsylvania HSSAP			
nnsylvania K4 & SBPK	C+-+		
ennsylvania PKC	State and Local Level	C: : I	
ode Island	State and Local Level	State Level	State Level
uth Carolina	State Level	State Level	
nnessee			
xas			
rmont	State Level	State Level	State and Local Level
rginia			
ashington	State Level	State and Local Level	State Level
est Virginia			
sconsin 4K			
isconsin HdSt			
uam			
	the end of Appendix A. Unless noted, all data are for the '	47.40	

HOW IS THE INFORMATION COLLECTED DURING STRUCTURED OBSERVATIONS OF CLASSROOM QUALITY USED FOR PROGRAM IMPROVEMENT?

STATE	To identify programs for corrective action or sanctions	Information is used in other ways
Alabama	State and Local Level	
Alaska		
Arizona		
Arkansas	State Level	
California CSPP	State Level	
California TK		
Colorado	State Level	
Connecticut CDCC		
Connecticut SR		
Connecticut Smart Start		
Delaware	State Level	
District of Columbia	0.000 2010.	
Florida		
Georgia		
Hawaii		
Illinois	State Level	
Iowa Shared Visions	State Level	
Iowa SWVPP	State Lovel	
	State Level	
Kansas Preschool Pilot		
Kansas State Pre-K	C. I. II II I	
Kentucky	State and Local Level	
Louisiana 8(g)	State Level	Local Level
Louisiana LA 4	State Level	Local Level
Louisiana NSECD	State Level	Local Level
Maine	State Level	State Level ²⁰
Maryland	State Level	
Massachusetts UPK		
Massachusetts Ch 70		
Michigan	Local Level	
Minnesota HdSt		Local Level
Minnesota VPK/SRP		
Mississippi	State Level	
Missouri		
Montana		
Nebraska		
Nevada		
New Jersey Abbott	Local Level	
New Jersey ECPA	Local Level	
New Jersey ELLI	Local Level	
New Mexico		
New York	State Level	
North Carolina	State Level	
North Dakota	State and Estat Estat	
Ohio	State Level	
Oklahoma	State Level	
Oregon HdSt		
Oregon Preschool Promise		C+++- 1117
Pennsylvania RTL		State Level ¹⁷
Pennsylvania HSSAP		C
Pennsylvania K4 & SBPK		State Level ¹⁸
Pennsylvania PKC		
Rhode Island	State and Local Level	
South Carolina		
Tennessee		
Texas		
Vermont	State Level	
Virginia		
Washington	State and Local Level	
West Virginia		
Wisconsin 4K		
Wisconsin HdSt		
Guam		

STATE	Are state-funded preschool programs required to participate in the state's QRIS?
Alabama	No ³⁸
Alaska	No ²⁶
Arizona	Yes, all programs
Arkansas	Yes, all programs
California CSPP	No ³⁵
California TK	Yes, some programs ²⁸
Colorado	Yes, all programs
Connecticut CDCC	No
Connecticut SR	No
Connecticut Smart Start	No
Delaware	Yes, all programs
District of Columbia	Yes, some programs ³⁴
Florida	No
Georgia	No
Hawaii	No ²⁶
Illinois	Yes, some programs ³¹
Iowa Shared Visions	No ³⁸
Iowa SWVPP	No ³⁶
Kansas Preschool Pilot	No ²¹
Kansas State Pre-K	No ²³
Kentucky	Yes, all programs ³⁸
Louisiana 8(g)	Yes, all programs
Louisiana LA 4	Yes, all programs
Louisiana NSECD	Yes, all programs
Maine	No 26
Maryland Massachusetts UPK	Yes, some programs ²⁶
Massachusetts OFK Massachusetts Ch 70	Yes, all programs No
	Yes, all programs ³⁴
Michigan Minnesota HdSt	Yes, some programs ³³
Minnesota VPK/SRP	No ⁴⁷
Mississippi	No
Missouri	No ¹⁸
Montana	Yes, some programs ²¹
Nebraska	No ²⁸
Nevada	Yes, some programs ³⁵
New Jersey Abbott	No
New Jersey ECPA	Yes, some programs ²¹
New Jersey ELLI	Yes, some programs ²⁴
New Mexico	Yes, all programs ³⁰
New York	No
North Carolina	Yes, all programs
North Dakota	No
Ohio	Yes, all programs
Oklahoma	No
Oregon HdSt	Yes, all programs
Oregon Preschool Promise	Yes, all programs
Pennsylvania RTL	No
Pennsylvania HSSAP	Yes, some programs ¹⁴
Pennsylvania K4 & SBPK	No
Pennsylvania PKC	Yes, some programs ²²
Rhode Island	Yes, all programs
South Carolina	No
Tennessee	Yes, some programs ⁴³
Texas	No ¹⁸
Vermont	Yes, all programs
Virginia	No 24
Washington	Yes, all programs ³⁶
West Virginia	No
Wisconsin 4K	Yes, some programs ³³
Wisconsin HdSt	No No
Guam	No

STATE	Are programs in this state-funded preschool program required to achieve a certain quality rating level?
Alabama	NA
Alaska	NA
Arizona	Yes: All programs must achieve a 3, 4, or 5 star rating
Arkansas	Yes: Target is Level 3 but programs may start at Level 1
California CSPP	NA
California TK	No
Colorado	No ²²
Connecticut CDCC	NA
Connecticut SR	NA
Connecticut Smart Start	NA
Delaware	Yes: ECAPs must be a Star level 4 or 5
District of Columbia	No
Florida	NA
Georgia	NA
Hawaii	NA
Illinois	No
Iowa Shared Visions	NA
Iowa SWVPP	NA
Kansas Preschool Pilot	NA
Kansas State Pre-K	NA
Kentucky	Yes: Kentucky All STARS level 3 rating ³⁸
Louisiana 8(g)	No
Louisiana LA 4	No
Louisiana NSECD	No
Maine	NA
Maryland	Yes: PDG programs must be at a Level 5 (highest level)
Massachusetts UPK	Yes: Level 3 in the QRIS system
Massachusetts Ch 70	NA
Michigan	Yes: Minimum 3-Star Level ³⁴
Minnesota HdSt	No ³⁴
Minnesota VPK/SRP	NA
Mississippi	NA
Missouri	NA
Montana	Yes: All private providers are required to achieve STAR 3
Nebraska	NA NA
Nevada	No
New Jersey Abbott	NA
New Jersey ECPA	No
New Jersey ELLI	No
New Mexico	No ³⁰
New York	NA
North Carolina	Yes: Minimum of 5.0 on ECERS ³⁸
North Dakota	NA
Ohio	Yes: 3 stars or above
Oklahoma	NA
Oregon HdSt	No
Oregon Preschool Promise	Yes: Top two tiers (4 or 5 Star) ⁴⁰
Pennsylvania RTL	NA
Pennsylvania HSSAP	No ¹⁴
Pennsylvania K4 & SBPK	NA
Pennsylvania PKC	Yes: Child care locations must be STAR 3 or 4
Rhode Island	$No^{2\delta}$
South Carolina	NA NA
Tennessee	Yes: Three stars
Texas	NA
Vermont	Yes: At least 3 stars with a plan to be at least 4 stars within 3 years
Virginia	NA
Washington	Yes: Level 4 or 5 on a 5-level scale
West Virginia	NA
Wisconsin 4K	No No
Wisconsin HdSt	NA NA
Guam	NA NA

STATE

Does state policy require site visits (by staff of the oversight agency or consultants employed by the state) for the collection of information for monitoring purposes, beyond health and safety checks?

SIAIE	
Alabama	Yes: More than once a year ³⁹
Alaska	No No
Arizona	Yes: More than once a year ³²
Arkansas	Yes: Annually ³⁶
California CSPP	Yes: More than every 2 years, less than every 5 years ³⁶
California TK	
	Yes: Annually ²⁹
Colorado	No No
Connecticut CDCC	Yes ²⁸
Connecticut SR	Yes ²⁹
Connecticut Smart Start	Yes ²⁵
Delaware	Yes: Annually
District of Columbia	Yes: Annually
Florida	Yes ²⁴
Georgia	Yes: Annually
Hawaii	Yes: More than once a year ²⁷
Illinois	No ³²
Iowa Shared Visions	
	Yes: Annually
Iowa SWVPP	Yes ³⁷
Kansas Preschool Pilot	No
Kansas State Pre-K	No
Kentucky	Yes: Every 5 years ³⁹
Louisiana 8(g)	No ²⁰
Louisiana LA 4	No
Louisiana NSECD	No
Maine	Yes: More than every 2 year, less than every 5 years
Maryland	Yes ²⁷
Massachusetts UPK	Yes ²⁴
Massachusetts Ch 70	No No
	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
Michigan	Yes: More than every 2 years, less than every 5 years ³⁵
Minnesota HdSt	Yes: Per federal Head Start monitoring protocol ³⁵
Minnesota VPK/SRP	No
Mississippi	Yes: Annually
Missouri	Yes: Varies based on grant year ¹⁹
Montana	Yes: More than once a year
Nebraska	Yes ²⁹
Nebraska Nevada	Yes: More than once a year ³⁶
Nevada	
Nevada New Jersey Abbott	Yes: More than once a year ³⁶
New Jersey Abbott New Jersey ECPA	Yes: More than once a year ³⁶ No ²³ No
New Jersey Abbott New Jersey ECPA New Jersey ELLI	Yes: More than once a year ³⁶ No ²³ No No
New Jersey Abbott New Jersey ECPA New Jersey ELLI New Mexico	Yes: More than once a year ³⁶ No ²³ No No No Yes: More than once a year
New Jersey Abbott New Jersey ECPA New Jersey ELLI New Mexico New York	Yes: More than once a year ³⁶ No ²³ No No No Yes: More than once a year Yes ²⁰
New Jersey Abbott New Jersey ECPA New Jersey ELLI New Mexico New York North Carolina	Yes: More than once a year ³⁶ No ²³ No No No Yes: More than once a year Yes ²⁰ Yes: More than once a year ³⁹
New Jersey Abbott New Jersey ECPA New Jersey ELLI New Mexico New York North Carolina North Dakota	Yes: More than once a year ³⁶ No ²³ No No No Yes: More than once a year Yes ²⁰ Yes: More than once a year ³⁹ No
Nevada New Jersey Abbott New Jersey ECPA New Jersey ELLI New Mexico New York North Carolina North Dakota Ohio	Yes: More than once a year ³⁶ No ²³ No No No Yes: More than once a year Yes ²⁰ Yes: More than once a year ³⁹ No Yes: Annually
Nevada New Jersey Abbott New Jersey ECPA New Jersey ELLI New Mexico New York North Carolina North Dakota Ohio Oklahoma	Yes: More than once a year ³⁶ No ²³ No No No Yes: More than once a year Yes ²⁰ Yes: More than once a year ³⁹ No Yes: Annually No
Nevada New Jersey Abbott New Jersey ECPA New Jersey ELLI New Mexico New York North Carolina North Dakota Ohio Oklahoma Oregon HdSt	Yes: More than once a year ³⁶ No ²³ No No No Yes: More than once a year Yes ²⁰ Yes: More than once a year ³⁹ No Yes: Annually No Yes: Every 2 years
Nevada New Jersey Abbott New Jersey ECPA New Jersey ELLI New Mexico New York North Carolina North Dakota Ohio Oklahoma Oregon HdSt Oregon Preschool Promise	Yes: More than once a year ³⁶ No ²³ No No No Yes: More than once a year Yes ²⁰ Yes: More than once a year ³⁹ No Yes: Annually No
Nevada New Jersey Abbott New Jersey ECPA New Jersey ELLI New Mexico New York North Carolina North Dakota Ohio Oklahoma Oregon HdSt	Yes: More than once a year ³⁶ No ²³ No No No Yes: More than once a year Yes ²⁰ Yes: More than once a year ³⁹ No Yes: Annually No Yes: Every 2 years
Nevada New Jersey Abbott New Jersey ECPA New Jersey ELLI New Mexico New York North Carolina North Dakota Ohio Oklahoma Oregon HdSt Oregon Preschool Promise	Yes: More than once a year ³⁶ No ²³ No No No Yes: More than once a year Yes ²⁰ Yes: More than once a year ³⁹ No Yes: Annually No Yes: Every 2 years Yes: Annually
Nevada New Jersey Abbott New Jersey ECPA New Jersey ELLI New Mexico New York North Carolina North Dakota Ohio Oklahoma Oregon HdSt Oregon Preschool Promise Pennsylvania RTL	Yes: More than once a year ³⁶ No No No Yes: More than once a year Yes ²⁰ Yes: More than once a year ³⁹ No Yes: Annually No Yes: Every 2 years Yes: Annually No
Nevada New Jersey Abbott New Jersey ECPA New Jersey ELLI New Mexico New York North Carolina North Dakota Ohio Oklahoma Oregon HdSt Oregon Preschool Promise Pennsylvania RTL Pennsylvania HSSAP	Yes: More than once a year ³⁶ No No No Yes: More than once a year Yes ²⁰ Yes: More than once a year ³⁹ No Yes: Annually No Yes: Every 2 years Yes: Annually No Yes: Annually
Nevada New Jersey Abbott New Jersey ECPA New Jersey ELLI New Mexico New York North Carolina North Dakota Ohio Oklahoma Oregon HdSt Oregon Preschool Promise Pennsylvania HTSAP Pennsylvania K4 & SBPK	Yes: More than once a year ³⁶ No No No Yes: More than once a year Yes ²⁰ Yes: More than once a year ³⁹ No Yes: Annually No Yes: Every 2 years Yes: Annually No Yes: Annually No Yes: Annually
Nevada New Jersey Abbott New Jersey ECPA New Jersey ELLI New Mexico New York North Carolina North Dakota Ohio Oklahoma Oregon HdSt Oregon Preschool Promise Pennsylvania RTL Pennsylvania HSSAP Pennsylvania PKC Rhode Island	Yes: More than once a year ³⁶ No ²³ No No No Yes: More than once a year Yes ²⁰ Yes: More than once a year ³⁹ No Yes: Annually No Yes: Every 2 years Yes: Annually No Yes: Annually
Nevada New Jersey Abbott New Jersey ECPA New Jersey ELLI New Mexico New York North Carolina North Dakota Ohio Oklahoma Oregon HdSt Oregon Preschool Promise Pennsylvania RTL Pennsylvania K4 & SBPK Pennsylvania PKC Rhode Island South Carolina	Yes: More than once a year ³⁶ No No No Yes: More than once a year Yes ²⁰ Yes: More than once a year ³⁹ No Yes: More than once a year ³⁹ No Yes: Annually No Yes: Every 2 years Yes: Annually No Yes: Annually Yes: More than once a year
Nevada New Jersey Abbott New Jersey ECPA New Jersey ELLI New Mexico New York North Carolina North Dakota Ohio Oklahoma Oregon HdSt Oregon Preschool Promise Pennsylvania RTL Pennsylvania K4 & SBPK Pennsylvania PKC Rhode Island South Carolina Tennessee	Yes: More than once a year ³⁶ No No No No Yes: More than once a year Yes ²⁰ Yes: More than once a year ³⁹ No Yes: Annually No Yes: Every 2 years Yes: Annually No Yes: More than once a year Yes: More than every 2 years, less than every 5 years ⁴¹ Yes ⁴⁴
Nevada New Jersey Abbott New Jersey ECPA New Jersey ELLI New Mexico New York North Carolina North Dakota Ohio Oklahoma Oregon HdSt Oregon Preschool Promise Pennsylvania RTL Pennsylvania KTL Pennsylvania K4 & SBPK Pennsylvania PKC Rhode Island South Carolina Tennessee Texas	Yes: More than once a year ³⁶ No ²³ No No No Yes: More than once a year Yes ²⁰ Yes: More than once a year ³⁹ No Yes: Annually No Yes: Every 2 years Yes: Annually No Yes: Annually Yes: More than once a year Yes: More than every 2 years, less than every 5 years ⁴¹ Yes ⁴⁴ No ¹⁹
Nevada New Jersey Abbott New Jersey ECPA New Jersey ELLI New Mexico New York North Carolina North Dakota Ohio Oklahoma Oregon HdSt Oregon Preschool Promise Pennsylvania RTL Pennsylvania KTL Pennsylvania K4 & SBPK Pennsylvania PKC Rhode Island South Carolina Tennessee Texas Vermont	Yes: More than once a year ³⁶ No No No Yes: More than once a year Yes²0 Yes: More than once a year³9 No Yes: Annually No Yes: Every 2 years Yes: Annually No Yes: Annually No Yes: Annually Yes: Annually No Yes: Annually Yes: More than once a year Yes: More than every 2 years, less than every 5 years³¹¹ Yes⁴⁴ No¹⁰ Yes: Annually
Nevada New Jersey Abbott New Jersey ECPA New Jersey ELLI New Mexico New York North Carolina North Dakota Ohio Oklahoma Oregon HdSt Oregon Preschool Promise Pennsylvania RTL Pennsylvania HSSAP Pennsylvania RYKC Rhode Island South Carolina Tennessee Texas Vermont Virginia	Yes: More than once a year 36 No 23 No No No No Yes: More than once a year Yes ²⁰ Yes: More than once a year ³⁷ No Yes: Annually No Yes: Every 2 years Yes: Annually No Yes: Annually Yes: More than once a year Yes: More than every 2 years, less than every 5 years ⁴¹ Yes: More No¹ Yes: Annually Yes: Annually Yes: Annually
Nevada New Jersey Abbott New Jersey ECPA New Jersey ELLI New Mexico New York North Carolina North Dakota Ohio Oklahoma Oregon HdSt Oregon Preschool Promise Pennsylvania RTL Pennsylvania HSSAP Pennsylvania FKC Rhode Island South Carolina Tennessee Texas Vermont Virginia Washington	Yes: More than once a year ³⁶ No ²³ No No No Yes: More than once a year Yes ²⁰ Yes: More than once a year ³⁹ No Yes: Annually No Yes: Every 2 years Yes: Annually No Yes: Annually Yes: Annually Yes: More than once a year Yes: More than every 2 years, less than every 5 years ⁴¹ Yes ⁴⁴ No ¹⁹ Yes: Annually Yes: Annually Yes: Annually Yes: Annually Yes: Annually Yes: Annually
Nevada New Jersey Abbott New Jersey ECPA New Jersey ELLI New Mexico New York North Carolina North Dakota Ohio Oklahoma Oregon HdSt Oregon Preschool Promise Pennsylvania RTL Pennsylvania HSSAP Pennsylvania FKC Rhode Island South Carolina Tennessee Texas Vermont Virginia	Yes: More than once a year No No No No No Yes: More than once a year Yes ²⁰ Yes: More than once a year Yes ²⁰ Yes: More than once a year Yes ²⁰ No Yes: Annually No Yes: Every 2 years Yes: Annually No Yes: Annually Yes: More than once a year Yes: More than every 2 years, less than every 5 years ⁴¹ Yes ⁴ No 19 Yes: Annually
Nevada New Jersey Abbott New Jersey ECPA New Jersey ELLI New Mexico New York North Carolina North Dakota Ohio Oklahoma Oregon HdSt Oregon Preschool Promise Pennsylvania RTL Pennsylvania HSSAP Pennsylvania FKC Rhode Island South Carolina Tennessee Texas Vermont Virginia Washington	Yes: More than once a year ³⁶ No ²³ No No No Yes: More than once a year Yes ²⁰ Yes: More than once a year ³⁹ No Yes: Annually No Yes: Every 2 years Yes: Annually No Yes: Annually Yes: Annually Yes: More than once a year Yes: More than every 2 years, less than every 5 years ⁴¹ Yes ⁴⁴ No ¹⁹ Yes: Annually Yes: Annually Yes: Annually Yes: Annually Yes: Annually Yes: Annually
New Jersey Abbott New Jersey ECPA New Jersey ELLI New Mexico New York North Carolina North Dakota Ohio Oklahoma Oregon HdSt Oregon Preschool Promise Pennsylvania RTL Pennsylvania HSSAP Pennsylvania PKC Rhode Island South Carolina Tennessee Texas Vermont Virginia Washington West Virginia	Yes: More than once a year No No No No No Yes: More than once a year Yes ²⁰ Yes: More than once a year Yes ²⁰ Yes: More than once a year Yes ²⁰ No Yes: Annually No Yes: Every 2 years Yes: Annually No Yes: Annually Yes: More than once a year Yes: More than every 2 years, less than every 5 years ⁴¹ Yes ⁴ No 19 Yes: Annually
Nevada New Jersey Abbott New Jersey ECPA New Jersey ELLI New Mexico New York North Carolina North Dakota Ohio Oklahoma Oregon HdSt Oregon Preschool Promise Pennsylvania RTL Pennsylvania HSSAP Pennsylvania PKC Rhode Island South Carolina Tennessee Texas Vermont Virginia Washington West Virginia Wisconsin 4K	Yes: More than once a year 306 No 37 No No No Yes: More than once a year Yes ²⁰ Yes: More than once a year ³⁹⁷ No Yes: Annually No Yes: Every 2 years Yes: Annually No Yes: Annually Yes: More than once a year Yes: More than every 2 years, less than every 5 years ⁴¹ Yes ⁴⁴ No ¹⁹ Yes: Annually

STATE	Does the state currently engage in work related to the maintenance or development of an Early Childhood Integrated Data System (ECIDS)?	
Alabama	Data is integrated across some early care and education programs/services ⁴⁰	
Alaska	An ECIDS is currently planned or under development, but not currently operational	
Arizona	The State has no plans to develop an ECIDS	
Arkansas	Data is integrated across some early care and education programs/services	
California CSPP	An ECIDS is currently planned or under development, but not currently operational ³⁷	
California TK	An ECIDS is currently planned or under development, but not currently operational 30	
Colorado	Yes ²³	
Connecticut CDCC	An ECIDS is currently planned or under development, but not currently operational ²⁹	
Connecticut SR	An ECIDS is currently planned or under development, but not currently operational An ECIDS is currently planned or under development, but not currently operational An ECIDS is currently planned or under development, but not currently operational An ECIDS is currently planned or under development, but not currently operational An ECIDS is currently planned or under development, but not currently operational An ECIDS is currently planned or under development, but not currently operational An ECIDS is currently planned or under development, but not currently operational An ECIDS is currently planned or under development, but not currently operational An ECIDS is currently planned or under development, but not currently operational An ECIDS is currently planned or under development, but not currently operational An ECIDS is currently planned or under development, but not currently operational An ECIDS is currently planned or under development, but not currently operational An ECIDS is currently planned or under development, but not currently operational An ECIDS is currently planned or under development or a constant of the currently operation An ECIDS is currently planned or under development or a currently operation An ECIDS is currently planned or under development or a currently operation An ECIDS is currently planned or under development or a currently operation An ECIDS is currently planned or under the currently operation An ECIDS is currently planned or under the currently operation An ECIDS is currently planned or under the currently operation An ECIDS is currently planned or under the currently operation An ECIDS is currently planned or under the currently operation An ECIDS is currently planned or under the currently operation An ECIDS is currently between the currently between the currently be	
Connecticut Smart Start	An ECIDS is currently planned or under development, but not currently operational ²⁶	
Delaware	An ECIDS is currently planned or under development, but not currently operational	
District of Columbia	An ECIDS is currently planned or under development, but not currently operational	
Florida	The State has no plans to develop an ECIDS	
Georgia	Yes ³⁶	
Hawaii	An ECIDS is currently planned or under development, but not currently operational	
llinois	Data is integrated across some early care and education programs/services	
owa Shared Visions	An ECIDS is currently planned or under development, but not currently operational ³⁹	
owa SWVPP	An ECIDS is currently planned or under development, but not currently operational ³⁸	
Kansas Preschool Pilot	The State has no plans to develop an ECIDS ²²	
Cansas State Pre-K	The State has no plans to develop an ECIDS ²⁴	
Kentucky	Data is integrated across some early care and education programs/services ⁴⁰	
ouisiana 8(g)	The State has no plans to develop an ECIDS	
ouisiana LA 4	The State has no plans to develop an ECIDS	
ouisiana NSECD	The State has no plans to develop an ECIDS	
Maine	An ECIDS is currently planned or under development, but not currently operational	
Maryland	An ECIDS is currently planned or under development, but not currently operational	
Massachusetts UPK	Data is integrated across some early care and education programs/services	
Massachusetts Ch 70	Data is integrated across some early care and education programs/services	
Michigan	Data is integrated across some early care and education programs/services	
Minnesota HdSt	Data is integrated across some early care and education programs/services	
Minnesota VPK/SRP	An ECIDS is currently planned or under development, but not currently operational	
	The State has no plans to develop an ECIDS	
Mississippi Missouri	Data is integrated across some early care and education programs/services	
	, , ,	
Montana	The State has no plans to develop an ECIDS ²²	
Nebraska	Data is integrated across some early care and education programs/services ³⁰	
Nevada	An ECIDS is currently planned or under development, but not currently operational ³⁷	
New Jersey Abbott	An ECIDS is currently planned or under development, but not currently operational	
New Jersey ECPA	An ECIDS is currently planned or under development, but not currently operational	
New Jersey ELLI	An ECIDS is currently planned or under development, but not currently operational	
New Mexico	An ECIDS is currently planned or under development, but not currently operational	
New York	An ECIDS is currently planned or under development, but not currently operational	
North Carolina	Data is integrated across some early care and education programs/services ⁴⁰	
North Dakota	An ECIDS is currently planned or under development, but not currently operational ¹⁹	
Ohio	An ECIDS is currently planned or under development, but not currently operational	
Oklahoma	Data is integrated across some early care and education programs/services ²¹	
Dregon HdSt	An ECIDS is currently planned or under development, but not currently operational	
Oregon Preschool Promise	An ECIDS is currently planned or under development, but not currently operational	
Pennsylvania RTL	Data is integrated across some early care and education programs/services	
Pennsylvania HSSAP	Data is integrated across some early care and education programs/services	
Pennsylvania K4 & SBPK	Data is integrated across some early care and education programs/services	
Pennsylvania PKC	Data is integrated across some early care and education programs/services	
Rhode Island	Data is integrated across some early care and education programs/services	
South Carolina	An ECIDS is currently planned or under development, but not currently operational ⁴²	
ennessee	An ECIDS is currently planned or under development, but not currently operational	
exas	An ECIDS is currently planned or under development, but not currently operational	
/ermont	Data is integrated across some early care and education programs/services	
/irginia	There has been some discussion about developing this system	
Vashington	An ECIDS is currently planned or under development, but not currently operational ³⁸	
	An ECIDS is currently planned or under development, but not currently operational	
Vest Virginia	period of and action priod of an order	
West Virginia Wisconsin 4K	Data is integrated across some early care and education programs/services ²⁵	

APPENDIX A: STATE SURVEY DATA 2017-2018

ALABAMA - First Class Pre-K: Alabama's Voluntary Pre-Kindergarten (FCVPK)

- 1 The Office of School Readiness is within the Alabama Department of Early Childhood Education (ADECE) under the Governor's Office.
- ² There has been a reduction since last year in the number of FTEs as part of the state's sustainability plan.
- ³ First Class Pre-K: Alabama's Voluntary Pre-Kindergarten Program (FCVPK) is a competitive grant program administered by the ADECE that provides funding for preschool education for 4-year-olds. FCVPK is available in all counties throughout the state and provides funding to start new classrooms, support quality improvements in existing classrooms, and provide extra support to classrooms serving low-income populations.
- Funds for FCVPK are distributed by the Alabama Education Trust Fund (ETF) Budget on a competitive basis to programs running full-day, school-year programs. Grantees must locally match the award, and sliding-scale fees can be included in the matching funds. There are three levels of grants that can be awarded to pre-K programs: (1) Pre-K Excellence Grants of up to \$45,000 per grant. These are awarded to aid programs in meeting Alabama's quality standards, such as financing teacher salaries and teacher support programs. These grants are intended for use by programs that have other primary sources of funding, and are awarded on a three-year cycle. (2) Pre-K Tiered Grants of \$80,100 to \$92,700 per grant. These differ from the Excellence grants as they are intended to be primary sources of funding. These grants are awarded to classrooms serving a certain percentage of children receiving free and reduced-price lunch. These grants are also awarded on a three-year basis. (3) New Classroom or Plus Grants of \$120,000 to \$150,000 per grant. These are one-year grants awarded to new classrooms for the cost of materials, equipment, furnishings, and one full year of the general expenses of operation.
- ⁵ Alabama developed a plan of sustainability for each of the expansion classrooms. Each new group of expansion classrooms were funded the first year with federal grant funds. However, after the first year, the classrooms were funded with state appropriations. Alabama's governor and the state legislature have been committed to increased funding for voluntary High-Quality Pre-K Programs, and expansion was a priority over the four grant funded years so that funding was increased to sustain all programs created, as well as, award new state classes. First Class Pre-K has strong bi-partisan support in the state legislature.
- 6 The FCVPK program is designed to provide a full day (6.5 hours) of developmentally appropriate instruction and support for 4-year-old children, 5 days per week, for a recommended 180 days per year. Each program is funded for 187 days to include 7 days of professional development for staff. Extended-day services (beyond 6.5 hours per day) are locally determined and not required or provided by the Office of School Readiness (OSR). Extended-day services for pre-K children may be provided at the parent's expense. Income-eligible families may receive services through the Department of Human Resources, Childcare Management Agency office or the Department of Family and Children's Services subsidized childcare program.
- Ohildren must be 4 years of age on or before September 1 and a resident of the state of Alabama, based on acceptable documentation, such as birth certificates, passports, official medical documents, or official documents from other countries. Children who are 5 years of age and are eligible for kindergarten may not enroll in FCVPK. Other locally determined school system boundaries may be applicable.
- Bepending on the grant type, programs may charge fees. For those receiving Excellence Awards, programs may charge parents the normal cost of child care that is common in the local community. For Tiered and Plus Awards, fees may be charged, but must not exceed the amounts outlined below. For full PDG awards, fees may not be charged. Parent fees are not required in the FCVPK program. No child may be refused access to FCVPK based on inability to pay. If a child is designated as being served by Title I, Title III, migrant or homeless, they may not be charged fees. Fee scale is as follows: 0-200% FPL: parent fees not to exceed \$100/month; 301-400% FPL: parent fees not to exceed \$100/month; 301-400% FPL: parent fees not to exceed \$100/month; 201-300% FPL: parent fees not to exceed \$100/month;
- 9 With the exception of Head Start classrooms, all classrooms have a 1:9 staff-to-child ratio with a maximum enrollment of 18 students. In Head Start programs, classrooms are allowed to have a 1:10 staff-to-child ratio with maximum of 20 students.
- 10 Classrooms must provide at least one mealtime per day. Additional snacks and/or meals are optional, but suggested. School meals are healthy meals that are required to meet the Dietary Guidelines for Americans.
- Screenings are to be provided by a medical professional on site at no cost. The Office of School Readiness has partnered with The Alabama Partnership for Children to offer 2-1-1 Help Me Grow referrals to parents, as needed. Physical screenings must be conducted by a medical professional such as a nurse, nurse practitioner or physician's assistant. They must include information regarding height, weight, body mass index and blood pressure.
- ¹² All nonpublic school programs are encouraged to participate in the food subsidy program. Teachers make referrals to 2-1-1 Connects Alabama/Help Me Grow Alabama. The Help Me Grow Alabama care coordinator works to connect the family to local resources such as a home visiting program, behavioral counseling, special education evaluation services, etc.
- OSR supports diversity in FCVPK classrooms. OSR funds, however, cannot be used to create special education pre-K classrooms that are serving above the state or national proportionality. It is strongly recommended that OSR classrooms carefully consider and plan for children with disabilities to ensure that resources are in place in the FCVPK classrooms. Programs are encouraged to consult with their local education agency (LEA) special education staff for resources available through the federal Office of Special Education Programs (OSEP).
- 14 There are several supports in place for DLLs. All FCVPK classrooms are required to complete a Home Language Survey. If the survey reveals the child is a DLL, additional objectives can be assigned in the state assessment tool, Teaching Strategies GOLD. ADECE has also partnered with the University of Alabama in Birmingham (UAB) to improve preschoolers' acquisition of language through coaching teachers and PD through Project IMPACT-PD, which offers DLL language and literacy support to teachers who choose to participate. Additionally, FCVPK staff members are required to do a book study on DLLs as part of their PD plan to better support teachers who have DLL children in their classrooms.
- First Class Pre-K Programs are required to develop their own policies for chronic absenteeism. In addition, program monitors keep a check on attendance and discuss concerns with classroom teachers/program directors in efforts to support consistent attendance from students. For additional information, see: http://children.alabama.gov/wp-content/uploads/sites/4/2018/07/NEW-2018-2019-First-Class-Pre-K-Program-Guidelines.pdf (Page 23)
- 16 The Alabama Developmental Standards for Preschool Children are grouped around 9 areas of development. Goals and standards in the nine areas align with kindergarten standards found in the subject area Courses of Study developed by the State Department of Education and with the 2011 Head Start Child Development and Early Learning Framework.
- ¹⁷ Each classroom is assigned a coach who works directly with teachers on best practices and self-reflection, including incorporation of the developmental standards into daily planning and reviewing assessment practices. The standards are vertically aligned with Alabama's College and Career Readiness Standards as well as horizontally aligned with Teaching Strategies GOLD.
- $^{\rm 18}\,$ Teaching Strategies GOLD is the required state assessment tool.
- 19 FCVPK classrooms will implement the Alabama First Class Framework, which consists of the Alabama Developmental Standards for Preschool Children, First Class Program Guidelines, First Class Classroom Guidelines, the ASQ-3 Developmental Screener and the Teaching Strategies GOLD Assessment. Classroom guidance and support will be provided by First Class Coaches.
- ²⁰ Monitors work with program administrators to ensure that FCVPK grants are properly administered, provide appropriate leadership to teaching staff in concert with coaches to improve instruction, and support the development of leadership skills necessary for effective program management and improvement.
- ²¹ The state does not endorse any one particular curriculum, but a curriculum must promote appropriate instructional practice and enhance learning and development while being consistent with the intent of the OSR First Class Pre-K Framework. It should also align with the state required assessment tool, TS GOLD. First Class teachers and administrators work closely with OSR coaches and/or program monitors to choose a curriculum that will help a teacher be successful. All curricula must promote appropriate instructional practice and supplement the OSR First Class Program Framework.
- Pre-K teachers are required to have a Bachelor's degree in early childhood or child development, at minimum, regardless of the delivery system. All lead teachers must have 18 hours of coursework in early childhood or child development, at minimum. A new certificate was implemented during the 2016-2017 school year resulting in a Class B Pre-K Certificate (Birth to age 4). To qualify, the candidate must have a Bachelor's degree from a senior institution and pass the Praxis II 5531, Pre-K Education. In addition, the program must be accredited by NAEYC or submitted for review and approved by the Alabama State Department of Education (ALSDE). The certificate is valid for 5 years and is renewable.
- ²³ Health and safety training is provided through public schools and is also mandatory for licensed child care sites. In addition, during the first coaching visit, coaches provide PD on health and safety.
- 24 Individual PD plans are required of lead and assistant teachers. FCVPK uses a tiered model of coaching so the teacher is continuously setting goals and self-reflecting

throughout the year. The majority of teachers are visited at least once per month. This requirement is written into the ARC model, which is used for all pre-K teachers.

- ²⁵ A full-time coach may have up to 20 classrooms. A part-time coach may have up to 12 classrooms. This number could vary depending on distances a coach travels or where the teachers fall on the tiered coaching model (emerging, progressing, refined, etc.).
- The FCVPK coaches do a book study, and all FCVPK teachers are required to complete a MyTeachingStrategies module pertaining to English Language Acquisition. It supports teachers with proven strategies for helping English and DLLs participate fully in classroom routines and experiences. Teachers are also required to complete a TS Gold Interrater Reliability Certificate for Pre-K, Special Needs and DLLs, and Strengthening Families Modules. Materials are now available in Spanish and some materials are available in different languages. In addition, ALSDE provides technical assistance regarding the education of English Learners to all stakeholders.
- Lead teachers were given an annual step raise beginning with year 2016-2017; this pay raise is annual to mirror public school step pay increases (including Master's Degree raises and COLA increases). Alabama requires starting salary parity with primary school teachers for pre-K teachers in both public and private providers. DECE remains committed to ensuring pre-K teacher pay parity with K-12 public school teachers, including salary and paid time for planning and professional development. Fringe benefits are part of Public school and Head Start policy, but not necessarily part of childcare policy and are determined locally. Alabama supports fringe benefits for nonpublic lead teachers but does not require. However, the department is working on an economy of scale study with lead childcare directors in the state. For additional information, see: http://children.alabama.gov/wp-content/uploads/sites/4/2018/07/NEW-2018-2019-First-Class-Pre-K-Program-Guidelines.pdf
- ²⁸ All lead and auxiliary teachers are funded for 187 days of service 180 days of classroom instructional services provided to children and 7 days of pre/post planning and/or staff training. They are expected to work and be compensated based on 7.5 hours of work per day which includes 6.5 hours of instruction and 1 hour of planning.
- ²⁹ Alabama provides master's degree enhancement grants, scholarships, and mini-grants for specialized training.
- ³⁰ All auxiliary teachers received a 2.5% pay increase during the 2017-2018 school year. The state also has explicit requirements for fringe benefits for assistant teachers in public schools. Fringe benefits for assistant teachers in nonpublic schools are determined locally but encouraged. DECE is currently in planning status to create policy for step raises for assistant teachers to be implemented FY20. PD days are built into the Memorandum of Understanding with each grantee.
- 31 The State Education Trust Fund (ETF) is the largest operating fund of the state. Ten tax sources are allocated to the ETF, the largest of which are the individual and corporate income tax, sales tax, and use tax.
- 32 GOLD is on-going as well as formative with 3 checkpoints during the year; PPVT is pre-post; DECA was piloted pre-post and is currently used to support addressing challenging behaviors
- 33 All lead and auxiliary teachers are required to complete 2 days of face-to-face TS GOLD training, complete specific online training modules, and pass interrater reliability certification
- ³⁴ Programs are required to use any formative assessment. This is locally determined. Examples include Global Scholar, Star Early Literacy and DIBELS. Some kindergarten programs use Teaching Strategies GOLD.
- 35 The data collected from CLASS observations is used for a variety of purposes, including PD, monitoring and evaluation, and research. In addition, during the first 30 days, the DECA-P Reflective Checklist is completed by a coach for each classroom. This is a Reflective Checklist, which refers to Daily Routines, Environment, Caring Connections, Activities, and Partnerships with Parents. This checklist is to ensure that universal strategies are in place to benefit all children.
- ³⁶ ADECE staff do this through double coding and CLASS Calibration. Double coding allows two observers to watch interactions in a classroom together, code individually and then review to ensure they are reliably scoring within one point of each other in each dimension observed, and to have in-depth conversations about the evidence that supports effective teacher-child interactions. CLASS Calibration allows all the ADECE staff to observe the same video, code and compare the data on our scoring tendencies to ensure everyone is continuously looking through the same lens of high quality classroom interactions.
- ³⁷ After the coach and teacher work together to identify goals for improvement of teacher and classroom practices, focused observations allow the coach to anchor their feedback and coaching support in the teacher's current level of practice. Sharing examples of what was observed in the classroom in a specific focus area, the teacher can make connections from what they are currently doing to where they would like to go in their teaching practices. Focused observations should be driven by the shared goals and action plan the coach and teacher previously developed.
- ³⁸ Currently, programs are participating in the QRIS on a voluntary basis.
- 39 Programs are monitored on a tiered approach based on level of support needed. Programs receive a minimum of 1 or more visits depending on the level of need. Monitoring and data collection reports are completed every 2 months on all sites.
- ⁴⁰ Governor Ivey is working on completion of a longitudinal data system for spring 2019.

ALASKA - Alaska Pre-Elementary

- Districts can use funds to support teachers in Head Start classrooms or to support Head Start partnerships. Each district approaches this partnership in a unique way. Not all districts have partnerships with Head Start programs. Some programs have formed partnerships with Head Start. Those programs have multiple types of partnerships. Some districts support teachers in Head Start classrooms and some districts provide wrap-around support for Head Start. It depends on the unique needs of the district.
- The state does not have a minimum hour per day requirement. Hours per day and operating schedule are locally designed to fit district needs. Not all areas of Alaska can support a minimum hour requirement. For example, some programs offer an opportunity for 4-year-olds to participate in kindergarten during specified times of the day. Programs may partner with child care or other services to provide wraparound care, but, by state definition, state-funded pre-K cannot operate for longer than five hours a day.
- 3 Exceptions to age requirements may be made for children with IEPs. If parents and members of the IEP team determine that pre-K is the least restrictive environment for the child, the child could receive services through pre-K even if he or she did not meet the age requirements.
- ⁴ Eligibility is based on local need and the needs assessments developed by districts.
- ⁵ Some district programs charge a sliding fee scale based on the program and district.
- ⁶ Preschool programs are not required to perform screenings. It is, however, a recommended practice.
- Districts are subject to federal Child Find requirements. With parental consent, students are screened and if warranted, referred for special education eligibility determination. If qualified, students will be offered an Individualized Education Program that provides FAPE. Services received from an outside service provider do not negate the district responsibility to offer an IEP.
- 8 All programs follow state pre-elementary statute and regulations. School districts partnering with Head Start programs must follow federal Head Start requirements. Support services include parenting support or training, health services for children, and nutrition information.
- The Alaska Department of Education works collaboratively to provide training on curriculum and assessment for district leaders. District leaders consult with the department when selecting curriculum for classrooms. The state incorporates Teaching Strategies into all preschool programs. This assessment has been aligned with the state ELDS.
- The state has provided additional funding support for Head Start and pre-elementary grantees when looking for curriculum resources materials. The state also provides training to district leaders both in group and individual settings to support curriculum alignment.
- 11 All public school teachers are required to have a minimum of a BA. Teachers in Head Start classrooms follow Federal Head Start Regulations. There is currently no subcontracting to Community-based organizations, but it is allowed. If Community-based organizations (CBOs) started subcontracting, there would be no statewide minimum degree requirement for teachers.
- 12 A lead teacher in a public school can have Pre-Service specialized training in Early Childhood Education, Elementary Education, or Preschool Special Education. Teachers are encouraged to have training in Early Childhood Education, but it is not required. There is no license/certification/endorsement required for lead teachers in non-public schools.
- Assistant Teachers must be working toward a CDA, 12 ECE credits, or an AA in ECE within 2 years of hire (per Head Start Performance Standards). Assistant Teachers working in Title 1 schools are required to have a CDA, 12 ECE credits of an AA in ECE.
- ¹⁴ Coaching and mentoring services are being piloted to some lead and assistant teachers on a voluntary basis. Alaska uses the My Teaching Partner Coaching System and is looking to expand using Early Ed U.

- ¹⁵ Teachers receive bi-weekly coaching or mentoring through My Teaching Partner.
- ¹⁶ Policies may vary based on the type of certification the teacher has. The state requires that there be a "Teacher of record" that is a certified teacher for their pre-K classroom. Some programs have a non-certified Lead Teacher as the person who provides the instruction while the certified teacher is the "Teacher of record" and any certified teacher needs to be paid as a certified teacher even though a non-certified lead teacher may not be. Certified Teachers in Alaska and non-certified teachers would have different union's bargaining on their behalf.
- ¹⁷ This is required for certified teachers.
- ¹⁸ Although the state does not provide any of these types of supports, the QRIS will. Participation in the QRIS is voluntary. At the local level, some districts provide bonuses or coaching or scholarships defined by their local union contracts. Also, licensed child care providers can receive reimbursement for PD.
- 19 Alaska contributes \$6.8 million dollars of state funding to support Head Start programs and \$820,000 to support home visiting and literacy supports for young children.
- ²⁰ The formal evaluation will be completed by 2021. Education Northwest is planning to conduct an assessment of the 3-year Development Grants.
- ²¹ Fall, Winter, and Spring checkpoints are encouraged. Summer checkpoints are optional.
- ²² All domains are available, but programs only need to report on 5 domains: Language, Literacy, Cognitive, Math, and Social-Emotional.
- ²³ Interrater reliability is required by the fall checkpoint for existing programs and before the first checkpoint for new programs.
- ²⁴ Teachers are observed through their districts and the local unions determine how frequently observations are done.
- 25 Some districts have locally designed instruments. Programs can choose which instrument(s) to use but the CLASS, ERS/ECERS, Danielson, and/or Marzano are encouraged.
- ²⁶ Alaska is in the process of implementing a QRIS system called Learn & Grow. This system will be aligned between preschool, Head Start and Child Care.

ARIZONA - Quality First Scholarships

- ¹ First Things First was designed to meet the diverse needs of Arizona communities. Decisions about which early childhood strategies will be funded, such as Quality First Scholarships, are made by 28 regional partnership councils composed of community volunteers. More information about the Regional Partnership Councils can be found here: https://www.firstthingsfirst.org/governance/ftf-regions/
- ² In addition, 2,539 infants and toddlers received Quality First Scholarships 2,392 in center-based settings and 147 in home-based setting. An additional 164 preschoolaged children were served in home-based settings, including 92 3-year-olds and 72 4-year-olds.
- In addition to the number of children who received special education services in center-based settings, 1 additional child who had and IFSP/IEP received a Quality First Scholarship in a home based setting.
- ⁴ Head Start programs are able to participate in Quality First Scholarships only to extend a part-day to a full-day or increase slots in their program above and beyond the federally funded slots. It is also possible that children enrolled part-time in Head Start may also have a part-time Quality First scholarship at another program but this data are not currently collected.
- ⁵ If a child changes settings, he/she will be counted in multiple categories.
- The state does not dictate the annual operating schedule, but programs must operate 400 instructional hours annually, 34 hours per month, and 8 days per month, which assumes a minimum of 2 days per week. Part time services for children are defined as enrollment that meets both of the following criteria: scheduled for 34 to 92 hours per month and a minimum of 8 days per month. Full time services for children are defined as enrollment that meets both of the following criteria: scheduled for a minimum of 93 hours per month and a minimum of 8 days.
- ⁷ Eligibility to participate in Quality First Scholarships includes age requirements and income requirements. Children must be birth through 5 years of age, not eligible for kindergarten, and must live in a family that earns 200% of FPL or below.
- 8 Some early care and education programs charge a co-payment to the family in addition to the funding that the state provides, but this is a decision made by the early care and education program the child attends.
- 9 Eligibility is re-determined each state fiscal year based on the child's age and the family's income. Children remain eligible for the entire state fiscal year. Children who are deemed ineligible at the start of a new state fiscal year are dis-enrolled from the program.
- ¹⁰ Group size and teacher-child ratio are based on the age of the youngest child in attendance. Ratios and group sizes are assessed every other year in the Quality First rating process.
- 11 In order to participate in Quality First Scholarships, programs are required to be regulated. State child care licensing regulations require the following: children enrolled two to four hours receive one or more snacks; children enrolled four to eight hours receive one or more snacks and a meal; children enrolled nine or more hours receive two snacks and a meal.
- ¹² Programs participating in Quality First and Quality First Scholarships must have a written procedure for both screening and referring children for additional services as part of their Quality First rating. Programs may provide screening themselves or refer families to receive screening from other organizations.
- ¹³ As part of the Quality First Rating (required for participation in Quality First Scholarships), programs are assessed every 24 to 27 months on kindergarten transition activities, involvement of parents in ongoing progress monitoring, parent conferences and/or home visits, and their screening/referral policy.
- 14 In some of the regions, Inclusion of Children with Special Needs Coaching is available to support teachers in implementing inclusive practices. Additionally, all programs participating in Quality First Scholarships are assessed every 24 to 27 months on their lesson plans. Classrooms who have children enrolled with special needs are required to include modifications/individualization for children with special needs on their lesson plans.
- ¹⁵ A protocol exists for early care and education programs to address chronic absenteeism. Three letters with progressive language regarding a child's absenteeism exist to support programs in addressing chronic absenteeism. A child may be disenrolled if they do not attend at least 85% of their scheduled time.
- ¹⁶ All programs participating in the state preschool program receive on-site coaching that can support the implementation of the ELDS. In addition, the Arizona Department of Education offers an introduction to the standards training as well as in depth training on each of the sections of the standards.
- ¹⁷ The state has identified TS GOLD as the state approved child assessment. To participate in Quality First Scholarships, an early care and education program is not required to use TS GOLD, but rather any assessment that is aligned to the ELDS and the Infant Toddler Developmental Guidelines.
- The Arizona Department of Education provides on-line resources to support programs in selecting a curriculum (see: http://www.azed.gov/ece/preschool/). Early Care and Education programs participating in Quality First Scholarships are assessed every 24 to 27 months on the alignment of their curriculum with the Arizona Early Learning Standards and Infant Toddler Developmental Guidelines. The curriculum assessment also includes a requirement to include curriculum learning objectives for children, and any modifications to the curriculum made for individual children if there are children enrolled with special needs in the classroom. In addition, programs receive onsite technical assistance on a monthly basis that can include support in curriculum implementation.
- ¹⁹ The minimum requirement is that 25% of lead teachers and administrators have at least 12 college credit hours in early childhood or related fields or a Certificate of Completion in ECE or CD, or a CDA. However, all programs must have a minimum star rating to participate in the state-funded preschool.
- ²⁰ Fifty percent of Quality First Scholarships assistant teachers must have a minimum of six months of experience working in an early care and education program. However, all programs must have a minimum star rating to participate in the state-funded preschool.
- ²¹ Quality First Scholarships requirements for ongoing PD are aligned with the State Licensing standards.
- Monthly coaching is provided to all early care and education programs participating in Quality First Scholarships. The coaching can be used to support teachers, assistant teachers, and administrators, and includes the review of assessment reports. While the coaching is required, the audience receiving the coaching is not dictated by the state.
- The education level for 1,525 (74%) of teachers is unknown; in addition, 2% (43) have certificate of completion in ECE; .3% (6) have AZ State Teaching Certificate; 5.8% (12) have AZ State Teaching Certificate with ECE Endorsement; and .2% (4) have AMS/AMI Montessori Credential.

- ²⁴ The First Things First College Scholarships is available to any early childhood professional in the state. In addition, the PDG grant has supported teachers to obtain Bachelor's degrees. Also, REWARD\$, a wage enhancement and retention strategy, is available in some regions. This strategy provides annual wage enhancements to those working directly with young children and earn \$20.00 per hour or less.
- ²⁵ In addition to the funding that supports children 3 5 years of age in center-based settings, \$656,921 was spent to support Quality First Scholarships in home based settings. This program also provide service to infants and toddlers at a total budget of \$16,053,273 for both center- and home-based Quality First Scholarships. A total of \$38,017,495 was expended in 2017-2018 program year.
- ²⁶ Child assessments are completed ongoing throughout the child's enrollment in the early care and education program.
- ²⁷ The state of Arizona has identified a Kindergarten Developmental Inventory and Formative Assessment to be implemented in SFY 2019. This is a voluntary system designed for kindergarten teachers to implement.
- All programs participating in Quality First Scholarships must also participate in Quality First, Arizona's Quality Improvement and Rating System. Each program receives a program assessment every 24 to 27 months that includes assessments in one-third of the total number of classrooms at the site using the ERS (ITERS, ECERS, FCCERS), the CLASS (Toddler, Pre-K), and the Quality First Points Scale that includes reviewing curriculum, child assessment, ratios and group sizes, staff qualifications, staff turnover, policies for kindergarten transition, and screening/referral. The assessments are used to determine if the program is eligible to participate in the state-funded preschool program, Quality First Scholarships, and to support the program in improving or maintaining quality.
- ²⁹ All programs are also assessed on Staff Qualifications, Administrative Practices (Ratios/Groups Sizes and Retention), and Curriculum/Child Assessment using the Quality First Points Scale, developed by First Things First.
- ³⁰ The state contracts with an organization to conduct all the assessments in Quality First. The state requires that all assessors must meet the reliability as identified by the tool. In addition, every 10th assessment an assessor conducts must be conducted in tandem with an assessor supervisor or assessor trainer to ensure ongoing reliability in use of the tool.
- 31 Quality First provides a coach for each site who supports the understanding of the assessment results and support in identifying areas of focus and providing support on the areas identified.
- ³² Quality First Coaches visit the sites monthly.

ARKANSAS - Arkansas Better Chance (ABC)/Arkansas Better Chance for School Success (ABCSS)

- ¹ State funding is provided through the Arkansas Department of Education (ADE). The ADE has an agreement with the Division of Child Care and Early Childhood Education (DCCECE) to have the administrative oversight of the ABC Program to ensure compliance with the state law and regulations. The ADE Board of Education must be informed of and/or approve grant awards, program standards/regulations and the impact of these services as they relate to school readiness.
- ² All 238 school districts have access to the Arkansas State funded preschool program Arkansas Better Chance.
- School districts classified as being in academic distress, appearing on the school improvement list, or where more than 75% of fourth graders score below proficient on benchmark exams, are required to work with the ADE and the local community to establish, promote, and assist in the development of an ABC/ABCSS pre-K program. Awarded funding goes to either the school district or a community provider in the identified locations.
- ⁴ All 36 five-year-olds are enrolled only through a waiver process, which may be due to a disability, a development delay, or because children are from Foster Care and need more time to prepare for Kindergarten. The enrollment total does not include children who received ABC home-visiting services only during the 2017-2018 program year. Children who are dually served in center-based care and home visiting are included in the enrollment total.
- ⁵ There are 1,363 new seats/PDG Expansion slots that are not a part of the ABC/ABCSS funding, but these children may be served in ABC/ABCSS classrooms and/or facilities alongside children funded by ABC-ABCSS. The high-quality requirements for the PDG children meet or exceed the ABC/ABCSS quality standards.
- ⁶ Some Head Start programs are ABC grantees.
- All state-funded preschool services are expected to operate for a minimum of seven hours per day. All children receive a minimum of seven hours per day for a total of 178 days per year. This is considered the regular school day and not an extended day in Arkansas. The local ABC program operating schedule typically reflects the annual operating schedule of the local school district.
- Programs may apply for Child Care Development Funds (CCDF) to assist with before- and after-school care, provided the children meet the eligibility requirements for CCDF. When available, CCDF may also fund ABC summer school to provide an extended year for those programs interested in providing these services.
- The Child Waiver must be approved by DCCECE prior to enrolling in the ABC program.
- The \$10 Million (Arkansas Better Chance) uses other individual child or family characteristics to determine eligibility and can serve children beginning at birth. Children eligible to participate in an ABC program shall have at least one of the following characteristics: family with gross income not exceeding 200 percent FPL; a parent without a high school diploma or GED; low birth weight (below 5 pounds, 9 ounces); parent who was under 18 years of age at birth of child; immediate family member with a history of substance abuse; a demonstrable developmental delay identified through screening; eligible for services under IDEA; income-eligible for Title I programs; limited English proficiency; a parent who has a history of abuse or neglect, or who is a victim of abuse or neglect; meets the state homeless criteria; is in foster care; or has an incarcerated parent. The \$101 Million (Arkansas Better Chance for School Success) uses income eligibility and targets children ages 3 and 4 years old or those children who are not eligible for kindergarten without an approved waiver. To be eligible to participate in the ABCSS program, the family must have a gross income not exceeding 200 percent FPL and the child must be age-eligible. A sliding fee scale applies to families with incomes between 200 and 250 percent FPL.
- 11 The maximum class size for each age group of ABC children cannot exceed the classroom's licensing capacity at any time.
- ¹² The age appropriate health/well child screenings include the Early Periodic Screening, Diagnosis, and Treatment (EPSDT) screening and a hearing and vision test. The complete health/well child screenings should be completed every two years while the child is in the ABC program.
- While in depth courses/training for preschool teachers serving children with special needs is not specifically required, the state requires the teachers and paraprofessionals to obtain 30 hours of PD including the topics of special needs, the process, Special Education rules and regulations, and IDEA. ABC programs also work collaboratively with the Early Childhood Special Education Specialists in the local school district and/or the Education Services Cooperatives.
- The state does not have policies that regulate services for preschool DLLs. The state does support DLL students as seen in the provision of translated materials for parents, enrollment applications, learning standards, etc. Local programs make decisions about translation into languages according to the local population to accommodate families. Additionally, bilingual instruction is permitted in child's home language; dual language immersion programs are permitted; children are permitted to be pulled out for English language instruction; recruitment, enrollment, and outreach information is provided to families in their home languages; a home language; a home language survey is sent home at the beginning of the school year; information about enrolled children's program and performance must be presented to families in their home languages; PD and/or coaching is provided for teachers of DLLs/ELLs; and the State's ELDS include content related to serving DLLs/ELLs such as world languages, foreign language acquisition, and/or cultural awareness.
- 15 The current ELDS are in alignment with the State K-3 Standards and also link to the kindergarten entry assessment (KEA).
- ¹⁶ The state strongly supports the ELDS and has approved these standards via the Early Childhood Commission, which is an advisory group. Funding is provided to contractors to disseminate training statewide to EC providers.
- ABC programs are required to only use the Work Sampling Assessment by Pearson for every child enrolled. The ABC teaching staff continuously assess children's progress by monitoring their skills, knowledge, behavior, and accomplishments. Teachers evaluate the child's progress in each of the WSS domains three times during the year in the fall, winter, and spring. WSS is curriculum neutral and has been aligned with the Arkansas ELDS. Additionally, the state has an approved list of developmental screening instruments that programs use to conduct a routine annual developmental screening on each child to identify developmental delays and/or educational deficiencies.
- ¹⁸ Funding is provided to programs that may be used for TA to support curriculum implementation. The use of the TA funding is a decision made at the local level. Professional Development is available via state support that will offer enhancements to any curriculum.
- ¹⁹ There are specific standards that address the areas of mathematics and technology and programs are expected to implement learning opportunities for children in these areas. There is also specific PD geared to train teachers in providing math opportunities to children.
- ²⁰ The lead teacher in a nonpublic school-based program must have a minimum of a BA in Early Childhood Education or Child Development. For all programs with multiple

classrooms at a single location, the teacher of the second classroom shall hold, at a minimum, an AA in Early Childhood Education or Early Childhood Development. State policy does allow programs to hire staff under an approved staff qualifications plan while completing coursework to obtain minimum credentialing.

- ²¹ In Fall 2015, the Arkansas Department of Education (ADE) replaced the Pre-K-4th grade (P-4) license with the Early Childhood/Special Education Integrated Birth K (B-K) license. Any teacher who had already received a P-4 or was in the process of completing the license, could continue. Teachers holding an Elementary K-6 License, or a Special Education License can complete the requirements to obtain an Age 3-4 Endorsement from the ADE. Teacher credentials are evaluated on a case-by-case basis in an effort to include high quality teachers from varying educational backgrounds. The rule is that a teacher must have a completed coursework in early childhood education and/or child development, though in some cases the teacher is placed on a Staff Qualification Plan (SQP) to complete the required coursework. Each teacher and paraprofessional is required to have 30 clock hours per year of PD on topics pertinent to early childhood education, so all teachers have a strong foundation.
- To serve as a paraprofessional/assistant teacher in the ABC program, teachers are required to either complete the CDA credential or have an associate degree in early childhood education or child development. The Birth to Pre K Credential and Technical Certificate in ECE/CD are also options for the state-funded preschool program. The Technical Certificate requires 24 Early Childhood Education coursework hours in ECE and/or CD. In the LEA setting, an Assistant Teacher is required to take and pass the Educational Testing Services (ETS) Parapro Assessment. Other options include Birth to Pre K Credential, AA Degree in ECE/CD, Technical Certificate in ECE/CD.
- ²³ The PD requirements were changed in 2015 to require no less than six days of professional development per year. Since the 2015-2016 school year, educators are required to obtain a minimum of 30 hours per year of professional development for licensure renewal and contractual agreement.
- ²⁴ Classroom-embedded support is not required by state policy but is encouraged at the local level. There is TA available for the environmental rating scale and for implementing the on-going state assessment system using anecdotal recording and observation. There are also professional development requirements that any teacher or paraprofessional must attend or complete to be in good standing and which are early childhood specific in all areas of the ELDS.
- 25 Other category includes those teachers who may have three years of college with a Certificate of Proficiency and working to obtain a four-year degree.
- 26 Local programs make decisions about specific qualification for staff who work with DLLs based on the needs of the community of learners.
- ²⁷ Salary parity has been highly recommended and was initially expected but because the program has been flat funded with only a minimal increase, the salary schedule may vary. Many districts do pay pre-K teachers/ paraprofessionals/assistant teachers on a comparable pay scale as their K-3 counterparts depending on their educational level and credentials
- ²⁸ The local ABC programs are encouraged to contract with the ABC staff for 12 days beyond the 178 days of classroom instruction dedicated for professional development, parent-teacher conferences, etc.
- ²⁹ The local ABC programs are encouraged to budget funding to support the classroom staff desiring to attain credentials and/or higher education courses to enhance their early childhood skills. These efforts strengthen the workforce and builds sustainability for the program.
- 30 PDG funds in the amount of \$3,758,389 provides opportunities for ABC/PDG Grantees to increase the level of services to include the PDG elements of higher staff qualifications, dental and mental health screenings, additional professional development, technical assistance and the support of Family Service Managers.
- 31 The state pays the approved ABC grantees a rate of \$4,860 per child in the center based setting and \$1,750 per child in the home visiting setting for a period of 10 months
- 32 Several of the Education Service Cooperatives ABC grantees write the grant for state funds on behalf of the LEA in which they set up the services and oversee the operations also on behalf of the LEA. One of the higher education ABC grantees writes the ABC grant on behalf of the LEA, local community, and family care homes.
- $^{\rm 33}\,$ The local match may be in-kind and not necessarily currency.
- Teachers are required to take PD trainings for WSS including: a two-day, 12-hour Introduction training; a 1.5-hour Refresher Webinar each year; and a one day, 6-hour Curriculum Connections course. Administrators are required to take the 1.5 hour WSS System Administrative Overview Webinars. The staff of the oversight agency or consultants which are employed by the state make site visits to observe, coach, and provide technical assistance after the local teaching staff have participated in the required trainings.
- 35 Arkansas law (Act 930 of 2017) requires the administration of a developmentally appropriate measurement or assessment for kindergarten through grade two in literacy and math. Beginning with the 2017-2018 school year, each school district was allowed to choose from a list of state approved assessments to use for the KEA. The three KEA assessments are: Istation-ISIP; NWEA-Map for Growth; and Renaissance-Star.
- The ABC Unit monitors the programs in collaboration with the Licensing Unit using additional questions to ensure that the ABC programs are adhering to the teacher-child ratios and other visible areas of review for the ABC Program. Programs are provided technical assistance and support upon request and need. Classrooms are also observed when there are areas of noncompliance and program improvement does not occur, or program struggles with self-correction.

CALIFORNIA - California State Preschool Program (CSPP)

- ¹ The number of FTEs includes fiscal and program staff.
- ² CDE provides part-day and full-day services. Part-day programs are funded to operate between three and less than four hours per day, and 175 to 185 days per year, unless the contract specifies a lower minimum of days of operation. Full-day programs are funded to operate for the number of hours needed to meet the needs of the community for a minimum of 246 days per year unless the contract specifies a lower minimum days of operation.
- 3 Many CSPP contractors partner with Head Start and other funding sources to provide extended day or enhanced services, and these partnerships are established locally.
- ⁴ CSPP age eligibility is defined as: three-year-old children who have had their third birthday on or before September 1 of the fiscal year they are enrolled; four-year-old children who have had their fourth birthday on or before September 1 of the fiscal year they are enrolled; and children whose fifth birthday is between September 2 and December 2 of the fiscal year are also eligible for transitional kindergarten.
- ⁵ Priority for CSPP is given to 4-year-olds who are not enrolled in TK.
- ⁶ Families must meet at least one of the following eligibility criteria to be enrolled in CSPP: 1) income eligible, 2) receiving cash aid, 3) homeless, or 4) have a child who is receiving child protective services or is at risk of abuse, neglect, or exploitation. A family is income eligible: 1) when income is at or below 70% of SMI at initial enrollment, or 2) 85% of SMI when recertified for enrollment. For part-day CSPP, families may exceed the income threshold by no more that 15% only after all eligible children are enrolled, however no more that 10% of children enrolled may be over the income eligibility threshold. Full-day services are provided based on family employment, vocational training, homelessness, and parental incapacitation. For full-day CSPP, families must also establish at least one of the following needs for care: employment/seeking employment, education or vocational training, homelessness, or parental incapacity.
- ⁷ There are no fees for part-day CSPP. CalWORKs cash-aided (TANF) families are excluded from paying the family fee. Children in Child Protective Services and those children at risk of being abused, neglected, or exploited may be excluded from family fee payment for up to 12 months.
- Part-day CSPP services only require families to establish eligibility at time of enrollment. Once a family is determined to be eligible, they may receive part-day services for the program year. Families enrolled in full-day CSPP services remain eligible for not less than 12 months before they are re-certified.
- ⁹ Although there is no limit to class size, programs typically enroll 24 children in a class.
- 10 Contractors must provide meals and snacks that meet nutritional requirements specified by the federal CACFP or the National School Lunch Program. For the part-day program, one meal or snack is required. For the full-day program, one meal and two snacks or two meals and one snack are required, depending on hours of operation.
- 11 Full physical exam includes vision and hearing screenings; other health screenings are determined locally. If screenings are not provided by parents, local programs must address them.
- 12 DRDP (2015) was developed with the goal of ensuring that all children have the opportunity to demonstrate their knowledge and skills, it includes domains that meet the federal Office of Special Education Programs (OSEP) child outcome reporting requirements for children with IFSPs or IEPs. In addition, the CSPP Guidelines 5 address the inclusion of children with disabilities or other special needs. The California Preschool Curriculum Framework, Volumes 1-3, provides guidance on ensuring that activities support the learning needs and abilities of all children. DRDP is aligned with the CA ELDS.
- ¹³ In 2007, the CDE released a resource guide titled Preschool English Learners: Principles and Practices to Promote Language, Literacy, and Learning and its companion DVD A World Full of Language Statewide training on this resource guide has been provided by the California Preschool Instructional Network (CPIN) regions. Santa Clara County Office of Education (SCCOE) has been contracted to develop extended training modules for DLL External link opens in new window or tab. This project provides

- Training of Trainers to CPIN leads who train teachers, aides, administrators, and family members in their regional areas.
- 14 Assembly Bill 752 established a process modeled after the United States Department of Health and Human Services guidelines to prevent children from being unnecessarily expelled or unenrolled in the CSPP and other child and developmental care services.
- 15 The following CDE link (and management bulletin) further clarifies the CDE policies or practices regarding suspension and/or expulsion: https://www.cde.ca.gov/sp/cd/ci/mb1806.asp
- 16 CDE's Preschool Learning Foundations and Preschool Curriculum Framework feature an English Language Learner foundations domain.
- ¹⁷ Other supports for the ELDS include an online overview module: California Preschool Instructional Network (CPIN) Family Child Care at its Best.
- California does not recommend specific curricula or keep a list of recommended curricula. However, the three volumes of the California Preschool Curriculum Framework give guidance on best practices to implement the curriculum a program selects, including subject specific curricula in the areas of Social-Emotional Development, Language & Literacy, English Language Learners, Mathematics, Visual and Performing Arts, Physical Development, Health, History-Social Science, and Science.
- 19 The California Child Development Associate Teacher Permit is the minimum requirement for a teacher in a CSPP classroom and exceeds the requirement of the CDA. The permit requires 12 units in ECE or CD and 50 days of work experience in an instructional capacity. It may be renewed one time for a five-year period. A teacher may also have the full Child Development Teacher Permit, which requires a minimum of 40 semester units of education including a minimum of 24 units in ECE or CD, and 175 days of work experience, or a Master Teacher permit. There is a minimum requirement of 12 units of ECE if the teacher has a Bachelor's degree in a field other than ECE/CD or related field.
- ²⁰ Assistant teachers in CSPP are required to have a high school diploma or equivalent. The optional Child Development Assistant Teacher Permit requires six credits in ECE or CD. The permit is issued for five years and is renewable for successive five-year periods upon completion of 105 hours of professional growth.
- Lead and assistant teachers are required to complete 105 hours of professional growth every five years. Professional growth hours must be completed under the guidance of a Professional Growth Advisor. Lead teachers are required to complete 15 additional units toward a Teacher Permit, and they must meet the Teacher requirements within 10 years.
- 22 CSPP classrooms have contractors who develop and implement a staff development program that includes: identification of training needs; written job descriptions; an orientation plan for new employees; an annual written performance evaluation procedure unless a different frequency is specified in a collective bargaining unit agreement; staff development opportunities that include topics related to each employee's job; and an internal communication system that provides the information necessary to carry out assigned duties.
- ²³ While no state policy requires DLL certification or specialized training for state-funded early learning settings serving DLL children, CPIN provides consistent and high quality PD for preschool administrators and teachers working with DLL children and families.
- ²⁴ According to the Early Childhood Workforce Index 2016, early childcare workers in California receive paid sick days, paid family leave, and expanded Medicaid. A Minimum Wage Increase Task Force has been formed to move towards salary and/or benefit parity.
- 25 The California Transitional Kindergarten Stipend (CTKS) funding is a reimbursement for educational expenses for ECE and/or CD coursework or training for TK and CSPP lead and assistant teachers. The legislative intent (Senate Bill 876) is to provide funds first to TK teachers, and second to CSPP teachers. Also, CSPP teachers and other CSPP teaching staff are able to access Assembly Bill 212 funding for general education coursework and/or units towards attainment of an Associate of Arts, Bachelor of Arts, and/or teaching credential. The Child Development Training Consortium (CDTC) provides financial and technical assistance to students to access college-level CD coursework to raise the quality of early care and education. The Early Childhood Mentor Program activities are provided at community colleges to support and encourage experienced teachers/directors to remain in early learning. Financial compensation and PD support are provided to those teachers/directors who have been selected as mentors.
- The CPIN provides statewide PD, technical assistance, and support to CSPP teachers to improve the quality of CSPP for all children, including children with disabilities and those who are learning English as a second language. The California Student Aid Commission's administers a program and provides assistance through grants for college course work leading to the attainment of a Child Development Permit at the teacher, master teacher, supervisor, or program director levels.
- ²⁷ Reported spending amount is different than what is reported by the state's Legislative Accounting Office.
- ²⁸ The California Preschool Study examined the adequacy and efficiency of preschool education in California. This fourth and final analysis integrates the results from the series of studies and makes recommendations for preschool policy in the state.
- ²⁹ The first DRDP assessment must be completed within 60 calendar days of the child's first day of enrollment in the program and every six months thereafter.
- The state does not have requirements for those using the DRDP to assess children's learning. However, state funded preschool teachers and administrators are expected to attend in-person and training on the DR system as well as the DRDP itself. Several free online DRDP modules and trainings are offered. In addition, a rater certification module for teachers and administrators to take at their own pace was created and made available. Reliability is reached at 80% accuracy and recertification is expected thereafter. Taking the modules or using any of the practice videos is 100% free of cost to the administrators or teachers. Although it is not mandated, the goal is to have all administrators and teachers successfully complete the rater certification, so that there is consistency when using the tool to assess children. Those who choose to pay the fee-for-service cost, can also go to a week-long Certified Training Institute, where they can become certified trainers for the DRDP, which also includes rater certification.
- ³¹ Although the General CSPP funding is not determined by the DRDP results, those programs who are participating in the CSPP QRIS block grants may receive additional points when they are rated and this may lead to additional funding at the local level.
- ³² The California Preschool Transfer Act of 2001 requires state-funded preschools to provide the parent/guardian(s) with developmental and any other information deemed beneficial to the child and public school teacher to support a child's transition to kindergarten. If parents/guardians authorize it, preschools may provide this information directly to the schools.
- ³³ Each CSPP contractor is required to develop and implement an annual plan for its program self-evaluation process. The ERS are used to measure the quality of the program environment (e.g., child-teacher interactions, children's interactions and activities, use of language, health and safety practices, space, and materials). The ERS are required instruments for yearly program self-evaluation and are used for the reviews conducted by CDE/EESD program staff.
- 34 The information collected through the observations is included in the annual Program Self Evaluation to make continual program improvements.
- ³⁵ A total of \$50 million in state education funds is provided annually for CSPPs to participate in CA QRIS. Those with ratings of tier 4 or 5 receive a local block grant. Those programs who were not yet at tier 4 are provided with Quality Improvement supports (e.g. coaching).
- 36 In addition to Contract Monitoring Reviews, CDE field consultants conduct complaint on-site inspections, environmental ratings of preschool classrooms providing TA & T program quality improvement. and corrective action follow-up. The CDE Fiscal Service Analyst conduct on-site reviews of contract fiscal reporting and earnings issues. The CDE Office of Audits and Investigations conduct on-site audits for the purposes of investigation and the auditing of contractor operations and contract administrative compliance.
- ³⁷ AB 2960 requires the CDE, on or before June 30, 2022, to develop an online portal for the state's comprehensive child care and development services, and to convene a workgroup to evaluate and provide recommendations on any necessary modifications or improvements to the online portal to ensure its improved effectiveness.

CALIFORNIA - California Transitional Kindergarten (TK)

- 1 All local educational agencies must provide TK to age-eligible students, including charter schools, if they also provide kindergarten. TK is for children who turn five years of age on or between September 2 and December 2. Children who turn five years of age on or between July 1 and June 30 may be allowed to enroll; this is a local school district decision.
- ² Home language is unknown for 1,711 children.
- ³ All children who are age-eligible for TK are housed in an LEA which is defined as a school district, county office of education, or charter school.
- 4 Effective June 27, 2017, an LEA may maintain kindergarten or TK classes for different lengths of time during the school day, either at the same or a different school site.
- 5 California regulations allow Head Start and the California State Preschool Program (CSPP) to layer funding. Partnerships with Head Start and CSPP are determined locally.
- 6 Pursuant to EC 48000 (c), it is locally determined whether students who turn 5-years-old on or between December 2 and June 30 may be admitted to TK at the beginning

- of the school year or at another point during the same school year.
- ⁷ In California, the TK program is for all age-eligible children and is included in the free and public kindergarten-twelfth grade system.
- EAs are required to make available, free or at a reduced price, one nutritionally adequate meal every school day to each needy student who qualifies according to specified family size and income standards. California public LEAs are enrolled in the National School Lunch Program which assists schools and other agencies in providing nutritious lunches to children at reasonable prices.
- 9 he CA Dept. of Health Care Services regulations allow for the health examination to be completed up to 18 months prior to entry into first grade or within 90 days thereafter. The screenings indicated are based on the first grade requirement, with the exception of the immunizations which are required before TK entry. The first grade screening also includes a nutritional assessment; blood, urine, and blood lead tests.
- ¹⁰ Since 2010, the CDE has developed State content standards and curriculum frameworks for English language development, ELA, math, science, and history-social science. All teachers who provide instruction for English learners require an English learner authorization.
- 11 The state definition of a chronic absentee does apply to TK. A "chronic absentee" has been defined in EC) Section 60901(c)(1) as "a pupil who is absent on 10 percent or more of the school days in the school year when the total number of days a pupil is absent is divided by the total number of days the pupil is enrolled and school was actually taught in the regular day schools of the district, exclusive of Saturdays and Sundays." However, a TK student may not be a truant because truants are between the ages of 6 and 18 years. A chronic absentee may be any pupil, even a pupil who is not subject to compulsory attendance in California.
- Since TK is not mandated in California, it is a local decision whether a child's absence is recorded as an unexcused absence and is referred to the school attendance review board (SARB). A SARB meeting is recommended for any minor pupil, including a five-year-old, who is irregular in attendance at school pursuant to EC Section 48263. The purpose of the SARB is to reduce chronic absenteeism and any problems of irregular attendance, discuss the importance of regular school attendance, and link the parent to any needed community resources.
- 13 California requires the governing board of each school district and each county superintendent of schools to appoint a supervisor of attendance with specific duties, including identifying and responding to grade level or pupil subgroup patterns of chronic absenteeism. (EC Section 48240)
- 14 Each Preschool Learning Foundations (PLF) publication (volumes 1, 2, & 3) has a companion Preschool Curriculum Framework (PCF) publication (volumes 1, 2, & 3). LEAs use the California English Language Development Standards to provide language development instruction to TK English learners. The English Language Arts/English Language Development Framework provides guidance to LEAs for instruction of TK English learners. CDE's Preschool Learning Foundations and Preschool Curriculum Framework feature the domain of English Language Development.
- ¹⁵ CDE provides many statewide, in-person trainings, certifications, online modules, and engaging professional web sites for early childhood professionals. CDE professional resources are aligned to CA ELDS.
- 16 The state does not require a child assessment but encourages the use of the Desired Results Developmental Profile-Kindergarten (DRDP-K). The DRDP-K (2015) is based on the previous DRDP-SR (2012) instrument. It includes refinements made over the past several years and new elements that are essential to quality ECE. It aligns with the California Department of Education's Early Learning and Development Foundations and the California Content Standards for Kindergarten.
- 17 CA provides the following resource and training: TK Implementation Guide: http://www.cde.ca.gov/ci/gs/em/documents/tkguide.pdf#search=Tk%20implementation%20 guide&view=FitH&pagemode=none
- ¹⁸ Curricula are locally determined.
- ¹⁹ A school district or charter school shall ensure that credentialed teachers who are first assigned to a TK classroom after July 1, 2015, have, by August 1, 2020, one of the following: (1) At least 24 units in ECE, or childhood development, or both; (2) As determined by the LEA employing the teacher, professional experience in a classroom setting with preschool-aged children that is comparable to the 24 units of education; or (3) A Child Development Teacher Permit issued by the Commission on Teacher Credentialing. Teachers hired prior to July 1, 2015 are required to have a teaching credential. Lead TK teachers must possess an English learner authorization or bilingual authorization to teach English learners. An English learner authorization authorizes teachers to provide instruction in English language development and Specially Designed Academic Instruction in English. A bilingual authorization authorizes teachers to provide instruction in the authorized language, in English, in English language development, and Specially Designed Academic Instruction in English.
- ²⁰ Title I paraprofessionals whose duties include instructional support must have: (1) High school diploma or the equivalent, and (2) Two years of college (48 units), or (3) AA degree (or higher), or (4) Pass a local assessment of knowledge and skills in assisting in instruction. Many districts use the California Basic Educational Skills Test for this purpose.
- ²¹ The need for ongoing classroom-embedded support is locally determined. The General Education Induction Consortium is an approved induction program to assist TK-12 beginning teachers, experienced teachers, and school site administrators to ensure beginning teacher success and retention through at least one hour per week of support and/or mentoring.
- ²² TK stipend funding is a reimbursement for educational expenses for ECE and/or CD coursework or training for TK teachers that are administered by local planning councils which determine allocations of funds.
- ²³ The State does not have a policy which requires salary and/or fringe benefit parity for assistant teachers in public schools in TK. It is a local school district decision.
- ²⁴ Reported spending amount is different than what is reported by the state's Legislative Accounting Office.
- ²⁵ TK is funded through the Local Control Funding Formula (LCFF) based on Average Daily Attendance (ADA) in the TK/K-3 grade span. The ADA in this grade span does not distinguish between ADA in grades TK/Kindergarten, 1, 2 or 3. Furthermore, the funds apportioned on the basis of ADA in the TK/K-3 grade span are not "dedicated" to serving TK students; they are general purpose funds apportioned to LEAs as part of their LCFF entitlement. LEAs can blend and braid federal sources to support TK.
- ²⁶ The California Preschool Transfer Act of 2001 requires state-funded preschools to provide the parent/guardian(s) with developmental and any other information deemed beneficial to the child and public school teacher to support a child's transition to kindergarten. If parents/guardians authorize it, preschools may provide this information directly to the schools.
- 27 State policy does not require kindergarten programs to assess children's learning and development but the use of the DRDP is encouraged by the CDE.
- ²⁸ TK's participation in the state's QRIS is locally determined.
- ²⁹ The CDE Monitoring Tool (CMT) is a Web-based system, which allows LEAs to facilitate a response to state and federal requirements for program monitoring. Additional information can be found at the following CDE web page: https://www.cde.ca.gov/ta/cr/cmt.asp
- ³⁰ AB 2960 requires the CDE, on or before June 30, 2022, to develop an online portal for the state's comprehensive child care and development services, and to convene a workgroup to evaluate and provide recommendations on any necessary modifications or improvements to the online portal to ensure its improved effectiveness.

COLORADO - Colorado Preschool Program (CPP)

- School districts can contract with community preschool sites in their district, as well as provide services in district classrooms. Colorado has 178 traditional school districts and 1 Charter School Institute, making a total of 179 school districts in the state. The four districts not participating have very small numbers of preschool children and partner with neighboring districts to provide preschool.
- ² Any school district may apply to the department for participation in CPP. Along with the application, the school district shall submit a proposal for the implementation of its district preschool program. The department shall evaluate any application and give priority to school districts that include exemplary plans for the coordination of the program and are not participating in the program currently.
- 3 Children who qualify for special education services may now enroll in CPP if they meet the CPP eligibility criteria. In 2017-2018, 619 children were funded by preschool special education as well as CPP, helping to foster inclusion practices. This change provides access to full-day preschool funded by both funding streams.
- 4 District advisory councils are encouraged to blend CPP funding with other sources, such as Head Start, so that children can participate in full-day programs.
- The program is funded for five days per week, although the statute requires children to attend four days per week or the equivalent, with the fifth day being funded for home visits, teacher planning time, completion of child assessments, or staff training. Programs may extend the hours and days beyond the minimum requirement of ten hours per week. These opportunities are determined locally and based on the needs of children and families. Although district advisory councils are encouraged to blend

CPP funding with other sources such as Head Start, child care subsidy, and parent tuition so that children can participate in full-day programs, enrollment by operating schedule is not collected. Half-day CPP funding requires 360 hours per year at a minimum and full-day CPP funding requires 720 hours per year at a minimum.

- ⁶ Under the early childhood councils, three school districts have waivers to serve children younger than age 3 in CPP. In 2017-2018, 409 children under age 3 participated in CPP. Under certain conditions, highly advanced, gifted children may be granted early entrance to kindergarten. There is no designated cut-off date for the maximum age a child could be served in preschool; this is locally determined. However, there is a state policy limiting children to two years of participation. A kindergarten-eligibility date is established by the local school board. Children must turn 5 by October 1 in order to be funded, so no school district establishes a cut-off date later than October 1. However, school districts may establish dates as early as June 1 for eligibility for kindergarten.
- Income eligibility may be the sole factor or may be one of several eligibility factors. In some areas of the state where the cost of living is extremely high, district advisory councils have increased the eligibility to 200-225% of FPL. Locally determined risk factors that have been selected by the district advisory councils include parent is incarcerated, a parent is on active military duty, and developmental delay that raises concerns for school readiness but does not require special education services. Four-year-olds can qualify with one risk factor. Three-year-olds must have three or more risk factors.
- ⁸ Meals and nutritious snacks must be served at suitable intervals. Children who are in the program for more than four hours per day must be offered a meal that meets at least one-third of their daily nutritional needs.
- 9 Although not required, of the 175 districts serving CPP, 169 have hearing and vision screenings completed.
- Oclorado requires districts to provide family support services, but districts can decide which services are offered. Family support services include: education services or job training for parents; parenting support or training; parent involvement activities; information about nutrition; referral to social services; transition to kindergarten activities; parent conferences and/or home visits; and other locally determined support services.
- 11 A student is absent if he or she is not physically on school grounds and is not participating in instruction or instruction-related activities at an approved off-grounds location for the school day. Chronically absent students include students who are absent for any reason (e.g., illness, suspension, the need to care for a family member), regardless of whether absences are excused or unexcused. This count would include students in grades K-12.
- 12 All CPP programs must follow Colorado Childcare Licensing and Regulations. Therefore, 7.702.31(H) is considered the state's suspension and expulsion policy for preschool.
- ¹³ The Professional Development Information System (PDIS) is the statewide web-based system supporting PD for Colorado's early childhood workforce. There is a training course on the Early Learning and Development Guidelines in PDIS.
- 14 Lead teachers are required to be Early Childhood Teacher (ECT) qualified by Child Care Licensing under the Colorado Department of Human Services. It is recommended that lead teachers posses an Educator License endorsed in ECE.
- 15 Staff aides must meet the Colorado Department of Human Services Licensing Requirements (at least 16 years of age with favorable background checks).
- ¹⁶ CDE and CPP does not offer any of these supports. However, there are many opportunities through other programs in the state including the PDIS. Additionally, the Colorado Early Childhood Councils and school districts do a lot of work regarding coaching supports (at the local level).
- ¹⁷ In the Colorado School Finance Formula, each preschool slot is funded at 0.5 FTE and provides for both a local and state share. Local school districts are required to contribute to their per-pupil revenue according to the school finance formula. This local share varies widely by school district.
- 18 CPP funds flow from the state directly to school districts. Local district advisory councils then provide oversight, with final approval required by the school district superintendent. The early childhood setting may be located in school district settings, local child care centers, community preschools or Head Start programs including early childhood programs located on tribal lands. Any child who receives CPP funding is considered a school district student, even if they are served through a community provider.
- 19 All teachers and other staff assigning checkpoint ratings (i.e., anyone responsible for finalizing assessment ratings for children) must also complete interrater reliability (IRR) certification. The online system orientation courses and IRR certification must be completed before staff begin completing ratings in their first checkpoint, unless there are fewer than six programming weeks remaining before the checkpoint deadline, in which case, the deadline is by the time staff begin completing ratings in the following checkpoint. Program-level administrators must employ strategies to support and monitor staff completion of required trainings. Administrator monitoring reports are typically available in the online assessment systems. CDE does not require paraprofessionals and administrators to complete interrater reliability certification. However, programs may choose to require it for all staff at their own discretion.
- One state law requires a school readiness assessment at kindergarten entry only. Another law requires ongoing assessment of literacy skills for children identified with a significant reading deficiency. State policy requires the use of an approved assessment tool to measure school readiness at kindergarten entry. Approved kindergarten school readiness assessments include: TS GOLD, HighScope COR for Kindergarten, and DRDP-K. In addition, state policy requires interim assessment for all kindergarteners in the area of literacy. Approved interim reading assessments include: Aimsweb; i-Ready; DIBELS Next; IDEL; FAST; ISIP ER Istation (English and Spanish); PALS (English and Spanish); and STAR. Approved diagnostic assessments include i-Ready, PALS Marketplace Phonological Awareness (English and Spanish), STAR Early Literacy Assessment, NWEA-CPAA, PPVT, TVIP, VRMT-III, DIBELS Deep, Amplify Burst Reading Assessments, and Woodcock-Munoz LS. Approved optional summative assessments include i-Ready, NWEA-MPG, and Terra Nova.
- District Advisory Councils visit all settings providing CPP enrollment and use Colorado Quality Standards and program walk-through checklist two times per year to identify strengths and areas for growth. Although not required, many districts serving CPP use ERS/ECERS and CLASS for classroom observations and participate in the
- ²² In 2017-2018, 43% of early childhood care and education programs funded by CPP had achieved a high-quality rating (Levels 3-5). All licensed programs are automatically a Level 1 in the state QRIS; it is the local program's decision whether to fully engage to achieve a higher level.
- All children funded by CPP have been part of the education department's longitudinal data system since the 2003-2004 school year. More recently, preschool special education records have been integrated into the system. The Colorado Department of Education (CDE) has used this system for multiple longitudinal analyses. In 2018, Colorado completed work on its Early Childhood Participation Project which matched early childhood records from the CDE and Colorado Department of Human Services. The resulting report allowed for unduplicated counts of children who participated in Preschool Special Education (Part B/Section 619), Early Intervention (Part C), Colorado Child Care Assistance Program, and/or CPP. A concurrent pilot and feasibility study also matched these programs/services with Head Start records from several pilot Head Start grantees.

CONNECTICUT - Connecticut Child Day Care Contracts (CDCC)

- 1 Child Day Care Contracts (CDCC) are with individual contractors which by statute may be municipalities, human resource development agencies, or nonprofit corporations. Contractors may serve multiple towns. No towns are required to offer these services and the funds are currently distributed through purchase of service contracts.
- ² Funds are secured by purchase of service contracts. Sites are funded under two year contracts.
- ³ There are 3,817 children served through Child Day Care Contracts, which includes 2,178 preschool-aged children.
- ⁴ There are a total of 740 PDG spaces in Connecticut. This includes 439 expansion spaces, which are not included in enrollment totals for any of the three state-funded preschool programs in this report, and 301 enhanced spaces, with 256 included in the School Readiness enrollment total and 45 included in the CDCC enrollment total.
- ⁵ CDCC programs are required to be in operation for 10 hours per day; however, children do not necessarily attend for the full amount of time. For those enrolled in part-day and wrap-around services, the total hours per day provided through both programs must total 10 hours.
- 6 Programs generally operate for 52 weeks a year; however, they are allowed up to 22 days of closure per year. Funding for this program is a combination of state and federal (SSBG) funds, with differing income thresholds for the two funding sources. Therefore, it is not possible to break down how many hours per year were funded with state funds.
- Ohildren may enroll in preschool spaces funded by CDCC at any point of the year, however a preschooler must be at least 3 years old by January 1st as required by licensing to begin preschool in the fall.
- ⁸ Eligibility is re-assessed annually based on family income (75% SMI for state funds and 200% FPL for federal funds). If a child meets eligibility upon enrollment, they remain eligible until they age out of the program, but the family pays a higher fee if their income changes.

- ⁹ The legislative requirements regarding DLLs begin at kindergarten.
- The state legislation regarding suspension/expulsion in preschool defines "preschool program provider" as a local or regional board of education, state or local charter school or inter-district magnet school that offers a preschool program. OEC state-funded preschool programs do not fall under this legislation if they are not operated by an LEA/charter school or magnet school. Yet the OEC believes in the principles and guiding values behind the intent of legislation regarding suspension/expulsion and we are currently trying to implement broad-based expulsion policies and supports throughout all state-funded early childhood programs not just those operated by LEAs.
- 11 Crosswalks were completed to document the alignment of the CT ELDS to the Next Generation Science Standards and CT's new Social Studies Framework. A crosswalk to document alignment with the Head Start Early Learning Outcomes Framework has been completed and will be available in 2018.
- 12 CT has developed a series of videos and resources for families that are connected to the CT ELDS. In addition, crosswalks between the CT ELDS and several assessment tools have been completed. Series of documents also available: "Using the CT ELDS to Support All Children" available and embedded in PD available and embedded in PD Aligned framework for formative assessment tied to CT ELDS (CT Documentation and Observation for Teaching System-CT DOTS)
- ¹³ Child assessments are required to be aligned with the CT ELDS, but programs can choose the assessment.
- 14 Guidance documents available: "Supporting All Children Using the CT ELDS: Building Meaningful Curriculum" includes a curriculum self-assessment tool, which has been used in trainings for administrators. Guidance document on intersection of Standards, Curriculum, and Assessment provided at state funded program meetings. Curriculum work will be embedded in QRIS and will be based upon Curriculum Self-Assessment Tool.
- 15 Programs selecting the curriculum focus area for QRIS will have a measure of fidelity of curriculum implementation to achieve Star Level 5.
- 16 Until June 30, 2020 the current minimum requirements are a CDA credential plus 12 early childhood credits, or a qualifying degree as outlined in https://www.ct.gov/oec/lib/oec/gp_a-01_legislative_requirements_for_staff_qualifications_in_state-funded_programs.pdf Between July 1, 2020 and June 30, 2023 the minimum requirement shifts such that 50% or more of the lead teachers across the program must have a Bachelor's degree or higher, specific to early childhood, with all remaining lead teachers holding at least an Associate's degree specific to early childhood. On July 1, 2023 or after, 100% of lead teachers across the program must hold a Bachelor's degree specific to early childhood. For specific details regarding variations, such as grandfathering and certification options please see the general policy website.
- A second program staff person who works under supervision of the head teacher shall be at least 18 years old and have at least one of the following: (1) a high school diploma, (2) an equivalency certificate, or (3) at least 540 hours of documented experience in working with unrelated children of the same age(s) to be served in this child day care center or group day care home. Assistant teachers in public and nonpublic settings must meet either NAEYC or Head Start requirements within 3 years.
- 18 CDCC programs are required to be licensed, which requires PD for staff that totals 1% of the total annual hours worked. Content may include, but is not limited to, ECE and CD, licensing and regulations, health issues, nutrition, first aid, social services, child abuse laws, and programming for children with disabilities or special health care needs. Programs are required to develop, implement, and maintain a written PD plan and to document and maintain the PD plan for each program staff member and make it available for review. PD required under new CCDF rules may count toward the annual PD requirement.
- 19 Teachers who do not meet qualifications requirements for QSM must have a written PD plan. If teachers seek scholarship funds from the state, they must also have a formal plan of study from an institution of higher education. Teacher Assistants who do not meet qualifications requirements may have a PD plan if they intend to achieve QSM status. If they seek scholarship funds from the state, they must also have a formal plan of study from an institution of higher education.
- ²⁰ For the "other" category: 16 teachers (5%) had one-year certification/30 ECE credits; 1 teacher had an advanced degree; and 58 classrooms (17.8%) did not identify a lead teacher.
- ²¹ CT has a workforce report viewed by the General Assembly outlining a plan for compensation but no action has been taken.
- ²² Coaching is a modality tied to CT's technical assistance system by which providers can access the service to enhance instruction around the CT ELDS, the Core Competencies, the Pyramid Model, and individualized supports as both a fee for service or paid for by the state.
- ²³ Funding amounts are allocations, not actual expenditures. Effective October 1, 2017, the Child Day Care program was no longer supported through CCDF and as a result, the program was only partially supported through Federal funds (3 months).
- 24 The Connecticut Kindergarten Entrance Inventory was developed by the state for kindergarten teachers to provide a global rating of children across four areas of development.
- 25 The structured observation is only required for programs that are not NAEYC accredited or Head Start approved. In addition, Local School Readiness Liaisons are required to observe programs/classrooms at least annually. School Readiness Liaisons provide feedback to programs. Only programs that are not NAEYC accredited or Head Start approved are required to have an ECERS-3 by a state approved, reliable ECERS-3 rater. State approved raters are trained by ERSI staff.
- 26 The state funds annual training from ERSI to ensure raters are at least 85% reliable. Raters engage in reliability checks at minimum ever 10 visits.
- 27 Raters provide a detailed report of the observation to the program, and to the state for the programs that are not yet NAEYC accredited or Head Start approved. Programs are expected to use the data to create an improvement plan which leads to NAEYC accreditation.
- ²⁸ Compliance Monitoring ensures that state funds provided to programs are utilized according to their intended purpose and that services are delivered in compliance with requirements. Criteria: Priority for monitoring extends to programs that are: In their first year of funding; Experiencing licensing compliance challenges; Non-compliant with approval system requirements including reporting and required criteria; Chronically under enrolled; Non-compliant with OEC reporting requirements, General Policies, or legislation; Enrolling families in OEC funded spaces that do not meet income eligibility requirements; Experiencing significant issues as determined by OEC. Monitoring will be conducted by a team from the Division of Early Care and Education at OEC. The PDG Grant Manager will join the monitoring team as funding dictates.
- The state has recently created P20 WIN (preschool through 20 and Workforce Information Network), which securely links education and workforce data to provide answers to help improve education programs and workforce alignment. Currently the following state agencies are a part of this network: OEC; State Department of Education; Board of Regents for Higher Education; University of Connecticut; Department of Labor; Connecticut Conference of Independent Colleges; Office of Policy and Management.

CONNECTICUT - Connecticut School Readiness

- Of the 67 communities, 21 are priority districts and 46 are competitive municipalities as defined by legislation. The 21 priority school districts are not required to participate in the School Readiness Program, but funds are available to all eligible districts.
- ² There are a total of 740 PDG spaces in Connecticut. This includes 439 expansion spaces, which are not included in enrollment totals for any of the three state-funded preschool programs in this report, and 301 enhanced spaces, with 256 included in the School Readiness enrollment total and 45 included in the CDCC enrollment total
- Operating schedules are locally determined and hours vary by program. Extended-day programs operate 10 hours per day, 50 weeks per year, while school-day programs operate 6 hours per day, 180 days per year. Part-day programs operate 2.5 hours per day, 180 days per year. Funding from another source can be used to extend programs.
- ⁴ As defined by legislation, communities may allow a small number of kindergarten-eligible children to remain in the program (up to 5% of the total served) if the child has been enrolled in the School Readiness program for one year and if the parent or guardian, School Readiness provider, and the local or regional school district agree that the child will not enter kindergarten.
- ⁵ All families, regardless of income levels, can apply for School Readiness spaces in Competitive and Priority municipalities. However, 60% of the children enrolled in each municipality must meet the income requirement of being at or below 75% of SMI.
- ⁶ All children remain eligible for the program but the fee is reassessed annually and residency is verified (although a School Readiness Council does have the local option whether to accept non-residents). Parent fees can change depending on a change of income and/or family size. Programs work with families to keep children enrolled.
- Programs are required to serve one snack to children who attend fewer than 5 hours per day and one snack plus one meal to children in school for 5 to 8 hours per day. Children attending more than 8 hours per day must be provided one snack and two meals or two snacks and one meal. Either the program or the parent may provide the food
- Programs are not required to conduct screenings, but they are required to refer children who may need to be screened. This includes: vision, hearing, height/weight/BMI, blood pressure, immunizations, psychosocial/behavioral, dental, developmental, full physical exam.
- ⁹ The legislative requirements regarding DLLs begin at kindergarten.

- The state legislation regarding suspension/expulsion in preschool defines "preschool program provider" as a local or regional board of education, state or local charter school or inter-district magnet school that offers a preschool program. OEC state-funded preschool programs do not fall under this legislation if they are not operated by an LEA/charter school or magnet school. Yet the OEC believes in the principles and guiding values behind the intent of legislation regarding suspension/expulsion and we are currently trying to implement broad-based expulsion policies and supports throughout all state-funded early childhood programs not just those operated by LEAs.
- 11 Crosswalks were completed to document the alignment of the CT ELDS to the Next Generation Science Standards and CT's new Social Studies Framework. A crosswalk to document alignment with the Head Start Early Learning Outcomes Framework has been completed and will be available in 2018.
- 12 CT has developed a series of videos and resources for families that are connected to the CT ELDS. In addition, crosswalks between the CT ELDS and several assessment tools have been completed. Series of documents also available: "Using the CT ELDS to Support All Children" available and embedded in PD available and embedded in PD Aligned framework for formative assessment tied to CT ELDS (CT Documentation and Observation for Teaching System-CT DOTS)
- ¹³ Child assessments are required to be aligned with the CT ELDS, but programs can choose the assessment.
- Guidance documents available: "Supporting All Children Using the CT ELDS: Building Meaningful Curriculum" includes a curriculum self-assessment tool, which has been used in trainings for administrators. Guidance document on intersection of Standards, Curriculum, and Assessment provided at state funded program meetings. Curriculum work will be embedded in QRIS and will be based upon Curriculum Self-Assessment Tool.
- 15 Programs selecting the curriculum focus area for QRIS will have a measure of fidelity of curriculum implementation to achieve Star Level 5.
- 16 Until June 30, 2020 the current minimum requirements are a CDA credential plus 12 early childhood credits, or a qualifying degree as outlined in https://www.ct.gov/oec/lib/oec/gp_a-01_legislative_requirements_for_staff_qualifications_in_state-funded_programs.pdf. Between July 1, 2020 and June 30, 2023 the minimum requirement shifts such that 50% or more of the lead teachers across the program must have a Bachelor's degree or higher, specific to early childhood, with all remaining lead teachers holding at least an Associate's degree specific to early childhood. On July 1, 2023 or after, 100% of lead teachers across the program must hold a Bachelor's degree specific to early childhood. For specific details regarding variations, such as grandfathering and certification options please see the general policy website.
- Programs must meet either NAEYC or Head Start requirements for assistant teachers within three years. For licensed programs (non-public schools) a second program staff person who works under supervision of the head teacher shall be at least 18 years old and have at least one of the following: (A) a high school diploma, or (B) an equivalency certificate, or (C) at least five hundred and forty (540) hours documented experience in working with unrelated children of the same age(s) to be served in this child day care center or group day care home.
- 18 If a non-public school teacher has not achieved QSM status, they are required to have a written PD plan. If they seek scholarship funds from the state, a formal plan of study is required from the institute of higher education.
- 19 For the "other" category: 14 teachers (1.77%) had one-year certification/30 ECE credits; 4 teachers had an advanced degree; and 55 classrooms (6.96%) did not identify a lead teacher.
- ²⁰ CT has a workforce report viewed by the General Assembly outlining a plan for compensation but no action has been taken.
- ²¹ Coaching is a modality tied to CT's technical assistance system by which providers can access the service to enhance instruction around the CT ELDS, the Core Competencies, the Pyramid Model, and individualized supports as both a fee for service or paid for by the state.
- ²² Federal sources are CCDF funds. Non-required local sources are state funds used to supplement PDG non-eligible children in PDG classrooms and parent fees collected directly by the programs using a sliding fee scale.
- ²³ The funding level is based on previous year's space capacity and local requests for proposals addressing ability to increase capacity.
- Programs may use any curriculum and assessment that is aligned with the CT Early Learning and Development Standards. There is no policy regarding how the pre-K assessment data are used. Communities have been known to use this data to guide teacher training and PD, make decisions about kindergarten enrollment, to adjust curricula and track child and program outcomes over time.
- ²⁵ The Connecticut Kindergarten Entrance Inventory was developed by the state for kindergarten teachers to provide a global rating of children across four areas of development.
- 26 The structured observation is only required for programs that are not NAEYC accredited or Head Start approved. In addition, Local School Readiness Liaisons are required to observe programs/classrooms at least annually. School Readiness Liaisons provide feedback to programs. Only programs that are not NAEYC accredited or Head Start approved are required to have an ECERS-3 by a state approved, reliable ECERS-3 rater. State approved raters are trained by ERSI staff.
- ²⁷ The state funds annual training from ERSI to ensure raters are at least 85% reliable. Raters engage in reliability checks at minimum ever 10 visits.
- 28 Raters provide a detailed report of the observation to the program, and to the state for the programs that are not yet NAEYC accredited or Head Start approved. Programs are expected to use the data to create an improvement plan which leads to NAEYC accreditation.
- Compliance Monitoring ensures that state funds provided to programs are utilized according to their intended purpose and that services are delivered in compliance with requirements. Criteria: Priority for monitoring extends to programs that are: In their first year of funding; Experiencing licensing compliance challenges; Non-compliant with approval system requirements including reporting and required criteria; Chronically under enrolled; Non-compliant with OEC reporting requirements, General Policies, or legislation; Enrolling families in OEC funded spaces that do not meet income eligibility requirements; Experiencing significant issues as determined by OEC. Monitoring will be conducted by a team from the Division of Early Care and Education at OEC. The PDG Grant Manager will join the monitoring team as funding dictates.
- The state has recently created P20 WIN (preschool through 20 and Workforce Information Network), which securely links education and workforce data to provide answers to help improve education programs and workforce alignment. Currently the following state agencies are a part of this network: OEC; State Department of Education; Board of Regents for Higher Education; University of Connecticut; Department of Labor; Connecticut Conference of Independent Colleges; Office of Policy and Management.

CONNECTICUT - Connecticut Smart Start

- Only local or regional boards of education are eligible to apply for Smart Start program funds.
- ² There are a total of 740 PDG spaces in Connecticut. This includes 439 expansion spaces, which are not included in enrollment totals for any of the three state-funded preschool programs in this report, and 301 enhanced spaces, with 256 included in the School Readiness enrollment total and 45 included in the CDCC enrollment total.
- 3 Smart Start programs must operate the same number of days as the rest of the school system, which is a minimum of 180 days per year.
- 4 Regarding the minimum age for preschool eligibility, children age 2 years and 9 months may attend, but it is locally determined if they can start prior to their 3rd birthday.
- ⁵ Districts may prioritize enrollment based on local need.
- 6 It is a local decision whether to charge tuition. However, if the district chooses to charge tuition, they must use the Office of Early Childhood (OEC) Sliding Fee Scale.
- ⁷ Smart Start does not require comprehensive services, but local School Districts provide a variety of services unique to their communities.
- 8 The legislative requirements regarding DLLs begin at kindergarten.
- The state legislation regarding suspension/expulsion in preschool defines "preschool program provider" as a local or regional board of education, state or local charter school or inter-district magnet school that offers a preschool program. OEC state-funded preschool programs do not fall under this legislation if they are not operated by an LEA/charter school or magnet school. Yet the OEC believes in the principles and guiding values behind the intent of legislation regarding suspension/expulsion and we are currently trying to implement broad-based expulsion policies and supports throughout all state-funded early childhood programs not just those operated by LEAs.
- 10 Crosswalks were completed to document the alignment of the CT ELDS to the Next Generation Science Standards and CT's new Social Studies Framework. A crosswalk to document alignment with the Head Start Early Learning Outcomes Framework has been completed and will be available in 2018.
- 11 CT has developed a series of videos and resources for families that are connected to the CT ELDS. In addition, crosswalks between the CT ELDS and several assessment tools have been completed. Series of documents also available: "Using the CT ELDS to Support All Children" available and embedded in PD available and embedded in PD Aligned framework for formative assessment tied to CT ELDS (CT Documentation and Observation for Teaching System-CT DOTS).
- ¹² Child assessments are required to be aligned with the CT ELDS, but programs can choose the assessment

- 13 Guidance documents available: "Supporting All Children Using the CT ELDS: Building Meaningful Curriculum" includes a curriculum self-assessment tool, which has been used in trainings for administrators. Guidance document on intersection of Standards, Curriculum, and Assessment provided at state funded program meetings. Curriculum work will be embedded in QRIS and will be based upon Curriculum Self-Assessment Tool.
- ¹⁴ Programs selecting this focus area for QRIS will have a measure of fidelity of curriculum implementation to achieve Star Level 5.
- 15 The State Department of Education certification, which must include pre-K or early childhood specialization, is required for all Smart Start teachers.
- PD is locally determined. Lead Teachers are certified by the State Department of Education (SDE) and must meet SDE professional learning requirements and professional learning plans.
- ¹⁷ CT has a workforce report viewed by the General Assembly outlining a plan for compensation but no action has been taken.
- 18 Coaching is a modality tied to CT's technical assistance system by which providers can access the service to enhance instruction around the CT ELDS, the Core Competencies, the Pyramid Model, and individualized supports as both a fee for service or paid for by the state.
- ¹⁹ Federal sources are CCDF. Non-required local sources are parent fees.
- 20 It has been at the discretion of grantees as to whether they elect to charge tuition or parent fees. CCDF funds can only be collected if fees are charged for the program.
- ²¹ The Connecticut Kindergarten Entrance Inventory was developed by the state for kindergarten teachers to provide a global rating of children across four areas of development.
- The structured observation is only required for programs that are not NAEYC accredited or Head Start approved. In addition, Local School Readiness Liaisons are required to observe programs/classrooms at least annually. School Readiness Liaisons provide feedback to programs. Only programs that are not NAEYC accredited or Head Start approved are required to have an ECERS-3 by a state approved, reliable ECERS-3 rater. State approved raters are trained by ERSI staff.
- ²³ The state funds annual training from ERSI to ensure raters are at least 85% reliable. Raters engage in reliability checks at minimum ever 10 visits.
- ²⁴ Raters provide a detailed report of the observation to the program, and to the state for the programs that are not yet NAEYC accredited or Head Start approved. Programs are expected to use the data to create an improvement plan which leads to NAEYC accreditation.
- Compliance Monitoring ensures that state funds provided to programs are utilized according to their intended purpose and that services are delivered in compliance with requirements. Criteria: Priority for monitoring extends to programs that are: In their first year of funding; Experiencing licensing compliance challenges; Non-compliant with approval system requirements including reporting and required criteria; Chronically under enrolled; Non-compliant with OEC reporting requirements, General Policies, or legislation; Enrolling families in OEC funded spaces that do not meet income eligibility requirements; Experiencing significant issues as determined by OEC. Monitoring will be conducted by a team from the Division of Early Care and Education at OEC. The PDG Grant Manager will join the monitoring team as funding dictates.
- The state has recently created P20 WIN (preschool through 20 and Workforce Information Network), which securely links education and workforce data to provide answers to help improve education programs and workforce alignment. Currently the following state agencies are a part of this network: OEC; State Department of Education; Board of Regents for Higher Education; University of Connecticut; Department of Labor; Connecticut Conference of Independent Colleges; Office of Policy and Management.

DELAWARE - Delaware Early Childhood Assistance Program (ECAP)

- ¹ The total number of children is the number of seats funded by the DDOE OEL. Enrollment numbers by age reflect children who were enrolled and left the program; seats are filled within 30 days as per Head Start Program Performance Standards.
- ² Head Start programs in Delaware also have ECAP-funded children enrolled, but the State does not track the braiding or blending of funding.
- ³ The income requirement is determined per the Head Start Program Performance Standards, at 100% of FPL.
- 4 Programs are required to provide a minimum of 3.5 hours of direct service per day. Schedule requirements are indicated by the Head Start Program Performance Standards (HSPPS) and Delaware's QRIS requirements. Programs that operate longer than 3.5 hours per day have funding from multiple sources to support the additional service hours. Some ECAPs align with school district schedules. Some programs use state subsidy (Purchase of Care) dollars to extend the program day for children. Programs operate for at least 9 months but do not necessarily follow school district calendars. The program year for state-funded ECAPs is based on the state fiscal year and extends from July 1st through June 30th of the following year; programs determine operating schedules within this program year.
- ⁵ Programs provide high-quality educational and comprehensive services to children for at least one hundred and sixty (160) days per year, five (5) days per week, and three and a half (3.5) hours per day with ECAP funding.
- ⁶ ECAP funding supports enrollment of eligible preschool-aged children, defined as at least three-years-old after August 31st to kindergarten eligibility age, at most five-years-old on or before August 31st of the respective program year.
- ⁷ There is no state policy on exceptions to the age requirement for kindergarten entry; this is a local school district decision.
- ECAP-funded children must meet the federal Head Start Program Performance Standards (HSPPS) eligibility guidelines. Ten percent of available slots must be provided for children with disabilities; programs can apply for waivers to this requirement. Effective as of the Head Start Act of 2007, 35% of enrollment may be children whose family incomes are between 100% and 130% FPL after priority is given to children at or below 100% FPL.
- 9 As per the federal Head Start Program Performance Standards, each program establishes selection criteria annually based on community needs identified in its community needs assessment; this may result in identification of additional risk factors.
- ¹⁰ Delaware follows the Head Start Program Performance Standards.
- 11 At least one meal is required; which meal is offered depends on the duration of the day and the start and end time.
- ¹² ECAPs follow the requirements for screenings per the federal Head Start Program Performance Standards. Depending on the screening, these are conducted within the first 45 or 90 calendar days of the program year. Screening procedures are locally determined.
- ¹³ ECAPs follows Head Start Program Performance Standards which require comprehensive services.
- 14 DDOE has created materials to guide processes. Additionally, Delaware has an "Expanding Inclusive Opportunities" committee that has created publications regarding best practices in inclusion classrooms and will be completing the ECTA self-assessment on inclusionary practices.
- 15 DE ESSA Final Plan: https://www.doe.k12.de.us/cms/lib/DE01922744/Centricity/Domain/208/DE_consolidatedstateplan.FINAL%2011.5.18.pdf; T
- 16 Curriculum decision-making and implementation is guided by Delaware Stars for Early Success, Delaware's Quality Rating and Improvement System. All ECAPs are a Star 4 or 5, and thus follow curricula guidelines and receive technical assistance as a Stars Level 4 or 5 center.
- 17 All ECAP programs participate in the state QRIS. The state QRIS has technical assistants who work with programs to ensure curriculum is implemented with fidelity.
- 18 Delaware Stars approved curricula lists can be found here: http://www.delawarestars.udel.edu/curriculum-and-assessment/
- 19 Federal Head Start Program Performance Standards require at least an associate degree in early childhood education or a related field in addition to coursework equivalent to a major relating to early childhood education and experience teaching preschool-age children. Lead teachers in both public and private settings must meet these requirements. All other certifications and specializations are either not required or required by a particular school district (state and federal requirements are dictated by the funding source).
- ²⁰ Federal Head Start Program Performance Standards require that assistant teachers must have at least a CDA, be enrolled in a program leading to an associate or baccalaureate degree, or be enrolled in a CDA program to be completed within 2 years. Assistant teachers in public schools are most likely paraprofessionals, which requires an associate degree, high school diploma or equivalent, or a qualifying score on the Para Pro assessment.
- ²¹ New teachers employed by public schools are a part of a statewide mentoring program. Nonpublic school teachers were not subject to the 2016 Head Start Program Performance Standards revisions that require coaching in the 2017-2018 program year.
- ²² As per the Head Start Program Performance Standards, for dual language learners, a program must recognize bilingualism and biliteracy as strengths and implement

- research-based teaching practices that support their development.
- ²³ ECAPs can braid and blend other funding to support their entire program. ECAP funding supports "seats" for children within existing programs.
- ²⁴ TS GOLD is a continuous, formative, observational assessment with three checkpoint periods throughout the year.
- ²⁵ All programs use MyTeachingStrategies (formally TS GOLD) because the State funds child portfolios for all Star 4 and 5 programs.
- Delaware uses a reduced number of TS GOLD objectives within the domains of social-emotional, physical, cognition, math, language and literacy for its KEA. This is called the Delaware Early Learner Survey. Teachers have 30 days from the start of the school year to observe all of their students and an additional 15 days for data input online.

DISTRICT OF COLUMBIA - D.C. Public Pre-K

- The District uses a mixed-delivery system operating across three sectors for pre-K services, including traditional public schools (DCPS), public charter schools (PCS), and publicly-funded community-based organizations (CBOs). The District of Columbia Public Schools (DCPS) provides publicly-funded pre-K that is open to all DC residents. DCPS receives funding at the Uniform Per Student Formula Funding (UPSFF) level for students participating in pre-K classrooms. Additionally, DCPS receives Head Start funding, which enables schools to provide comprehensive child and family support services to all students enrolled in Title I schools through implementation of the Head Start School-Wide Model. Public charter schools (PCS) provide publicly-funded pre-K that is open to all DC residents. While PCS receive funding at the UPSFF level from the District government, they operate independently from the traditional public school system. Each PCS is authorized and monitored by the DC Public Charter School Board (PCSB). Through a partnership with the United Planning Organization, select PCS sites also receive Head Start funding to support pre-K programming. Community-based organizations (CBOs) that achieve and maintain a high-quality designation under the Pre-K Enhancement and Expansion Act, provide publicly-funded pre-K that is open to all DC residents. These CBOs receive an allocation of funding to supplement funds received through the District's subsidized child care program and the federal Head Start program up to the UPSFF level for each student served.
- ² Across the District's eight Wards, pre-K is offered in 38 out of 67 Local Education Agencies. An additional 23 pre-K programs are offered in community-based organizations (CBOs).
- Most elementary schools in DCPS and DC PCSs offer pre-K for age-eligible students. Additionally, the pre-K grant is available to high quality community-based organizations (CBOs). PCS sites that are approved to provide pre-k (by way of the school's charter) may offer pre-k to any student that meets the District residency and age eligibility requirements.
- 4 The enrollment breakdowns were updated after the Yearbook was published, so the numbers reported in Appendix A may be slightly different from initial publication.
- ⁵ In DC, Head Start programs are offered in Title I public schools and private child development centers. These schools and centers serve children who are funded by Head Start, as well as children not funded by Head Start. To provide unduplicated counts, Head Start is excluded.
- ⁶ DCPS Title I-eligible pre-K classrooms incorporate Head Start services through a blended classroom model, in which federal Head Start and local pre-K funding are combined to offer a more comprehensive set of education services for at-risk children. Additionally, DC partners with community-based Head Start programs to extend the day by layering local and federal funds. This layered funding model supports before and after care to ensure eligible children receive a full day of care.
- ⁷ A small number of LEAs may use later cutoff dates.
- ⁸ Although the District has a stated age eligibility policy, there are some exceptions such that families may request that their children be allowed to enroll in pre-K programs in LEAs. In the 2017-2018 school year, 100 children who were age-eligible for kindergarten were enrolled in either DCPS and/or PCS pre-K programs.
- 9 Ratios and group size requirements are indicated for the sector (e.g. applicable to DCPS and CBOs). Ratios and group size requirements are based on the age of the youngest child in the classroom. PCSs have independent authority to develop their own set of guidelines/program standards for classes within each school.
- Only DCPS Title I schools are required to have these screenings. All students enrolled in DCPS, PCS and CBOs must have a completed DC Universal Health Certificate, completed and signed by the health provider, and must verify screenings for vision, hearing, health, dental, language/speech, developmental/behavioral, height/weight/BMI, and completion of immunizations. The required components of the physical exam as set by DC's EPSDT can be found at https://www.dchealthcheck.net/trainings/exam/exam.html. In PCS, schools with nurses give vision and hearing screenings as part of services. DC provides funding to DC health (Dept. of Health) to provide nurses in schools with an approved nurse's suite. They do not provide funds directly to schools for nurses. DC Health contracts with Children's School Services (a division of Children's National Medical Center) to provide nursing services to DC schools.
- ¹¹ All students identified with a potential delay are required to be referred to DC's Early Stages program.
- 12 In DCPS, 59 of 78 pre-K programs are Title I and therefore meet this requirement through our Head Start School-Wide Model based in Title 1 elementary schools. PCS are not required to offer these services though they report that they are offered.
- DCPS requires PD for preschool teachers who serve children with special needs and requires coaching for preschool teachers about children with special needs. Regarding the limit of the number/proportion of children with IEPs, there is no policy that limits the number of children enrolled with IEPs in a classroom. If an enrolled child is identified as requiring an IEP and the child can be served in an inclusive setting, the child will remain enrolled in their current classroom rather than be transferred to a different one.
- 14 The District provides policy guidance for identification and placement services (for DLLs) to all state-funded LEAs (public schools and public charter schools preschool programs). If the OSSE Home Language Survey indicates that a language other than English is spoken in the home, the student is screened using the Preschool IDEA Oral Language Proficiency Test (Pre-IPT Oral). If the child is not fluent, then they will be designated as EL and receive EL services. Additionally, DCPS early childhood education division created two new coaching positions focused on supporting DLLs and building capacity among coaches assigned to schools with higher proportions of DLL students.
- 15 The Pre-K Student Discipline Act of 2015 prohibits publicly funded pre-K programs from suspending or expelling pre-K students. If a DCPS coach or family service team member is made aware of an inappropriate suspension/expulsion of an early childhood education student, he/she reports the incident and works with the principal to implement supports for the children that allows the student to remain in the school.
- 16 DC's Common Core Early Learning Standards include content for children from birth through kindergarten.
- PCSs are not required to and do not maintain an approved list of curricula. A charter school must submit their comprehensive curricula (which includes standards, resources/instructional materials, methods of instruction, and formative assessments) as part of the charter application. When a school is approved to operate, DC PCSB is also approving the proposed curricula.
- 18 D.C. provides pre-K programming through three sectors: DCPS, PCSs, and in CBOs. Each sector has different teacher requirements. DCPS: Lead teachers must have a Bachelor's degree; pass a core Praxis test in reading, writing and math; and pass a Principles of Learning & Teaching Early Childhood test that verifies their content knowledge. PCS: The state gives Public charter schools the authority to establish their own requirements for teacher education and credentials. CBOs: Lead teachers must have a Bachelor's degree in child development, early childhood education, or child and family studies. Alternately, a lead teacher is qualified to teach if they hold a Bachelor's degree in a field other than child development, early childhood education, or child and family studies and have 18 credits in early childhood education.
- 19 In DCPS, assistant teachers must have a CDA. The state gives PCSs the authority to establish their own requirements for teacher education and credentials. In CBOs, assistant teachers must hold at least an Associate's degree (AA) in child development, early childhood education, or child and family studies. Alternately, they must hold an AA in a field other than child development, early childhood education, or child and family studies and have 9 credits in early childhood education.
- ²⁰ DCPS requires teachers to receive ongoing classroom-embedded support such as coaching and mentoring. Ongoing classroom-embedded support is not required for assistant teachers in DCPS; however, many schools require teaching teams to be coached together. PCSs determine the type of training teachers receive.
- $^{21}\,$ All DCPS and CBO Lead Teachers are required to have a BA (at a minimum) to teach in pre-K.
- 22 DCPS requires salary and fringe benefit parity for lead Teachers, including same starting salary, retirement benefits, and health care as K-3 for all years of service. Additionally, the DCPS salary schedule is prorated for differences in length of work day or year. For PCS, salary and/or fringe benefit parity for lead teachers is under the exclusive control of charter schools. CBOs that are designated high-quality through the Pre-K Enhancement and Expansion Program are required to pay Lead Teachers and Assistant Teachers the same as that indicated on the DCPS pay scale.
- 23 For PCS, requirements and/or supports are under the exclusive control of charter schools.

- ²⁴ DCPS preschool teachers receive professional development at their schools on an ongoing basis and are compensated the same as their colleagues in K-3 grades. For PCS, requirements regarding paid time for professional responsibilities and/or PD days are under the exclusive control of charter schools.
- 25 DCPS preschool teachers, like all other DCPS teachers, are members of the Washington Teachers Union and covered by the Union's collective bargaining agreement with the District. For PCS, charter schools have exclusive control for collective bargaining agreement matters for Lead Teachers working in the District's state-funded preschool program.
- ²⁶ In DCPS, educational aides can work 60-, 70- or 80-hour tours of duty (per two-week period) and can be either 10 or 12 month employees. As a result, their compensation is calculated on an hourly basis rather than annually. All DCPS aides are on the EG/DS-04 grade, with steps determined by seniority. The majority of the aides are 10 month employees on 35-hour work weeks. This figure assumes an employee in such position on step 4.
- ²⁷ Educational Aides in DCPS are covered by the LEAs agreement with the American Federation of State, County and Municipal Employees (AFCSME). For PCS, charter schools have exclusive control for collective bargaining agreement matters for assistant teachers working in the District's state-funded preschool program.
- ²⁸ The dedicated revenue sources are: Agency Program Activity CSG; GD0 Office of the State Superintendent of Education (OSSE); E800 Division of Early Learning; E806 Pre-K Enhancement and Expansion Program; 50-Subsidies.
- ²⁹ DC's Uniform Per-Student Spending Formula (UPSFF) links program funding to student enrollment. Each year, the District sets a "foundation level" of funding for each student. Various adjusted amounts (called "weightings") are added to the foundation for students at certain grade levels, or with certain characteristics.
- 30 DCPS classrooms are required to use TS GOLD. PCSs have the authority to select their own child assessment. In pre-K CBOs, child assessment tools are required to be aligned with the curriculum selected by pre-K programs. The curriculum must also be aligned with the Common Core Early Learning Standards.
- 31 DCPS and CBO teachers are required to complete Inter-Rater Reliability training annually to ensure reliability.
- ³² Each data collector holds a current CLASS Pre-K certification through Teachstone. Data collectors participate in monthly calibration activities to ensure on-going reliability with the CLASS measure. A random sample of the classrooms are 'double-coded' to ensure sufficient inter-rater reliability. Each data collector is screened for fidelity to data collection protocols during actual observation visits. Data collectors must pass the fidelity check in order to continue collecting data for the vendor.
- 33 CBOs, PCSs and DCPS receive program level reports identifying areas of strength and areas needing improvements. Additionally, DC convenes program administrators and education leaders for data engagement meetings annually to review and use/apply their CLASS data to inform decisions such as PD training, classroom instructions, and other program improvements.
- ³⁴ CBOs participating in subsidized child care or providing public pre-K are required to be part of the QRIS system. DCPS and PCSs are required to be part of an accountability system that is aligned with the state's QRIS.

FLORIDA - Florida Voluntary Prekindergarten Program (VPK)

- All school districts are required to offer the 300-hour VPK program during the summer.
- 2 Enrollment by setting does not add up to the total enrollment because they come from different data sources.
- Minimum operating hours are 540 hours for the school-year program (most programs operate 3 hours per day, 5 days per week) and 300 hours for the summer program (most programs operate 8 hours per day, 5 days per week). Providers are allowed to determine their individual calendars in order to meet those requirements. Specialized Instructional Services programs offer reimbursement for services to children with disabilities for whom a traditional VPK program may not be appropriate. The funding for these specialized services for children with disabilities is equal to that for children in traditional school-year or summer VPK programs and is used in lieu of attending a traditional VPK program. The school-year program cannot start earlier than two weeks before Labor Day, or before the first day of school according to the local school district calendar, and must end by June 30. The summer program may run between May 1 and the beginning of the next public school year. Most school-year programs operate on a 180-day calendar. Most summer programs operate on a two-month calendar.
- ⁴ Children must be 4 years old on or before September 1 to attend VPK. As of July 2016, parents of young 4-year-olds (those born between February 2 and September 1) could opt to enroll their child in VPK a year later when the child is 5 years old.
- ⁵ Child care providers are required to have a plan of scheduled daily activities, which includes meals and snacks as appropriate for the age and the times children are in care. Meals and snacks are required for extended-day programs.
- ⁶ All children participating in programs in licensed child care facilities or public schools must have evidence of vision, hearing, and immunization/general physical health screenings. Referrals for follow-up are recommended by the health professional. For public school programs, referrals for further follow-up are required.
- ⁷ Services for children with disabilities must be delivered according to professionally accepted standards. VPK Specialized Instructional Services allows parents of VPK-age children to choose additional therapies in line with the child's IEP in lieu of attending a traditional VPK classroom.
- ⁸ The standards are aligned with the Kindergarten Florida Standards.
- ⁹ Each VPK provider's curriculum must be developmentally appropriate, designed to prepare a student for early literacy, enhance age-appropriate student progress in attaining state-adopted performance standards, and prepare students to be ready for kindergarten based on the statewide kindergarten screening. VPK providers may select or design the curriculum for their classrooms, unless they are on probation as a result of their kindergarten readiness rates falling below the minimum rate. The legislation implementing the VPK Education Program requires the Office of Early Learning (OEL) to approve curricula for use by private prekindergarten providers and public schools placed on probation as a result of their kindergarten readiness rates falling below the minimum rate adopted by the State Board of Education (SBE). OEL maintains a list of such approved curricula at http://www.floridaearlylearning.com/vpk/vpk-providers/vpk-curriculum. OEL has developed curriculum specifications that align with the new Florida Early Learning and Developmental Standards: 4 Years Old to Kindergarten (2017) and is currently conducting a new curriculum review process. OEL developed An Educator's Guide to Understanding the Florida Early Learning and Developmental Standards: 4 Years Old to Kindergarten. The Educator's Guide provides standards, examples as well as environmental considerations, information on how to use the standards with diverse learners and much more: http://flbt5. floridaearlylearning.com/.
- ¹⁰ Florida early learning coalitions and school districts monitor providers on probation (private and school district sites) to implement an improvement plan per Florida Administrative Code including the use of an approved curriculum and training.
- Lead teachers in the summer program must have a Bachelor's degree or higher in: Early Childhood Education, prekindergarten or primary education, preschool education, family and consumer science, or teacher certification in any area. Lead teachers in the school-year program are required to have a CDA or equivalent, plus specified training about performance standards and emergent literacy training. VPK requires lead teachers, whether working in public or nonpublic school settings, to maintain a valid CDA or the Florida Child Care Professional Credential (FCCPC) equivalent as a minimum credential for the school-year program. A CDA or FCCPC must be renewed every five years. Training in specified performance standards and emergent literacy is also required for school year teachers. Lead teachers in the summer program must have a Bachelor's degree in a specified major and/or teacher certification. All child care personnel in licensed facilities must complete a minimum of 10 clock hours of in-service training.
- Assistant teachers do not have to meet any degree requirements, but must complete a 40-hour training course if employed at a licensed child care facility. This training course is offered by DCF. VPK providers on probation who must complete the Staff Development Plan as a part of their improvement plan, are required to have directors, VPK instructors, and VPK assistants complete several additional trainings.
- 13 All child care personnel in licensed facilities must complete a minimum of 10 clock hours of in-service training.
- 14 VPK teachers in public school VPK programs that are on probation are required to have individualized PD plans. For nonpublic schools, providers on probation must either implement the approved staff development plan including lead and assistant teachers or select a new, approved VPK curriculum. Providers selecting a new curriculum must require lead and assistant teachers to complete the required professional development to implement the curriculum.
- 15 Salary schedules and benefits are a district-based decision for public school VPK teachers and an individual business-based decision for private child care center VPK teachers
- $^{\rm 16}~$ Paid time for professional responsibilities and/or PD days is a local decision.
- 17 VPK Regional Facilitators are available for coaching public and nonpublic VPK teachers. T.E.A.C.H scholarships are also available.
- ¹⁸ Funding is appropriated using estimated population counts and the base student allocations.

- 19 Subcontracts are permitted with other community programs to help implement the parent outreach component of VPK and also with approved licensed or certified professionals to provide specialized instructional services for children with disabilities.
- ²⁰ The State of Florida implemented a new kindergarten readiness screener in the fall of 2017. This assessment was used to evaluate the 2016-2017 VPK program.
- ²¹ VPK programs are required to administer the Florida VPK Assessment. The pre- and post-assessments are required. There is a mid-year assessment but it is not required by law to be administered.
- ²² Training is provided online or though a CD that is provided with assessment materials.
- ²³ The State of Florida used the Star Early Literacy Assessment tool for the first time in the fall of 2017 as the sole instrument of the Florida Kindergarten Readiness Screener.
- The OEL VPK Outreach/Awareness and Monitoring Initiative Grant Agreement awarded to all early learning coalitions (ELCs) requires that a sample of VPK providers in the ELC service delivery area be monitored annually.

GEORGIA - Georgia's Pre-K Program

- ¹ Georgia has a separate state agency governing services for children birth to age five and their families. Bright from the Start: Georgia Department of Early Care and Learning (DECAL) administers Georgia's Pre-K Program.
- ² Children must be 4-years-old by September 1st of the school year they are attending Georgia's Pre-K program. Five-year-olds can participate in the program if they did not previously attend Georgia's Pre-K program or if specific approval is given. The exact number of 5-year-olds is unknown; however, eligible 5-year-olds served are included in the enrollment total.
- DECAL partners with child care centers, elementary schools and Head Start programs to offer before- and after-care services. State lottery funds supplement Georgia's federally funded child care subsidy program to provide extended-day services to children whose families meet the eligibility requirements. Pre-K students are an identified priority group for CAPS funding.
- ⁴ Children who are age eligible for kindergarten and attended Pre-K may repeat if the program submits a Retention Request, with supporting documentation, which has been reviewed and approved by DECAL.
- ⁵ The maximum class size and teacher-to-student ratio were changed as of the 2011-2012 school year, as a result of budget constraints, and will continue at least until the 2018-2019 school year. However, roster data reports that the average class size is 20 students with a 1:10 ratio.
- ⁶ All programs are required to serve lunch, but if a program participates in the Child and Adult Care Food Program (CACFP), the program is also required to serve a snack during the pre-K day.
- All children must receive a nutrition (BMI) assessment. Children in blended Pre-K Program/Head Start classrooms are required to have developmental screenings. All Pre-K programs are required to ask parents if a child has received a developmental health screening and provide a referral and appropriate follow-up to children who have not. Children eligible for Medicaid or PeachCare are required to have a 4-year-old full physical exam.
- 8 Additional comprehensive services are offered in the Summer Transition Program (STP). Each STP site is funded to have a Transition Coach to work with families.
- 9 During the 2017-2018 school year, there were 169 fully inclusive classrooms with an approved model and full day special education teacher. In addition, there were a total of 2,998 children with an IEP served in Georgia's Pre-K.
- DECAL offers a Rising Pre-K (RPK) Summer Transition Program which is targeted to low-income families whose children must be age eligible for Georgia's Pre-K program in the upcoming school year. The RPK program is focused on children whose home language is Spanish. Instruction in these classrooms is in both English and Spanish. Classrooms are staffed with bilingual teachers. During the 2017-2018 summer, DECAL served 868 children in 62 classrooms. The staff-to-child ratio for the RPK is 1:7.
- 11 WIDA developed Early English Language Development (E-ELD) Standards that describe the social and academic language DLLs need to process and produce across standards-based curricula in early care and education programs. The E-ELD Standards are aligned with the WIDA K-12 English Language Development Standards and have been cross-walked with Georgia Early Learning and Development Standards (GELDS). The WIDA E-ELD Standards are designed to be used in conjunction with the GELDS to help practitioners concretely connect the linguistic variations and needs of DLLs across all content areas of standards-based curricula and assessments.
- 12 DECAL provides a website (www.gelds.decal.ga.gov) which includes resources for families, teachers, and providers on the ELDS. All Pre-K teachers are provided with a GELDS manual and toolbox. PEACH is a newly developed interactive website (www.peach.decal.ga.gov) that provides ELDS-aligned activities for teachers to use in instructional planning. This website allows teachers to develop, save online, and print lesson plans.
- 13 All Georgia's Pre-K classrooms are required to use Work Sampling Online (WSO). A correlation between the ELDS and WSO has been developed. All teachers receive professional development and onsite technical assistance on curriculum, lesson planning, and child assessment.
- 14 DECAL completes a full curriculum review approximately every 5 years to identify curriculum models that best support Georgia's Pre-K Program. DECAL's approved curriculum list also includes: Alpha Skills Pre-K, Beyond Centers and Circle Time, Big Day for Pre-K, CORE Knowledge, DIG, Frog Street, Galileo, Investigator Club, We Can, and Wings. This curricula list is provided on the DECAL website with guidance regarding selection of a curricula.
- ¹⁵ Individual programs can request approval to implement a subject-specific curriculum. Last year, programs were eligible to apply for funding to implement the social emotional curricula, Second Step.
- Lead teachers must have a minimum of a Bachelor's degree in Early Childhood Education or a related specified field (i.e., Child Development). Twenty-six percent of lead teachers have an advanced ECE degree beyond a BA (1,054 lead teachers have a Master's degree, 127 have a Specialist degree, and 4 teachers have a Doctorate). In addition, 73% of lead teachers hold a Georgia teacher certification issued by the Georgia Professional Standards Commission, which also licenses all K-12 teachers in the
- A CDA is the minimum requirement for assistant teachers in Georgia's Pre-K Program. However, the majority of assistant teachers (1,604) hold a state paraprofessional license issued by the Georgia Professional Standards Commission. Additionally, many assistant teachers have a higher ECE credential: 235 have a Technical College Diploma, 365 have a Technical College Certificate, 370 have an Associate's degree, 122 have a BA, and 37 have an advanced degree.
- 18 DECAL provides a minimum of 12 clock hours of training each year to all Georgia's Pre-K lead and assistant teachers. Training is customized for the participants based on their lead or assistant teacher role. This training is offered free of charge to the staff. Programs are required to document the additional 3 hours of appropriate training.
- 19 Pre-K providers are required to develop a written Professional Development Plan for lead and assistant teachers. A Professional Development Plan is used as a tool to help plan a career, guide development, and assess progress toward career goals. The Professional Development Plan for Pre-K staff should include: identified areas for improvement and growth, specific professional learning activities to address these areas (including Pre-K trainings attended), timelines for completion, hours accrued, and reviews of progress toward goals.
- ²⁰ All Pre-K programs have an assigned Education Specialist, with an ECE credential and appropriate experience, who provides classroom-embedded technical assistance and coaching in all classrooms and onsite monitoring for programs. In addition, individual teachers are selected to participate in an intensive professional development project focused on improving teacher-child interactions. These teachers are provided on-going in-class coaching, regular observations, and attend monthly professional learning community sessions.
- The amount of support or number of coaching visits is differentiated based on teacher and program needs. New teachers receive additional visits, while veteran teachers may only be visited 2 or 3 times a year. Teachers participating in Making the Most of Classroom Interactions (MMCI) PD receive monthly coaching sessions. Teachers in programs that are in the Quality Support Program (Funding Probation) receive, at a minimum, quarterly classroom observations, goal setting, and targeted technical assistance. In addition, teachers who are identified as struggling with classroom management or dealing with challenging behaviors receive Intensive Professional Development from a regional Inclusion Specialist. A total of 34 child care centers that are funded for Pre-K received resources and training to support full implementation of the Pyramid Model for Supporting Social Emotional Competence in Infants and Young Children, which includes classroom embedded coaching.
- The number of teachers assigned to a coach depends on the type of service and teacher need. For MMCI, each Specialist supports 10 classrooms. On average, each Pre-K specialist is assigned 100 classrooms; however, the support is differentiated based on need. There are also nine regional Inclusion Specialists. Programs are required to have both system and site level personnel to support Pre-K classrooms, and DECAL provides training and resources to those personnel.
- 23 Training is required for both lead and assistant teachers who work in our Rising Pre-K classes in our STP program that is for DLLs.
- ²⁴ Georgia's Pre-K Program Guidelines outline policies and requirements for salary and benefits for Pre-K Lead teachers. These are updated annually to reflect any changes.

- In addition, any salary or benefit increases for K-12 teachers in the state budget are also allocated in the Pre-K budget annually. This allows for the Pre-K Program to maintain parity with the K-12 system.
- ²⁵ Salary requirements are the same for both Public and Private Pre-K teachers (http://www.decal.ga.gov/Prek/GuidelinesandAppendix.aspx). Funding for benefits for Pre-K assistant teachers are allocated in Pre-K grants at the same rate as K-12 teachers. Pre-K teachers employed by local school systems are offered the same benefit package as K-12 teachers. However, private Pre-K programs are allowed to determine benefits at the local level. This allows programs to align Pre-K benefit packages with other employees in the program.
- ²⁶ The requirements are the same for Pre-K teachers in both public and private programs. Teachers are required to be paid for professional learning days, overtime for training or PD, and professional expenses including travel. For additional information see: http://www.decal.ga.gov/Prek/GuidelinesandAppendix.aspx
- ²⁷ Pre-K lead and assistant teachers are eligible for both the DECAL Scholars program and the Georgia Lottery for Education HOPE program.
- ²⁸ Georgia does not have teacher unions.
- The Georgia Pre-K Program Guidelines outline policies and requirements for salary and benefits for Pre-K assistant teachers. These are updated annually to reflect any changes. In addition, any salary or benefit increases for K-12 teachers in the state budget are also allocated in the Pre-K budget annually. This allows for the Pre-K Program to maintain parity with the K-12 system. The starting salary for all Georgia's Pre-K assistant teachers is actually higher than the starting salary for K-12 assistant teachers. Funding for benefits for Pre-K assistant teachers are allocated in Pre-K grants at the same rate as K-12 teachers. However, private Pre-K programs are allowed to determine benefits at the local level. This allows programs to align Pre-K benefit packages with other employees in the program. DECAL is working with the Governor's Office of Planning and Budget on possible increases to the benefit rates for all Pre-K teachers.
- ³⁰ An additional \$5,359,380 in CCDF funding was used to support the Summer Transition Program (STP). STP is a six-week program during the summer which serves children who are in need of additional academic support prior to starting school.
- ³¹ In 2016, DECAL commissioned researchers from Child Trends to conduct an analysis examining the relationship between Pre-K participation and Georgia's Third Grade Assessments (Milestones). This analysis utilized Georgia's Academic and Workforce Analysis and Research Data System (GAAWARDS, https://gosa.georgia.gov/statewide-longitudinal-data-system-ga%E2%80%A2awards). The study found small, but significant associations with Georgia's Pre-K participation and assessment scores. Results and study materials can be found here: http://www.decal.ga.gov/BftS/ThirdGradeAchievement.aspx
- ³² Observers must demonstrate annual reliability for all instruments for which they conduct observations. Additionally, all observation data is collected and reviewed by internal research staff to ensure observations are conducted in a manner supporting the reliability and validity measures established for each tool. Annual professional development is provided for observers, and an internal protocol has been established for each observation tool to ensure consistency. Also staff complete joint visits with experts to complete double coding visits to ensure reliability.
- 33 The Georgia Kindergarten Inventory of Developing Skills (GKIDS) was developed by Georgia and is administered in all Kindergarten classrooms in the state. GKIDS also includes a kindergarten readiness assessment called the Kindergarten Readiness Check which is administered in the first 6 weeks of school.
- Georgia conducts yearly CLASS observations to gather a state baseline. Classrooms are selected to provide a representative snapshot of the program statewide. CLASS observations are provided to programs for program improvement and to support the development of Professional Development Plans. In addition, teachers receive CLASS observations as part of participation in MMCI PD. These observations are used in coaching sessions. For programs participating in the state TQRIS, Quality Rated, classrooms receive ECERS observations. The Teaching Practices Observation Tool (TPOT) is utilized in Intensive Professional Development provided by Inclusion Specialists.
- 35 Additionally, all observation data is collected and reviewed by internal research staff to ensure observations are conducted in a manner supporting the reliability and validity measures established for each tool. Annual professional development is provided for observers, and an internal protocol has been established for each observation tool to ensure consistency.
- ³⁶ Georgia's Cross Agency Child Data System (CACDS) aligns data from programs and services for children zero to five and their families. Data include state Pre-K Programs, Head Start, Child and Parent Services (childcare subsidy), IDEA Part C and B, Home Visiting, and foster care.

HAWAII - Hawaii's Executive Office on Early Learning Public Pre-Kindergarten Program

- Although the Hawaii Department of Education (DOE) does not have authority over the Executive Office on Early Learning (EOEL), EOEL is administratively attached to the DOE.
- The Hawaii State Public Charter School Commission will be requesting funds from the legislature in 2019 for 18 Pre-Kindergarten classrooms in order to sustain the program.
- The data do not distinguish English-only households from multilingual households where English is spoken. Rather, they reflect the primary language spoken at home. Language spoken by the 30 students whose home language is not English include Samoan/Chuukese/Marshallese/Tongan, Ilokano/Tagalog, and other languages. Data are missing for 7 children.
- 4 State funded preschool can only be implemented in the DOE due to Article X of the Hawaii State Constitution which prohibits the use of public funds to support private educational institutions.
- ⁵ Although there is no minimum requirement specifically stated in statute, the understanding is that the publicly funded pre-K program will run on the same calendar and schedule as the DOE public elementary school in which the classrooms are housed. This is the equivalent of 30.5 hours per week.
- 6 Priority is given to families who fall into the following at-risk categories: at or below 300% FPL; child disability or developmental delay; history of abuse, neglect, or family violence; homelessness or unstable housing; home language other than English; Parental substance abuse; teen parent; and child history of foster care. However, if a school offering an EOEL Pre-Kindergarten Program is unable to fill all spaces, the income requirement may be waived and the spaces can be offered to families who do not fall into the at-risk categories.
- Breakfast is offered before the start of the school day for a fee (unless the student qualifies for free or reduced-price meals).
- ⁸ In order for a child to register and enroll in the EOEL Pre-Kindergarten Program, which is offered on DOE public school campuses, he/she must have completed a physical exam which includes vision, hearing, height/weight, blood pressure, required immunizations, and a TB test.
- Parent conferences are offered to all families who have children in DOE schools, which includes pre-K. While transition to kindergarten activities are not a requirement, most DOE schools offer support (determined by individual schools) to students entering kindergarten across the state. Home visits are not required and are done on a voluntary basis by teachers who choose to implement this practice.
- Schools must provide ELL services to all students on their campuses.
- 11 The state has no policy regarding chronic absenteeism. Attendance is not mandatory for pre-K.
- ¹² EOEL provides professional learning support to program staff and school leadership as well as partners with the University of Hawaii System on teacher preparation to manage challenging behaviors, recognize trauma, and promote social-emotional development that would prevent suspensions and expulsions. We are planning to introduce legislation to prohibit suspension and expulsion in SY2019-2020.
- ¹³ Hawaii's ELDS are aligned with the Common Core State Standards, which include college- and career-readiness standards.
- ¹⁴ There is on-going training and feedback provided to teachers with respect to curriculum and instruction.
- 15 EOEL has worked with the Hawaii Teacher Standards Board to change licensure requirements relating to early childhood education. Starting January 1, 2020, any individual adding the fields of Early Childhood Education (ECE) PK-3 and ECE PK-K to an existing Hawaii teaching license must complete 30-36 credit hours from a state-approved teacher preparation program in ECE.
- ¹⁶ Educational assistants can also have a high school diploma and 48 semester credits of baccalaureate level courses from an accredited institution of higher education recognized by the DOE. The 48 semester credits can be from various program or academic areas but 3 must be for math and 3 for English courses. Hawaii is in the process of working on the implementation of a requirement for all assistant teachers in the EOEL Pre-Kindergarten Program to have at least 9 credits of coursework (comparable to a CDA) in Early Childhood or Child Development.
- 17 Although there is no state requirement, the union contract requires 21 hours of teacher in-service professional development. All teachers are required to be in the union.

The union contract is negotiated with the state. For EOEL Pre-kindergarten teachers, at least 60 hours of professional development in ECE are offered to teachers per vear in addition to the required 21 hours.

- Coaching and mentoring support is provided to teachers and assistant teachers. The frequency of coaching and mentoring is dependent upon the knowledge base and skills of the individual teacher and assistant teacher based on self-reporting, ongoing observations by early learning resource teachers and school administrators, as well as the CLASS assessment. Experienced teachers may receive coaching and/or mentoring 1-2 times a month while those needing more support may receive coaching/mentoring 1-2 times per week.
- 19 All teachers in the Public Pre-Kindergarten Program are members of the Hawaii State Teachers Association (public school teachers' union) and have contracts which determine their salaries and benefits and ensure parity across all grade levels pre-k through 12.
- ²⁰ All public school teachers are paid for 2 days per year of planning and collaboration, 21 hours per year (the equivalent of 3 days) of PD, and 535 minutes per week for preparation, meetings, and other professional responsibilities. EOEL Pre-Kindergarten teaching staff receive an additional 10 paid days for the required PD offered by EOEL.
- $^{21}\,$ The PDG has provided stipends for program staff, which includes lead and assistant teachers.
- ²² All assistant teachers in the EOEL Pre-Kindergarten Program are members of the Hawaii Government Employees Association and have contracts which determine their salaries and benefits and ensure parity across all grade levels pre-K through 12.
- ²³ All state funding comes from the general fund and is specific to the EOEL Pre-Kindergarten Program.
- ²⁴ Educators who implement assessments must be trained to use the tool and pass an interrater reliability test.
- ²⁵ Feedback is provided through regular coaching and mentoring.
- ²⁶ Hawaii does not have a QRIS system in place at this time.
- ²⁷ Site visits are conducted through routine coaching and mentoring where support is provided to program staff.

ILLINOIS - Illinois Preschool for All (PFA)

- 1 Children from all counties participate. However, funding does not allow for services to be provided to all children whose parents want them to attend.
- ² In order to honor the state's commitment to sustainability through the federal grant, money will be set aside from the FY19 and FY20 state budgets to fund the federal grantees at the same level they receive through the federal funding.
- ³ Home languages include Spanish, Mandarin, Tagalog, Vietnamese, French, German, Arabic, Polish, Urdu and others.
- ⁴ There is not a formal partnership, but child care centers are eligible recipients of Preschool for All (PFA) funding and provide wraparound services for the PFA children in their centers.
- ⁵ Children must be 3 years old to enroll in preschool, but children who turn 3 after September 1 may enroll in PFA after turning 3 if there is space in the class. School districts may enroll children in kindergarten before they are age 5 based on local policy.
- ⁶ Low income is one of the risk factors taken into account in determining program eligibility. Programs use an eligibility form that consists of weighted criteria based on risk factors. Programs serve those children most in need in the community as determined by those exhibiting the most at-risk factors.
- Vision and hearing screenings must be conducted annually for preschool-age children by technicians or nurses trained and certified by the Illinois Department of Public Health. Evidence of completing the physical exam and immunizations must be provided by October 15. Programs work with parents to ensure children receive dental examinations, but there is no state requirement to report on dental examinations until kindergarten. The physical examination involves all components given on the State of Illinois Certificate of Child Health Examination, including a complete immunization record, medical history, diabetes screening and lead assessments. Students transferring from another Illinois school must present copies of their current Illinois school health records.
- 8 Additional information about inclusion policies can be found here: https://www.isbe.net/Documents/Inclusion%20Models%20Color.pdf
- 9 Resources for supporting English Learners can be found here: https://www.isbe.net/Documents/preschool_faq.pdf and https://www.isbe.net/Pages/Preschool-English-Language-Learners.aspx
- ¹⁰ The State will collect chronic absenteeism data in the Student Information System and is currently in the process of developing the rules and guidance to programs to address chronic absenteeism in preschool programs.
- 11 Illinois is also a pyramid model state for social and emotional development.
- ¹² ExceleRate Illinois, the Quality Recognition and Improvement System, provides additional information about child assessment and a list of assessments that are aligned with the Illinois Early Learning and Development Standards (IELDS). Additional information can be found at: http://www.excelerateillinoisproviders.com/resources/resources-by-standard?id=51. The Illinois Early Learning Project provides resources, tip sheets, benchmark videos, etc.: (http://www.illinoisearlylearning.org/).
- 13 The State does not officially approve curricula; however, programs must choose from among a list of curricula the state has confirmed are aligned to the IELDS. Administrative Rules state programs must use a researched-based curriculum. Curricula that are aligned with our IELDS can be found at excelerateillinois.com.
- 14 The teacher assistant in the classroom must hold an Educator License. To be eligible, an individual must be at least 20 years of age and hold a high school diploma or its recognized equivalent (GED) and meet one of the following requirements: (1) Holds an Associate's Degree (or higher) from a regionally accredited institution of higher education, (2) Completed at least 60 semester hours of credit from a regionally accredited institution of higher education, (3) Presents an official score report from Educational Testing Service (ETS) showing a score of 460 or higher on the ParaPro test, or (4) Presents evidence of earning the following scores on the Work Keys test: Reading for Information (4), Writing or Business Writing (3), and Applied Mathematics (4).
- ¹⁵ Assistant teachers must work under the direct supervision of a licensed teacher.
- 16 Each program must have staff development assessment procedures and ongoing PD activities that demonstrate how the results of the assessment were used to inform the program's staff development. Assistant teachers are not required by ISBE licensure to have PD hours, however, the PFA grant requires assistant teachers to have PD plans.
- 17 Coaching is provided to teachers in PFA classrooms based on the monitoring report for that PFA program. However, coaching is not required by state policy.
- Results from the PFA monitoring visit may result in programs being invited to participate in the PFA Coaching Project. The project is funded by ISBE through the Illinois Resource Center at no cost to programs. Programs receive support, on-site visits, and resources from the PFA Coaching Project to assist in the process of continuous program improvement. PFA coaches are experts in the field of ECE and have extensive experience with PFA. On average, coaches visit their teachers once a month. Coaches also meet with the administrators, often together with the teacher. Length and timing of visits vary based on the experience of the teacher and whether a monitoring visit is scheduled, but 32 hours/year are allowed per teacher and 4 hours/year per administrator. The coach is responsible for using these hours as needed.
- The location of the programs and the number of teachers/sites requiring a coach will determine the number of teachers assigned. Often there are more programs located in one or two specific areas of Illinois which would require more programs assigned to coaches. On average there are eight teachers per coach. The number of programs/teachers assigned to each coach does not differ with new teachers.
- ²⁰ For additional information, see: https://www.isbe.net/Pages/Preschool-English-Language-Learners.aspx
- ²¹ Public School District salaries and fringes are set by union bargaining agreements at a local level. For our state PFA programs we do not have salary parity for nonpublic school employees, however, parity is required in PFA sites participating in the federal PDG. In those sites, salary must be comparable to the local K-12 school salary schedule.
- Program compliance states that teaching staff receive relevant and appropriate PD to drive instructional quality. It is encouraged that the teacher and assistant get planning time and PD time together. Although there is no required number of paid PD days, it is recommended as best practice: https://www.isbe.net/Documents/PFA-Compliance-Checklist.pdf
- ²³ The State provides funding to the Gateways to Opportunity Scholarship program. The program pays a portion of tuition for eligible professionals working in early care and education or school-age programs who want to earn college credit, credentials, or degrees. Courses taken must be in ECE or CD. See www.ilgateways.org for more

information.

- ²⁴ The Early Childhood Block Grant line item appropriation in the State's FY18 budget was \$443,738,100 for children ages birth to five.
- ²⁵ PFA and PFA Expansion (PFAE) programs are required to use a research based assessment tool that is aligned to the IELDS and that assesses ELL domains, if applicable.
- ²⁶ PFA programs can choose any research based assessment tool, but 65% of PFA programs use TS GOLD and 25% use WSS. The state does not require a specific assessment tool. Each program must use a research-based, authentic assessment system that aligns with the curriculum and documents child progress over time. https://www.isbe.net/documents/235ARK.pdf
- ²⁷ The teacher must be trained by a certified trainer to use the assessment.
- ²⁸ Kindergarten Individual Development Survey (KIDS) was adapted from the DRDP-SR. It has been piloted, field-tested, and calibrated. Fourteen measures have been identified for state reports. For the 2017-2018 school year, all schools must evaluate each kindergarten student based on the 14 measures and report this information to the state. FY18 was the first year of statewide data collection.
- 29 The assessors conduct visits along with either the state anchor, who is 90% or above reliable with the authors, or a lead assessor, who has been 90% reliable with the anchor. These reliability visits take place on every sixth or eighth assessment visit, depending on the experience of the assessor (every six for newer assessors and eight for senior assessors). National Louis University maintains a reliability spreadsheet on everyone monitored by their supervisor.
- ³⁰ Teacher and program administrators are given ECERS-3 continuous quality improvement reports with reflective questions about their monitoring visits. These questions are used to generate a program's continuous quality improvement plan. These plans are reflected on yearly and updated by the program, and then submitted to the ISBE.
- ³¹ PFA programs located in child care centers do not receive their Excelerate rating from ISBE. They receive a rating as part of the larger center in which they are housed through the child care Excelerate path.
- $^{\rm 32}\,$ ISBE consultant site visits are conducted on an as needed basis.

IOWA - Iowa Shared Visions

- ¹ Shared Visions Preschool is in 22 out of 333 school districts in the state; there are 32 grants held within these 22 school districts. Additionally, there are 16 other organizations (including Head Start programs and licensed non-profit child care centers) which provide services through an additional 35 grants.
- ² Children may attend both Shared Visions and Statewide Voluntary Preschool Program (SWVPP) for different portions of the day or different days of the week, allowing for a full- or extended-day. Participation in a program may not be funded by both sources at the same time as supplanting of funds is not allowed.
- Special education enrollment is the cumulative number of children served over the course of the grant year. Of the 83 3-year-olds who received special education services, 38 were enrolled with an IEP while 45 were identified for services after enrollment; 42 of the 4-year-olds were enrolled with an IEP and 38 were identified for services after enrollment; one 5-year-old was enrolled with an IEP and four identified after enrollment.
- ⁴ There were 483 children enrolled in a Shared Visions program in which the awarded grantee reported collaboration with a Head Start program/use of Head Start funds. It is unknown how many additional children were enrolled in a Shared Visions program with an extended day provided by a Head Start program if it was not coordinated or due to a partnership with the Shared Visions grantee. Program designs include dual enrollment with braided funds, part-day for each program, and state preschool with Head Start providing wrap-around services.
- ⁵ Community Action Agencies were included in the Head Start category.
- ⁶ All program operating schedules are determined locally and are based on community need in the application process. There are no minimum number of hours per day or days per week required for the Shared Visions Program.
- Although there is not a formal partnership at the state level, the grant application requests information related to collaboration. In the 2017-2018 school year, some Shared Visions Programs blended with the SWVPP and/or Head Start programs to increase hours in order to meet the needs of children and families. SWVPP funds may be used to provide school- or extended-day services to children if the program meets NAEYC Standards and adds at least 10 hours of instruction per week by an early childhood endorsed teacher. The daily and annual operating schedules are described as part of the competitive grant application process and address identified needs within the community.
- ⁸ Kindergarten-age eligible children may enroll in Shared Visions if they meet eligibility criteria for income and/or other risk factors.
- A minimum of 80% of funded slots must be filled by children whose families are at or below 130% FPL. No more than 20% of funded slots may be filled by children who are over income but meet certain other risk factors. There must be at least one risk factor present for eligibility. Children who are not eligible based on income may enroll provided they are served on a sliding-fee schedule determined at the local level and are eligible according to one or more of the other eligibility criteria. Income eligible children (at or below 130% FPL may not be charged any fees for participation. Additional locally determined risk factors include: parent is incarcerated, parent is illiterate, parent is chronically mentally ill, and other special circumstances which may be interpreted by the local program. Teen parent is defined as under the age of 18. Programs may enroll children who do not meet income or secondary risk factors, but grant funds cannot pay for their participation and they must be at full pay or covered by another funding source.
- ¹⁰ In accordance with NAEYC Early Learning Program Accreditation Standards and Assessment Items, mixed-age classrooms with 3- and 4-year-olds must not exceed a maximum group size of 20.
- 11 The specific meals offered depend on the hours of operation, but programs are required to follow NAEYC criteria. The program must serve meals and snacks at regularly established times; meals and snacks must be at least two hours apart but not more than three hours apart. Depending on whether children attend for a full-day or part-day, as well as if the hours attended are in the morning or afternoon, will determine if breakfast, lunch and/or snack(s) are offered.
- Shared Visions Programs must implement NAEYC Program Standards, which require following the American Academy of Pediatrics (AAP) schedule for routine screening. Dental screenings are locally determined, but required as part of the full physical exam for 3-year-old children, per AAP. Screenings are typically conducted prior to enrollment, but children may enroll if not yet screened as long as proof of appointment can be provided.
- 13 In general education classrooms, teachers must have an appropriate endorsement that includes early childhood special education. Alternatively, a properly licensed and endorsed teacher must be identified as responsible for special education services in that classroom, and collaborate with the general education teacher.
- 14 A home language survey is sent home at the beginning of the school year and is required. Information about enrolled children's program and performance must be presented to families in their home languages. Programs are required to screen and assess all children in their home language.
- 15 Children who miss 10% or more of the days they should be in school "for any reason" are considered chronically absent.
- 16 The Iowa Early Learning Standards (IELS) were recently revised and are now available, but were not available during the 2017-2018 school year: https://educateiowa.gov/documents/early-childhood-standards/2018/07/iowa-early-learning-standards-3rd-edition
- ¹⁷ The state has developed a facilitation guide and supporting materials for reflecting on universal instruction. The materials align with the IELS and require programs to ensure curriculum, instruction and assessment are aligned to the IELS. These are available to any interested school district or preschool program.
- 18 The Child Development Coordinating Council (state advisory board) Policy and Iowa Code 279.60 require grantees to administer TS GOLD.
- Beginning in 2016-2017 and continuing through 2017-2018, materials were made available, including at the preschool grade-level, to support instruction at the universal tier level. Training for curricula adopted by grantees is determined locally, but may occur by the local program, intermediary agencies (e.g., Area Education Agencies (AEAs)), and/or vendors. Existing funds may be used to support PD of Shared Visions staff in the area of curriculum; additional funding is not provided specifically for this purpose.
- 20 Curriculum is locally determined but must be research or evidence-based and must align with the IELS. Programs may use grant funds to support curriculum implementation or training. The state offers guidance on criteria for selecting evidence-based curriculum models and materials are available to programs to support instruction at the universal tier level, including the preschool level, regardless of the curricula selected.
- Teachers must have training/education/higher education degree in one of four areas (ECE, CD, Elementary Education, or Preschool Special Education). All teachers employed by nonpublic schools must have a minimum of an AA or equivalent, and at least 75% of teachers must also have a minimum of a BA in ECE, CD, Elementary Education, or ECE Special Education, and this training must include the development and learning of children birth through kindergarten. Those without a BA must have an AA in ECE, CD, Elementary Education, or Early Childhood Special Education. Lead teachers in Shared Visions classrooms that are blended with SWVPP are required to

have an early childhood endorsement as part of their teaching license and meet the SWVPP requirements which requires a license in Pre-K, Pre-K - K, Pre-K - 3rd Grade, Birth - K, or Birth - 3rd Grade. The equivalency of an AA degree in ECE (acceptable for 25% of lead teachers in a non-public school) includes at least 60 college/university credits with at least 30 college credits in ECE, CD, elementary education, or ECE Special Education. The equivalency of a BA degree or higher in ECE includes a BA in any discipline and at least 36 college credits in ECE or related fields.

- At least 50% of assistant teachers must have a CDA or equivalent and 100% of those without the CDA or equivalent must have a high school diploma and be working toward the CDA or equivalent. An equivalent to the CDA is defined as a minimum of 12 college credits (semester hours) in ECE, CD, Elementary Education, or Early Childhood Special Education that encompass the following: child development and learning of children birth through kindergarten; family and community relationships; observing, documenting, and assessing young children; teaching and learning; and professional practices and development. A paraprofessional certificate would meet the requirements needed for an assistant teacher.
- ²³ Per program standards, initial orientation and training of staff members must include health, safety and emergency procedures. All program staff must receive PD in curriculum, assessment, working with diverse families, CD, and working with children with special needs. Staff members with a teaching license must renew their license every five years, including six credit hours of PD. Program standards also require each staff member to have an individualized annual staff development plan but the number of hours is not specified in these requirements. Nonpublic settings must be licensed by the Department of Human Services and require 6 clock hours of PD annually.
- ²⁴ Coaching is required for all teachers. For lead teachers in public schools it is required per lowa Code 284.6. For lead teachers in nonpublic schools and all assistant teachers, it is required by program standards, and locally determined how it will be implemented.
- ²⁵ Program standards state that mentoring, coaching, and PD must be included in a program's PD plan, but it is locally developed.
- There are explicit salary requirements for state funded pre-K teachers in public schools, but benefits are determined locally. There is a minimum starting salary of \$33,500 for lead teachers in public settings. School districts determine the salary schedule for percent increases based on experience. There are no salary requirements for Shared Visions teachers in Head Start or other non-district settings. Link to code: https://www.legis.iowa.gov/docs/code/284.15.pdf
- ²⁷ Iowa Code Section 284.6 requires that the school district have a PD plan that includes all teachers, including lead preschool teachers housed in public schools. The district PD plan should include not less than 36 hours of collaboration time, held outside of the minimum school day. For additional information regarding policies for district lead teachers: https://www.legis.iowa.gov/DOCS/ACO/IC/LINC/Section.284.6.pdf
- 28 Federal sources are unknown; however, they may be included in the in-kind support reported by grantees and therefore part of the reported local sources.
- ²⁹ The line item in the state budget is titled Child Development and is part of the General Fund. It is an annual state appropriation that is contingent on the state legislature. Funds are allocated to the Child Development Coordinating Council for Iowa's Shared Visions Programs. The CDCC awards funding through a competitive grant process.
- ³⁰ An evaluation study in 2017 collected baseline data on participating teachers, sites, and students. Evaluators from the University of Iowa's Center for Evaluation and Assessment collaborated with early childhood staff from the Department to conduct a program evaluation to identify the PD needs of the Shared Visions Preschool teachers, to evaluate the extent to which teachers are using TS GOLD according to the grant requirements, and to document how assessment data are used.
- 31 There are three checkpoints identified for TS GOLD: in the fall, winter and spring. However, the assessment is administered on an ongoing basis throughout the course of the year to be used for formative assessment and guide instruction.
- 32 State procedures for TS GOLD highly recommend that teaching staff complete the Interrater Reliability Certification (IRC) to support reliable use of TS GOLD. The state defines ways to utilize the assessment information and it is a local decision to determine other uses.
- ³³ Kindergarten assessment requirements in Iowa are related to Early Literacy Implementation law (Iowa Code 279.68) and Iowa Code 279.60. State law requires all kindergarten through third grade students to be assessed at the beginning of the school year and intermittently throughout the year using a Department-approved, universal screening assessment. This is so districts may address additional supports needed to help children be proficient in literacy by the end of third grade. Most districts use FAST; however, districts may use any screener that is state approved for this grade level. Additionally, districts must provide periodic assessments of students who are persistently at risk in reading, and students who are at risk in reading, for the purpose of progress monitoring using a Department-approved progress monitoring assessment.
- ³⁴ State law requires an approved literacy screening assessment for kindergartners so districts may address additional supports needed to help children be proficient in literacy by the end of 3rd grade. The state supports, and offers without cost, the use of FAST. Therefore, most districts use FAST; however, districts may use any screener that is Department-approved for this grade level.
- ³⁵ All state-funded programs must meet NAEYC Accreditation Criteria and maintain accreditation status as required by lowa law. This process requires a site visit and formal evaluation every five years, as well as ongoing observation, reflection, and feedback from administrators/supervisors. The state also coordinates support for classrooms to be received from the AEAs (regional supports) which includes classroom observations as often as determined necessary at the local level.
- ³⁶ The state does not develop or require a specific classroom observation tool. Tools used will vary depending on the AEA and identified need/request of the local program. Many programs report use of ECERS and CLASS.
- 37 State policy requires the implementation of NAEYC program standards, which require teaching staff to receive ongoing reflection and feedback from their supervisors. Additionally, the AEAs must support Shared Visions Programs with program implementation and conduct classroom observations and offer support as determined necessary. The state coordinates communication, meetings, training for the AEAs in order to support consistent levels of support across programs.
- ³⁸ Participation in QRIS is a local decision.
- ³⁹ The lowa DOE is working in collaboration with several state agencies and early childhood stakeholders, through a state-university partnership, to establish a governance structure to guide the design, development, and implementation of a statewide integrated administrative data system to enable policy-relevant analysis and evaluation to be conducted in support of Early Childhood lowa (Iowa's Early Childhood Advisory Council or ECAC) to support a more coordinated, comprehensive system of early care and education.

IOWA - Iowa Statewide Voluntary Preschool Program (SWVPP)

- School districts may partner with Head Start and/or community-based preschools. The school district remains responsible for program and fiscal monitoring. Funds flow from the school district to community partners.
- The total enrollment is an unduplicated count for the children enrolled in the Statewide Voluntary Preschool Program (SWVPP). These counts include all children served by the SWVPP, including students with IEPs. Not all of these children receive the .5 funding for SWVPP as some children are supported with special education funds or other sources of funding. Children may attend both Shared Visions and SWVPP for different portions of the day or different days of the week, allowing for a full-or extended day. Participation in a program may not be funded by both sources at the same time as supplanting of funds is not allowed. The total number of children who were served by SWVPP but not funded by SWVPP was 1510.
- These counts include children with instructional IEPs and support only IEPs (OT, PT, and/or Speech-language therapy). A total of 339 children were on support-only IEPs (nine 3-year-olds; 325 4-year-olds; and five 5-year-olds) and 1,050 children were on instructional IEPs.
- ⁴ Funds may be braided using a full infusion model, where the participation of children in the same classroom is funded by different funding sources, including Head Start and SWVPP funding, or a flip-the-switch model, where full-day participation of children is funded part of the day by SWVPP funding and part of the day by Head Start or other funding (based on eligibility).
- 5 Children in the SWVPP may participate in both state-funded preschool and Head Start (dually enrolled); however, information about the ages and numbers of children dually enrolled is not collected systematically. Data collected should be considered an estimate based on interview with Head Start directors of lowa grantees. Data are only available for 4-year-olds.
- 6 The number of children enrolled by location is based on data from Fall 2017 and should be considered an estimate. This information is not collected by the Department of Education, but by the school districts who report to the state. In order to provide an unduplicated count, the number underrepresents (in particular) children who participated in Head Start settings. Head Start classrooms are also located in public schools and private settings, but these children were not double counted.
- Programs operate a minimum of 10 hours per week, and the average is about 15 hours per week. Although there is not a formal state partnership to provide extended-day services, partnerships with Head Start or otherwise may exist at the local level to provide school-day programming.

- State funding is not provided based on a minimum number of hours annually. State funding is provided based on meeting SWVPP assurances, which include providing a minimum of 10 instructional hours weekly. An estimate is provided for minimum number of hours per year that may be offered based on a 180-day calendar year, accounting for five days to complete required home visits. Many programs offer more than the minimum required weekly hours.
- 9 During 2017-2018, children older and younger than 4 years of age could participate if space was available based on group size maximum requirements and SWVPP funds could be used to support their participation based on local school board decision to use its funds for this purpose. Alternatively, kindergarten age-eligible students could generate the full 1.0 funding if they were provided additional hours comparable with part-time kindergarten and are working on the lowa Core in the pre-K classrooms.
- 10 All age-eligible lowa children may enroll in any participating district. Enrollment is not dependent on the district of residence.
- ¹¹ Many programs are only required to offer a snack based on the length of the program day, although it is recommended that they serve a meal. If the program operates more than 15 hours per week, a meal is usually served. The majority of programs provide lunch or breakfast to children who qualify for FRPL.
- Record of physical exam within six weeks of enrollment is required based on program standards and criteria. The lowa Department of Public Health Administrative Code requires that immunizations be current prior to enrollment. While program standards and criteria do not require dental screenings, the majority of programs either require this locally or engage in dental screening practices during the year. The required components of the physical exam would be specified by the program standards being implemented in each classroom (the lowa Quality Preschool Program Standards, Head Start Program Standards, or accreditation by NAEYC). Program standards and criteria provide guidance for appropriate referral practices in the event that a child has a positive screen.
- ¹³ In general education classrooms, teachers must have an appropriate endorsement that includes early childhood special education. Alternatively, a properly licensed and endorsed teacher must be identified as responsible for special education services in that classroom, and collaborate with the general education teacher.
- 14 There were no changes for the 2017-2018 school year regarding policies to support DLLs. A required home language survey is sent home at the beginning of the school year. Information about enrolled children's program and performance must be presented to families in their home languages. Programs are required to screen and assess all children in their home language.
- 15 The Iowa Early Learning Standards (IELS) were recently revised and are now available, but were not available during the 2017-2018 school year: https://educateiowa.gov/documents/early-childhood-standards/2018/07/iowa-early-learning-standards-3rd-edition
- ¹⁶ Iowa Code 279.60 requires district-sponsored programs to administer TS GOLD.
- ¹⁷ The state offers guidance on criteria for selecting evidence-based curriculum models. Curriculum is locally determined but must be research or evidence-based and must align with the IELS. Programs may use grant funds to support curriculum implementation or training. Training for curricula adopted by programs is determined locally, and may be provided by the local program, intermediate agencies (e.g., Area Education Agencies (AEAs)), and/or vendors. Existing funds may be used to support PD of SWVPP staff in the area of curriculum. Additional funds are not provided specifically for this purpose.
- 18 All teachers in the SWVPP have a BA, an Iowa teaching license, and an early childhood endorsement. Appropriate endorsements in Iowa include Pre-K 3rd Grade, including special education; Pre-K K; and Pre-K 3rd Grade. All lead teachers must hold one of these endorsements (and may have additional endorsements). A teacher who holds only an early childhood special education license is not appropriately licensed/endorsed. Required training varies based on the training required for the specific endorsements.
- 19 Assistant teacher requirements vary depending upon the overseeing agency. Some classrooms follow lowa program standards, others NAEYC, and others Head Start. For lowa standards, teacher assistants may choose the lowa paraeducator certificate with early childhood or CDA. If they choose the lowa paraeducator certificate they must enroll in the classes and complete them within a year. A paraeducator certificate is required in Title I schools. If the program operates under NAEYC, annual reports and onsite monitoring require evidence that 50% of assistant teachers have a CDA and the rest are working toward a CDA. NAEYC defines an equivalent to the CDA as 12 college credits in ECE fields.
- ²⁰ State policy requires PD but does not specify hours. Guidance recommends that SWVPP teachers have 15 clock hours of PD each year. State policy and guidance does not specify a number of hours of PD annually required for teacher assistants, but does require that teacher assistants receive appropriate PD in ECE. Each staff member should have an individualized PD plan that is used to inform continuous PD.
- ²¹ Districts make PD available to non-district SWVPP teachers in the same manner it is offered to district personnel. Career development for school district preschool teachers shall be addressed in the school district's career development plan and implemented in accordance with Iowa Code section 284.6. The school district shall ensure that program staff members are provided appropriate staff development in ECE.
- ²² All teachers in the SWVPP have at minimum a BA, an lowa teaching license, and an early childhood endorsement.
- ²³ There are explicit salary requirements for state funded pre-K teachers in public schools, but benefits are determined locally. There is a minimum starting salary of \$33,500 for lead teachers in public settings. School districts determine the salary schedule for percent increases based on experience. There are no salary requirements for SWVPP teachers in Head Start or other community based settings. Link to code: https://www.legis.iowa.gov/docs/code/284.15.pdf
- ²⁴ Iowa Code Section 284.6 requires that the school district have a PD plan that includes all teachers, including lead preschool teachers. The district PD plan should include not less than 36 hours of collaboration time, held outside of the minimum school day. Link: https://www.legis.iowa.gov/DOCS/ACO/IC/LINC/Section.284.6.pdf
- ²⁵ Assistant teachers may have access to Iowa T.E.A.C.H grants (scholarships), but the state does not require this.
- The preschool budget enrollment is equal to 50% of the actual enrollment of eligible students participating in the program. Preschool foundation aid is calculated by multiplying the district cost per pupil for the base year times the district's preschool budget enrollment. The revenue provided from the state comes from two primary sources: state foundation aid and property tax and is paid from the State's General Fund. There is a statewide Uniform Levy of \$5.40 per \$1,000 taxable valuation. State aid is added in an amount necessary to generate the state-supported foundation level of 87.5% of the state cost per pupil. The remaining 12.5% is generated through local property taxes ("additional levy"). References: lowa Code section 256C.4, section 256C.5, and chapter 257.
- ²⁷ Funding flows directly to public schools. Public schools may subcontract 95% of the per-child allocation to Head Start, private preschool/child care centers and/or accredited nonpublic schools. The state does not support religious instruction during the 10 hours per week.
- The primary purpose will be to track the progress of students served by the preschool program and the students' performance in elementary and secondary education (including students with IEPs) based on state code requirements for this preschool program. It is anticipated that the evaluation will be conducted during the 2018-2019 school year, an MOU is in process with an institute of higher education in lowa.
- ²⁹ The frequency of TS GOLD in the SWVPP would be based on Iowa Code 279.60 and based on state procedures for administration: https://educateiowa.gov/documents/shared-visions-parent-support-and-preschool-programs/2018/07/iowa-gold-online-procedures
- 30 TS GOLD is required and myIGDis are optional. Documentation for science and technology, social studies, and the arts objectives in TS GOLD is not required.
- 31 State procedures for TS GOLD is highly recommend that teaching staff complete the Interrater Reliability Certification (IRC) to support reliable use of TS GOLD.
- 32 Kindergarten assessment requirements in Iowa are related to Early Literacy Implementation law (Iowa Code 279.68) and Iowa Code 279.60.
- ³³ State law requires an approved literacy screening assessment by October 1 for kindergartners so districts may address additional supports needed to help children be proficient in literacy by the end of third grade. Most districts use FAST (Formative Assessment System for Teachers); however, districts may use any screener that is Department-approved for this grade level.
- 34 All SWVPP classrooms are required to implement a set of program standards approved by the Iowa Department of Education: the Iowa Quality Preschool Program Standards, NAEYC Accreditation Standards and Criteria, or Head Start Program Performance Standards. Review of classroom quality and safety requirements are included in onsite monitoring and visits based on the selected program standards (and tools for supporting review for implementation of the selected program standards). Facilities that are DHS licensed are also monitored by DHS licensing consultants. QRIS participation in Iowa is voluntary, but those that participate in QRIS would use QRIS processes and associated tools for monitoring.
- ³⁵ All AEA and state staff who conduct classroom observations are trained on the Iowa Quality Preschool Program Standards. Local monitoring for classrooms following Head Start Program Performance Standards would be performed based on staff trained to monitor implementation of HSPPS and based on Head Start requirements for other measures of classroom quality. Those accredited by NAEYC are monitored based on NAEYC accreditation processes, based on individuals trained on the current NAEYC accreditation process. Programs that also participate in the QRIS would have ratings based on individuals trained to monitor based on this state's QRIS system and processes.
- ³⁶ QRIS levels are currently reviewed every 2 years.

- 37 Classrooms in districts (and their community partners) that are newly implementing the SWVPP are visited in their second year of implementation by the Iowa Department of Education. In addition, districts that are newly implementing the Iowa Quality Preschool Program Standards receive onsite visits in their second year of implementation. Programs also receive visits at least each year by AEA staff. Programs that are NAEYC accredited or following Head Start Program Performance Standards have onsite visits based on the visit schedules of NAEYC and based on local and federal Head Start monitoring. Programs may elect to be NAEYC accredited, follow Head Start Program Performance Standards, or the Iowa Quality Preschool Program Standards, but must follow one of these three program standards.
- ³⁸ The Iowa DOE is working in collaboration with several state agencies and early childhood stakeholders to establish a governance structure to guide the design, development, and implementation of a statewide integrated administrative data system to enable policy-relevant analysis and evaluation to be conducted in support of Early Childhood Iowa (Iowa's Early Childhood Advisory Council or ECAC) to support a more coordinated, comprehensive system of early care and education.

KANSAS - Kansas Preschool Pilot

- 1 In 2017-2018, this program was funded by TANF; the Kansas Department for Children and Families (KDCF) is the lead agency for TANF in Kansas.
- ³ Funding for the Kansas Preschool Pilot (KPP) is limited. Twelve KPP sites have received funding since the program's establishment. In the 2017-2018 school year, the Kansas Department of Education (KSDE) sought to significantly restructure the program to align with the State Pre-K 4-Year-Old At-Risk Program. In addition to funding the 12 KPP sites, KSDE used TANF KPP funds to supplement the Kansas State Pre-K 4-Year-Old At-Risk Program and fund additional slots.
- ³ The KPP funds programs, not slots. Data reported is estimated based on program reports of children completing the KELI-4 assessment.
- 4 The KPP grant cycle is based on the academic year, but schools determine the actual operating schedule.
- At least 50% of the children enrolled must meet one of the following risk factors: (1) Qualifies for Free or Reduced lunch program, or family income is below 185% of the FPL; (2) Single parent families; (3) KDCF referral; (4) Teen parent(s); (5) Either parent is lacking a high school diploma or GED at the time of enrollment; (6) Limited English Proficiency; (7) Lower than expected developmental progress in at least one of the following areas: cognitive development; physical development; communication/ literacy; social-emotional/behavior; adaptive behavior/self-help skills; (8) Child qualifying for migrant status.
- 6 School districts are audited annually according to the student count reported September 20th. Audit determines whether students do in fact meet at-risk criteria.
- 7 For classes with 21 to 25 students, a third teacher must be added. This additional teacher can be an assistant teacher.
- Example 2 Limited English Proficiency may qualify a child as "at-risk" and eligible for the program. English for Speakers of Other Languages (ESOL) services must be provided by qualified teachers. Guidance may be found at: https://www.ksde.org/Portals/0/Title/ESOL/ESOL/ProgramGuidance.pdf
- 9 KSDE publishes the results on our Public Report Card for the state, district, and school. KSDE provides technical assistance to any building and/or district that has 30% or more of their student population as chronically absent. Any school or district between 15%-29% receives a phone call to give support and have a conversation around their data.
- ¹⁰ Kansas has a toolkit to accompany its Early Learning Standards (KELS), available at kskits.org/kels-toolkit
- 11 The state-level approval occurs during the RFP application review and approval process. Preschool programs are required to implement an evidence-based preschool curriculum that includes literacy, math, and social-emotional components. These curricula must be approved by KSDE and align to the KELS. Assurances require programs to implement an evidence-based curriculum aligned with the KELS.
- 12 All school districts can access the Kansas Technical Assistance Support Network (TASN, see https://www.ksdetasn.org/) to support school districts' systematic implementation of evidence-based practices. Select school districts choose to participate in the Kansas Multi-Tier System of Supports, which includes state trainers who specialize in early childhood.
- Preschool teaching staff must have a current teacher license and must have, at minimum, a current Elementary Education license. A Kansas license in ECE is recommended. KSDE encourages school districts to hire teachers who have one of the following: Early Childhood Unified, Birth to Grade 3 license (ECU); Childhood Unified, Birth to Kindergarten license (ECU); ECE license (EC); Early Childhood Handicapped (ECH) license; or Early Childhood endorsement with a license in Elementary Education. Other accepted qualifications for teachers include Elementary Education, K-6 or K-9.
- ¹⁴ A CDA is encouraged.
- Teachers and assistant teachers/paraprofessionals/teacher aides must participate in at least 15 hours of in-service training annually. PD should address the curriculum model in use as well as other developmentally appropriate topics of early childhood learning. Examples include training through TASN, Kansas Child Care Training Opportunities (KCCTO).
- 16 Beginning in 2018-2019, KPP was funded by both TANF and the Children's Initiatives Fund (state tobacco settlement dollars).
- 17 KSA 72-67, 115 authorizes the board of education of any school district to enter into cooperative or interlocal agreements with one or more other boards for the establishment, operation, and maintenance of a preschool program, and authorizes any board to contract with private, nonprofit corporations or associations or with any public or private agency or institution, whether located within or outside the state, for the establishment, operation, and maintenance of a preschool program.
- ¹⁸ Assurances require programs to ensure each child receives a developmental screening at least once during the program year. The RFP application and review process requires programs to describe progress monitoring and assessment tools that will be used to determine the need for tiered interventions, as well as tools to assess the classroom environment (e.g. Inclusive Classroom Profile (ICP), Parenting Interactions with Children: Checklist of Observations Linked to Outcomes (PICCOLO), Teaching Pyramid Observation Tool (TPOT), Preschool-Wide Evaluation Tool (PreSET), CLASS, Prevent, Teach, Reinforce, mylGDls. KSDE staff review these answers and work with programs to ensure appropriate monitoring and assessment tools are in place.
- Programs are required to implement valid, reliable and appropriate assessment(s) aligned with the program's standards; this is included in signed assurances. Preschool grantees are required to implement an evidence-based preschool curriculum that includes literacy, math, and social-emotional components. These curricula must be approved by KSDE and align to the KELS.
- ²⁰ Beginning in 2018-2019, all Kansas kindergarten programs are required to administer the ASQ-3 and ASQ-SE2 at the beginning of a child's kindergarten year.
- ²¹ KDCF is piloting Links to Quality, a state QRIS system, in 2018. This system currently serves licensed child care, but not public preschools.
- 22 State agencies are engaged in active discussions regarding an ECIDS and plans to further this work in 2019 as a part of the PDG. There are no plans to create an ECIDS at this time.

KANSAS - Kansas State Pre-K 4-Year-Old At-Risk Program

- ¹ Any district may choose to apply for funding, though limited number of slots are available statewide.
- ² The request for demographic data reported 2,452 children as Hispanic at 456 as other races. Those are combined in the other races category here. Data provided matches totals reported in the state longitudinal data system, which are slightly higher than the total actual program enrollment of 7,264.
- Programs are required to operate for at least 465 hours during the school year. All children, regardless of morning or afternoon session, must have access to equal instructional time. Grantees are asked to describe the proposed schedule such as the number of hours per day and any plans to expand the hours, but this information is not systematically gathered.
- Children must meet one of the following risk factors: (1)Qualifies for Free lunch program, or family income is below 130% of the FPL; (2) Single parent families; (3) Kansas Department for Children and Families (KDCF) referral; (4) Teen parent(s); (5) Either parent is lacking a high school diploma or GED at the time of enrollment; (6) Limited English Proficiency; (7) Lower than expected developmental progress in at least one of the following areas: cognitive development; physical development; communication/literacy; social-emotional/behavior; adaptive behavior/self-help skills; (8) Child qualifying for migrant status.
- 5 School districts are audited annually according to the student counts reported September 20th. Audit determines whether students do in fact meet at-risk criteria.
- ⁶ For classes with 21 to 25 students, a third teacher must be added. This additional teacher can be an assistant teacher.
- Grantees are asked to describe locally developed plans specifically for the transition process, and for linking families to community resources. Mandated reporting is required by law.

- Preschool grantees must provide an inclusive environment. Special Education teams are required by IDEA to consider the Least Restrictive Environment (LRE) when making placement decisions for children with disabilities with an Individual Education Program (IEP). Children who are DLL and English Learners, from migrant worker families, and from families who are currently homeless should also be included in the Preschool Grant classroom.
- 9 Limited English Proficiency may qualify a child as "at-risk" and eligible for the program. English for Speakers of Other Languages (ESOL) services must be provided by qualified teachers. Guidance may be found at: https://www.ksde.org/Portals/0/Title/ESOL/ESOLProgramGuidance.pdf
- 10 KSDE publishes the results on our Public Report Card for the state, district, and school. KSDE provides technical assistance to any building and/or district that has 30% or more of their student population as chronically absent. Any school or district between 15%-29% receives a phone call to give support and have a conversation around their data.
- 11 Kansas has a toolkit to accompany its Early Learning Standards (KELS), available at kskits.org/kels-toolkit
- 12 The state-level approval occurs during the RFP application review and approval process. Preschool programs are required to implement an evidence-based preschool curriculum that includes literacy, math, and social-emotional components. These curricula must be approved by KSDE and align to the KELS. Assurances require programs to implement an evidence-based curriculum aligned with the KELS.
- All school districts can access the Kansas Technical Assistance Support Network (TASN, see https://www.ksdetasn.org/) to support school districts' systematic implementation of evidence-based practices. Select school districts choose to participate in the Kansas Multi-Tier System of Supports, which includes state trainers who specialize in early childhood.
- Preschool teaching staff for must have a current teacher license and must have, at minimum, a current Elementary Education license. A Kansas license in ECE is recommended. KSDE encourages school districts to hire teachers who have one of the following: Early Childhood Unified, Birth to Grade 3 license (ECU); Childhood Unified, Birth to Kindergarten license (ECU); Early Childhood Education license (EC); Early Childhood Handicapped (ECH) license; or Early Childhood endorsement with a license in Elementary Education. Other accepted qualifications for teachers include Elementary Education, K-6 or K-9.
- 15 A CDA is encouraged.
- Teachers and assistant teachers/paraprofessionals/teacher aides must participate in at least 15 hours of in-service training annually. PD should address the curriculum model in use as well as other developmentally appropriate topics of early childhood learning. Examples include training through TASN, Kansas Child Care Training Opportunities (KCCTO).
- Programs are encouraged to utilize other federal funding sources, including CACFP, IDEA, McKinney-Vento, and Head Start, as they build their overall program. The state Four-Year-Old At-Risk funding is one funding stream that supports that work. These decisions are made at the local level, and are not tied to the overall state Four-Year-Old At-Risk program.
- 18 Kansas has a set amount of preschool slots available for each school year. Each Four-Year-Old At-Risk slot is worth 0.5 Full-Time Enrollment (FTE) of the base aid per pupil, and then can trigger additional weightings (for example: weighted enrollments for declining enrollment, high-density at-risk students, bilingual, low enrollment, high enrollment, transportation).
- 19 KSA 72-67, 115 authorizes the board of education of any school district to enter into cooperative or interlocal agreements with one or more other boards for the establishment, operation, and maintenance of a preschool program, and authorizes any board to contract with private, nonprofit corporations or associations or with any public or private agency or institution, whether located within or outside the state, for the establishment, operation, and maintenance of a preschool program.
- ²⁰ Assurances require programs to ensure each child receives a developmental screening at least once during the program year. The RFP application and review process requires programs to describe progress monitoring and assessment tools that will be used to determine the need for tiered interventions, as well as tools to assess the classroom environment (e.g. Inclusive Classroom Profile (ICP), Parenting Interactions with Children: Checklist of Observations Linked to Outcomes (PICCOLO), Teaching Pyramid Observation Tool (TPOT), Preschool-Wide Evaluation Tool (PreSET), CLASS, Prevent, Teach, Reinforce, myIGDIs. KSDE staff review these answers and work with programs to ensure appropriate monitoring and assessment tools are in place.
- 21 Programs are required to implement valid, reliable and appropriate assessment(s) aligned with the program's standards; this is included in signed assurances. Programs are required to implement an evidence-based preschool curriculum that includes literacy, math, and social-emotional components. These curricula must be approved by KSDE and align to the KELS.
- ²² Beginning in 2018-2019, all Kansas kindergarten programs are required to administer the ASQ-3 and ASQ-SE2 at the beginning of a child's kindergarten year.
- 23 KDCF is piloting Links to Quality, a state QRIS system, in 2018. This system currently serves licensed child care, but not public preschools.
- 24 State agencies are engaged in active discussions regarding an ECIDS and plans to further this work in 2019 as a part of the PDG. There are no plans to create an ECIDS at this time.

KENTUCKY - Kentucky Preschool Program (KPP)

- 1 Beginning in 2017-2018, KDE included preschool students enrolled at the Kentucky School for the Deaf in total enrollments.
- ² Children dually enrolled in preschool and Head Start are served using funds from both programs and are identified as Head Start Enhanced. Each year school districts and Head Start programs enter into full utilization agreements to coordinate services to eligible children and to avoid duplication of preschool services and supplanting of federal funds and to maximize the use of Head Start funds to serve as many 4-year-old children as possible. Only four-year-old students identified for enhanced Head Start services may be dually enrolled in state-funded preschool and Head Start.
- 3 Differences between the enrollment breakdowns by race and ethnicity and the total enrollment reported previously are due to differences in reporting mechanisms and collecting data at different points in time.
- The Kentucky Preschool Program (KPP) is required to serve children for at least 2.5 hours per day plus a meal which usually totals at least three hours. In 2017-2018, there were 661 full-day programs, 497 half-day programs, and 3 programs delegating services to Head Start. Statewide, through these programs, there were 497 half-day sessions and 661 full-day sessions offered.
- ⁵ Kentucky has an initiative to incentivize public-private partnerships to provide full-day, high-quality early childhood services to child care assistance program (CCAP) eligible preschool children.
- ⁶ The standard program operation is four to five days per week. Other schedules must be approved by the Kentucky Board of Education. Districts may use one of the weekdays for home visits, parent education, special education evaluations, and other work related to providing comprehensive preschool services.
- ⁷ The preschool program is required to follow the school year. However, because of the comprehensive nature of the program, school districts are permitted to begin preschool classroom instruction later in the school year and end instruction earlier in the school year to ensure full implementation, including screenings, special education meetings, home visits and family education services.
- ⁸ Kindergarten children with disabilities may attend the preschool program under limited circumstances. The Admissions and Release Committee (ARC) decides the best placement for children with special needs. If the best placement option for a five-year-old child with disabilities is the preschool program, and space is available in the program, the child is placed in preschool but identified as a first-year primary student (kindergarten). No preschool funds may be used to support this child. In addition, non-age-eligible children may enroll if space is available.
- 9 Four-year-old children whose family income is up to 160% FPL are eligible to attend the preschool program. Three-year-old children with disabilities requiring specially designed instruction enroll on their third birthday, when transitioning from Part C to Part B services, or when they are determined eligible for special education services. Eligibility based on homelessness and foster care applies to 4-year-olds. Homeless children are categorically eligible as free-lunch eligible.
- ¹⁰ If space is available, districts may charge tuition to non-eligible children. Some districts offer a sliding scale payment which is based on annual gross income and family size. Tuition children are not counted in enrollment figures as they are ineligible for KPP funding.
- 11 The school districts are required to serve breakfast or lunch for a half-day program. Full-day programs serve both breakfast and lunch.
- A vision exam is required by January 1 of the year of enrollment by a qualified specialist. Districts are required to contact parents/legal guardians if any screening results indicate a need for further assessment by a specialist, follow-up, or referral for special education and related services or other appropriate resources. Information about preventative health exams is available on KDE's website: https://education.ky.gov/districts/SHS/Pages/Health-Forms.aspx

- 13 Two home visits are required each year. Also, the preschool program has access to Family Resource Centers (FRCs) for support services and referrals. For districts that blend with Head Start, additional services may be available to state-funded students.
- 14 KDE has taken steps to increase support for school districts serving DLLs. In 2017, KDE partnered with WIDA Early Learning in Wisconsin to provide school districts with a pre-conference session during the 2017 Early Childhood Institute. The session focused on language development and language-focused family engagement. In the fall of 2018, KDE formed a preschool English Learner work group to evaluate needs and develop preschool resources for school districts.
- 15 The process to calculate chronic absenteeism data is available here: https://education.ky.gov/districts/tech/sis/Documents/IC_CustomRpt_Chronic_Absenteeism.pdf
- ¹⁶ Beginning in 2018-19, KDE will require all districts to report preschool attendance through Infinite Campus.
- 17 The Governor's Office of Early Childhood may revise the standards in the future, including realignment to the Head Start Early Learning Outcomes Framework.
- 18 Kentucky uses RTT-ELC grant funding to support implementation of early childhood standards. The Early Learning Leadership Networks (ELLNs) provided leadership, service and support to school districts with implementation of assessments and standards, focusing on math, English Language Arts, and science standards.
- ¹⁹ Based on a list of recommendations in the Kentucky Continuous Assessment Guide for classroom/instructional assessments, KDE has approved five assessments for preschool programs: (1) AEPS; (2) Carolina Curriculum for (Infants/Toddlers/Preschoolers) with Special Needs; (3) TS GOLD; (4) COR Advantage; and, (5) WSS. Most programs have selected and implemented TS GOLD.
- 20 KDE and regional training centers (RTCs) provide leadership, service and support to school districts to ensure curricula and assessment are implemented with fidelity.
- ²¹ Decisions about curricula are made locally by school districts. However, curricula must be developmentally appropriate, relevant to and reflective of students needs, and integrate a variety of skills into activities that are targeted toward the interests of children. Support for making decisions about curriculum is provided to districts by KDE and RTCs.
- The Interdisciplinary Early Childhood Education (IECE) certification, birth to primary (kindergarten), is the unified special and general education certification for Kentucky early childhood teachers. When state-funded preschool and Head Start classrooms are blended, the higher standard applies, thus the lead teacher must have IECE certification even if the teacher is employed by Head Start.
- ²³ In Title I schools, assistant teachers must complete two years of higher education, hold an Associate's degree or achieve an acceptable score on the Kentucky Paraeducator Assessment (KPA). Kentucky is still reviewing the possibility of recognizing the CDA as equivalent to the KPA for Title I qualification. All preschool assistant teachers are required to have 18 clock hours of training each year.
- ²⁴ Classroom embedded support is determined locally for assistant teachers and non-certified lead teachers. Kentucky follows the Danielson Framework in promoting teacher professional growth and development, for more information about Kentucky's Professional Growth and Effectiveness System (PGES) see: http://education.ky.gov/TEACHERS/PGES/Pages/PGES.aspx; and the Preschool PGES guidance: http://education.ky.gov/teachers/PGES/TPGES/Documents/TPGES%20Guidance%20for%20 Preschool.pdf
- ²⁵ Out of a total of 1,147 lead teachers, 906 (79%) had the IECE certification, 82 (7%) were emergency/other and/or probationary IECE certified teachers, 88 (8%) lead teachers had letters of exemption, and 71 (6%) were preschool associate teachers.
- In state-funded preschool, there is parity between preschool teacher and K-3 teacher salaries. KDE supports but does not require salary parity for lead preschool teachers who do not teach in public schools. More information about district salaries is available here: https://education.ky.gov/districts/FinRept/Pages/School%20District%20 Personnel%20Information.aspx
- 27 Kentucky's RTCs may provide mentoring and coaching opportunities to teachers and assistant teachers as needed. Scholarships are available through Kentucky Higher Education Assistance Authority (KHEAA): https://www.kheaa.com/website/kheaa/ecds?main=1
- ²⁸ In 2017-2018, the state allocation for state-funded preschool was \$90,113,200. However, school districts have the ability to move other state funds into preschool, therefore the overall expenditure may exceed the basic allocation any given year. From this amount, \$7.5 million was used to develop a grant program to incentivize public private partnerships between school districts and child care providers. The line item appeared in the 2016 budget bill (House Bill 303 can be searched for here: https://legislature.ky.gov/Pages/index.aspx).
- ²⁹ During the 2016-2017 school year, Kentucky reported Federal funding from IDEA, USDA CACFP, Title I, Head Start, Race to the Top Early Learning Challenge Grant, Title II and IV.
- ³⁰ State funds are appropriated to school districts through a non-competitive allotment system approved by the Kentucky Board of Education. This typically represents the highest portion of funding districts spend on preschool. However, most districts use local funds to support the program. The state-funded preschool formula is based on the average number of eligible children served on December 1 and March 1 of the prior academic year. The final award amount is achieved by multiplying the per-child rates for each eligibility category (e.g., at-risk, speech, developmental delay, severe) by the average number of students per category.
- 31 With funding in House Bill 303, KDE partnered with early childhood shareholders to develop a new grant program to incentivize cooperative public/private partnerships between public school districts and child care providers to develop full-day, high-quality programs for at-risk children. The grant is intended to increase the number of Child Care Assistance Program (CCAP) eligible preschool children served in high-quality, full-day settings. High-quality means participation in Kentucky All STARS. Full-day means at least 6 hours of operation 4 or 5 days per week.
- ³² In November 2016, the Education Assessment and Accountability Review Subcommittee approved OEA to study the state's preschool and kindergarten programs. The study was intended to analyze funding, enrollment, characteristics and outcomes of preschool and kindergarten programs at the state and district levels, including the number of districts that are implementing full-day kindergarten. The study offered 15 recommendations for improvement, including further study to better meet the needs of Limited English Proficiency students and steps to comprehensively evaluate the preschool program once every five years beginning in 2020. Also, the study stated that FRPL students and students with an IEP who enroll in preschool are more likely to test ready for kindergarten than their FRPL and IEP peers who do not enroll in preschool.
- ³³ Assessments are required once in the fall (August 1 to October 1) and once in the spring (March 1 to May 1). A winter assessment is limited to students enrolling mid-term or whose assessment data were not available.
- Districts may choose one of five approved assessment tools for preschool: the AEPS, Carolina Curriculum, TS GOLD, COR Advantage (High/Scope), and WSS. Kentucky's choice of preschool assessments was developed with input from early childhood experts, and results are used in reporting children's progress towards meeting the Kentucky Early Childhood Standards and the Office of Special Education Program (OSEP) Child Outcomes. More about Kentucky's preschool assessments is available here: https://www.kedsonline.org/preschoolhome.aspx
- 35 Schools must administer the Brigance K Screen to all students upon kindergarten entry and assess K-3 students in reading and math each year. K-3 formative assessment choices are locally determined.
- 36 In the spring of 2018, staff in two RTCs achieved anchor status with the Environment Rating Scales Institute (ERSI). These staff trained other staff in all five regions, ensuring Kentucky has a core of reliable assessors to evaluate preschool classroom quality. In addition, Kentucky established cross-agency reliability between state-funded preschool, Head Start and child care.
- ³⁷ Teachers receive feedback the year in which they receive an ECERS-3 evaluation.
- 38 More about Kentucky All STARS is available here: https://kentuckyallstars.ky.gov/Pages/index.aspx
- ³⁹ Beginning in 2018-2019, Kentucky will replace the Preschool Program Review (P2R) with the Kentucky Preschool Evaluation System (KPES), meaning classrooms and programs will be evaluated once every three years during a six-year cycle.
- ⁴⁰ Kentucky has developed an early childhood profile for every county and the state, using data from most early childhood providers. The data are available through the Kentucky Center for Statistics.

LOUISIANA - Louisiana 8(g) Student Enhancement Block Grant Program

- Districts receive an allocation based on the October 1 count from the previous year and they determine whether to use the funds for the High Quality Early Childhood/ Pre-K focus area. In FY 2017-2018, 5 districts did not use their allocation for the High Quality Early Childhood/Pre-K focus area.
- ² Effective August 20, 2018, eligibility for this program was increased to 200% FPL. Prior to August 20, 2018, eligibility was based on 185% FPL, but free and reduced-

- priced lunch (FRPL) eligibility was not used as an automatic qualifier as income still had to be verified.
- ³ Many schools offer before- and after-school programs, but the state does not track or subsidize this activity.
- 4 Priority is given to students who qualify for FRPL. However, if all income-eligible children are otherwise served, additional students may also be served if they are screened and deemed "developmentally unprepared." After this, a decision could be made locally to serve a student with one of the aforementioned risk factors.
- ³ Some districts may charge tuition for any child who does not meet eligibility requirements (at or below 185% FPL). Tuition will be no more than the average amount expended per pupil on those children from whom no tuition may be required, excluding any amount attributable to the provision of classroom space and utility costs.
- ⁶ All meals and snacks must meet USDA/CACFP guidelines.
- ⁷ This program strongly encourages vision and hearing screenings. Other screenings are determined locally.
- Since most districts and other early childhood programs require these services, 8(g) students benefit from them. However, 8(g) doesn't formally require that these services must be offered but they are strongly encouraged.
- 9 Collaborative sessions are conducted several times a year to support programs in implementation of assessment, observations, and utilizing the ELDS.
- 10 Providers are required to assess children using TS GOLD or they may submit a request to use an alternative assessment, which must be approved by the state.
- 11 In Louisiana, all districts can purchase instructional materials that are best for their local communities. The Louisiana Department of Education (LDE) led an online review of instructional materials to determine the degree of alignment with state content standards to support districts with these decisions. Effective the 2017-2018 school year, state funded pre-K programs are required to use a Tier I curriculum in their publicly funded classrooms.
- Detailed guidance and materials developed by the state are made available to providers. Direct training or technical assistance is conducted by state and regional staff. A system of regular coaching is implemented locally as well as funding provided for local agencies or providers to conduct training and offer/identify other PD opportunities.
- ¹³ Effective June 1, 2002, Louisiana issued a Pre-K-3 license, instead of standalone Nursery School and Kindergarten licenses. A teacher with an elementary certification may be employed while working toward an approved early childhood certification within a maximum of three years.
- 14 All paraprofessionals/teacher assistants must meet LEA specific requirements for employment and one of the following requirements: (1) meet the definition of "highly qualified," which may include passing of the ParaPro test or achievement of a CDA or AA credential, (2) possess a high school diploma or equivalent, (3) have extended experiences of assuming responsibility and care for a group of preschool-age children (children younger than five years of age), or (4) possess proficient oral and written communication skills.
- 15 While most districts provide ongoing classroom-embedded support, there is no state policy that requires it.
- All teachers have a BA or higher.
- The Board of Elementary and Secondary Education allocated \$9,580,003 to local education agencies for the FY 2017-2018 8(g) Student Enhancement Block Grant Program. A total of \$9,092,619 was allocated for high-quality early childhood programs. Districts received a base amount of \$55,000 and \$8.80 per pupil amount. In addition, funds (\$275,000) were allocated to the LDE to administer the 8(g) Statewide Early Childhood Care and Education Network Expansion Program.
- ¹⁸ This is managed locally.
- 19 Each LEA requires that every child entering kindergarten for the first time be given a nationally recognized readiness screening. The results of this screening are used in placement and for planning instruction. The pupil progression plan for each LEA includes criterion for placement.
- The state may not require site visits but a regular monitoring cycle of site visits for 20 programs per year has been in effect since the 2013-2014 year. These evaluations and site visits are conducted by independent program evaluators employed by the oversight agency. In the interim years, programs will be visited by BESE staff to monitor progress.

LOUISIANA - Louisiana Cecil J. Picard LA 4 Early Childhood Program (LA 4)

- A total of 64 out of 70 geographic school districts, 38 charter schools, and one tribal school received allocations for the LA 4 program during the 2017-2018 school year. Any LA 4 provider not under the school district's jurisdiction operates as its own independent district. This results in a total of 103 LA 4 participating districts.
- ² Districts are not required to offer the program and, due to limited funds, programs must apply for funding. Priority is given to programs with previous history in the program.
- 3 Effective August 20, 2018, eligibility for this program was increased to 200% FPL. Prior to August 20, 2018, eligibility was based on 185% FPL, but free and reduced-priced lunch (FRPL) eligibility was not used as an automatic qualifier as income still had to be verified.
- Many schools offer before- and after-school programs, but the state does not track or subsidize this activity.
- ⁵ Tuition may be charged for any child who does not meet eligibility requirements (at or below 185% FPL). The sliding tuition will be no more than the average amount expended per pupil on those children from whom no tuition may be required, excluding any amount attributable to the provision of classroom space and utility costs.
- ⁶ Schools are required to report twice a year who conducts screenings and when they are conducted. Screenings that are not required are strongly encouraged and determined at the local level.
- ⁷ LA 4-funded children are required to be present for 74% of the scheduled school days each month, though this is not state policy or statute, only a program requirement.
- 8 Collaborative sessions are conducted several times a year to support programs in implementation of assessment, observations, and utilizing the ELDS.
- 9 Providers are required to assess children using TS GOLD in October, February, and May. They may submit a request to use an alternative assessment, which must be approved by the state.
- 10 In Louisiana, all districts can purchase instructional materials that are best for their local communities. The Louisiana Department of Education (LDE) led an online review of instructional materials to determine the degree of alignment with state content standards to support districts with these decisions. Effective the 2017-2018 school year, state funded pre-K programs are required to use a Tier I curriculum in their publicly funded classrooms.
- 11 Detailed guidance and materials developed by the state are made available to providers. Direct training or technical assistance is conducted by state and regional staff. A system of regular coaching is implemented locally as well as funding provided for local agencies or providers to conduct training and offer/identify other PD opportunities.
- For mixed-delivery LA 4 programs housed in child care centers, teachers must meet the same qualifications as those in public school settings. A teacher with an elementary certification may be employed while working toward an approved early childhood certification within a maximum of three years. Effective June 2002, Louisiana issued a Pre-K-3 license instead of stand-alone Nursery School and Kindergarten licenses.
- All paraprofessionals/teacher assistants must meet LEA specific requirements for employment and one of the following requirements: (1) meet the definition of "highly qualified," which may include passing of the ParaPro test or achievement of a CDA or AA credential, (2) possess a high school diploma or equivalent, (3) have extended experiences of assuming responsibility and care for a group of preschool-age children (children younger than five years of age), or (4) possess proficient oral and written communication skills.
- ¹⁴ While most districts provide ongoing classroom-embedded support, there is no state policy that requires it.
- 15 100% of teachers have a BA or higher.
- ¹⁶ Coaching and mentoring are available through certification requirements, but not through LA 4.
- 17 LDE determines the per-pupil allocation annually based on number of available slots. Allocations are based on a per-pupil formula. Non-required local contributions are not determined or allocated by the state; instead, they are funds that may vary annually to support local community programs. Districts must agree to maintain, in each year of participation in LA 4, the same total level of funding from any source for programs or classes of early childhood education or child care provided in the year prior to participation in LA 4, therefore the local amount is an average as it varies from district to district.
- ¹⁸ This is managed locally.

¹⁹ K-3 Literacy Screening Assessments are also used. These are district selected and LDOE approved.

LOUISIANA - Louisiana Nonpublic Schools Early Childhood Development Program (NSECD)

- Seats are awarded to programs through the Early Childhood Community Network Coordinated Funding Request. Inclusion in this request for the NSECD Program is open to all state-approved nonpublic schools and quality-rated child care centers statewide. Due to funding limitations, the Department prioritizes slot allocation to schools and centers located in parishes found to be in greatest need based upon the Early Childhood Risk and Reach Report. Not all parishes have representation in the application process.
- ² Effective August 20, 2018, eligibility for this program was increased to 200% FPL. Prior to August 20, 2018, eligibility was based on 185% FPL, but free and reduced-priced lunch (FRPL) eligibility was not used as an automatic qualifier as income still had to be verified.
- 3 Many schools offer before- and after-school programs, but the state does not track or subsidize this activity.
- ⁴ Nonpublic schools determine their own tuition rates for children who do not meet the program's eligibility requirements.
- ⁵ Other than those indicated, screenings are not required, but are strongly encouraged and determined at the local level.
- 6 NSECD-funded children are required to be present for 74% of the scheduled school days each month, though this is not state policy or statute, only a program requirement
- 7 Collaborative sessions are conducted several times a year to support programs in implementation of assessment, observations, and utilizing the ELDS.
- 8 Providers are required to assess children using TS GOLD in October, February, and May. They may submit a request to use an alternative assessment, which must be approved by the state.
- In Louisiana, all districts can purchase instructional materials that are best for their local communities. The Louisiana Department of Education (LDE) led an online review of instructional materials to determine the degree of alignment with state content standards to support districts with these decisions. Effective the 2017-2018 school year, state funded Pre-K programs are required to use a Tier I curriculum in their publicly funded classrooms.
- Detailed guidance and materials developed by the state are made available to providers. Direct training or technical assistance is conducted by state and regional staff. A system of regular coaching is implemented locally as well as funding provided for local agencies or providers to conduct training and offer/identify other PD opportunities.
- 11 Incumbent and new NSECD teachers must be certified in early childhood or working toward certification; those not already certified must have passed the Praxis I and taken all prerequisites to enroll in a Pre-K-3 or Early Interventionist alternate certification program. They must continually be enrolled and complete certification within three years of their hire date. Teachers with a kindergarten or Elementary Education Certificate must become an Early Childhood certified teacher by either taking the Praxis II or completing 12 hours of coursework within 18 months of their hire dates.
- New NSECD teacher assistants must be certified with at least a CDA or AA or higher in Early Childhood, Education, or Family Studies. Incumbent NSECD teacher assistants who are not state-certified must be enrolled in a CDA program or Early Childhood associate degree program, be continually enrolled, and complete the certification within three years of hire dates.
- ¹³ While most districts provide ongoing classroom-embedded support, there is no state policy that requires it.
- 14 This is managed locally.
- ¹⁵ K-3 Literacy Screening Assessments are also used. These are district selected and LDOE approved.

MAINE - Maine Public Preschool Program

- School administrative units (SAUs) have the following governance structures: cities or towns with individual supervision, regional school units, regional school units doing business as school administrative districts and school administrative districts, community school districts, alternative organizational structures, unions of towns, Maine Indian education, Technology Center, Technology Region, and Education in the Unorganized Territory. The total number of SAUs changes regularly, due to new partnerships being formed or dissolved. Although there are 225 school administrative units in Maine, only 186 have kindergarten.
- ² Maine Public Preschool is funded through the Essential Programs and Services Funding Formula (EPS). The amount of subsidy to each district will not decrease for the 2018-2019 school year.
- 3 SAUs and Head Start programs blend funds, but the way funds are blended varies across the state. Thirty-five percent of public preschool programs are in partnership with Head Start.
- ⁴ The number of hours and days per week a program operates is a local decision, however programs must operate a minimum of 10 hours per week to receive a per-pupil subsidy through the school funding formula.
- ⁵ It is a locally determined decision, but most preschool programs follow the kindergarten calendar.
- ⁶ Children must be 4-years-old by October 15 to enroll in preschool. It is a local district's decision as to whether SAUs will continue to serve children who are not age-eligible in a public preschool program. If a child attended kindergarten in another state with a different age-eligibility requirement, this will be honored. Allowances are made for children with IEPs who turn 5 between July 15 and October 15. The district receives the same level of subsidy for children pre-K through 2nd grade.
- All eligibility, beyond age, is locally determined with the exception of the requirements of McKinney-Vento. Some SAUs without universal capacity select children on a first come, first served basis; use a lottery; or create a targeted program. In addition, districts in partnership with Head Start programs may have eligibility requirements for a certain ratio of enrolled children.
- 8 If a child has been screened and evaluated and the IEP team determines the public four-year-old program is not the least restrictive environment, another placement may be found
- 9 Each classroom must have two adults: an early childhood certified teacher and an Ed Tech II (60 college credits).
- $^{\mbox{\scriptsize 10}}$ If a program operates fewer than three hours per day, only a snack is required.
- ¹¹ The developmental screenings used must be research-based.
- 12 The Maine DOE partners with Maine Roads to Quality (Maine's Professional Development Network) to create and deliver training on the ELDS.
- ¹³ A teacher who is certified K-3 or K-8 may apply for "conditional" endorsement and may teach in a public preschool setting. If a public preschool program is in partnership with a Head Start or private preschool the teacher must meet the same requirements as a public school employee.
- 14 All assistant teachers must have an Educational Technician II (Maine DOE Certificate) that requires a minimum of 60 college credit hours, including at least 9 credits in ECE or a related field.
- 15 The PEG grant required parity for Head Start teachers who are not employees of the public school. Maine DOE is encouraging the continuation of this funding.
- Public preschool in Maine is funded through the school funding formula (EPS). Once a school has gone through an approval process for a public preschool program, student counts are factored in to compute the Essential Programs and Services SAU allocation in the following year. Children who are 4-years-old by October 15 and in a program a minimum of 10 hours a week receive a full per-pupil subsidy based on EPS.
- ¹⁷ Schools are required to provide a local match to draw down the per-pupil state subsidy. The required local match is part of the school funding formula based on property wealth (state valuation) multiplied by a statewide mill rate.
- ¹⁸ Preschool assessments must be research-based and aligned with Maine's ELDS.
- ¹⁹ If there are "Findings" in the Public Pre-K Monitoring Report, schools must provide the state with feedback within 30 days of receiving the report. They are also required to update the state in the Annual Program Report.
- ²⁰ The state only uses aggregate CLASS data for reporting. There is no requirement for a district to use the data but it is used to help guide PD planning.

MARYLAND - Maryland Prekindergarten Program

- ¹ Four out of 24 districts offer universal full-day pre-K to all 4-year olds.
- The Bridge to Excellence in Public Schools Act of 2002 (Senate Bill 856) required that each school system offer pre-K programs to all at-risk students by fiscal year 2008. (The Act defines at-risk students as students who are eligible for free or reduced-price meals.) The Prekindergarten Expansion Act of 2014 (Senate Bill 332) was a statewide initiative to expand access to half-day and full-day public pre-K for 4-year-olds from families with household incomes at or below 185% of the Federal Poverty Guidelines.
- The State's Commission on Innovation and Excellence in Education (Kirwan Commission) is making recommendations for universal pre-K programming and funding to sustain, as well as expand, pre-K in the State of Maryland.
- ⁴ The number of 5-year-olds provided includes both preschoolers and kindergarten children.
- ⁵ Enrollment by ethnicity and race does not include the 1,046 4-year old children enrolled in community-based programs through the PDG grant. Also, enrollment by race is for the non-Hispanic population only.
- ⁶ PDG grant classrooms are funded for a full-day.
- Partnerships with Head Start provided some extended-day services. The state provided extended-day, extended-year services to 7,461 children ages 3 to 5 enrolled in Head Start.
- Both full-day and part-day programs operate five days per week. Through House Bill 668, Education State Grants for Education Aid, the state provides additional funds for four districts that offer full-day pre-K. In 2017-2018, the state budget includes \$28.2 million for the bill's purposes.
- Policy requires local school systems to have an early admissions policy to allow for enrollment of 3-year-olds who are otherwise eligible (economically disadvantaged or homeless) and who demonstrate educational needs warranting early admission into pre-K. Local school systems may create pre-K programs for 3-year-olds who are economically disadvantaged, homeless, or who lack school readiness. Early entrance to kindergarten is offered to children who demonstrate the need for grade acceleration to appropriately address their academic needs. Assessment for early entrance into kindergarten is locally determined in each school district.
- 10 All children must first meet the income (185% of Federal Poverty Guidelines), homelessness, or foster care requirement to qualify for enrollment. Remaining vacancies may be filled by enrolling 4-year-old applicants who are not from low-income families, but who exhibit a lack of readiness for school. Eligibility can be determined by other risk factors or criteria chosen by the local school system.
- 11 State policy stipulates an average of 20 students per classroom. Exceptions may occur where individual classrooms exceed this number, provided an overall program average of 20 is maintained. State child care regulations require a maximum class size of 20 and a staff to child ratio of 1:10 for 3- and 4-year-olds. In rare cases, if a classroom goes over 20, additional staff are added.
- ¹² Developmental and dental screenings are locally determined. Vision and health screenings and referrals are the responsibility of the school health services program, in conjunction with the Health Department under Title I, which applies to all children enrolled.
- ¹³ Services for DLLs are locally determined.
- 14 The Ready for Kindergarten (R4K) Assessment system is aligned to ELDS, including the Early Learning Assessment (ELA) and Kindergarten Readiness Assessment (KRA).
- ¹⁵ Maryland has developed a comprehensive 4-year old, pre-K curriculum in partnership with the University of Maryland with plans to develop a 3-year-old curriculum. The curriculum "Children Study their World" is currently being piloted in some 4-year-old pre-K classrooms.
- Paraprofessionals in Title I schools must also have completed two years of college, hold an Associate's Degree, or have a qualifying score of 455 on the Para Pro assessment administered by the Educational Testing Service (ETS).
- ¹⁷ One hundred percent of teachers have a minimum of a Bachelor's Degree; however, there are teachers who also hold a Master's Degree.
- 18 All local school systems are pre-K-12 systems. Salaries and benefits apply to all pre-K teachers and are locally determined. The PDG grant requires parity in salary.
- ¹⁹ Paid time for professional responsibilities and PD are provided but locally determined.
- ²⁰ Assistant teachers attend required PD days annually (paid).
- ²¹ Maryland does not have a dedicated source of state funding for its pre-K program. Rather, pre-K funding is assumed to be adequately supported in K-12 funding distributed to the Locals via the Maryland school funding formula. Therefore, actual state spending on pre-K outside of the expansion grant was estimated based on the state per child amount from the K-12 average per-pupil revenue multiplied by the number of full-time equivalent (FTE) children enrolled in the program, not through the expansion grant. In addition, the Prekindergarten Expansion Act of 2014 provided \$4.3 million to expand access to public pre-K for 4-year-olds from families with household incomes at or below 300% of FPL. Pre-K spending from federal sources is determined through federal funds that are dedicated to pre-K. Maryland has a PDG and actual spending is reported.
- ²² State policy does not require all programs in this state-funded preschool program to assess children's learning and development during the preschool year(s). PDG classrooms (only) are required to assess children. The Public Schools aren't required to assess pre-K children; however, they are required to use kindergarten data. The ELA is voluntary and provided by the state at no charge. All children with disabilities are assessed using the ELA.
- ²³ Assessments are required at Level 4 and higher in QRIS. Child assessments could include those that align with the State-recommended curriculum or the State-developed ELA.
- ²⁴ The assessors are trained on the assessments used and must pass a simulator for reliability.
- 25 State law allows LEAs to choose whether or not to administer the KRA via random sample or census administration. In 2017-2018, 12 out of 24 school systems conducted a census administration of the KRA.
- ²⁶ All PDG-funded programs (in both public and nonpublic settings) are required to participate in Maryland's QRIS.
- ²⁷ PDG classrooms are visited multiple times per year to provide technical assistance. Additionally, one monitoring visit per year is conducted for all grantees.

MASSACHUSETTS - Massachusetts Universal Pre-Kindergarten (UPK)

- ¹ There was a reduction in the number of UPK programs due to (1) program closures; (2) programs' inability to maintain the grant eligibility requirement (Level 3 in QRIS); or (3) programs not reapplying for the grant.
- ² The state currently has \$5,000,000 in the FY19 state budget for preschool expansion. If this funding is continued in FY20, the state will use the funds, in part, to sustain the current PDG programs.
- ³ Other private settings include 47 center-based programs and 27 family child care programs.
- ⁴ The hours per day and operating schedule vary by type of program and setting. Programs can operate either a school-year or full-year schedule. UPK programs are required to offer or provide access to full-day, full-year services. On average, programs are in operation 9 hours per day (range 3 to 12 hours per day), 5 days per week (range 4 to 6 days per week), and 2,271 hours per year (range 432 to 3,432 hours per year).
- ⁵ Formal, state-level partnerships exist between federal Head Start Grantees and the Commonwealth's Head Start State Supplemental Grantees. A total of 58 UPK Grantees receive the Head Start State Supplemental Grant.
- The UPK Grant funds 100% of the grant award amounts to those programs that provide full-day, full-year services, which is defined as operating for at least 231 days and 2,079 hours per year. Additionally, the UPK Grant prorates the grant award amounts for programs providing less than full-day, full-year services.
- Most public school programs use September 1st as the cut-off date for age-eligibility for kindergarten. Per State Special Education Regulations, the IEP team may allow a child to remain in a program designed for 3- and 4-year-old children for the duration of the school year in which the child turns 5 years old (including the summer following the date of the child's fifth birthday).
- 8 Any child may enroll in any program, but programs are selected to receive UPK funding based on program characteristics and on the characteristics of the children in the

program. An 85% of SMI income requirement applies to all children in UPK receiving subsidy money, but does not apply to tuition-paying families. For families to enter the subsidy system, they can have incomes up to 50% of SMI and can continue receiving assistance up to 85% of SMI. For families with special needs, they can enter with incomes up to 85% of SMI and remain until 100% of SMI.

- The sliding scale is determined by the UPK program if a child is part of the financial assistance system, and the sliding fee scale for parent co-pay is determined by income. Any programs receiving subsidy funds may use the Massachusetts sliding fee scale. If the program does not receive subsidy funds, they may use their own sliding fee scale.
- ¹⁰ Programs operating fewer than four hours per day must schedule snacks. Programs operating between four and nine hours must schedule a regularly scheduled meal in addition to a snack, while those operating more than nine hours must schedule two meals and two snacks. Parents or programs/providers may provide snack.
- Types of health screenings offered are not specified. UPK does not specifically include a requirement for health screenings. Health screening requirements are regulated by the State agency(ies) with administrative authority. For public schools, all LEAs are required to offer screenings and referrals under Child Find. These developmental screenings are available to children in non-LEA programs through services provided in the public schools. The types of health screenings offered are not specified for public schools. Head Start Programs are required to meet the screening requirements for the federal Head Start Program (developmental, health, vision, and hearing). All EEC-licensed programs are required to obtain documentation of immunizations, proof of physical exam (completed within 12 months of program admissions); and documentation of screening for lead poisoning.
- 12 Early Education and Care (EEC) Licensing Regulations include requirements for child records, curriculum, and family engagement based on language needs. Licensing regulations also require that 10% of educators' annual professional development time is focused on children who have special needs, including linguistic. The Massachusetts Quality Rating and Improvement System (QRIS) includes quality standards related to having classroom materials that reflect the language and culture of the children in the classroom, their communities, and represent the diversity of society.
- EEC's Interim Financial Assistance Policy Guide 2018 defines an absence as "Any day that a child is authorized to attend an early education and care program, but is not in attendance." The Policy Guide describes unexplained excessive absence: "Excessive absence is defined as more than 3 consecutive unexplained non-attended days. An unexplained non-attended day is when the child does not attend care and the child's parent does not contact the provider."
- ¹⁴ Additional supports include: Detailed guidance and materials developed by the state and made available to local providers; Direct training or technical assistance by state or regional staff; Direct training or technical assistance provided by vendors paid by the state; A system of regular coaching for teachers; State grants (\$3.95 million) to local agencies or providers for training and other professional development. UPK programs can use TS Gold, Work Sampling System, HighScope, or Creative Curriculum which are all aligned with the ELDS.
- The Educator and Provider Support (EPS) Grantees provide statewide professional development and coaching on how to implement curriculum in the classroom. A priority of this state-funded grant program is to provide professional development opportunities that align with EEC's Core Competencies, QRIS, and the early learning standards and guidelines.
- Lead teachers in public schools are required to: (1) have a bachelor's degree, (2) pass the Communication and Literacy Skills test, (3) pass the subject matter knowledge test(s) appropriate to the license sought, and (4) meet additional requirements for early childhood licensure, including seminars or courses that address teaching this population. Lead teachers in nonpublic schools are required to have certification which requires three credits in Child Development plus nine credits in three different categories of study within Early Childhood Education. Teachers are also required to have prior experience, the amount of which varies based on their other qualifications. All UPK programs are required to be, at a minimum, Level 3 in QRIS. For Level 3 programs, 75% of classrooms must have an educator with a BA. For Level 4 programs, 100% of classrooms must have an educator with a BA.
- 17 Instructional paraprofessionals in public schools are not required to be licensed in MA. Paraprofessionals must work under the direct supervision of a licensed teacher. The minimum requirements to be employed in this role are a HSD or equivalent and one of the following: AA degree; completion of 48 credit hours at an Institution of Higher Education; or passing completion of paraprofessional exam. Assistant teachers in nonpublic schools must have a HSD or equivalent and must work at all times under the direct supervision of at least a qualified teaching staff person.
- All public school educators who hold a teacher license must renew their professional license every five calendar years in order to keep it active. The number of in-service professional development hours required is based on the type of license held and the type being sought or renewed. For teachers in public schools, the Educator License Renewal states that each standard educator certificate shall be valid for five years and continued every five years thereafter upon the successful completion of an individual professional development plan that meets the subject matter knowledge and teaching skill requirements set by the MA Department of Elementary and Secondary Education (DESE) board. Individual professional development that meets the subject matter and teaching skill requirements are designed to increase the ability of the teacher to improve student learning. A Professional Development Point (PDP) is equal to one clock hour of professional development. EEC regulations require that all licensees, certified assistants, and any educator who may be alone with children must maintain current certification of training in basic first aid and CPR. Training in first aid and CPR may not be counted toward professional development hours.
- 19 According to EEC Regulations, all licensees, certified assistants, and any educator who may be alone with children must maintain current certification of training in basic first aid and CPR, in accordance with EEC policy. Training in first aid and CPR may not be counted toward Professional Development hours.
- ²⁰ All UPK programs are required to be at Level 3 in the QRIS, which requires individualized PDPs, including formal PD in the components of the assessment process, including screening, observation, use of assessment tools, and IDEA processes.
- ²¹ The Educator and Provider Support (EPS) Grant provides statewide professional development and coaching to programs that request such services. The frequency of coaching or mentoring depends on the individual needs of the program or teachers.
- ²² Child assessments are used at the program level. At the state level, evidence of completion is used to determine whether the UPK program requirements are met. Programs are expected to use the child-level data to make improvements for programming but also to tailor the curriculum to the unique needs of each child.
- The UPK Grant does not require structured observations of classroom quality. MA reviews self-reported observation results for programs participating in QRIS at Levels 2 and 3. A site visit is required as part of the QRIS verification process at Level 3 and the ECERS-R is used as the observation tool. Programs are required to be at Level 3 or higher. When a program has multiple preschool classrooms, the classrooms observed are randomly selected. QRIS requires all programs, regardless of QRIS level, to observe their classrooms using the required measurement tools (ERS, CLASS, Strengthening Families, BAS, and/or PAS) each year to develop/update their Continuous Quality Improvement Plans (CQIPs).
- ²⁴ The Program Quality Specialists perform technical assistance visits for those programs that are in the process of applying for Levels 3 and 4 in QRIS. Additionally, the state's contracted vendor conducts site visits for programs that have completed a Level 3 or Level 4 QRIS application.

MASSACHUSETTS - Massachusetts Chapter 70

- 1 While Chapter 70 comes to DESE through the state budget, the monies flow to districts and administration of the funds vary from community to community.
- ² Chapter 70 funds are available to all school districts based on enrollment, PK-12. There are 268 districts in Massachusetts that have a preschool enrollment. The other districts that do not have preschool enrollment include districts that regionalize at the middle/high school level and vocational technical high schools.
- ³ These data include both children with and without disabilities and reflect the October 1 count for the 2017-2018 school year.
- ⁴ The state currently has \$5,000,000 in the FY19 state budget for preschool expansion. If this funding is continued in FY20, the state will use the funds, in part, to sustain the current PDG programs.
- ⁵ The DESE defines Economically Disadvantaged as children who are eligible for free/reduced lunch, receive TANF, or are eligible for food stamps.
- ⁶ While the majority of children are enrolled in public school preschool settings, there may be some children with disabilities who receive their services at home, in a child care or head start setting and/or a separate school.
- ⁷ Public preschool generally runs 2 to 5 days per week for varying hours.
- Students must be 3 years of age to enroll in preschool. However, the cut-off date of when they need to be 3 years olds is determined by the local school district. The exception is for students who turn 3 years old in the middle of the year and are determined eligible for special education services. The cut-off date for kindergarten is also set by each local school district.
- 9 Enrollment policies are determined locally. If more children seek the program than there are slots, districts will often use a lottery process for children without disabilities.

- 10 The class size and ratios are based on special education regulations. If the class does not include children with IEPs, there is no state requirement for class size/ratios. These are locally determined.
- 11 Public schools are required to screen children as part of Special Education Child Find activities for all children in the community who seek a screening. Additionally, school districts are required to screen for vision and hearing within a year of entry into a public school (https://www.mass.gov/files/documents/2017/09/11/105cmr200. pdf). Other screening requirements are determined locally.
- 12 If students fail a hearing or vision screening, the school district must notify the family or legal guardian of the results.
- 13 The Look Act provides information on requirements for English language learners: www.doe.mass.edu/ell/look-act.html
- 14 The definition of chronic absenteeism is the percent of students missing 10 percent or more of the days they were enrolled at a given school during a school year. While the definition includes Preschool and Kindergarten, for accountability purposes, the Department does not report on Preschool or Kindergarten.
- ¹⁵ In Massachusetts, public preschool teachers seek the Preschool through Grade 2 license.
- Professional development activities shall be identified by the educator and supervisor during the development of, and review of, the Individual Professional Development Plan (IPDP) in order to better support student achievement. IPDPs must include at least 150 Professional Development Points (PDPs) that break down as follows: (1) At least 15 PDPs in content (subject matter knowledge); (2) At least 15 PDPs in pedagogy (professional skills and knowledge); (3) At least 15 PDPs related to Sheltered English Immersion (SEI) or English as a Second Language (ESL); (4) At least 15 PDPs related to training in strategies for effective schooling for students with disabilities and the instruction of students with diverse learning styles; and (5) The remaining required 90 PDPs may be earned through either "elective" activities that address other educational issues and topics that improve student learning, or additional content, and/or pedagogy. For more information, you can visit: http://www.doe.mass.edu/licensure/advance-extend-renew-license.html#renewing
- 17 For more information on Individual Professional Development Plans as outlined in Massachusetts Educator Evaluation System, see: http://www.doe.mass.edu/ pd/01quideline/devel.html
- ¹⁸ Coaching and classroom embedded support can be provided but is not required.
- 19 All licensed public school teachers have Bachelor's degrees and then have 5 years to receive their Master's degrees.
- ²⁰ For more information about the Sheltered English Immersion endorsement, please visit: www.doe.mass.edu/licensure/endorsements/sei.html
- ²¹ Salaries, benefits, and paid time are negotiated locally through union contract negotiations. Preschool is usually, but not always, covered by the union.
- ²² Wage or salary incentives for public school preschool teachers are negotiated locally.
- ²³ This amount is the total allocation for preschool Chapter 70. The total allocation for Chapter 70 was \$4,863,410,689. The state budget line item for Chapter 70 is 7061-0008. For more about the line item and its funding history, you can visit: http://www.massbudget.org/browser/line_item.php?id=7061000800&inflation=cpi
- ²⁴ The preschool funding is included in the larger Chapter 70 line-item (7061-0008).
- ²⁵ For information on Chapter 70, please visit: www.doe.mass.edu/finance/chapter70/
- Public schools may have relationships with community-based programs but if there is a contractual relationship between the public school district and the community-based programs, the children served in those programs are not included in the count that determines Chapter 70 funding. The exception is children who are enrolled in a public preschool and/or receive special education programs and who are also enrolled in a community-based program as a wrap-around to meet family and/or child need.
- ²⁷ For additional information, please see: http://www.massbudget.org/report_window.php?loc=Facts_10_22_10.html
- ²⁸ Although kindergarten screening is required, the state does not have any requirements related to kindergarten assessments.
- ²⁹ Observations of teachers and feedback are part of the educator evaluation system. For more information, please visit: http://www.doe.mass.edu/edeval/

MICHIGAN - Michigan Great Start Readiness Program (GSRP)

- The Intermediate School Districts (ISD), which cover the state, serve as grantees for GSRP, the state Pre-K program. GSRP sites are operated in all but one very rural county. A total of 326 out of 545 districts (60%) operated GSRP in 2017-2018. Classroom programs are still operated in the areas of those districts that no longer operate the program directly. In some cases, the ISDs are now providing the program directly and in some, CBOs have taken over.
- ² Legislation allows for a GSRP/Head Start Blend option, which receives \$3,625 in state funding to blend with federal Head Start funding per child to create a school-day length program. This option requires adherence to all federal Head Start and GSRP policies and regulations, with the more stringent standard from either program prevailing.
- 3 School-day classroom programs are reimbursed at two slots per child (\$7,250); all others are reimbursed at one slot per child (\$3,625). The minimum operating schedule is three hours per day for four days per week for 30 weeks per year. It is allowable for new grantees or newly licensed sites to operate only for 20 weeks during the first year. Subsequent years must be 30 weeks per year. Legislation allows for a GSRP/Head Start Blend option, and requires a tuition-based sliding scale for children who are over-income. GSRP/Head Start Blend is also included in the extended-day count. Data has been entered according to the NIEER definition. In Michigan, 6.5 hours per day is considered a school-day and extended day (wrap-around) would constitute a minimum of 10 hours.
- Operating schedule may vary depending on program option. The requirement for a part-day program is three hours per day, for a minimum of four days per week for 30 weeks. For school-day and GSRP/Head Start Blend, the formal partnership requires 6.5 hours per day, four days per week for 30 weeks. In Michigan, 6.5 hours per day is considered a school-day and extended-day (wrap-around) would constitute a minimum of 10 hours.
- ⁵ GSRP is aligned to kindergarten age eligibility law and that allows for exceptions to the September 1 cutoff by parent request. Parents may request early entry into kindergarten for children with birthdates between September 2 and December 1. Therefore, there is early entry into GSRP as well for those dates. Although this exemption was not included in the original legislation for 2017-2018, a supplemental bill signed in November 2017 reinstated it.
- ⁶ At least 90 percent of the children enrolled in each grantee must meet the income requirement of 250 percent FPL or below, with exceptions for up to 300 percent if sufficient numbers of children cannot be recruited at 250 percent FPL. There are seven factors that determine eligibility: low family income (below 250 percent FPL), diagnosed disability or identified developmental delay, severe and challenging behavior, primary home language other than English, parent(s) with low educational attainment, abuse/neglect of child or parent, and environmental risk. All families above 250 percent FPL, except for children who qualify as homeless, in foster care, or with an IEP, must pay tuition based on a sliding scale. Families that are over income as part of the 10 percent allowed must have at least two other risk factors and pay tuition based on a sliding scales are determined locally, and may be included for review during monitoring.
- For classrooms that enroll 17 or 18 children, a third adult who meets licensing requirements for a caregiver is required at all times.
- 8 Minimally, part-day programs provide a snack, though many provide breakfast and lunch for morning classes and some also provide lunch and snack for afternoon classes. School-day programs typically provide breakfast, lunch, and snack. The minimum number of meals/snacks required is set by licensing, dependent on the length of the day.
- The full physical exam includes: health history, birth history, meds taken, current/past diagnosis, measurements, essential findings, immunization record, and recommendations.
- 10 Chronic Absenteeism is addressed in the state ESSA plan beginning at Kindergarten. The GSRP Implementation Manual requires each site/classroom to take daily attendance and each subrecipient to have an attendance policy in the Parent Handbook.
- 11 Exclusion policy must be written to describe short term injury or contagious illness that endangers the health and/or safety of children or others. Children must not be excluded or expelled from classroom programming or transportation services.
- 12 GSRP is currently going through a process to evaluate new comprehensive curricula for inclusion on the list of curricula able to be used in GSRP classrooms. Part of scoring is based on providing an alignment between the curriculum and the Early Childhood Standards of Quality for Pre-K (ECSQ-PK).
- ¹³ State policy provides an approved list of child assessments aligned with the ELDS.
- ¹⁴ GSRP requires providers be trained directly by a certified trainer of the chosen curriculum.

- 15 SEA monitors ISDs that, in turn, are required to provide oversight and monitoring of subrecipient practices, such as the implementation of local policies/procedures related to fidelity of implementation of the program model. Each classroom also has an Early Childhood Specialist (Master's degree prepared classroom coach) to provide observation, feedback and support directly to the teaching teams.
- 16 All lead teachers must have Elementary teaching certification with an Early Childhood endorsement or a BA in Early Childhood Education or Child Development with specialization in preschool teaching. If training is incomplete, they may be considered out of compliance, but must be enrolled in a degree or endorsement program and in compliance within two years.
- ¹⁷ An assistant teacher may have a CDA or an Associate's degree in Early Childhood Education or Child Development. If a suitable person cannot be hired, someone can start while out of compliance, but must have completed at least one credit-bearing course in child development and complete the requirements within two years.
- Lead teachers who are certified in public school settings must also complete six credit hours or an equivalent of continuing education units every five years to keep their teaching certification current. Newly certified lead teachers must complete even more training to renew the certificate for the first time.
- All classrooms are assigned an Early Childhood Specialist (ECS, i.e., master's level coach) who visits each classroom at least monthly during the program year for the purposes of supporting the teaching team. The requirement is that each ECS is in regular contact with the teaching teams and does regular visits for support based on differentiated needs of teachers. ECSs are typically in the classroom anywhere from weekly to monthly depending on the needs of each teaching team. Classrooms with new lead teachers receive more frequent visits. Classrooms with lower Program Quality Assessment (PQA) scores or other concerns also receive more attention. Visits should include time to coach teaching teams, e.g., modeling strategies with children, observing and providing immediate feedback on techniques or interactions, attending home visits/conferences, having informal conversations with teaching teams on self-assessment of their progress and areas where they desire additional support. See http://www.michigan.gov/gsrp for Implementation Manual and Early Childhood Specialist section for details.
- ²⁰ A total of 118 (5%) Lead Teachers were on compliance plans during the 2017-2018 program year. They were either completing the last few classes towards Bachelor's degrees in Elementary Education with the Early Childhood Endorsement or in Early Childhood Education or Child Development with a specialization in preschool teaching.
- ²¹ Per the GSRP Implementation Manual, Classroom Requirements section, The ISD and program administrators must ensure sufficient time for all staff to participate in planning, professional development, and parent involvement activities.
- Teachers have been supported, through Race to the Top: Early Childhood Challenge Funds, to use T.E.A.C.H. to attain credentials by completing an early childhood endorsement or completing a Bachelor's degree in ECE or Child Development while working with a compliance plan. Approximately 4% of Lead Teachers in Public Schools and 6%in Non-Public Schools are working to attain credentials.
- ²³ Any wage or salary incentives would exist through T.E.A.C.H. or be generated locally.
- ²⁴ Assistant Teachers have been supported, through Race to the Top: Early Childhood Challenge Funds, to use T.E.A.C.H. to attain credentials by completing an Associate's degree in Early Childhood Education/Child Development or Child Development Associate's Credential (CDA) while working with a compliance plan.
- 25 Michigan spent \$243,600,000 on the program and \$300,000 on evaluation.
- ²⁶ GSRP Funds came from the General Fund and were appropriated through the State School Aid Act, P.A. 108 of 2017 Sec, 32d. (1).
- GSRP has both a community needs assessment and a formula component that contributes to the final grantee allocation. GSRP cannot operate solely on the state funding, but the state does not collect information on local, federal, or in-kind contributions. Grantees often include in-kind space for GSRP, utilities, administrative time, etc. All funding flows through the State School Aid Fund to ISDs. Additional federal sources, such as CCDF subsidies, CACFP, and Title I, are used to provide the GSRP program. Included in the total spending is \$300,000 allocated from state resources for ongoing statewide evaluation activities.
- The GSRP evaluation plan being executed by Michigan State University from 2017-2022 consists of four research studies focused on accessibility, quality and preschool outcomes study, academic impact, and economic impact. The accessibility study will use mapping statistics to show if there's any gap with the service, where is the gap and whether the various needs are being met. The quality and preschool outcomes study will help discern which aspects of the GSRP model (e.g., part-day/school-day, district or CBO setting, QRIS rating, PQA/CLASS rating, teacher credentials/pay) are most relevant to preschool outcomes and child growth. The academic impact study will establish a comparison group and follow a cohort of children from GSRP through 3rd grade and then examine their 3rd grade standardized M-STEP scores on ELA/Math, as well as their experiences along the way with retention, special education, absenteeism, and suspension/expulsion. Finally, the economic impact study aims to discern closer to the true costs of implementing GSRP as well as doing a cost-benefit analysis of the public investment in GSRP.
- ²⁹ Documentation of children's learning and/or outcomes is ongoing and locally collected for program use. Multiple checkpoints take place during the year. Use of data includes individualizing for children, reporting to parents, creating program improvement and professional development plans.
- ³⁰ Assessors must have formal training from the publisher of the tool or a person certified by the publisher to train.
- ³¹ Local programs use results from daily ongoing child assessment to individualize for children, and to report to and plan with parents for their individual children. Results are also presented to local parent advisory groups for shared decision making on topics such as the future choice of tools, or determining it there is a need for a professional development emphasis for the coming year.
- ³² For the Kindergarten benchmark assessment, all districts must choose from a list of approvable instruments and use that tool three times per year. Results are not required to be submitted to the state.
- Every teaching team is assigned an Early Childhood Specialist (ECS, i.e., a Master's level coach). Teams with new Lead Teachers have a baseline Program Quality Assessment (PQA) in the fall and all teams have an End-of-Year PQA. Together the teaching team and ECS set goals for growth from PQA results. Each ECS is required to be in regular contact with the teaching teams and do regular visits to provide support based on the differentiated needs of teachers. ECSs are typically in the classroom anywhere from weekly to monthly depending on the needs of the teaching team. Classrooms with new lead teachers receive more frequent visits. Classrooms with lower PQA scores or other concerns also receive more attention. Visits should include time to coach teaching teams, e.g., modeling strategies with children, observing and providing immediate feedback on techniques or interactions, attending home visits/conferences, having informal conversations with teaching teams on self-assessment of their progress toward team goals and areas where they desire additional support. See http://www.michigan.gov/gsrp for the GSRP Implementation Manual and Early Childhood Specialist section for details.
- ³⁴ All GSRP classrooms are required to take part in Great Start to Quality, Michigan's QRIS with a minimum rating of 3 stars at entry. Intermediate School Districts, as GSRP grantees, have local policies on working to increase the star level of any program that enters at 3 stars with Early Childhood Specialist (master's level classroom coaches) support. Most GSRP sites have ratings of 4 or 5 stars.
- 35 SEA monitors Intermediate School Districts (ISDs) as GSRP grantees that are required to provide oversight and monitoring of subrecipient practices, such as local policies and procedures related to all aspects of fidelity of implementation of the program model. Each classroom also has an Early Childhood Specialist (ECS), a Master's level coach to provide observation and feedback directly to teachers.

MINNESOTA - Minnesota Head Start

- By statute, state Head Start funding is non-competitively allocated to all federally designated Head Start grantees in Minnesota. This includes one school district, eight tribal governments, and 24 private, nonprofit agencies, each serving one or more counties. Head Start services are available to eligible residents in all parts of the state.
- ² All Head Start enrolled children are income eligible for Free and/or Reduced Price Lunch per federal performance standards.
- 3 All children were enrolled in Head Start. Head Start partners with a variety of partners at the local level which may vary by community, including local school districts and family or center-based child care.
- Programs comply with the federal Head Start requirement of at least 3.5 hours per day, four days per week, for 32 weeks per year, which is the most common schedule. A formal process that approves the use of Child Care Assistance funding for Head Start Integrated full-day programming has been established. Extended-day services are also provided through collaborations with the Early Learning Scholarships program.
- 5 Children who turn 3 after September 1 may enroll if slots are available. Enrollment and eligibility are determined at the local level per Head Start performance standards.
- State pre-K children, as defined by NIEER, must meet the federal Head Start income guidelines. Effective as of 2007, 35 percent of enrollment may be children whose family incomes are between 100 and 130 percent FPL after priority is given to children at or below 100 percent FPL. Other criteria for eligibility include homeless families and foster children. Families may also be income-eligible if they qualify for child-care services as a participant in the Minnesota TANF program. Reported risk factors

may be considered in prioritizing applicants for enrollment in a limited number of enrollment slots. Agencies must work with their parent council to establish additional priorities

- ⁷ Eligibility is reassessed between Early Head Start and Head Start, and before a third year of Head Start. Income and other family circumstances are reassessed and support is provided for finding other options if children are found to be no longer eligible.
- ⁸ Class sizes and staff-child ratio are defined in the Head Start performance standards. In mixed-age classrooms, if the majority of children are 3, then the maximum class size is 15.
- 9 Federal Head Start Performance Standards require part-day programs to provide children with at least one-third of their daily nutritional needs (breakfast or lunch), and full-day programs to provide one-half to two-thirds of daily nutritional needs (breakfast, lunch, and a snack). A program must use funds from USDA Food, Nutrition, and Consumer Services child nutrition programs as the primary source of payment for meal services.
- Per Federal Head Start Requirements, a program must complete or obtain a current developmental screening to identify concerns regarding a child's developmental, behavioral, motor, language, social, cognitive, and emotional skills within 45 calendar days of when the child first attends the program or, for the home-based program option, receives a home visit. A program that operates for 90 days or less must complete or obtain a current developmental screening within 30 calendar days of when the child first attends the program.
- ¹¹ Per federal Head Start requirements.
- 12 The programs work very closely with Part B and C staff. Often there is co-teaching, but it is not a requirement.
- ¹³ Per Federal Requirements and state LEAP legislation.
- 14 Per federal Head Start recommendations/performance standards: https://eclkc.ohs.acf.hhs.gov/publication/ersea-encouraging-supporting-regular-attendance
- ¹⁵ Per Federal Head Start Requirements. This is monitored at the federal level.
- 16 Practice Briefs have been developed and are available to support early childhood professionals expand their usage of the early learning standards to increase support for children and their families.
- ¹⁷ Minnesota's Early Learning Standards will soon be aligned to Head Start Early Learning Child Outcomes Framework: Ages Birth to Five
- 18 Programs that participate in the QRIS "Parent Aware" are required to use a curriculum and assessment that are aligned with the Early Childhood Indicators of Process. All programs are required to participate in Parent Aware. The exception is for tribal grantees and 6 out of 8 do participate.
- ¹⁹ Minnesota Head Start programs may utilize an automatic rating pathway for the state Quality Rating and Improvement System (Parent Aware). Participation in Parent Aware requires the use of aligned curriculum and approved assessments that are aligned with the Early Childhood Indicators of Progress.
- ²⁰ Complete List of Aligned Curriculum approved for use in the state's QRIS: Stand-alone preschool curricula: 1-2-3 Learn Curriculum; Bank Street Developmental Interaction Approach; Carol's Affordable Curriculum including: Jumping Kangaroos, Son Shine, Tiny Tots, and Little Disciples; Core Knowledge; Creative Curriculum for Preschool; Curriculum; Everyday Mathematics; Family Child Care Programs: Building a High Scope Program; Fireflies, by Funshine Express; Funshine Online Preschool Curriculum (3-5 years); Gee Whiz Education; High Reach Curriculum package for Family Child Care; High Reach Curriculum for Pre-K; The High Scope Preschool Curriculum; Houghton Mifflin Pre-K; Investigator Club; Learn Every Day: The Preschool Curriculum; Montessori; Mother Goose Time; Opening the World of Learning (OWL); Project Early Kindergarten (PEK) bundle of curricula for centers (includes PEK manual, Everyday Mathematics and Doors to Discovery); Project Early Kindergarten (PEK) curriculum for family child care; Scholastic Big Day for PreK; Scholastic Early Childhood Program; Seeds of Learning: Seeds to Sprouts!; Splash in to PreK; Starfall PreK; The Redleaf Family Child Care Curriculum: Through Quality Care, Second Edition; Totes of Fun
- ²¹ Under the Head Start Reauthorization Act of 2007, all lead teachers were required to have at least an AA in Early Childhood Development by October 2011; by September 30, 2013, 50 percent must have at least a BA in ECE or a related field. By September 30, 2013, all assistant teachers must have at least a CDA or be enrolled in a program to receive a CDA, AA, or BA within two years. In a public school, teacher union rules require that teachers have at least a BA. Programs are scrutinized annually by the federal Office of Head Start to assess continuing progress toward meeting these goals.
- ²² Assistant teachers must meet Department of Human Services (DHS) licensed child care center regulations, which includes a CDA.
- ²³ The requirement for in-service professional development is 2% of total work hours. As of December 2007, however, the Head Start reauthorization required 15 clock hours of professional development per year for teachers and assistant teachers. By federal law, Head Start staff must follow the highest standard. For those working full-time, that will be the 2% standard.
- ²⁴ Per Head Start performance standards, programs are required to implement a research-based, coordinated coaching strategy for education staff.
- ²⁵ Policies for professional development and planning time are set by federal Head Start regulations and local Head Start agencies.
- Head Start staff are eligible to apply for TEACH and RETAIIN grants and CDA scholarships implemented by Child Care Aware of Minnesota.
- 27 Minnesota supplements federal Head Start and Early Head Starting funding with an additional \$25.1 million annually. \$11.8 million is used for programs that serve state-funded Head Start 3- to 5-year-olds. The remaining funds are used for state-funded Early Head Start.
- ²⁸ The state funding formula is based on federal resources and unmet need. The funding formula is calculated based on elements used federally to determine funding for the entire Head Start agency. It is then locally determined what proportion of funding goes to birth-to-3 and 3- to 5-year-olds.
- ²⁹ Required assessments of preschool children are determined locally and must comply with federal Head Start requirements. Programs are not required to submit data to the state.
- ³⁰ Kindergarten assessments are locally determined. Districts are invited to be part of the statewide Kindergarten Entry Profile study, but can decline. Districts also assess children throughout the kindergarten year as part of a high level option to receive additional funding.
- ³¹ The approved Kindergarten Entry Profile assessment tools include: Desired Results Developmental Profile (DRDP), DevMilestones, Teaching Strategies GOLD, and Work Sampling System. Kindergarten staff can use any assessment throughout the year.
- ³² Many programs utilize CLASS to support teacher professional development and Practice Based Coaching. This information is not collected by or reported to the state. As part of the federal Head Start monitoring system, ACF conducts observations of multiple classes operated by the grantee based on a random sample of all classes and rates the conduct of the classes observed using the CLASS: Pre-K instrument.
- ³³ Per Head Start performance standards; American Indian and Alaska Native programs are exempt.
- ³⁴ All center-based Head Start and Early Head Start programs are eligible to apply for an Automatic 4-Star Parent Aware rating through their state funding annual program plan. A 4-star rating is the highest quality rating and Head Start programs are not eligible for any other rating.
- 35 Per federal Head Start monitoring protocol and in addition, programs that are licensed though the Department of Human Services or non-licensed and receiving CCAP are subject to annual review by the DHS Licensing Division.

MINNESOTA - Voluntary Pre-Kindergarten (VPK) and School Readiness Plus (SRP)

- 1 The allocation of VPK funding is done through a process outlined in state statute to assure equitable distribution of funds throughout the state. The state is divided into four classifications: metro-St. Paul and Minneapolis (10%), metro suburban (40%), non-metro (47%), and charter schools (7%). The funding is dispersed as noted to these regions based on the percentage of state total kindergarten enrollment. VPK is available in 93 school districts and 18 charter schools. VPK was in 101 districts/charter schools and School Readiness Plus (SRP) was in 10.
- This is a voluntary program. All districts and charter schools are encouraged to apply for funding through a yearly application process that allocates the legislatively determined number of seats. Prior to the application process, all elementary and charter school sites are ranked according to free and reduced (FRL) lunch student population. Schools with funding must renew to continue receiving funding and may ask for expansion funding. All schools may request new program funding. Additional points are awarded for sites working with a mixed delivery partner and who do not have 3- or 4- star rated child care sites within a 10- or 20- mile radius. Funds are prioritized and allocated to sites with the highest FRL-eligible children.
- The enrollment total includes 6,026 children in VPK and 261 children in SRP.

- Programs may enroll children in part-day state-funded preschool and part-day Head Start. Children may attend state-funded preschool and use Head Start for wrap-around services. Children may be enrolled in both programs when they are co-located programs that are sharing resources in a mixed-delivery model. The Head Start enrollment count is separate from the VPK count.
- VPK district and charter school awards were made using a ranking system that was based on the FRL percentage of each elementary/charter school site in Minnesota. This assured that each site funded had a demonstrated need for available VPK funding. Enrollment by eligibility for FRL reported here may be an underestimate because not all schools serve meals to children enrolled in VPK.
- ⁶ Most children were served in public schools (including charter schools) but some children were served through mixed-delivery in Head Start partnership sites and child care center partnership sites.
- Schools have the opportunity to design the schedule including the number of days and instructional hours for the year. This leads to a variety of schedules including full-and part-day options. All programs must offer a minimum of 350 instructional hours.
- Schools are encouraged to layer and braid funding sources to meet the early learning and care needs of children and their families. This includes using school readiness, early learning scholarships, and Head Start and/or child care partnerships to extend the length of day and/or number of days that a child has the opportunity to participate in high quality early learning and care experiences.
- 9 Schools can receive a maximum of .6 pupil unit for funding per student. By statute, the minimum number of instructional hours required was 350. The .6 cap provided funding for up to 510 hours. Many programs elected to offer more hours and paid for those with other available funds.
- 10 Because VPK is funded as a grade level, the days of operation per year follow the same guidelines as elementary schools in Minnesota.
- 11 Since the number of available seats for VPK are limited, schools may determine local eligibility requirements to help identify children with the greatest need. Many use the state school readiness criteria that exist such as eligibility for free lunch, homelessness, foster care, English Language Learners (ELLs), and developmental need as identified through health and screening processes.
- ¹² If a child is assessed and referred for and receives special education services, the child no longer qualifies for VPK and is funded through special education funding. Guidance from the state encourages that the child remains in the VPK classroom. When this happens, a new child can be enrolled in the vacated seat as long as the total classroom enrollment does not exceed 20 students.
- 13 Maximum class size is capped at 20. At least one of adults in the classroom must be a teacher knowledgeable in early childhood curriculum content, assessment, native and English language development programs and instruction.
- 14 All VPK students qualify for free breakfast. Schools serving breakfast are reimbursed through designated state funds for enrolled children who do not qualify for FPL. VPK schools are not required to serve breakfast, however, state guidance encourages a focus on nutrition and most programs do provide at least one meal.
- 15 State statute allows a board to decide that additional components such as nutritional, physical, and dental assessments, review of family circumstances that might affect development, blood pressure, laboratory tests, and health history are offered.
- 16 Individual and summary data must be reported to the district by the health provider who performs the screening services, for the purposes of developing appropriate educational programs to meet the individual needs of children and designing appropriate health education programs for the district. No data on an individual shall be disclosed to the district without the consent of that individual's parent or guardian.
- ¹⁷ On June 16, 2017, the Minnesota Board of Teaching (which is now PELSB) passed a resolution which allows teachers who are licensed K-12 in the areas of English as a Second Language (ESL), Vocal and Instrumental Music, Physical Education and Visual Art and are assigned to teach in K-6 grade settings, to be permitted to also provide subject specific instruction to students in pre-kindergarten assignments.
- ¹⁸ A set of ECIPs Practice Briefs have been developed. They are short, targeted information briefs designed to help early childhood professionals expand usage of the early learning standards to increase support for children and their families.
- ¹⁹ Minnesota's Early Learning Standards will soon be aligned to Head Start standards.
- ²⁰ According to VPK and SRP statute, each program must measure each child's cognitive and social skills using a formative measure aligned with the state's early learning standards when the child enters and again before the child leaves the program, using screening and progress monitoring measures from the state-approved menu of kindergarten entry profile measures. The voluntary pre-kindergarten program requires the use of a KEP-approved tool, the SRP statute does not require the use of a specific tool.
- ²¹ The state requires that VPK provide comprehensive program content including the implementation of curriculum that is aligned with the state early learning standards. If the district is also rated under the state Parent Aware program, they must use a curriculum from the approved list or complete the curriculum approval process if using a self-designed curriculum.
- ²² A program review process was developed and implemented in 2018-2019 that reviewed 2017-2018 practices. This included curriculum use and implementation practices.
- ²³ Programs are required to provide comprehensive program content including the implementation of curriculum, assessment, and instructional strategies aligned with the ECIPs, and kindergarten through grade 3 academic standards.
- ²⁴ If schools choose to use subject specific curricula, they must be bundled with other subject specific curricula so that there is a comprehensive instructional approach in the preschool classroom.
- VPK Statute requires that teachers are knowledgeable in early childhood curriculum content, assessment, native and English language development programs, and instruction. Statute also requires that VPK instructional staff receive salaries comparable to the salaries of local kindergarten through grade 12 instructional staff. These requirements apply to VPK public, charter, Head Start, or community mixed-delivery site partners. The preferred licensure is Early Childhood Education (Birth-Grade 3) or a Pre-Primary endorsement (Age 3-Pre-K) or the older Pre-kindergarten (Pre-K) license. Implementation guidelines suggest that someone who is appropriately licensed be hired. Programs determine if a candidate with an elementary teaching licensure has the background and experience appropriate for preschool. If a program has advertised but cannot find a licensed teacher meeting the requirements, they may request a variance for another fully licensed teacher to teach outside of their licensure area.
- ²⁶ Assistant teacher requirements are determined by the district/charter school hiring and personnel practices. In the case of a mixed-delivery Head Start or community-based partner, the assistant teacher would follow the regulatory agency requirements for that position.
- ²⁷ By statute, VPK sites are required to provide high-quality coordinated professional development, training, and coaching for both school district and community-based early learning providers that is informed by a measure of adult-child interactions and enables teachers to be highly knowledgeable in early childhood curriculum content, assessment, native and English language development programs, and instruction. Four measures of adult-child interactions have been recommended: CLASS, Danielson, Marzano, and TPOT.
- Professional development plans are informed by an observational measure of adult-child interactions and enable teachers to be highly knowledgeable in early childhood curriculum content, assessment, native and English language development programs, and instruction. Districts/charter schools must also implement strategies that support the alignment of professional development, instruction, assessments, and pre-kindergarten through grade three curricula. Districts/charters schools locally form practices that meet these requirements.
- ²⁹ This varies by district/charter school established practices and meets local and state licensing and continuing education requirements. For child care centers this information is recorded in state DEVELOP system.
- ³⁰ VPK/SRP is funded through general education funds and is considered a grade level. VPK statute requires staff salaries that are comparable to local K-12 instructional staff. School districts/charter schools contracting with other entities for a VPK program need to ensure the salaries paid to the teachers for the hours deemed as VPK are comparable to district K-12 instructional staff.
- The statue language for professional development does not call out paid time other than "comparably compensated to K-12 teachers." It does state that VPK must: provide high-quality coordinated professional development, training, and coaching for both school district and community-based early learning providers that is informed by a measure of adult-child interactions and enables teachers to be highly knowledgeable in early childhood curriculum content, assessment, native and English language development programs, and instruction; and implement strategies that support the alignment of professional development, instruction, assessments, and prekindergarten through grade 3 curricula.
- 32 Teachers do have access to TEACH scholarships in Minnesota. The mentoring of staff for professional development is a result of the requirement that all teachers be

- observed using an appropriate teacher-child interaction tool (CLASS, TPOT, Danielson, or Marzano). Other opportunities provided by the state include assessment tool training workshops, Parent Engagement symposiums, and Pre-K Leadership series which districts participate in with teams that include pre-K teachers.
- 33 The LEAD teacher incentive is through the statute language that requires comparable pay. Districts must show MDE how they are accomplishing that. At this time the results have not been analyzed formally, but it appears that there has been an increase in pre-K teachers being placed on master contract agreements.
- 34 Minnesota has been working on issues of Early Childhood Workforce Compensation as part of the National Governor's Association work group. This is a topic of interest and ongoing work in Minnesota.
- 35 Assistant teacher requirements are determined by the district/charter school hiring and personnel practices. In the case of a mixed-delivery Head Start or community-based partner, the assistant teacher would follow the regulatory agency requirements for that position.
- ³⁶ Programs exist in Minnesota like TEACH that can support educational gain, but decisions are made locally.
- ³⁷ The funding is appropriated from the general fund to the Department of Education for the fiscal year. In 2017-2018 the allocation was \$21,429,000 of new money for an additional 3,000 seats.
- ³⁸ Funding for the VPK grade level is based on head counts and Average Daily Membership (ADM). Students enrolled in the pre-kindergarten grade level and designated in MARSS (the state student data system) to generate funding will generate all pupil-driven formulas including compensatory and sparsity. Elementary sites are approved for a capped number of students. Schools can only receive funding up to the approved number of students and ADM for each approved site. By law, VPK at participating sites can generate up to 0.6 pupil unit. The actual pupil units per student is based on the program's calendar and could be less than 0.6 per student, but not less than .41 to meet the required 350 hours of instruction. Funding flows like other K-12 general education revenue streams.
- ³⁹ Districts and charter schools are encouraged to partner with Head Start and other community-based child care programs. In the case of a partnership, the public school must have on file a Memorandum of Understanding (MOU) and a contract that specifies duties, responsibilities and financial agreements between partners.
- ⁴⁰ Districts and charter schools are encouraged to use the selected assessment tool according to publisher recommendations; however, they are only required to report the data to MDE when the child enters and again before the child leaves the program for the voluntary pre-kindergarten program. School Readiness Plus sites may choose to be part of the reporting process if they choose to use one of the KEP approved assessment tools that are required of VPK sites.
- ⁴¹ For additional information, see: https://education.mn.gov/MDE/dse/early/curr/
- ⁴² Children are assessed at entry and exit using a KEP approved assessment tool. The data is shared with the state agency as part of the district's annual Impact Measure Report.
- ⁴³ The Kindergarten Entry Profile (KEP) Initiative supports districts, school administrators, and teachers by providing districts/charter schools with a menu of high quality, comprehensive assessment tools to help them obtain a comprehensive profile of children entering kindergarten in order to inform their practice and programming. Participation in the KEP is voluntary. All tools on the KEP list provide real-time data to schools in order to help guide instructional planning and teaching practices based on the learning needs of kindergarten students. Kindergarten staff may use other locally chosen assessment tools throughout the year.
- ⁴⁴ The approved Kindergarten Entry Profile assessment tools include: Desired Results Developmental Profile (DRDP), DevMilestones, Teaching Strategies GOLD, and Work Sampling System. Kindergarten staff can use any assessment throughout the year.
- ⁴⁵ VPK programs are expected to use a measure of adult-child interaction as a tool to provide formative feedback. MDE encourages programs to use the CLASS, Danielson Framework, Marzano, or TPOT. Some tools are more general to teaching at all grade levels and content areas. When using these tools, it is imperative that the person conducting the observation, use an age level version of the tool when available and discuss what has been seen, with an understanding of the unique aspects of the way young children learn and best/promising practices in early childhood to enhance learning. Professionals administering the tools should complete be trained on the use of the selected tool.
- ⁴⁶ MDE guidance for VPK and SRP states that regardless of the tool used, the evaluation is intended to provide opportunities for discussion and as a guide in developing an individualized professional development plan.
- ⁴⁷ A high percentage of schools participating in VPK voluntarily participate in the state Parent Aware QRIS, over 85%.

MISSISSIPPI - Mississippi Early Learning Collaborative (ELCs)

- ¹ The majority of the Early Learning Collaboratives (ELCs) are led by school districts, but some are led by nonprofit organizations. A few ELCs include multiple school districts. ELCs operate in 14 out of 82 counties in the state.
- 2 An additional 176 5-year-olds and 123 3-year-olds were served but state funding supports only 4-year-olds.
- ³ The children that are enrolled at those Head Start partner sites are considered to be dually enrolled. The total number of children who are dually enrolled in the ELC and Head Start, including 3- and 5-year-olds, is 1,029.
- Enrollment by program location includes 3- and 5-year-olds not supported by state funding. Enrollment for "Private Settings" includes 15 children enrolled at private schools and 94 children enrolled in child care programs.
- ⁵ Enrollment by program operating schedule includes 3- and 5-year-olds not supported by state funding.
- ⁶ Programs included in the ELCs do have the option to operate for more than 6 hours per day; however, funding does not increase should they elect to do so. Programs included in the ELCs do have the option to operate for fewer than 6 hours per day, however; funding is decreased by 1/2 should they elect to do so.
- ⁷ Eligibility at some of the Collaborative partner sites is determined by individual child or family characteristics in addition to age. Some of the ELC partners are Head Start sites, which have an income requirement for eligibility. Eligibility is coordinated with Head Start agencies in local areas and shall not cause a reduction in the number of children served by Head Start.
- The Developmental screener used for the 2017-2018 school year was the Brigance III. This assessment was used at least twice on each enrolled child during the school year. Scores from use of the Brigance III showed growth across all sites. Children are required to be referred to services when needs are identified.
- 9 All programs are provided with developmental checklists, which are aligned with the Early Learning Standards for use with individual children and inclusion in kindergarten transition folders.
- 10 ELCs can use state pre-K funding to pay for PD to be provided by curriculum developers to support curriculum implementation.
- 11 Curriculum implementation fidelity is required of all programs and is monitored annually through onsite visits, including classroom observations.
- Cohort I could continue to use a curriculum previously approved by the Mississippi Department of Education (MDE) until they purchase/update their existing curriculum. These curricula include: Opening the World of Learning (OWL), Creative Curriculum, Big Day for PreK, Galileo, and Frog Street. Cohort II was required to use only OWL starting on January 1, 2017. On July 1, 2019, all Cohorts will utilize OWL exclusively.
- In order to serve as a lead teacher in a Pre-K classroom, educators must possess a Pre-K/K teaching license; or a K-3/K-4 teaching license with either 12 hours of ECE college credit, or Praxis 5024, or completion of an approved educational program; or a K-6 teaching license with either an N-1 supplemental endorsement, or Praxis 5024, or completion of an approved educational program; or any teaching license and a degree required to obtain a Pre-K/K, K-3, K-4, K-6 teaching license with either 12 hours of ECD college credit, Praxis 5024, or completion of an approved educational program; or an ECE degree with no teaching license but with Praxis Core AND Praxis II and Praxis 5024. Currently approved educational programs include either a CDA, National Board Pre-K Certification, National Director's Credential, Montessori Credential, or the MDE Boot Camp course. ELC teachers at sites that are not accredited by the MDE are not required to obtain a license, but must have a bachelor's degree in early childhood, complete at least 12 hours of early childhood college credit, or complete an approved early childhood program.
- ¹⁴ Assistant teachers are required to have an Associate's degree in Early Childhood Education, Child Development, or an equivalent field; or an associate degree in any field and a Child Development Associate credential, a Montessori certification, or an equivalent certification.
- 15 If classrooms/sites are placed on probation as a result of annual monitoring visits, teachers in such classrooms are required to have PD plans to address findings included in monitoring deficiencies.
- 16 The state funds support four-year-old children. Programs can serve three- and five-year-old children that can benefit from the program but are not paid for through the state funds. The amount listed from non-required local sources is the total amount of tax credit donations received for the 2017 tax year.

- ¹⁷ The state provides \$2,150 per full-time 4-year-old child enrolled. The ELC provides a 1:1 dollar for dollar or in-kind match to make the total investment for each child \$4,300.
- 18 The Mississippi State Kindergarten Readiness Assessment (KRA) is administered twice a year. For preschool, the ELC also uses selected assessments, used at various times throughout the year, and are aligned with the standards.
- 19 The Mississippi State KRA is required along with Brigance Screen III. Some collaboratives use the Star Early Learning Assessment as their progress monitoring tool.
- ²⁰ Assessment proctors are not required to be reliable to the Mississippi KRA tool because the tool is taken online by students. The Brigance III is administered twice a year by classroom teachers. As this tool is designed to be administered by classroom teachers, no additional reliability protocol is required.
- ²¹ The Mississippi State KRA is administered twice a year, entry and end of year.
- ²² Data from observations is entered into the MyTeachstone system for the purposes of scoring individual observations and reporting on data collected across programs.

MISSOURI - Missouri Preschool Program (MPP)

- 1 All early childhood personnel have multiple roles and therefore the state cannot quantify the number of FTEs.
- Missouri Preschool Program (MPP) contracts are awarded through a competitive bid process, with the grants limited to five years. Therefore, the number of programs and children served changes every year.
- Programs must provide 6.5 hours of educational activities appropriate to the developmental level of the child per day between the hours of 7:30 AM and 5:00 PM. Only governmental entities or public school districts (awarded funding prior to FY16) can provide a part-day program (minimum of 3 hours) to better serve those children participating in other district programs, such as Title 1 and/or early childhood special education.
- Preschool programs are required to operate five days per week. However, public schools that implement a four-day school week for their K-12 grade levels can also implement a four-day schedule for the preschool program. The length of the preschool day is expected to mirror the length of the K-12 day.
- 5 Preschool programs must provide educational activities appropriate to the developmental level of the child 12 months a year. Only governmental entities or public school districts may provide preschool services for the school year, but no less.
- ⁶ Eligibility is determined by age, with all other eligibility requirements determined locally.
- ⁷ If a preschool program charges a fee for preschool, they must implement a sliding scale fee.
- 8 Part-day programs are required to provide one meal or one snack. School-day programs are required to provide one meal and two snacks or two meals and one snack.
- 9 All preschool programs are required to partner with their local Parents as Teachers (PAT) program which provides parent education and health and developmental screenings. In addition, PAT also provides referrals to services that may be beneficial to the family based on need/request.
- ¹⁰ This is determined at the local level.
- 11 Missouri Department of Elementary and Secondary Education does not have a specific policy on expulsion and suspension, however, there are policies for expulsion and suspension in licensing and accreditation standards. All of Missouri's state funded programs must be licensed and must meet accreditation by the end of the third year of funding.
- 12 Missouri Early Learning Goals cover children from infants through kindergarten entry. New K-12 standards were approved in April 2016.
- ¹³ Support for implementation of curriculum is provided by onsite consultation.
- 14 Lead teachers must have Early Childhood Teacher Certification, Early Childhood Special Education Teacher Certification, or a four-year college degree in CD.
- Assistant teachers must have a CDA, two-year Associate Degree in Child Care/Education or 60 college hours with a minimum of three college credit hours in early childhood, CD, or child/family related courses and experiences working in a program with young children and their families.
- ¹⁶ Certificated teachers have state certification requirements for individualized PD plans.
- 17 Each state funded classroom has a consultant assigned who will review the information receive from the ECERS and provide guidance for improvement.
- ¹⁸ Missouri is piloting the Quality Assurance Report.
- ¹⁹ Consultant visits are required: first year programs (site visit); second year programs (10% are monitored); third year programs (100% are reviewed through the accreditation process); fourth/fifth year programs (monitoring based on ECERS-3 and consultant reports).

MONTANA - Montana STARS Preschool Pilot Program

- 1 Numbers reflect total enrollment as of January 2018. The STARS Preschool Pilot program funded classrooms located in family, group, center, Head Start and public school settings.
- $^{\rm 2}$ $\,$ The 2019 Legislature is considering funding for preschool.
- 3 2017-2018 was the first year of Montana's state funded STARS Preschool Pilot program. One Head Start grantee was selected to participate. Montana funded two classrooms entirely with state funds and the classrooms were located in Head Start grantees' buildings in two cities within one county.
- 4 Enrollment by race is self-reported by parents, and not all parents completed the survey. Therefore, enrollment by race does not equal the total enrollment.
- 5 Programs are required to operate a minimum of 5.5 hours per day or 28 hours per week and operate in coordination with the local school calendar.
- 6 School districts may enroll children younger than 5 years old in kindergarten programs by special permission of the school board.
- TARS Preschool Pilot programs were encouraged to enroll a minimum of 25% high needs students including, but not limited to: children who are low income; children receiving services from IDEA Part B or Part C; children who are engaged in mental health services and supports; children who are enrolled Tribal Members; and children who are homeless or at risk of becoming homeless.
- The STARS Preschool Pilot program has a mixed-delivery model for 4-year-olds and 5-year-olds repeating their 4-year-old year. We have family, group and center childcare providers as well as Head Starts and LEA's. All private providers have additional limitations based on the number of children they are licensed to serve. Programs may request a waiver to serve up to 20 students in one classroom.
- 9 The STARS Preschool Pilot program doesn't address meal requirements, but all programs report providing both snack and lunch.
- Programs must offer screenings or, at a minimum, connect parents and children through referral for screenings and support. A program may offer screenings, or refer children to be screened elsewhere. There is not currently a requirement for programs to act upon the results of the screening through referral.
- 11 There are no rules specific to the STARS Preschool Pilot program, but districts must comply with state special education rules.
- ¹² Programs are required to select an evidence-based curriculum and, while a list was not provided, programs did receive guidance on what was acceptable. All programs were offered on-site support for curriculum implementation through coaching.
- 13 Teachers employed by public schools are required to have a Bachelor's Degree, plus P-3 endorsement. Teachers employed by nonpublic schools are required to have a Bachelor's Degree, plus 20 credits in ECE.
- 14 Assistant teachers must have two years of study in higher education, or an Associate's Degree, in a related field. Programs with teacher assistants who have specific ECE knowledge and experience are prioritized when programs are being evaluated for funding.
- 15 Other refers to lead teachers without a Bachelor's Degree, however, highest level of education is unknown. Lead teachers that do not meet required qualifications are required to mentored by a qualified teacher and continue working to meet the standards.
- 16 For private programs in the QRIS, incentive pay is given at each star level, and a percentage of that funding must go to support staff salaries.
- ¹⁷ STARS preschool partnered with many federal programs but did not use any funding from these sources to support preschool.

- ¹⁸ There are no restrictions about subcontracting.
- ¹⁹ Programs were required to have a 10% match, either in-kind or cash.
- ²⁰ The results of the observation tools help direct on-site coaching support. As a condition of the grant, coaching support is required and on-going.
- ²¹ All private providers are required to participate in the QRIS.
- ²² The state included activities to support a shared data system in its PDG B-5 application.

NEBRASKA - Nebraska Early Childhood Education Program

- ¹ Early childhood programs are spread throughout the state in urban and rural areas. The school districts without preschool classrooms have very few students and cover a large geographic area.
- ² Some school districts begin a program, or add capacity, with the help of competitive grants. Other school districts may start a program without grant funding and may receive state aid funding for their 4-year-olds after three years of program approval.
- ³ The total number includes Early Head Start and Head Start, including 5 year-olds.
- ⁴ Most programs operate 3.5 to 4 hours per day, 4 or 5 days per week. Programs not receiving grant funds or not qualified to receive State Aid must operate a minimum of 12 hours per week during the school year. Schools are encouraged to partner with Head Start and community providers, but there is no formal agreement at the state level. Programs must operate at least 12 hours per week. Additionally, if districts receive State Aid (TEEOSA) or an early childhood grant, the program must operate at least 450 hours per year.
- ⁵ Students who are age eligible for kindergarten should not be enrolled in the state funded preschool program unless the IEP team determines that accommodations cannot be met in kindergarten. Students who turn 6 by January 1 of the school year must be enrolled in kindergarten, based on the mandatory attendance law.
- ⁶ Eligibility may be determined by low income, disability or developmental delay, low parent education, non-English speaking family, teen parent, or low birth weight. Although all prekindergarten age-eligible children may be served in a school district early childhood program, funds are targeted to children with at least one risk factor. Some districts enroll all age-eligible children, while others may use locally determined risk factors in addition to those specified by the state.
- ⁷ If charging fees, districts must utilize a sliding fee scale, but may set the scale at whatever level they choose to fit with their community. Children who are receiving services through Head Start or IDEA pay nothing.
- ⁸ A meal and/or snack meeting USDA requirements must be served each session.
- ⁹ A teacher with special education certification must be available and active.
- Programs are required to provide a staff person who can serve as a language resource for classes where a majority of the children speak a common language other than English. In classrooms where children who do not speak English are served, but the majority of them do not speak the same language, the program must be able to provide a person to serve as a language resource when needed, but that person does not have to be staffed in the classroom.
- ¹¹ The state's definition of chronic absenteeism and related polices are still under development.
- 12 All school districts and ESUs are required to use a common child assessment to document child development and attainment of skills.
- ¹³ If teachers have endorsements other than those listed, they must take college coursework and make annual progress until they obtain an early childhood endorsement. Regardless of where the classroom is housed, it is considered a public school program.
- ¹⁴ Assistant teachers are required to have 6 college credit hours in early childhood or an approved equivalency by the end of the first year of employment and 12 college credit hours in early childhood or an approved equivalency by the end of the second year of employment. A CDA is considered an equivalency for the entire 12 college credit hours.
- 15 At least one staff member per class who has received pediatric first aid and CPR training is required to be on duty at all times.
- 16 Classroom embedded support is not required but is available for school district classrooms that participate in the state QRIS. Teachers in schools that are implementing the Pyramid Model program-wide must receive coaching.
- ¹⁷ Coaches may be contracted for part-time or full-time. Case load data is not available.
- School District personnel contracts are subject to collective bargaining agreements that cover both K-12 and pre-K teachers. All collective bargaining agreements are locally determined. Early Childhood programs are operated by school districts but may be collaboratively operated with a community based provider or Head Start program. Every classroom must be staffed by a certificated teacher regardless of the entity in the collaboration that actually employs the teacher. NDE has no authority to require parity in private organization salary scales.
- ¹⁹ Professional development time and paid time for professional development for assistant teachers is governed by local collective bargaining agreements. The state does not have an overarching policy regarding payment of non-instructional hours.
- 20 Some of these supports are available through statewide programs but they are not required.
- ²¹ State Aid: \$21,014,623; 3-5 Grant: \$3,478,997; Below Age Five Flex Spending: \$303,288
- ²² School districts that have met requirements to have an approved early childhood program for the required number of years are qualified to be part of the State aid calculations which are based on the number of 4-year-olds multiplied by the number of hours in session multiplied by 0.6. The district's overall need calculation is matched to their ability to fund the need. If the district's need outweighs the district's ability to fund the need, then the district is eligible to receive the state aid.
- Local sources include local district funds, parent fees, community agencies and resources, and other sources. Funding for the program includes an allocation for the grant program, as well as funding in the state aid formula. In the third year of approval by the NDE, the count of 4-year-olds is put into the formula along with other data. Equalization aid is then calculated for the next year.
- ²⁴ Observations of child progress are made continually throughout the year; however, data is finalized at standard checkpoints.
- 25 If districts utilize Title 1 or Head Start funding in the pre-K program, they must also assess the following domains: Science and Technology, Social Studies and the Arts.
- ²⁶ Assessors must complete interrater reliability once every three years for all ages groups that the assessor assesses.
- ²⁷ In addition to low performing classrooms and new classrooms/teachers, any district that receives grant funding for their 3-5 prekindergarten program or a grant for the Pyramid project, a percentage of other classrooms also received an observation each year. All classroom observations that did not meet the designated quality score received a second observation to continue to work towards improvement with the goal to meet the designated quality score. Observations continue biannually until the score is met.
- ²⁸ Participation is voluntary, but highly encouraged.
- ²⁹ All districts submit an annual program report. Visits are scheduled based on the responses. Districts that receive grant funding to support their prekindergarten program receive on-site visits at least annually.
- ³⁰ The development of ECIDS has been an ongoing project spanning many years. Currently, enrollment data for any child served by a school district program for infants, toddlers, or preschool including Pre-K and K-12. This includes children served by IDEA Parts C and B-619.

NEVADA - Nevada State Pre-Kindergarten Program

- State Pre-K grantees include 10 school districts and 1 community-based organization. Eleven districts/community organizations received State Pre-K funding this biennium that meet state pre-K guidelines; additional districts offer other pre-K programs funded through Title I, Zoom DLL, Victory, and/or PDG funding.
- ² The total enrollment is different from the enrollment by age because there were 8 children reported as "unknown" or not reported.
- ³ A total of 1,996 of the total 2,171 state Pre-K children served were enhanced to full-day through additional PDG funds. The remaining 175 state pre-K slots were half-day. In addition, 1,201 new slots were created with PDG only funding.

- ⁴ The new Governor's budget currently includes all funding necessary to maintain all current State Pre-K and PDG slots. This Budget is pending on legislators' approval and the election of a new Governor this fall.
- ⁵ Income data were not available for four children. In addition, the total number of children is less than the total enrollment in pre-K because the income is by family, and several families have multiple children in pre-K.
- 6 Nine children did not have reported data for ethnicity and three children did not have reported data for race. Asian and Pacific Islander categories are reported together.
- ⁷ All State Pre-K programs are in school districts except one which is located at Great Basin College (21 children).
- BHalf-day programs must operate a minimum of 10 hours per week; and full-day programs must operate a minimum of 25 hours per week which is either 5 days per week (5 hours per day) or 4 days per week (6.25 hours per day). A total of 1,996 slots have been expanded to full-day through braiding funds with PDG; and 175 slots remained half-day.
- 9 There is no formal partnership, but all districts/programs receiving PDG funds must be extended to school-day or extended-day and provide comprehensive services.
- 10 The majority of programs are 5 days per week; but some rural programs follow a 4 day per week schedule for their whole district.
- ¹¹ Most programs follow the school year.
- 12 Districts/programs only receive PDG funding for 4-year-olds, so if they serve 3-year-olds they must braid funds with other sources.
- 13 Children who are eligible for kindergarten are not eligible for State Pre-K unless a local determination is made based on the child's IEP.
- 14 Districts or programs determine eligibility based on highest need (i.e., low income, DLLs, homeless, etc.). Children must be from families at or below 200% FPL to receive PDG funding.
- 15 State Pre-K funds are awarded through competitive grants with those districts or programs serving the highest number of children in families at or below 200% of FPL receiving priority. Programs receive additional PDG funds for every child that meets the 200% FPL guideline.
- ¹⁶ Re-determination is not included in state policy, but is permitted at the discretion of districts if claims of irregular attendance are verified or if claims that a family moves outside of the district are substantiated and it is determined appropriate to fill the space with another child on the waiting list.
- ¹⁷ Programs are required to follow NAEYC guidelines.
- 18 Full-day programs, as supported by the PDG grant, must provide meals (i.e. all provide lunch and some provide breakfast as well). The remaining half-day programs are only required to provide snacks.
- 19 Screenings are encouraged, and are locally determined. All programs are required to conduct the Brigance Screen III.
- ²⁰ Districts/Programs are required to follow protocol for Child Find.
- ²¹ Through PDG, districts/programs are required to at least offer comprehensive services.
- ²² Programs are required to serve a minimum of 2 children with an IEP and a maximum of 9 in a class of 20 (less than 50%). It is encouraged that programs serve between 5-7 children with IEPs if possible.
- ²³ Senate Bill 390 allocates over \$50M for DLLs Pre-K-Grade 4.
- ²⁴ The state is in the process of creating birth-3rd grade standards as a more comprehensive document. The state also recently adopted SEL standards for K-12.
- ²⁵ As a requirement of PDG, all programs were required to select at least one comprehensive assessment to work towards implementation. The majority of the districts chose either TS GOLD or Brigance IED.
- ²⁶ Implementation of curricula is reviewed during the competitive application process and site visits.
- ²⁷ District employees follow same guidelines as for their K-3 teachers.
- ²⁸ Teachers are eligible for T.E.A.C.H. scholarships and/or may enroll in an Alternative Route to License (ARL) program.
- ²⁹ Districts determine the pay schedule of assistants. Private child care programs are encouraged to follow a similar pay scale.
- ³⁰ The State offers T.E.A.C.H. scholarships for assistants, but does not require them.
- ³¹ Title I funds were also used to support some state Pre-K programs, but the total amount used is not available. Zoom (DLL) funding used for Pre-K separate from State Pre-K was \$8.5 million used to serve an additional 1,736 children in half-day programs. PDG federal total for expanding existing state Pre-K: \$10.6M; PDG state total for expanding existing state Pre-K: \$5.4M; State Pre-K existing: \$3,338,875
- 32 State Pre-K programs are required to complete pre and post Brigance Screens. They are also in the process of implementing a comprehensive assessment of their choosing.
- 33 Additional assessment grants were awarded to 11 school districts/programs to implement a comprehensive assessment of their choosing: 5 selected Brigance IED; 5 used TS GOLD; and one selected Curiosity Corner.
- ³⁴ All kindergartens are required to use the Brigance Screener.
- ³⁵ All State Pre-K classrooms that receive PDG funds are required to participate in QRIS. Currently, there are not enough funds to fully support QRIS participation for all pre-K programs, thus limiting coaching support, especially in rural districts. Classrooms are randomly selected by school site that may be observed in a given year. This includes all classrooms at that site regardless of funding stream.
- ³⁶ Both the state and QRIS representatives are required to visit programs multiple time each year.
- ³⁷ Nevada is working to include all early childhood programs 0-5 in the state system (Infinite Campus), but it is not fully operational to date.

NEW JERSEY - New Jersey Former Abbott Preschool Program

- Primary oversight for the preschool education program is through the state Department of Education's (DOE) Division of Early Childhood Education and Family Engagement. The Department of Children and Families oversees licensing of private preschool providers. The Department of Human Services (DHS) has oversight of the wraparound program. The State Head Start Collaboration office serves as a liaison between Head Start agencies and all of the other listed Departments.
- ² Thirty-one districts are required to offer the program due to a state Supreme Court decision. The remaining four districts are required to offer the program after applying to expand their existing program, beginning in the 2008-2009 school year. The state allowed eight charter schools in former Abbott districts to house preschool programs as well.
- ³ Data about eligibility for free or reduced price lunch is district-reported.
- ⁴ Enrollment in private settings includes both Head Start and other private child care centers.
- ⁵ The DOE funds the program for the school calendar year and day. All programs must operate for at least six hours per day. Some programs offer extended-day programs with an additional four hours of wraparound care for income-eligible children. The wraparound program is funded through DHS. Some districts have also used surplus or Title 1 funds to provide summer programs.
- 6 Kindergarten age-eligible children with an IEP that requires enrollment in a preschool program may enroll in the program, but are funded through special education.
- The program is offered in the urban, low-income districts initially identified by the New Jersey Supreme Court in 1990 as having at least 40% of children who qualify for free or reduced-price lunch, as well as in four additional districts that applied under a provision in 2008. All 3- and 4-year-old children within those districts are eligible to participate.
- Only district residents are eligible for the program. Children who move outside of the district would no longer be eligible to attend the program. Districts continually monitor to ensure children are still district residents and are therefore still eligible for the program.
- 9 All programs are required to employ a Community Parent Involvement Specialist to connect families with social services such as mental health services and insurance. In

addition, contracted private providers are required to employ family workers for this same purpose.

- Districts must follow state guidance in the recording of attendance for all preschool students enrolled in New Jersey public schools. Preschool students are not included in the calculation of school and district accountability scores for chronic absenteeism, but preschool chronic absenteeism rates are displayed in school-level performance reports.
- ¹¹ The state has four recommended curricula, but they are not required.
- Teachers with a Standard Elementary School Endorsement (preschool through grade eight) may teach preschool if they have an equivalent of two academic years of full-time experience teaching 3- and 4-year-olds or demonstrate content knowledge in line with district-established documentation requirements. Additionally, teachers with the following certifications may apply for preschool licensure, take the Praxis exam, and begin the process of obtaining a P-3 certificate: K-5 certificate, out-of-state certificate that includes preschool, Teacher of the Blind or Partially Sighted, Teacher of the Deaf or Hard of Hearing, Teacher of the Handicapped certificate, or Teacher of Students with Disabilities certificate. Nursery school (P-K) is no longer granted, but is still recognized for current holders.
- 13 In districts or schools supported by Title I funding, assistant teachers are required to meet the education/degree requirements specified for Title 1.
- 14 Requiring individualized PD plans for assistant teachers is a district decision. Some districts have begun contracting with external entities for the assistant teacher position and may not require the outside entity to provide a PD plan.
- ¹⁵ Master teachers/coaches are provided at a ratio of one coach for 20 classrooms.
- ¹⁶ Districts with large percentages of DLL children are required to have bilingual specialist master teachers available to provide support to teachers and fellow master teachers in the education of DLL preschoolers.
- ¹⁷ All starting salaries are determined by the local district.
- 18 Districts receive a per pupil amount for each projected child depending on where the child is being served (district, Head Start, or private provider setting). However, if this amount provides less for the district than it received in the 2008-2009 school year, the district's aid reverts back to what it was in the 2008-2009 school year.
- 19 School districts are permitted to subcontract with faith-based programs without religious content during the school day.
- ²⁰ To identify areas in need of support.
- ²¹ KEA participation is voluntary.
- ²² Districts can choose between Danielson and Marzano for their teacher evaluations.
- ²³ The Self-Assessment and Validation System (SAVS) is administered locally and submitted to the state. Annually, a subset of district assessments is directly validated by the state. District assessments are validated at least once every three years. The results of the SAVS are used as the basis for program planning and incorporated into the district's annual Preschool Program Plan.

NEW JERSEY - New Jersey Former Non-Abbott Early Childhood Program Aid (ECPA)

- ¹ Primary oversight for the preschool education program is through the state Department of Education's (DOE) Division of Early Childhood Education and Family Engagement. The Department of Children and Families oversees licensing of private preschool providers. The Department of Human Services (DHS) has oversight of the wraparound program. The State Head Start Collaboration office serves as a liaison between Head Start agencies and all of the other listed Departments.
- ² Required for specific districts where, in the late 1990's, between 20% and 40% of children were eligible for free or reduced-price lunch.
- ³ Enrollment in private settings includes both Head Start and other private child care centers.
- Districts may operate either a part-day (2.5 hours per day) or school-day (6 hours per day) program. DHS funding may be used to extend beyond a full-day for incomeeligible children. Some school-day children may receive extended-day services, but the number of students is unknown. The DOE funds the program for the school year. If the district or provider runs a wrap-around program through DHS, the program would then extend services for the full calendar year.
- 5 Kindergarten age-eligible children with an IEP that requires enrollment in a preschool program may enroll in the program, but are funded through special education.
- ⁶ Only district residents are eligible for the program. Children who move outside of the district would no longer be eligible to attend the program. Districts continually monitor to ensure children are still district residents and are therefore still eligible for the program.
- Breakfast, lunch, and snack are required for at-risk students in school- and extended-day programs. For children in half-day programs, a "meal" (which can be breakfast, lunch or snack) is required for every 2.5 hours the children are present. Although not specified in the Early Childhood Administrative Code, meals provided in school programs must meet USDA quidelines.
- ⁸ Districts must follow state guidance in the recording of attendance for all preschool students enrolled in New Jersey public schools. Preschool students are not included in the calculation of school and district accountability scores for chronic absenteeism, but preschool chronic absenteeism rates are displayed in school-level performance reports.
- $^{\rm 9}$ $\,$ The state has four recommended curricula, but they are not required.
- Teachers with a Standard Elementary School Endorsement (preschool through grade eight) may teach preschool if they have an equivalent of two academic years of full-time experience teaching 3- and 4-year-olds or demonstrate content knowledge in line with district-established documentation requirements. Additionally, teachers with the following certifications may apply for preschool licensure, take the Praxis exam, and begin the process of obtaining a P-3 certificate: K-5 certificate, out-of-state certificate that includes preschool, Teacher of the Blind or Partially Sighted, Teacher of the Deaf or Hard of Hearing, Teacher of the Handicapped certificate, or Teacher of Students with Disabilities certificate. Nursery school (P-K) is no longer granted, but is still recognized for current holders.
- 11 In districts or schools supported by Title I funding, assistant teachers are required to meet the education/degree requirements specified for Title 1.
- 12 Requiring individualized PD plans for assistant teachers is a district decision. Some districts have begun contracting with external entities for the assistant teacher position and may not require the outside entity to provide a PD plan.
- Data not available for Early Childhood Program Aid (ECPA) districts, but all lead teachers are required to have at least a Bachelor's Degree.
- 14 Districts with large percentages of DLL children are required to have bilingual specialist master teachers available to provide support to teachers and fellow master teachers in the education of DLL preschoolers.
- ¹⁵ All starting salaries are determined by the local district.
- ¹⁶ All state funding is technically run from the state aid formula. However, for the 2017-2018 school year, the former ECPA districts were funded in a manner similar to prior years, which was not according to the funding formula. Districts may, but are not required to, contribute local funding to the operation of the program.
- 17 School districts are permitted to contract with Head Start, private agencies, and faith-based centers (without religious content), but very few do so.
- ¹⁸ To identify areas in need of support.
- ¹⁹ KEA participation is voluntary.
- ²⁰ Districts can choose between Danielson and Marzano for their teacher evaluations. TPOT and ECERS are recommended but not required in ECPA districts.
- ²¹ PEG-supported programs and Preschool Education Expansion Aid (PEEA) districts are required to participate in the state's QRIS.

NEW JERSEY - New Jersey Former Early Launch to Learning Initiative (ELLI)

- Primary oversight for the preschool education program is through the state Department of Education's (DOE) Division of Early Childhood Education and Family Engagement. The Department of Children and Families oversees licensing of private preschool providers. The Department of Human Services (DHS) has oversight of the wraparound program. The State Head Start Collaboration office serves as a liaison between Head Start agencies and all of the other listed Departments.
- ² Nine of the Early Launch to Learning Initiative (ELLI) districts are also included in the count of Early Childhood Program Aid (ECPA) districts.

- ³ The enrollment count does not include 441 children who are already captured in enrollment figures for the ECPA program.
- 4 ELLI districts are allowed to contract with Head Start and private providers for services, but only three did for this school year.
- ⁵ Enrollment in private settings includes both Head Start and other private child care centers.
- 6 Some programs are part-day (at least 2.5 hours/day), some programs are school-day (at least six hours/day), and some programs offer a combination of both. Some programs participate in DHS wraparound for before- and after-care. The DOE funds the program for the school year. If the district or provider runs a wraparound program through DHS, the program would then extend services for the full calendar year.
- 7 Kindergarten age-eligible children with an IEP that requires enrollment in a preschool program may enroll in the program, but are funded through special education.
- ⁸ Children are required to qualify for free and reduced-price lunch (185% FPL) and be a resident of the district. However, districts may allow for other students in unusual circumstances to be eligible for the program. A district may make a case for establishing eligibility based on extenuating circumstances when submitting its annual preschool program plan.
- 9 Only district residents are eligible for the program. Children who move outside of the district would no longer be eligible to attend the program. Districts continually monitor to ensure children are still district residents and are therefore still eligible for the program.
- ¹⁰ For half-day programs, only snack is provided. For a full-day program, breakfast and lunch may be provided.
- Districts must follow state guidance in the recording of attendance for all preschool students enrolled in New Jersey public schools. Preschool students are not included in the calculation of school and district accountability scores for chronic absenteeism, but preschool chronic absenteeism rates are displayed in school-level performance reports.
- $^{\rm 12}\,$ The state has four recommended curricula, but they are not required.
- Teachers with a Standard Elementary School Endorsement (preschool through grade eight) may teach preschool if they have an equivalent of two academic years of full-time experience teaching 3- and 4-year-olds or demonstrate content knowledge in line with district-established documentation requirements. Additionally, teachers with the following certifications may apply for preschool licensure, take the Praxis exam, and begin the process of obtaining a P-3 certificate: K-5 certificate, out-of-state certificate that includes preschool, Teacher of the Blind or Partially Sighted, Teacher of the Deaf or Hard of Hearing, Teacher of the Handicapped certificate, or Teacher of Students with Disabilities certificate. Nursery school (P-K) is no longer granted, but is still recognized for current holders.
- 14 In districts or schools supported by Title I funding, assistant teachers are required to meet the education/degree requirements specified for Title 1.
- 15 Requiring individualized PD plans for assistant teachers is a district decision. Some districts have begun contracting with external entities for the assistant teacher position and may not require the outside entity to provide a PD plan.
- ¹⁶ Data not available for ELLI districts, but all lead teachers are required to have at least a Bachelor's Degree.
- ¹⁷ Districts with large percentages of DLL children are required to have bilingual specialist master teachers available to provide support to teachers and fellow master teachers in the education of DLL preschoolers.
- ¹⁸ All starting salaries are determined by the local district.
- 19 Some districts may use local funding to supplement state funding, but amounts are unknown. All state funding is technically run from the state aid formula. However, for the 2017-2018 school year, the former ELLI districts were funded in a manner similar to prior years, which was not according to the funding formula. Districts must use local funds or charge tuition to serve regular income/general education students and must also use special education funding to serve children with IEPs.
- 20 School districts are permitted to contract with Head Start, private agencies, and faith-based centers (without religious content), but very few do so.
- ²¹ To identify areas in need of support.
- ²² KEA participation is voluntary.
- 23 Districts can choose between Danielson and Marzano for their teacher evaluations. TPOT and ECERS are recommended but not required in ELLI districts.
- ²⁴ PEG-supported programs and Preschool Education Expansion Aid (PEEA) districts are required to participate in the state's QRIS.

NEW MEXICO - New Mexico PreK

- 1 Public school enrollment (PED) declined by from 5,849 to 5,405 from last year to this year due to districts converting half-day slots to full-day slots, which are funded at double the amount of half-day slots. The public school appropriation was level with the prior year, so no additional funds were available to increase awards. For the first time, PED Pre-K children were included in the public school data system, STARS, the Student-Teacher Accountability System. Some districts had issues with the first reporting periods, and this may also have impacted numbers of children in the system on October 1. In addition, programs were still enrolling children after this deadline.
- ² There was an increase in special education enrollment in NM Pre-K due to more public school children being served in inclusive NM Pre-K settings rather than segregated special education settings.
- 3 The Children, Youth and Families Department funds NM Pre-K classrooms at Head Start sites. However, these Pre-K children are not enrolled in Head Start.
- 4 Public School families have the option to chose Hispanic as their child's race and 3,465 families chose this as an option. These children are noted in the Other Races category.
- ⁵ New Mexico funds two program schedules: half-day which is 450 total classroom hours; and NM Extended-day which is 900 total classroom hours. Half-day programs must operate at least 2.5 hours per day; and NM Extended-day programs must operate at least 5 hours per day.
- ⁶ Only programs funded by Children, Youth, and Families Department are allowed to serve 3-year-olds.
- ⁷ Funding priority is given to age-eligible children who live in the attendance zone of a Title 1 school.
- 8 Class sizes and staff to child ratios may be smaller in classrooms with children with IEPs, for example, one adult to four children.
- 9 One meal is required for half-day programs; two meals are required for NM Extended-day Pre-K and Early Pre-K programs.
- 10 All screenings must be completed by the third month of attendance. The components of a full physical exam are determined by the child's physician.
- ¹¹ Nurses who provide health services for children are available in public school settings only.
- 12 In public school programs, up 40% of children may have IEPs if a percentage of those IEPs are for speech articulation only. If not, one third of the children may have IEPs.
- 13 New Mexico Pre-K has incorporated both Culture and Language into the Tiered Quality Rating System (TQRIS) as one of the components of Full Participation of Each Child.
- $^{\rm 14}~$ Public School programs do not suspend or expel children.
- ¹⁵ Guidance for serving DLLs is included in the state's QRIS and in the NM Early Learning Guidelines. One of the essential elements of the QRIS is Culture and Language, Including the Support of Dual Language Learners.
- 16 CYFD: The Pre-K Comprehensive Consultation System provides monthly classroom visits, which include a 30-minute debriefing period with the teacher and educational assistant. PED: Moved from a consultation model to a practice based coaching model, providing 1 to 2 visits per month with a 30-minute debriefing period with teacher and educational assistant.
- ¹⁷ In order to ensure curriculum is implemented with fidelity, classroom walk-throughs and required weekly lesson plan forms are used as well as consultation, coaching, and monitoring.
- ¹⁸ Curricula are locally determined but must be aligned with the NM Early Learning Guidelines.
- 19 Teachers in nonpublic settings who do not yet possess a state-issued Early Childhood teaching license or BA degree must complete a minimum of six credit hours annually toward the degree or license. Teachers in public schools must hold at least a BA/BS and a teaching license in Early Childhood. If a public school teacher is hired who holds either a special education PreK-12 license or an Elementary K-8 license, that person must complete all requirements for an early childhood B-3rd grade or

- PreK-3rd grade teaching license within two years of hire.
- ²⁰ Assistant teachers in both public and nonpublic settings are expected to have an AA in ECE, but may be hired without an AA with an approved PD plan to complete at least six college credits annually toward the requirement. New Mexico offers an Education Assistant license for P-12 in public settings only. For assistant teachers in nonpublic schools, training in ECE or CD is required upon hire.
- ²¹ Health and safety PD is required and provided by Child Care Licensing and school districts.
- ²² Average caseload for coaches is 14-20 classrooms. New teachers receive on-going additional support and caseloads are limited.
- Preschool program personnel benefits must include time for planning (at least two hours per week), daily classroom preparation, and any additional release time in compliance with teacher union contract, if applicable (see: https://www.newmexicoprek.org/?page_id=1880&q=Program+Standards). Release time must include a minimum of 30 minutes to debrief following each Pre-K/FOCUS coaching visit.
- ²⁴ Minimum of 2 hours per week. For Public School Pre-K teachers, paid planning/PD must at least equal that to Kindergarten teachers.
- ²⁵ Faith-based programs cannot have religious content during Pre-K hours.
- ²⁶ The frequency of preschool assessments is dependent upon program setting and number of hours the program operated per year. For non-public schools twice annually for programs funded for 450 hours; three times annually for programs funded for 900 hours. For public schools, three times annually for all program types.
- ²⁷ The required assessment for all NM Pre-K is the New Mexico Preschool Observational Assessment, which is based on the New Mexico Early Learning Guidelines.
- ²⁸ Child growth data are used to evaluate the overall effectiveness of the state's Pre-K program to improve child outcomes.
- 29 The Public Education Department requires all schools with kindergarten programs to conduct age-appropriate assessments to determine the placement of students at instructional level within the first 30 instructional days of the school year. Under the Race to the Top initiative, a state-wide Kindergarten Entry Assessment, the Kindergarten Observation Tool (KOT), was fully implemented in all public schools in the Fall of 2016. This assessment continues to be used in every public school kindergarten classroom. School districts and charter schools that receive Reads to Lead or K-3 Plus funding from the state must also conduct the Istation literacy assessments. Other districts have local control of early literacy short-cycle assessments.
- 30 All programs funded for NM Pre-K must participate in the state's QRIS. Public school programs must meet a STAR 5 level on the PED FOCUS QRIS within two years of funding.

NEW YORK - New York State Administered Prekindergarten Program

- New York State (NYS) has several separate pre-K funding streams, five of which are competitive awards. Universal Pre-K (UPK) is administered to school districts via an allocation grant award that is non-competitive. Of the approximately 700 school districts in NYS, roughly 440 districts have an award via this program. However, the funds and awardees for this program have been frozen for nearly a decade. For the last four years, school districts have been able to apply for additional funding via a competitive basis for five-year grant awards.
- One competitive grant, the Expanded Prekindergarten Program, allowed school districts to apply to serve both 3- and 4-year olds as long as the number of slots for 3-year-olds did not exceed the number of slots for 4-year-olds in the district.
- New York state has committed to including PDG funds in the state budget effective the 2019-2020 school year and going forward. The state is planning to roll the PDG funding and slots into allocations for the UPK program beginning in the 2019-2020 school year.
- ⁴ Both half-day and full-day programs are funded. Half-day programs must operate for a minimum of 2.5 hours per day. Full-day programs must operate for a minimum of 5 hours per day. Many programs opt to run a school-day or extended-day program using local funds or other funding sources.
- ⁵ Age-eligible children must be residents of the respective school district in order to enroll in state-funded Pre-K. For children served by the Federal Preschool Development Grant, eligibility is determined by an income requirement. Homeless children have priority for enrollment purposes.
- ⁶ The maximum class size for a Pre-K class is 20 children. For classes of up to 18 students, there must be one teacher and one paraprofessional assigned to each class. For classes of 19 or 20 students, there must be one teacher and two paraprofessionals assigned to each class.
- Programs that are less than three hours require access to a nutritional meal or snack. Programs that are more than three hours require access to meals and snacks to ensure the nutritional needs of the children are met. When a school district participates in the National School Lunch or School Breakfast programs, Pre-K students who are on-site during the hours that meals are being served (whether half-day or full-day) must be offered breakfast and/or lunch, as applicable.
- ⁸ Regulations are being updated for the 2019-2020 school year.
- 9 Assessments must be valid and reliable and assess language, cognitive and social skills.
- Other supports for curriculum implementation include the updated Planning for High-Quality Prekindergarten Programs, Summer Institute for Programs serving 3-year-olds in July 2018, released guidance for school districts operating Pre-K programs for 3-year-olds. Website tools include tip sheets for setting up the environment and checklists to ensure curriculum opportunities across domains.
- Lead teachers in public school settings are required to have a BA if hired prior to 1978 and an MA if hired after 1978. Lead teachers in nonpublic settings hired prior to 2004 are required to have an AA or CDA. Since 2004, programs in nonpublic settings have been required to meet the same certification requirements as those in public settings. A legislative amendment allowed certain community-based organizations to be exempt from this requirement until at least 2013. These teachers must also have a plan to become certified within five years or by 2013. Effective July 1, 2010, all newly hired teachers in nonpublic settings must have a BA in Early Childhood Education or a related field and also have a written plan to earn a NYS teaching license or certificate valid for services in the early childhood grades within five years. Nonpublic programs lacking licensed/certified lead teachers must employ an onsite education director possessing a NYS teaching license or certificate in early childhood or childhood grades.
- 12 The Level I Teaching Assistant Certificate, the entry-level certificate for teacher assistants, permits the holder to provide direct instruction to students under the general supervision of a certified teacher. Assistant teachers in nonpublic settings are required to have a HSD or meet standards of the licensing or registering agency. Some nonpublic school settings require a temporary license, or continuing certificate, which permits the continued employment of an individual who has completed one year of experience under a temporary license and who has six semester hours of study in education.
- Guidelines indicate that assistant teachers with the Level III Teaching Assistant certificate complete 75 hours per five years of in-service professional development in order to maintain certification. However, local public school districts make decisions regarding the appropriateness of activities to fulfill this requirement.
- 14 State policy does not specifically require ongoing classroom-embedded support but local districts can decide to provide it.
- Targeted Pre-K: \$1.3 million, standalone appropriation; Universal Pre-K: \$415.6 appropriated with all of General Support for Public Schools; Statewide Universal Full Day Pre-K: \$1.5 billion, standalone re-appropriation; Expanded Pre-K: \$15 million plus another \$15 million, two re-appropriations shared with many other programs; Expanded Pre-K for 3 year olds: \$11 million plus another \$11 million, two re-appropriations shared with many other programs; Expanded Pre-Kindergarten for Three-and Four-Year Old Students in High-Need School Districts (EPK2): \$5 million, standalone appropriation.
- ¹⁶ A half-day state aid rate is based on each school district's combined wealth ratio. The state aid formula takes into account several factors, including: foundation cost (the cost of providing the average student with an education that meets state learning standards), pupil need (the proportion of pupils eligible for free and reduced-price lunch), regional cost index, and expected local contribution. Five of the seven funding streams are determined by the state aid formula.
- ¹⁷ Agencies, other than public schools, who receive funds directly are not allowed to subcontract. School districts may subcontract with public schools, Head Start, Private agencies, Faith-based centers without religious content, family child care homes, and other agencies.
- Preschool assessment is referred to as Progress Monitoring and is separate from assessment. Assessments must also include motor development in addition to language and cognitive development. Valid and reliable progress monitoring and assessment tools used are determined locally. Screening tools must cover language, cognitive and social skills. School districts are required to establish a screening process for assessing the developmental baseline whenever a new child enters the program. The ongoing progress of all children should be monitored at least three times per year in at least language, cognitive and social skill development.
- 19 Section 3602-e of Education Law has been amended for the 2017-2018 school year to require that all grantees receiving any State and/or federal prekindergarten grant must adopt approved quality indicators within two years, including, but not limited to, valid and reliable measures of environmental quality, the quality of teacher-student interactions and student outcomes.

²⁰ Some programs receive site visits annually, others have risk-based monitoring.

NORTH CAROLINA - North Carolina Pre-Kindergarten Program (NC Pre-K)

- ¹ Although the North Carolina Department of Health and Human Services has authority over the state's pre-K program standards and fiscal components, the North Carolina State Board of Education Policy oversees the teacher licensure process.
- ² North Carolina's Pre-K program (NC Pre-K) is statewide and is available for families in every county. It is administered locally, but if a county agency chooses to not be a contractor, a different agency would be found in order to ensure that it was available in that county. All counties are not required to offer and administer the program, but it is required that the program is offered in every county.
- ³ The sum of enrollment by race is higher than total enrollment because multiple categories of race may be selected.
- Wraparound services are determined locally. A few programs based in public schools may operate on a year-round calendar, but funding is limited to 10 months (36 weeks) of services.
- ⁵ State statute allows for a child's early entry into kindergarten using state-established guidelines and based on information submitted by the child's parent or guardian that the child is gifted and has the maturity to justify admission to school.
- ⁶ The child must be 4 years old on or before August 31st of the program year. A child that meets the age requirement is eligible for NC Pre-K if the child is from a family whose gross income is at or below 75% of the State Median Income (SMI). Children of certain military families are also eligible without regard to income. In addition, up to 20% of age-eligible children enrolled may have family incomes in excess of 75% SMI if they have documented risk factors in specific categories including developmental disability, Limited English Proficiency, educational need, or chronic health condition.
- ⁷ All children must meet at least one risk factor if they do not meet the income cut-off.
- 8 Classrooms that provide inclusive settings for children with disabilities may require an adult-to-child ratio lower than 1:9. For Local Education-administered public school exceptional children's preschool classrooms, ratios must be in compliance with the North Carolina Policies Governing Services for Children with Disabilities, Section 1508-2, (Appendix B) at: http://ec.ncpublicschools.gov/policies/nc-policies-governing-services-for-children-with-disabilities
- 9 Per the North Carolina Child Care Rules, each NC Pre-K child must be screened for developmental delays within 90 days of entering program. The screenings are used solely for the purpose of identifying children who should be referred for further evaluation and testing based on concerns in one or more developmental domains. State forms are provided to families for obtaining children's health assessments that include health care provider statements to refer children for further assessments and tests.
- ¹⁰ Other support services are provided as needed, such as family support and other types of health interventions (e.g., mental health, positive parenting services) for children with unique needs or challenging behaviors and their families.
- 11 The North Carolina Department of Public Instruction administers the state's exceptional children program (619 program) under the Office of Early Learning, which has other policies that guide services for exceptional children in public preschool/NC Pre-K classrooms. For additional information, see: http://www.dpi.state.nc.us/earlylearning/ecprogram/
- The Division of Child Development and Early Education (DCDEE) has developed a plan to better serve ELLs, with additional efforts made at the local level to accommodate ELLs and to comply with Title VI laws. North Carolina Birth K licensed teachers receive formal, needs-based mentoring/coaching support linked to child assessment and teacher evaluation to improve instructional practices for children served. Coaches/mentors who support Birth K licensed teachers are required to use a variety of resources and strategies defined by the North Carolina Foundations for Early Learning and Development Standards (ELDS). North Carolina Mentor Teacher Standards align with the North Carolina Professional Teaching Standards. Program requirements state that sites serving children and families who do not speak English or have limited English proficiency are encouraged to hire staff that are fluent in the child's native language.
- 13 While not currently in practice, policy is under review to address chronic absenteeism in preschool programs.
- 14 The North Carolina ELDS are aligned with the state Standard Course of Study (Common Core State Standards and North Carolina's Essential Standards), the standards for what kindergarten children should know and be able to do. The focus of NC's ELDS is on the early precursor skills that research suggests are important or lay the foundation for what children learn later. The ELDS domains addressed in the standards include: Approaches to Play and Learning, Emotional-Social Development, Health and Physical Development, Language Development and Communication, and Cognition Development.
- ¹⁵ Birth K licensed teachers are assigned mentors to support the implementation of curricula and formative assessments that is informed by and aligned with the ELDS to support children's development and learning needs.
- ¹⁶ As part of the mentor/evaluation process to support the Birth K licensure process, teachers are trained in the implementation of curriculum and monitored for effective practices as aligned to the ELDS.
- ¹⁷ Additional information can be found here: https://ncchildcare.ncdhhs.gov/Services/NC-Pre-K-Program/Approved-Curricula-and-Formative-Assessments
- 18 All lead teachers in NC Pre-K classrooms are required to hold a BA/BS in early childhood education/child development (ECE/CD) or a related field, as well as a NC Birth-K or PK/K add-on license. Teachers in public or nonpublic settings may begin in an NC Pre-K classroom with a minimum of a BA/BS in child development, early education or related field, and be eligible to hold a NC Lateral Entry Birth K license while working to attain an NC Birth K or Preschool initial and continuing license within three years. Teachers holding an NC Birth K initial or continuing license are formally mentored and required to receive formative and summative evaluations annually and according to the licensure cycle. The AA degree in ECE/CD is permitted only as the minimum education/degree requirement for a long-term substitute teacher (up to 12 weeks).
- 19 All teacher assistants must have a high school diploma or GED and must hold, or be working toward, a minimum of an AA in ECE/CD or a Child Development Associate (CDA) credential. Teacher assistants working toward the AA or CDA shall make progress by completing a minimum of six documented semester hours per year. Teacher assistants employed by public schools may meet the employment requirements outlined by the federal Every Student Succeeds Act (ESSA) legislation and have one of the following: (1) Six documented semester hours of coursework in ECE, or (2) Two years of work experience in an early childhood setting.
- Teachers holding a Lateral Entry license and working toward the NC Birth K Continuing licensure requirements will participate in a minimum of six documented semester hours per year, prescribed by a Plan of Study, a professional development plan, and the three-year Beginning Teacher Support Program (BTSP). The BTSP requires mentoring/performance evaluation. The BTSP is a three-year, in-service PD requirement for any teacher holding less than a continuing license (initial or lateral entry). All DCDEE regulated (licensed) programs are required to meet health and safety training requirements as stipulated under the NC Child Care Rules, which would include any NC Pre-K Programs. Professional development for assistant teachers applies only to those working toward the AA in ECE or CDA degrees. For assistant teachers who are not working towards licensure, the annual hours are based on their educational attainment. The range is from 20 hours annually to 5 hours. CPR and First Aid would be completed in addition to those hours.
- 21 The amount of mentoring or coaching a NC Birth K licensed teacher receives is based on formally assessed needs that result in different types of professional development plans, including specific strategies designed in collaboration with the teacher, evaluator, and site administer (private sites). Teachers need different amounts of onsite coaching/mentoring (scaffolding, role modeling, etc.), based on each teacher's formally assessed needs. Approximately 50 contact hours are budgeted per teacher with less than a Birth K Continuing License.
- ²² In last year's budget the Governor proposed a 10% rate increase for pre-K slots. This would have provided additional funding that could be directed towards lead teacher salaries. While this was not approved for the 2018-2019 year, it is a high priority for the department. Additionally, local contractors can require salary parity in private sites, and many add local dollars in order to support that happening.
- ²³ When a pre-K program is in a public school, the same salary schedule is used which determines the pay based on education and years of experience. The same fringe benefit rates are used as well. It is recommended that contractors also implement this in private sites but is not required.
- ²⁴ While the NC Pre-K policy does not require teacher paid time for professional responsibilities and/or PD days, pre-K teachers employed by the NC Public Schools are provided the same paid time for professional responsibilities and/or PD days as the public school. This decision is locally determined.
- 25 There are state policies for salaries and fringe benefits for assistant teachers in public schools, but not for assistant teachers in nonpublic schools.
- ²⁶ Public salary is based on the 2017-2018 State Salary Schedule. Nonpublic salary is based on the 2015 Workforce Study.
- 27 This is locally determined.
- ²⁸ While there are local communities that provide these support opportunities, the State does not require them.

- 29 North Carolina has a set rate of cost per child depending on the auspice (private site, public school site, or Head Start site). Allocation is determined by the number of available classrooms for each site.
- ³⁰ Faith-based centers are allowed but cannot use religious content in the state pre-K classrooms.
- The purpose of the current longitudinal study is to examine how different types of early learning experiences influence children's educational outcomes from preschool through third grade. The FPG study team is following 580 students from preschool through third grade using a randomized controlled trial (RCT) design. During the first year of the study (2017-2018), one group of children was randomly assigned to NC Pre-K (treatment) and the other group was randomly assigned to the waitlist (control) in two counties with large NC Pre-K waitlists. Each year the FPG study team will conduct individual assessments of students' language, literacy, math, and executive function skills in the fall and spring; conduct classroom observations; gather teacher ratings of students' social skills and brief surveys; and gather parent ratings of children's social skills and brief surveys. For Spanish-speaking dual-language learners in the sample, assessments will be done in both English and Spanish to examine their progress in both languages.
- 32 Staff are required to conduct ongoing (regular) formative assessments to gather information about each child's growth and skill development, as well as to inform instruction. All formative assessments used by the NC Pre-K Program must be approved by the NC Child Care Commission based on the assessment tool's ability to collect information on children's behaviors, development, skills, knowledge, strengths, needs and interests across all domains of development. Assessment tools are aligned with the NC ELDS to meet this requirement. Classroom staff may select from a list of approved formative assessments found under this link: http://ncchildcare.nc.gov/pdf_forms/Approved_Formative_Assessments_For_Website_Update_6_17.pdf
- 33 The approved formative assessments have reliability measures for assessors built into the tools. Staff must demonstrate reliability on any instruments used and must be re-assessed periodically for reliability. Additionally, qualified non-classroom staff conduct periodic observational assessments to verify reliability.
- 34 Currently, the NC Legislature mandated DHHS and DPI to collaborate to develop a pre-K to kindergarten transition process, which includes sharing of preschool child assessment data to inform teaching practices of kindergarten teachers.
- 35 For additional information, see: http://www.ncpublicschools.org/earlylearning/kea/
- 36 All classroom observations are on a cycle; however, targeted observations are made if necessary. Observations are completed as part of licensing.
- Teachers are required to be formally observed and assessed using the NC Professional Teaching Standards, as measured Rubric for Evaluating NC Teachers, based on a formal observation schedule determined by the NC Department of Public Instruction (per State Board of Education Policy). Teachers develop and follow an individual professional development plan, which may address classroom quality needs. Documentation of children's learning (formative) is collected by each local NC Pre-K program and DCDEE child care consultants monitor for classroom and site compliance with collection of data. Mentors and Evaluators (for Birth K licensed teachers) check to ensure use of formative assessment data to inform child learning (includes families), teacher planning and professional development. Results of classroom quality (ECERS-R assessments) are collected and reported by an independent assessor to DCDEE.
- 38 If a classroom rates less than 5.0 on the ECERS-R, staff are given one year to make improvements per the improvement plan that is developed jointly with the site administrator and the state agency's regulatory consultant. The state regulatory consultants and local NC Pre-K contract administrative agency staff routinely observe classrooms for appropriate implementation of curriculum, formative assessments, early learning standards, staff/child ratios, group size, in and outdoor learning environments, and health and safety requirements, and provide feedback. Assigned mentors and evaluators work directly with teacher effectiveness, conducting formative assessments of practices that link to performance standards (environment, content knowledge, application and use of child data) to ensure classroom environments are responsive to teaching and child learning.
- ³⁹ There are multiple State licensure visits, as well as local contractor monitoring visits.
- ⁴⁰ For additional information, see: https://www.ecids.nc.gov/ecids/

NORTH DAKOTA - North Dakota Early Childhood Education Grant Program

- 1 The funding of this program is to promote community collaboration and to include public, parochial and private daycares that may be eligible for funding.
- ² The Head Start programs in the state have a maximum number of children funded for Head Start. The state funding is contributed to non-Head Start students who meet the eligibility requirements for state funds.
- 3 Programs must operate for at least 400 hours over the duration of at least 32 weeks, and incorporate at least 10 hours of research-based parental involvement.
- 4 Children who turn 5-years-old within the school year, but were 4-years-old prior to August 1, are still eligible for preschool funds.
- ⁵ Preschool programs may enroll 5-year-olds, but they cannot be supported by grant funding.
- ⁶ Programs are permitted to charge tuition to supplement state funding, but are not required to do so.
- ⁷ The North Dakota Department of Public Instruction (NDDPI) does not have state laws regulating child/adult ratios in publicly-funded preschool.
- 8 Programs are encouraged to provide meals, however they are not required to do so because of short programming hours.
- The new 2018 version replaces the B-5 Early Learning Guidelines (ELGs), is aligned and mirrors the Early Learning Outcomes Framework (ELOF), and is aligned to the Kindergarten Standards.
- 10 The NDDPI and North Dakota Department of Human Services (NDDHS) collaborate to print, disseminate, and provide PD on the B-K Standards.
- 11 State-funded preschool programs must be approved through NDDPI to operate and must maintain teachers with an ND license qualifying them to teach pre-K.
- 12 A lead teacher with an Elementary Education degree must also obtain a Kindergarten Credential in order to teach pre-K in ND in both public and nonpublic settings.
- 13 There is not one set of hours required. ND offers different types of licenses, each of which has unique requirements for in-service professional development.
- 14 The state pays for two PD days for public school teachers, including teachers in state-funded preschool classrooms.
- ¹⁵ Mentoring is a local programming decision for both pubic school districts and nonpublic providers.
- ¹⁶ For nonpublic programs, this is a local business decision.
- ¹⁷ Total 2018 fiscal year spending is estimated as half the biennium allocation.
- ¹⁸ School districts may subgrant to Head Start sites that serve non-eligible Head Start children.
- $^{19}\,$ NDDPI was awarded a PDGB-5 grant and ECIDS is the prime activity in the grant.

OHIO - Ohio Early Childhood Education

- ¹ Since 2006-2007, grants have been awarded based on a poverty index. With new funds added in 2016-2017, grants were awarded to high-quality preschool programs located within district boundaries that have high needs (i.e., high poverty and low achievement). Ohio expanded its eligible providers to also include public districts, chartered nonpublic districts, charter schools, and child care programs.
- ² Ohio funded 17,913 children with a per-child allocation of \$4,000. Although legislation says that children should not be age-eligible for kindergarten (age 5) when in pre-K, there are two locally determined school entrance dates in Ohio (August 1 or September 30), so 5-year-olds may enroll in the program if they are not age-eligible for kindergarten. Children can turn five after August 1 but before September 30, depending on the district of residence.
- 3 All Early Childhood Education programs must provide service for a minimum of 455 hours per academic year, approximately 12.5 hours/week.
- 4 House Bill 64 allows preschool to extend the day using publicly funded child care dollars for children who are eligible at or below 130% FPL.
- ⁵ Age eligibility requirements changed for the 2016-2017 school year such that 3-year-olds are no longer eligible without prior approval from ODE after October 1 for slots unfilled by four-year-old children.
- ⁶ Family income is the determining eligibility factor for this program. The program is free for families with incomes up to 100% FPL. Families between 101% and 200% FPL may pay a fee based on the district's sliding-fee scale.

- All programs are required to participate in Ohio's QRIS, Step Up To Quality (SUTQ), and are given additional points for meeting a 1:10 staff-to-child ratio or maximum class size of 20. Most of these programs are meeting this requirement, rated four or five, and are receiving points for meeting these ratios.
- ⁸ Programs are required to provide breakfast, lunch, or snack depending on hours of attendance.
- 9 State rule implements Least Restrictive Environment requirement from IDEA for all preschool children with disabilities. Children with disabilities are allowed to enroll in state-funded preschool programs on their fourth birthday, as soon as they become age-eligible. State Support Teams are available regionally to support programs.
- ¹⁰ Ohio passed a new law that will make suspension and expulsion of preschoolers unlawful (HB 318). It is not yet in place, but will be starting with the upcoming school year, with a phased in approach over the next three years. It does not allow suspension or expulsion of any child in preschool, except in certain circumstances.
- 11 Programs are required to adopt a curriculum but the decision on which curriculum to use is determined locally.
- 12 In all programs, at least 50% of teachers must have a BA in Early Childhood Education. Teachers who have a K-3 or K-8 license are required to have 12 college credits in ECE. All teachers in ECE programs are required to complete a Professional Development certificate that gives extra points for exceeding the minimum number of contact training/PD hours.
- ¹³ Programs are now required to participate in SUTQ, and are given extra points for attaining 30 hours of PD every two years at the star four and five levels. Most programs are attaining these levels.
- 14 After being trained, each teacher must pass a content simulator at 80% or higher. If they do not pass, they can try again after some coaching and technical assistance.
- ¹⁵ In the Fall of 2014, Ohio began administering the Kindergarten Readiness Assessment (KRA) to assess all domains of school readiness for all first-time kindergarten students in public school. Ohio collaborated with the Maryland State Department of Education to develop the new KRA, which is administered annually between two weeks before the first day of school and November 1.

OKLAHOMA - Oklahoma Early Childhood Four-Year-Old Program

- ¹ An additional 1,917 3-year-olds were served but not supported with state funding.
- ² Enrollment by program operating schedule includes 3-year-olds not supported by state funding.
- ³ Programs have the option of operating a part-day or a school-day program or a combination of both within each district. Most school districts operate five days per week. Programs must be offered at least 175 days per year or 1,080 hours per school year. Districts can choose to offer a longer day or year but will not receive additional state funding through the state aid formula.
- ⁴ Full-day programs provide breakfast and lunch. Part-day programs provide breakfast or lunch.
- ⁵ Current immunization records are required for pre-K entry. If a pre-K program is in collaboration with Head Start, they must meet Head Start requirements.
- 6 The Oklahoma State Department of Education recommends and provides resources for parenting support and training, health services for children, information about nutrition, and transition-to-kindergarten activities, but allows local districts to make these decisions. If a pre-K program is in collaboration with Head Start, they must meet Head Start requirements.
- All learners must hear the voices of their own heritage in the literature they encounter. They must be given the opportunity to speak with the voices they choose for themselves in the writing they create. The language arts classroom is a place that is inclusive of race, ethnicity, culture, and all perspectives that reflect the richness of human experience. For additional information, see: https://sde.ok.gov/sites/ok.gov.sde/files/documents/files/OAS-ELA-Final%20Version_0.pdf
- ⁸ The Oklahoma Curriculum Frameworks provide support for state standards: http://sde.ok.gov/sde/oklahoma-curriculum-frameworks. The statewide summer conference, EngageOK, provides PD to support the implementation of state standards.
- 9 At this time, Oklahoma does not require an assessment in Pre-K. Pre-K assessments are locally determined.
- 10 The Oklahoma State Department of Education supports the specific needs of school districts to provide resources for special education services and assistive technology along with curriculum interventions for low-performing schools.
- 11 Local districts and administrators monitor and make decisions regarding curriculum implementation.
- 12 All pre-K teachers are required to hold a BA in Early Childhood Education. There is a paraprofessional route to becoming an Early Childhood certified teacher in which a person holding a BA in any area of study can work for a minimum of a year as a paraprofessional in an early childhood classroom and pass the Oklahoma General Education Test, Oklahoma Professional Teaching Exam, and the Oklahoma Subject Area Test. Having a BA in Early Childhood or certification through the paraprofessional route are requirements for teaching in an Oklahoma pre-K classroom.
- Teacher assistants are only required to hold a high school diploma or GED and pass the FBI criminal history check. Teacher assistants employed in a Title I school must be highly qualified using one of the following methods: (1) An associate's degree or higher; (2) At least two years or 48 credit hours of study at an institution of higher education; (3) Pass the Oklahoma General Education Test; or (4) Pass the ETS Para Pro Assessment Test or the Work Keys Assessment. About 69% of schools are Title I.
- 14 PD in the following areas is required for lead and assistant teachers: autism, blood borne pathogens, bullying prevention, child abuse, FERPA, hazardous communications, English Learners, and racial and ethnic education.
- ¹⁵ In the 2016-2017 school year, the Oklahoma State Department of Education developed policies for individualized PD plans. The program was piloted statewide in 2017-2018. Full participation by all districts and teachers will be required in 2018-2019. For additional information, see: http://sde.ok.gov/sde/professional-learning-focus
- ¹⁶ For additional information, see: https://sde.ok.gov/state-minimum-teacher-salary-schedule
- ¹⁷ For additional information, see: https://sde.ok.gov/professional-development
- ¹⁸ For additional information, see: https://sde.ok.gov/notice-allocation
- 19 Kindergartners are required to be assessed in literacy at the beginning and end of each year using a state approved literacy screener. Oklahoma requires an ELA beginning of the year and end of the year assessment of every kindergarten student. The state does not specify the test; districts are able to choose from a list of state approved assessments. The results are kept and follow the student from K to 3rd grade. Assessment results are used for instructional purposes.
- ²⁰ Districts can choose a literacy screener to assess Kindergarten students from the list of approved screeners; DIBELs is on the list. For additional information see: http://sde.ok.gov/sde/sites/ok.gov.sde/files/documents/files/RSA-K-3_FormativeAssessments_2.pdf
- ²¹ Oklahoma just began integrating the state's education and other service provider data. The state anticipates further growth in and usage of the integrated data systems.

OREGON - Oregon Head Start Pre-Kindergarten

- 1 Minimum required contact time is determined by the classroom hours combined with home-visit hours offered. School- and extended-day programs (more than 6 hours) are generally supported with other funding. Most programs operate 3.5 to 4 hours per day for a school year using state funding. Figures collected by the state do not fully align with NIEER definitions for part-, school-, and extended-day programs. Programs must offer at least 3.5 hours per day for a minimum of 32 weeks per year, plus required home visits which are 1.5 hours each.
- ² The number of days per week is dependent on the service models/options adopted by the program and can range from no class days per week (home-based) to five days per week. Most programs operate 3.5 hours per day, 4 days per week, 32 weeks per year.
- 3 State pre-K children must meet the federal Head Start income guidelines. After priority is given to families whose income is at or below 100% FPL, up to 35% of children can be enrolled whose family income is between 100% FPL and 130% FPL. If a grantee has both state pre-K and federal Head Start funds, 90% of children must meet the income requirement. If a grantee has only state pre-K funding, 80% of children must meet the income requirement. Children in foster care or who are homeless are categorically eligible. A minimum of 10% of total enrollment must include children with disabilities. Locally determined risk factors determine priority for services. Risk factors are prioritized by local boards and policy councils.
- 4 Part-day programs: lunch and either breakfast or snack; Full-day programs: breakfast, lunch, and snack. Programs are required to offer meals and a snack that provide one-third to one-half of the daily nutritional needs for children in part-day programs.

- ⁵ Screenings are required to be completed within 45 days of enrollment, except immunizations which are required prior to enrollment. Requirements for screenings follow Head Start screening requirements
- Oregon Pre-Kindergarten programs follow federal Head Start Performance Standards, which include the Head Start Early Learning Outcomes Framework. Programs are required to develop procedures for identifying children who are limited English proficient, ensure that children make progress toward acquiring English through culturally and linguistically appropriate instructional services, and inform parents about instructional services used. If 50% or more children speak a language other than English, programs must ensure that non-English speaking children are provided language support as needed. Otherwise, DLL/ELL policies related to immersion, instruction, summer language programs, translators/bilingual staff, professional development (PD) or coaching provided to teachers of ELL/DLLs are locally determined.
- While Oregon's Early Learning Standards do not address physical and motor development, the Head Start Early Learning Outcomes Framework does address physical and motor development. Both documents guide Oregon Pre-Kindergarten programs.
- ⁸ Under the Head Start Reauthorization Act of 2007, all lead teachers were required to have at least an AA by October 2011; by September 30, 2013, 50% must have earned at least a BA. Some programs have participated in local partnerships (e.g., school districts) where BA-level degrees and early childhood licensure with or without special education are required as locally determined. Teacher licensure options for public schools include Birth-3rd grade and Pre-K-K (Birth-K).
- ⁹ New Head Start Performance Standards require that all teachers have annual PD plans.
- ¹⁰ Per coaching requirements in the updated federal Head Start Performance Standards.
- ¹¹ Some teachers who hold at least a CDA and who are enrolled in a program leading to at least an AA may receive a temporary waiver for the AA requirement. Programs with teachers that have a High School Diploma or GED would need to demonstrate that they are moving into compliance with the requirement.
- 12 Local grantees partnering with agencies may receive Title I and IDEA funding but are unable to directly access those funds. Faith-based programs free of religious content are eligible to receive funding.
- ¹³ Grantees required to ensure teachers have current reliability certification.

OREGON - Oregon Preschool Promise

- ¹ The Early Learning Division is housed in the Department of Education (DOE), but the DOE does not have authority over the Early Learning Division. The Director of the Early Learning Division is appointed by and reports to the Governor.
- ² Early Learning Hubs are intermediaries between the state and providers created to ensure fiscal and specified performance metric accountability of providers.
- ³ Enrollment data by age is unavailable. However, the program served 3- and 4-year-olds.
- 4 Children receiving Preschool Promise services cannot be concurrently enrolled in a Head Start program. Yet, a child could potentially receive Preschool Promise services September through May and then participate in a summer Migrant/Seasonal Head Start program.
- ⁵ Not all providers captured the number of families that were 101-130% FPL, but this data will be available in the future.
- 6 Providers must offer, at minimum, 900 hours of service in a program year (July 1-June 30). Programs operate on the same schedule as kindergarten programs and most operate on a school-day, school-year schedule. Based on parent need, some providers choose to offer services year-round and other providers follow a September through early June schedule. These variations in program calendar create variations in the number of hours per day offered.
- Some of the providers offer wrap-around child care services for extended-day services using state child care subsidies (employment related day care).
- ⁸ Based on parent need, some providers offer a 3- or 4-day per week option. Most providers offer a 5-day per week model.
- ⁹ Eligibility is valid for two years. For the 2017-2018 program year, income (0-200% FPL) and age (3- & 4-year-olds) are the only eligibility factors. Children who are in the foster care system are considered a family of one with no income, therefore they meet the income eligibility requirements. Early learning hubs develop regional priorities for selection. Children with disability or developmental delay are not considered categorically eligible but would be considered a priority for selection.
- ¹⁰ The state has identified priority populations that include children of color, children who are emergent bi/multilingual, and children with identified special education and health needs. Beyond the age and income requirements, additional risk factors are determined locally based on community assessments.
- 11 The staff-child ratio is based on the Oregon Child Care Licensing regulations. Preschool Promise providers must obtain a top two tier rating in the Oregon Quality Rating Improvement System (QRIS). The top two tiers require a class size of less than 20 and/or a staff-child ratio better than 1:10.
- 12 In order to meet licensing requirements, programs provide at least one meal and one snack or two meals. The number of meals and snacks is dependent upon daily service hours.
- 13 In future program years, the standards will include more required screenings. Currently, the required developmental screenings are: ASQ & ASQ-SE.
- ¹⁴ Early Education/Early Childhood Special Education providers utilize a consultation model of support for teachers who are serving children with identified special needs in their classroom.
- ¹⁵ Program standards include inclusionary practices, yet do not provide specifics on planned language approaches.
- ¹⁶ Preschool Promise promotes high attendance, tracks attendance, and works with families and providers if a child is absent more than 15% of the time. The program's goal is to have, at minimum, 85% average daily attendance.
- ¹⁷ The state's suspension and expulsion policy is under development, but Preschool Promise standards include requirements to eliminate suspensions and expulsions. This is an area that needs more development and TA for the providers/workforce.
- 18 While Oregon's ELDS do not address physical and motor development, the Head Start Early Learning Outcomes Framework does address physical and motor development. Both documents guide Oregon Pre-Kindergarten programs.
- 19 The state QRIS has an approved list of assessments and if a provider chooses to use a different assessment, it must be aligned with the ELDS and approved by QRIS evaluators.
- 20 This is an area of development for Preschool Promise. Future revisions to standards and monitoring protocols will include fidelity checks.
- Additionally, the program may use a curriculum that supports all children's learning and development that: is based on theory and research; produces positive child outcomes; balances adult directed and child initiated activities; specifies outcomes for key areas of development; specifies instructional details for care and education provider/teacher to follow; includes content areas of math; includes content areas of science; includes content areas of literacy; includes content areas of social studies; and provides instructional detail on positive adult child interactions. All Preschool Promise providers must be on the top two tiers rated in QRIS, and if the provider does not select from the approved list, then they must submit documentation and the state approves the curriculum.
- Lead teachers are required to have a BA in ECE or a related field, but waivers for this requirement are permitted if the teacher has submitted a plan to attain a BA and is demonstrating progress towards the BA degree. Approximately 50% of lead teachers have requested a waiver for the BA requirement. Teachers must have a minimum of a CDA.
- ²³ The following related degrees -- sociology, psychology, social services -- require an examination of transcripts to determine content related to early learning core knowledge areas. Also, ongoing requirements for PD require training in inclusionary classrooms (preschool special education).
- 24 The minimum requirement for an assistant teacher is Step 3 in the Oregon Registry Online. Licensing regulations for an Aide II: (a) Be at least 18 years of age; (b) Have worked at least six months at the center where they are now employed; (c) Have current certification in first aid and CPR. Training must have practical hands-on instruction; therefore, online training is not acceptable.
- ²⁵ Per Preschool Promise Operating Guidelines, all Preschool Promise teaching staff are required to participate in at least 20 hours of PD activities per Program Year.
- ²⁶ If teachers and/or assistant teachers do not meet the minimum education requirements, a PD plan is required.
- 27 Providers are connected to a Quality Improvement Specialist to support continuous quality improvement related to QRIS standards. Some of the support includes job embedded PD opportunities. Coaching is not yet provided systematically, but the program is working towards this goal.
- ²⁸ Other captures unspecified degrees, and no other details are available.

- 29 Preschool Promise requires pay parity and provides guidelines, but not all providers are able to implement due to collective bargaining agreements and existing salary structure for other non-Preschool Promise staff.
- ³⁰ The same requirements apply to all teachers regardless of employer type. All Preschool Promise budgets are developed with fringe incorporated; not all provider types are able to offer this (in home providers specifically).
- 31 The program requirements include at minimum 20 PD hours each program year, in addition to preservice training. This is paid time. Whether or not that is equal to the K-3 teachers is locally determined based on their individual bargaining agreements.
- ³² Requirements for assistant teachers are expected in program year 2019-2020.
- 33 All staff are required to have a PD plan and the program offers scholarships or pays for the associated trainings/courses.
- ³⁴ All funds for services are awarded to Early Learning Hubs (ELH) and the ELHs are required to subcontract with providers to implement the program services.
- ³⁵ If children are emergent bilinguals, then English language acquisition is also assessed.
- ³⁶ The state's QRIS provides the following options: Teaching Strategies Gold Assessment; Evaluation and Programming System (AEPS); Other assessments requires a written description of how assessment tool aligns with the Head Start Child Development and Early Learning Framework and/or the Oregon Early Learning Standards.
- ³⁷ Child level assessments are used for formative purposes, not summative purposes.
- All public schools are required to assess kindergarten students upon entry with the state designed Kindergarten Assessment (KA). Public schools are able to select their own ongoing kindergarten assessment tools after the KA has been completed (locally determined). A majority of Preschool Promise providers are using Teaching Strategies GOLD.
- ³⁹ During the 2017-2018 program year, the expectation was to build capacity to implement CLASS observations during the 2018-2019 program year.
- ⁴⁰ Programs may request a limited duration waiver for this requirement while they build capacity.

PENNSYLVANIA - Pennsylvania Ready to Learn Block Grant (RTL)

- ¹ Programs must operate 180 days per year.
- ² Eligibility for RTL is locally determined.
- The Office of Child Development and Early Learning (OCDEL) released a policy statement on inclusion in 2017. Although, RTL programs are not monitored by OCDEL like other state-funded programs, the supports for the policy are accessible by RTL classrooms (e.g. CONNECT hotline, site visits, coaching).
- ⁴ The state provides a Basic Education Circular (BEC) which details the policies regarding preschool DLLs in all school based programs.
- 5 Although OCDEL doesn't monitor school-based pre-K programs the supports to reduce suspension and expulsion are available to these programs.
- 6 The PA State Board of Education passed English Development Standards in 2017. OCDEL has partnered with WIDA Early Years to provide support, resources, and PD for English language instruction for young children.
- ⁷ Supports are available to districts, but districts need to request the services.
- For more information, see: https://www.education.pa.gov/Early%20Learning/Early%20Learning%20Standards/Pages/default.aspx
- 9 The curriculum must be standards-based, but it is decided upon locally. The state provides a list of curricula which has shown alignment with PA ELS.
- Beginning in 2009-2010, assistant teachers had to meet NCLB requirements and were required to have two years of post-secondary education/60 college credits, an AA or higher, or the ability to meet a rigorous standard of quality and to demonstrate through formal state or local assessments knowledge of the ability to assist in instruction.
- ¹¹ First year instructionally certified teachers are required to participate in induction.
- ¹² This is determined locally.
- 13 Ready to Learn funding is calculated based on a percentage of the school funding formula. Districts/schools then decide how to spend the funding. Pre-K is one of many options districts/schools can choose from.
- 14 Each school district that provides prekindergarten shall design an assessment system that includes prekindergarten and uses a variety of assessment strategies.
- 15 Child assessments are locally determined, but PDE provides listing of assessments aligned with PA ELS: https://www.education.pa.gov/Early%20Learning/Early%20 Learning%20Standards/Pages/default.aspx
- 16 Evaluations of Instruction I certified teachers must occur two times per year; pre- and post-interviews occur with each evaluation.
- ¹⁷ Summaries of teacher evaluations are used as part of formal state teacher evaluation system.

PENNSYLVANIA - Pennsylvania Head Start Supplemental Assistance Program (HSSAP)

- Programs must operate according to federal Head Start Performance Standards, which require a minimum of 3.5 hours per day, four days per week. Full-day for HSSAP is considered more than 5.5 hours per day. Center-based programs can operate four or five days per week; home-based programs offer home visits once per week with socialization days. Most programs operate between 128 and 180 days per year with a few offering full-year services of approximately 240 days per year. Collaboration with other agencies and programs is required per program regulation, but implementation is locally determined.
- ² Age eligibility follows federal Head Start eligibility requirements. Most children who are age-eligible for kindergarten will not be eligible for HSSAP. The recommended age cutoff is 5 by September 1, but this is determined locally. If a child with special needs remains in the pre-K program when they are age-eligible for kindergarten, they are not funded by HSSAP, but instead by other resources.
- 3 State pre-K children must meet the federal Head Start income guidelines. Effective as of December 2007, 35% of the enrollment may be children whose family incomes are between 100% and 130% FPL after priority is given to children at or below 100% FPL. In addition to income requirements, individual Head Start agencies determine eligibility requirements based on their community assessments and give priority based on multiple risk factors.
- ⁴ OCDEL released an inclusion policy in 2017. All state-funded programs must comply with the policy.
- ⁵ Programs would follow any federal Head Start policies in relation to DLLs, the state does not prescribe any additional policies.
- ⁶ The PA State Board of Education passed English Development Standards in 2017. OCDEL has partnered with WIDA Early Years to provide support, resources, and PD for English language instruction for young children.
- Additional resources include face to face and asynchronous trainings in the ELDS.
- For more information, see: https://www.education.pa.gov/Early%20Learning/Early%20Learning%20Standards/Pages/default.aspx
- Under the Head Start Reauthorization Act of 2007, all lead teachers were required to have at least an AA by October 2011; by September 30, 2013, 50% must have had at least a BA. By September 30, 2013, all assistant teachers must have had at least a CDA or be enrolled in a program to receive a CDA, AA, or BA within two years. If teachers are employed by a school district, ECE certification is required.
- Other includes other degrees, not specified, and unknown.
- ¹¹ Coaching can be provided by the assigned preschool program specialist.
- ¹² HSSAP is a supplement to federal Head Start funding. It is used to support the federal funding.
- ¹³ Per federal Head Start guidelines.
- 14 Participation in state QRIS is required for state funded HSSAP programs that are located within child care centers. This information is collected at time of application, and

when the rating is received. In addition, any non-child care Head Start location which also serves federal Head Start students receive STARS reciprocity and become a STAR 4 location.

PENNSYLVANIA - Pennsylvania Kindergarten for Four-Year-Olds (4K) & School-Based Pre-K (SBPK)

- 1 Programs are required to operate 180 days per year. School code allows pre-K to be exempted from this requirement when approved, which is a locally determined decision.
- ² The Office of Child Development and Early Learning (OCDEL) released an inclusion policy statement in 2017. Although K4 and school-based PK programs are not required to follow the policy statement, the information and supports would be available if requested.
- ³ PDE provides a Basic Education Circular (BEC) detailing policies for DLLs, including preschool policies.
- 4 Although OCDEL does not monitor these pre-K programs, supports related to reducing suspension and expulsion are available to these programs at their request
- ⁵ The PA State Board of Education passed English Development Standards in 2017. OCDEL has partnered with WIDA Early Years to provide support, resources, and PD for English language instruction for young children.
- ⁶ As of the 2009-2010 school year, assistant teachers in SBPK must meet NCLB requirements and are required to have two years of post-secondary education/60 college credits, an AA or higher, or the ability to meet a rigorous standard of quality and to demonstrate through formal state or local assessments knowledge of the ability to assist in instruction. There is no minimum degree required for K4 programs.
- School code required that pre-K curriculum and instruction must be standards-based.
- For more information, see: https://www.education.pa.gov/Early%20Learning/Early%20Learning%20Standards/Pages/default.aspx
- ⁹ Elementary (K-6) certification is allowed for teachers in public school settings.
- Teachers with Instructional Certification are required to complete 180 hours per five years. This is required in public school classrooms (SBPK), but not nonpublic schools (K4). An induction plan is required for teachers with Instructional Certification.
- ¹¹ An induction plan is required for new teachers with Instructional Certification.
- 12 New teachers with Instructional certification must undergo an induction program which include mentoring.
- 13 This is determined locally.
- 14 Data are not available to distinguish all the funding streams, however these programs use a multitude of funding sources to operate including: Title I, school funding formula, and other local sources.
- 15 Each school district that provides prekindergarten is required to design an assessment system that includes prekindergarten and uses a variety of assessment strategies.
- 16 Teacher evaluations are required twice a year for all teachers holding Instructional I certifications. Most use Danielson, but other tools can be approved by PDE for use as well.
- ¹⁷ Evaluators must conduct a pre-interview and a post-interview when a teacher evaluation is conducted.
- ¹⁸ Summaries of teacher evaluations are used as part of formal state teacher evaluation system.

PENNSYLVANIA - Pennsylvania Pre-K Counts

- 1 These dual enrollments for Head Start only include children enrolled in Pennsylvania's Head Start Supplemental Assistance Program.
- ² School-day programs operate for a full-day of programming which includes at least five instructional hours per day; part-day programs operate for a half-day program which includes at least 2.5 instructional hours per day.
- ³ Programs are required to operate 180 days per year.
- Children must be at least 3 years old and no older than 5 years old by the beginning of the program year. Children who are kindergarten age-eligible are not eligible for Pre-K Counts. The recommended kindergarten age cutoff is 5 by September 1, but this is locally determined. In addition, local boards may decide exceptions for kindergarten. Children whose IEPs recommend an additional third year of pre-K may continue in the Pre-K Counts program, but they may not be funded through Pre-K Counts but rather by a non-state source.
- 5 Children must meet the state-specified income requirement. Prioritization based on additional risk factors beyond income and age is locally determined.
- ⁶ A class size of 17 students is recommended. The recommended staff to child ratio is 2:17; if the 1:10 ratio is used; other qualified staff must be present on-site in case of emergency.
- ⁷ Regulation guidance was updated in 2015 to include the meal requirement for half-day programs.
- ⁸ The program is required to share screening results with families and discuss/support referral options.
- ⁹ OCDEL released an inclusion policy in 2017, which PKC providers must follow.
- A Program classroom should reflect the naturally occurring ratio of students with and without developmental delays and disabilities in the area served by the approved provider and should not contain more than 20 percent of students who have been identified by the start of the program year as having a developmental delay or disability. However, in attempting to promote inclusion in this way, approved providers may not deny students' admission to a classroom based on their disability or delay.
- 11 There is no specific DLL policy for PKC; school-based programs follow the Basic Education Circular (BEC) policies for PK programs provided by school districts.
- 12 The PA State Board of Education passed English Development Standards in 2017. OCDEL has partnered with WIDA Early Years to provide support, resources, and PD for English language instruction for young children.
- 13 Curriculum companies may choose to submit an alignment at any time. The state aligned list reflects those who have voluntarily undergone the alignment process.
- $^{14}\ \ For more information, see: https://www.education.pa.gov/Early%20Learning/Early%20Learning%20Standards/Pages/default.aspx$
- Lead teachers in all settings were required to have a BA and ECE certification by December 2011. The N-3 certification will no longer be issued, though teachers who currently have it will still be able to work in the program. Teachers who do not meet this requirement are considered not in compliance, which can lower the program score on the Program Review Instrument and affect future funding.
- 16 Assistant teachers must meet NCLB requirements and are required to have two years of post-secondary education/60 college credits, an AA or higher, or the ability to meet a rigorous standard of quality and to demonstrate through formal state or local assessments knowledge of the ability to assist in instruction.
- 17 First year teachers are required to have induction plans; teachers in child care centers are required to have PD plans as part of QRIS requirements.
- ¹⁸ Other includes other degrees, not specified, and unknown.
- 19 Scholarships, and bonuses are available for child care PKC employees as part of QRIS system; loan forgiveness is available to public school teachers in qualifying schools.
- ²⁰ Fall 2018 Impact study; Spring 2019 Implementation Study.
- ²¹ Teacher evaluations are required and most programs use the Danielson Framework. One tool that assesses the classroom environment must be used, but programs may choose which tool to use.
- $^{\rm 22}\,$ Programs located in child care are required to participate in the QRIS.

RHODE ISLAND - Rhode Island State Prekindergarten Program

1 The state's PDG funds are used to pay for children enrolled in State Pre-K that qualify under the federal guidelines. There are 1,080 children enrolled in the state Pre-K

program that are funded with a mix of federal and state dollars. All income-eligible children are funded with PDG funds. Children at or over income are funded with state funds.

- There is no formal partnership at the state level, but individual grantees are required to make extended-day services available either by providing such services directly or by partnering with another agency that offers such services.
- ³ Children must reside in the district, town, or community in which the program is offered and be four on or before September 1st.
- ⁴ Meals must be USDA compliant.
- ⁵ The full physical exam includes a well visit check and copy of immunizations.
- ⁶ Programs are required to offer these services utilizing existing state programs and systems.
- PD and TA are offered. Written policies to support children with disabilities are required in program documentation, and data are collected on how state Pre-K staff are involved with children during the referral/IEP process. Districts are also beginning to implement the Itinerant Early Childhood Special Education model within certain State Pre-K classrooms.
- 8 Rhode Island defines Chronic Absenteeism as the percentage of students who miss 10% or more of school days during the year.
- 9 Joint Policy Statement on Expulsion and Suspension Policy in Early Childhood Settings; It is written into Rhode Island's policy document with a link to the AS department of Health and Human Services and US Department of Education's joint policy statement.
- 10 State Pre-K teachers are required to participate in comprehensive PD focused on understanding and using the Rhode Island Early Learning and Development Standards (RIELDS).
- ¹¹ State policy provides an approved list of child assessments aligned with the ELDS.
- 12 The state does not monitor fidelity of implementation of a specific curriculum, but does monitor implementation of curricula through written frameworks as well as observations and interviews.
- ¹³ All lead teachers must have a Pre-K-2 state teaching certification. Rarely, an approved, interim exception is given to complete the required courses by taking six credits per year. Teachers are also required to have a state certificate on the RIELDS.
- ¹⁴ Beyond the required 20 hours per year, teachers may choose from numerous optional PD offerings based on their needs.
- ¹⁵ The state contracts with a vendor who is available to provide in-program/classroom support as well as large group support. Monthly onsite visits are required, at a minimum, as is attendance at a portion of the group communities of practices.
- 16 State Pre-K teachers in nonpublic schools are paid on par with 1st to 3rd step public school teachers. Budgets are reviewed each year to verify that annual increases are applied to those salaries.
- ¹⁷ For additional information, see: http://www.ride.ri.gov/Portals/0/Uploads/Documents/Instruction-and-Assessment-World-Class-Standards/early%20childhood/2019-2020-RI-PreK-RFP.pdf
- 18 All state funded Pre-K teachers must follow CECE regulations which require 20 hours of PD and 2 hours per week of paid planning time. This is above and beyond public school K-3 requirements.
- 19 Nonpublic assistant teachers receive a higher salary than public school assistant teachers. The only difference is in the retirement benefits; though most nonpublic schools do offer retirement options such as 401K.
- ²⁰ All state funded Pre-K assistant teachers must follow CECE regulations which require 20 hours of PD. This is above and beyond public school K-3 requirements.
- ²¹ The Rhode Island Education Aid Foundation Formula, approved in 2010, takes a phased-in approach to expanding access to high-quality pre-K, starting with communities that have a high proportion of children eligible for free- and reduced-price lunch. The phased-in approach, investing \$10 million over 10 years, will ensure that pre-K expansion creates high-quality learning programs, improves access for students who need it the most, and assures a smooth transition between early childhood and K-12.
- ²² Child Trends is currently evaluating child outcomes of last year's cohort of children. ECERS and CLASS are some of the tools being used along with pre- and post-tests of children in Pre-K and in the control group.
- ²³ TS GOLD has a reliability training prior to the use of the tool that lead teachers are required to pass.
- ²⁴ The state participated in a pilot of a KEA, but has not received funding to continue this work at this time. In the absence of funding, the state selected Teaching Strategies Gold, after a RFP process, to provide a state Master Agreement price for those districts wishing to use a KEA.
- ²⁵ Feedback is given in the form of a written report that is reviewed with the program and the teaching team.
- ²⁶ A minimum level of quality is not required; however, if a program receives a low score (i.e., below 3 stars), the state works with them on concrete plans for program quality improvement.

SOUTH CAROLINA - South Carolina Child Early Reading Development and Education Program (CERDEP)/Education Improvement Act Child Development Program (EIA 4K)

- ¹ South Carolina's state-funded preschool programs are jointly administered. The South Carolina Department of Education (SCDE) oversees delivery within public school districts (CERDEP 4K and EIA 4K) and South Carolina First Steps to School Readiness oversees delivery of the CERDEP 4K program in private settings. Both public and private CERDEP classrooms must be licensed by the South Carolina Department of Social Services (DSS).
- A total of 61 school districts participate in the South Carolina Early Reading Development and Education Program (CERDEP), and there are an additional three school districts that are eligible based on the 70% or higher poverty level but elect not to participate in the public program. Private child care programs in those three districts may participate, for a total of 64 districts. The remaining districts do not meet the poverty level to participate in CERDEP, but they must offer, at a minimum, one half-day EIA 4K class. Twenty-one school districts have at least one EIA 4K classroom.
- ³ While not included in Head Start enrollment counts, several Head Start grantees serve as private CERDEP 4K providers via SC First Steps. These students meet 4K eligibility requirements and are included in 4K enrollment counts (as opposed to Head Start enrollment counts).
- ⁴ Enrollment by eligibility for FRPL reflect data from a Poverty Indicator that is district-based and based on a student's socio-economic level.
- ⁵ EIA 4K classrooms must operate for at least 4 hours per day, but individual districts can choose to extend the number of hours per day. CERDEP programs operate a minimum of 6.5 hours per day, five days a week, for at least 180 instructional days. A state budget proviso introduced for the 2017-2018 school year permitted CERDEP providers to: a) extend the school day up to 8.5 hours per day, b) extend the school year to 220 days (6.5 hours daily), or c) extend the traditional school year with up to 10 weeks of summer programming at 8.5 hours daily. No districts opted to extend the school day during the 2017-2018 year; however, 36 CERDEP districts participated in the extended year program. More than 80% of participating private providers offered an extended day or extended, year-round model during 2017-2018.
- ⁶ Three-year-olds may enroll in EIA 4K when receiving special education services.
- Ohildren are eligible to enroll in CERDEP for one year only. A waiver of this requirement may be sought from the SCDE or SC First Steps in the rare event that a child is deemed unable to advance to kindergarten for developmental or other reasons. For EIA 4K, this determination is made at the district level based upon local school board policy.
- Eligibility for CERDEP is based on residence in a CERDEP-eligible district, and family income at or below 185% of FPL or eligibility for Medicaid. Eligibility for EIA 4K is also based on qualifying for FRPL or Medicaid. Children with developmental delays documented through state approved screening assessments or children with medically documented disabilities who do not already qualify for special need services should also be considered for enrollment. If more students seek to enroll than available space permits, districts shall prioritize students (at the time of acceptance) on the basis of family income, with the lowest family incomes given the highest enrollment priority.
- ⁹ For CERDEP only: Providers maintain classrooms with at least ten 4-year-old children, but no more than twenty 4-year-old children, with an adult to child ratio of 1:10. Waivers of the minimum class size requirement may be granted by the SCDE or SC First Steps. Flexibility of this ratio requirement during naptime is allowed by DSS. Private providers adhere to the 1:10 ratio during the day, including rest time.

- ¹⁰ All CERDEP students shall be offered breakfast, lunch and a snack that meets USDA requirements daily.
- 11 South Carolina Department of Health and Environmental Control (DHEC) recommends vision and hearing screenings for all preschool children. Many state-funded programs comply with this recommendation. If CERDEP schools have resources for health screenings available, it is recommended that they should occur during the first 90 days of school. Children should be referred to an appropriate health-care provider or the local health department when a health problem is suspected or detected. All health-related referrals are noted in the child's health file on site and the results of all screenings are shared with parent(s)/guardian(s).
- The State has adopted the EdFacts, a USED initiative to collect, analyze, and promote the use of high-quality, pre-kindergarten through grade 12 (PreK-12) data, definition to define chronic absenteeism: an absent student is one who misses 50% of the instructional day for any reason, regardless of whether the absence is excused or unexcused. A student is absent if he or she is not physically on school grounds and is not participating in instruction or instruction-related activities at an approved off-grounds location for the school day. A chronically absent student is one who misses 10% or more school days during the school year. The State has created chronic absenteeism reports to assist school districts with identifying preschool students who are chronically absent. Districts are also required to provide parents with written explanation of the unlawful and lawful absences as it relates to Regulation 43-274. The child's parent/guardian(s) should be contacted to determine the reasons for nonattendance, tardiness, or early departure. School district are encouraged to develop an attendance intervention plan to identify the underlying factors and to provide interventions to improve attendance.
- ¹³ SC First Steps 4K Regional Coordinators monitor chronic absenteeism in private CERDEP programs.
- Proviso 1A.63: Each school district and private provider participating in a publicly funded prekindergarten program will administer one of the formative assessments selected by the department and SC First Steps to each child eligible for and enrolled in a publicly funded prekindergarten program during the first forty-five days of the school year and during the last forty-five days of the school year. Accommodations that do not invalidate the results of these assessments must be provided in the manner set forth by the student's IEP or 504 Accommodations Plan.
- 15 CERDEP districts: both public and private programs, are required to choose from a state-provided list of evidence-based curricula.
- 16 The SCDE conducts monitoring visits to all public 4K districts using ELLCO. This tool utilizes goal setting, monitoring, and feedback. First Steps conducts announced and unannounced visits to each private CERDEP 4K classrooms monthly, providing oversight and on-site technical assistance to teachers to ensure curricular fidelity to an evidence-based model. Coaching to Fidelity and The Fidelity Tool for Preschool, by Teaching Strategies, are used to promote individual growth with each teacher and improve child outcomes. ECERS-3 is used to raise classroom quality for continuous improvement.
- ¹⁷ First Steps' private CERDEP providers may select Creative Curriculum, HighScope or Montessori.
- 18 SC First Steps promotes the use of Conscious Discipline in classrooms to support social-emotional learning and development.
- 19 Programs electing to use Montessori as a curriculum model must have a Montessori-credentialed lead teacher.
- ²⁰ In classrooms in private centers, the lead teacher must have at least a two-year degree in ECE or a related field and be enrolled and demonstrating progress toward the completion of a teacher education program within four years. For public teachers, the grade span for EC certification is Pre-K to Third grade.
- ²¹ Assistant teachers in both public schools and private centers are required to enroll in the ECD 101 TEACH college class within one year of being in the position.
- 22 CERDEP only: The 15 clock hours per year must be approved by the Center for Child Care Career Development, and must include at least five hours in curriculum, five hours in CD, and five hours in health and safety, guidance, or other related topics. All lead teachers and teaching assistants must complete PD with the Occupational Safety and Health Administration (OSHA) annually.
- $^{\rm 23}\,$ All CERDEP assistant teachers have individualized annual PD plans.
- ²⁴ Coaching is focused on literacy. In addition to the various PD opportunities at the district and state levels, there are 22 literacy specialists, 6 early childhood specialists, and over 650 reading coaches across the state that provide job-embedded, on-going professional learning for teachers and administrators, including at the preschool level.
- ²⁵ The frequency of coaching or mentoring in public schools varies based on district and teacher need. First year teachers are required to receive first year teacher induction and mentoring. SC First Steps makes announced and unannounced classroom monitoring and technical support visits to each classroom roughly twice monthly. All teachers participate in an individualized growth and development plan.
- ²⁶ This number varies based on need and number of 4K classrooms per public school. SC First Steps' Regional 4K Coordinators are assigned caseloads of roughly 20 sites each
- 27 The data include only CERDEP teachers. The teachers with Bachelor's count also includes Bachelor's + 18, and Master's includes teachers with Master's + 30. There are an additional 529 EIA 4K lead teachers. We are unable to obtain a count by educational level for EIA 4K lead teachers. All of EIA 4K lead teachers must have at least a Bachelor's degree in Early Childhood. Private CERDEP lead teachers are required to hold a minimum of an Associate's degree working towards a 4-year degree in ECE. The "other" in the count is one lead teachers from a nonpublic program who holds a Juris Doctorate, as well as SC certification in ECE with a BA degree.
- ²⁸ South Carolina public 4K teachers receive the same contract as public K-3 teachers, which addresses a 190-day school year including PD and in-service days.
- ²⁹ First Steps incentivizes an individualized growth and development plan for each lead teacher. TEACH scholarships are available for teachers to complete a 4-year degree in ECE
- $^{\it 30}$ Lead teachers in nonpublic schools who meet their semester goals qualify for a salary incentive.
- ³¹ Nonpublic school assistants are awarded a stipend for PD participation.
- ³² Public CERDEP: \$47,424,102; EIA 4K: \$15,513,846; First Steps: \$14,634,707 in state funding.
- 33 CERDEP funding comes from Proviso 1.58 of the 2017-2018 Appropriations Bill. Payments for students continuously enrolled since the start of the school year were calculated at the maximum funding of \$4,422 for the maximum number of authorized students, as adjusted for the pro rata enrollment. EIA 4K is funded through the state's Education Improvement Act, which comes from a dedicated sales tax. For the 2017-2018 school year, \$15,513,846 was distributed among the 21 EIA 4K districts.
- ³⁴ EIA 4K's funding formula is dependent on the number of kindergarten students from the prior school year that qualify for FRPL. CERDEP is funded based on the number of eliqible students enrolled.
- 35 CERDEP does not permit subcontracting. During the current fiscal year, South Carolina First Steps to School Readiness may extend four-year-old kindergarten provider eligibility to military child care settings regulated by the United States Department of Defense. State funds appropriated for use in military child care facilities must be used to expand service to CERDEP eligible children residing in school districts approved for participation during the prior fiscal year and may not be used to supplant any existing federal child care investment.
- 36 The Education Oversight Committee contracts the CERDEP evaluation through the University of South Carolina College of Education.
- ³⁷ Each school district and private provider is required to administer one of the formative assessments selected by the department to each child eligible during the first 45 days of the school year and during the last 45 days of the school year. SC First Steps 4K teachers assess all private CERDEP students with TS Gold. All private CERDEP students have 3 or 4 progress checkpoint windows depending on whether it is a 180- or 220-day program.
- 38 Montessori classrooms may also use a Montessori assessment. Read to Succeed requires that all public pre-K students are given a readiness assessment upon entering school. Information on the chosen assessments can be found here: https://ed.sc.gov/instruction/early-learning-and-literacy/assessments-in-early-learning/pre-k-readinessassessments/
- ³⁹ Implemented in 2017-2018, the KRA (Kindergarten Readiness Assessment) determines each child's readiness level from an evaluation of four domains: Social Foundations, Language/Literacy, Mathematics, and Physical Well-Being. The KRA provides a snapshot of students' abilities at the beginning of the school year.
- ⁴⁰ The Fidelity Tool Teacher Checklist and The Fidelity Tool for Administrators (by Teaching Strategies) provide reflective and observational based data for each teacher to develop skills based on an individualized plan in private CERDEP classrooms.
- ⁴¹ Annual site visits to all classrooms by the SCDE are not required, but the Early Learning office attempts to visit as many public classrooms as possible based on district and teacher need. All private CERDEP classrooms receive, at a minimum, once a month visits by their Regional 4K Coordinator.
- ⁴² The state's Early Childhood Advisory Council is working towards developing an ECIDS.

TENNESSEE - Tennessee Voluntary Pre-K (VPK)

- ¹ Authority over the Tennessee Voluntary Pre-K program (VPK) remained the same for 2017-2018, but the Office of Early Learning (OEL) became part of the newly created Division of Teaching and Learning within Tennessee Department of Education (DOE).
- ² VPK is meant to serve 4-year-olds. Beginning in 2017-2018, 3-year-olds were not allowed to enroll in VPK without permission from the state.
- ³ A total of 184 classrooms have blended funding with VPK serving 3,579 children.
- 4 Programs are required to operate 5.5 hours per day, excluding nap time.
- 5 Although there is not a formal partnership for extended services, many districts provide extended care for the school-age children, which is open to 4-year-olds.
- ⁶ Tennessee operates on a 180 day per school year calendar.
- ⁷ The state must give permission for districts to enroll kindergarten-age children with documented disabilities in VPK.
- ⁸ VPK is targeted to low-income 4-year-olds.
- 9 If a district has exhausted all efforts to enroll 100% income eligible 4-year-olds, other children may enroll according to the established criteria set forth by the district's Community Pre-K Advisory Council (CPAC).
- Tennessee has a 3-tier eligibility system. The first tier includes children whose income would qualify them for free or reduced-price lunch, as well as children who are homeless or in foster care. The second tier includes children who are not income eligible, but are screened and identified as at-risk due to an IEP, or who are ELLs. The third tier includes locally determined factors, which include (among other possibilities): parents with low education levels, parental substance abuse, risk that the child will not be ready for kindergarten, children born to teen parents, low birth weight or other health risk, or a parent on active military duty.
- 11 There are no preschool 3-year-old classes funded with VPK dollars. Multi-age classrooms may have up to 20 students with a ratio of 1:10, with a maximum of nine 3-year-olds. In order for a district to enroll 3-year-olds, they must request approval from the state.
- ¹² Snack requirements depend on length of day.
- 13 The full physical exam includes vision, hearing, height/weight, BMI, blood pressure, immunizations, psychosocial/behavioral, and developmental screening.
- ¹⁴ Other comprehensive services are encouraged. Implementation of extra services varies by districts.
- ¹⁵ If the ratio of students with an IEP exceeds 50%, teachers are required to have a specialized license. If the ratio is under 50%, a general pre-K license is required and trainings and supports are provided.
- 16 In the VPK Scope of Services it states that districts must ensure that teachers have the training and support they need to meet the needs of DLL children.
- 17 Districts must provide a copy of their attendance policy for all state-funded pre-K classrooms. The state monitors that all districts have these in place.
- ¹⁸ In accordance with Chapter 0520-12-01, Standards for School-administered Child Care, each school is to provide a copy of their "Criteria for the disenrollment of children" or their expulsion policy.
- 19 Guidance documents and PD opportunities to support the use of the ELDS were provided and state training, guidance and support will continue with the implementation of the revised ELDS. The Portfolio assessment is required to follow Tennessee's ELDS.
- ²⁰ The TN Pre-K Student Growth Portfolio is required for all teachers to complete and it must be aligned with the ELDS and developmental domains.
- ²¹ The state has revised the approved curricula from 37 to three in 2017-2018: Big Day for Pre-K, Creative Curriculum, and Connect 4 Learning. All districts were provided money to purchase a new curriculum as well as sponsored trainings and ongoing assistance with their new curriculum. A school may request a waiver from OEL in order to use a different curriculum. An example of this would be Montessori.
- ²² The districts are required to use the state-approved curriculum to fidelity, but the state does not currently have a process to monitor this. Currently the onus is on the school districts.
- ²³ Tennessee requires that pre-K teachers in state funded classes are certified to teach pre-K. Any exceptions to this would require a one-year waiver from DOE.
- State law passed in 2005-2006 requires that at least one educational assistant per classroom hold a CDA or Associate's Degree, or be actively working toward such credentials. If no person with this credentials is available, state law allows a person with a high school degree and relevant experience working with pre-K children or other early childhood programs to be employed. Assistants must demonstrate progress toward completion of a CDA to be rehired. There is no degree requirement for assistant teachers but they are required to receive a minimum of 30 hours of state approved PD on ECERS, ELLCO, Personal Safety, ELDS, Child Care Rules and Regulations, and Social Emotional Learning Foundations. At least six hours of the training must be in developmentally appropriate literacy practices. Training may occur prior to, or during employment.
- ²⁵ In 2017-2018, the requirements increased to 24 clock hours per year for directors, teachers, and assistants. This requirement will increase to 30 hours in 2018-2019. Six of the 30 hours must be developmentally appropriate literacy practices.
- ²⁶ According to the VPK Scope of Services, all teachers, directors, and assistant teachers are required to have a personal PD plan. All teachers are also required to participate in TEAM evaluations, which are used to coach and support teacher growth, and may be used to inform the personal professional development plan.
- The PDG grant has provided ongoing training and coaching supports in Shelby and Davidson districts. In addition, the state is incorporating some professional learning that will provide ongoing supports for teachers. For example, the EL 2.0 training series provides directors, leaders, teachers, and assistant teacher with professional development on how to improve classroom practices.
- ²⁸ Lead Teacher Other: Ed.S. (38) and unknown (20). Some of these numbers are duplicated due to lead teachers having multiple degrees. Total number of lead teachers in TN is 988.
- ²⁹ Teachers are not required to be certified or endorsed in DLL/ELL, but the district is required to provide support to teachers on meeting the needs of these learners.
- 30 According to the VPK Scope of Services, "Salaries for personnel in community-based agencies shall be reasonably comparable to those currently in effect in the LEA where the respective VPK program is located. Reasonably comparable is defined as a range of compensation that would ordinarily be paid for like services within the school system. Final salaries within the range may be commensurate with qualifications and experience."
- ³¹ The state requires that nonpublic and public lead teachers' salaries are comparable. See VPK Scope of Services sections C.9 and C.10.
- 32 The VPK Scope of Services does not require these PD days to be paid, but does have specific requirements for PD.
- 33 This is a local level decision as not all districts "contract" teachers for employment.
- 34 While it is not required for PD to be paid time, both assistant teachers and lead teachers have the same number of PD hours (30) they have to obtain in a single year.
- 35 Total 2017-2018 spending does not include \$505,665 in funding from the Ounce of Prevention. Required local spending is estimated to be consistent with required local spending reported in 2016-2017.
- The funding benchmark is \$117,490 per class. The amount provided by the state varies depending on the Basic Education Plan (BEP) funding formula used in all grades. The district is required to provide a local match for any portion not provided by the state. The local match amount is determined by the BEP funding formula, which is based on 45 different components. Districts may use local funds, federal funds, or in-kind services to meet their required match.
- $^{37}\,$ A total of 75 of 934 VPK classrooms are housed in community-based programs.
- Because of the findings in the Vanderbilt study, the Pre-K Quality Act of 2016 was passed. To date the following items have been completed: 1) Revised the Tennessee ELDS; 2) Created a shared definition of quality early education; 3) OEL created and shared its vision for early learning at statewide district Early Learning 2.0 trainings; 4) Delivered Early Learning 2.0 training to support strong pre-K curriculum implementation; 5) Created TEAM pre-K Guidance Document to support district leaders in their evaluation of pre-K teachers; 6) Completed comprehensive curriculum review and narrowed state-approved list from 37 to three; 7) Successful shift to a competitive grant based on quality; 8) Piloted CLASS observations in approximately 200 classrooms across the state; 9) Trained School-based Support Services program evaluators in CLASS, quality documentation, early literacy practices, and developmentally appropriate practice; and 10) Statewide implementation of Pre-K Student Growth Portfolios.
- 39 In 2017-2018, the state-developed Pre-K Student Growth Portfolio will be implemented, following the pilot. According to Tennessee's Pre-K Quality Act, Teachers and

districts must choose an assessment from a state-approved list to demonstrate student achievement. Student achievement scores count as 15% of a teacher's evaluation; 50% of the evaluation is based on classroom observation and the remaining 35% is based on student growth. The Pre-K Student Growth Portfolio measures English language arts and math only, but districts can choose to select other assessments to assess additional domains.

- ⁴⁰ In 2017-18, the Kindergarten Entry Inventory (KEI) created by DRDP was piloted in PDG school districts and different tools were piloted in other kindergarten classrooms. In 2018-2019, only the KEI is used and only in PDG school districts.
- ⁴¹ Tennessee contracted with Teachstone to conduct a pilot of assessments in 2017-2018. In this pilot, approximately 200 classrooms were assessed. In addition, districts are required to have someone who is reliably trained in ECERS and ELLCO to do an assessment on all new teachers and/or teachers who have changed grade levels.
- ⁴² The state uses the CLASS data to inform districts and the department of trends so they can better develop PD for leaders, teachers, and assistants. The ECERS and ELLCO information is used to put teachers on a PD plan for improvement and provide teachers with feedback for quality improvements.
- ⁴³ The state requires that all classrooms in community-based organizations must be licensed by the Tennessee Department of Human Services (DHS) and be a three-star facility.
- The state does not require site visits by the LEA, but does require the LEA to ensure all classrooms are following the law, VPK Scope of Services, and the Standards for School-administered Child Care. It is a local decision on how they monitor those processes. All classrooms receive a minimum of two visits per year by their program evaluator and an additional six visits by their educational consultant in the PDG districts.

TEXAS - Texas Public School Prekindergarten

- A district shall offer half-day pre-K classes if the district identifies 15 or more eligible children who are at least 4 years of age by September 1 of the current school year. A school district may offer half-day pre-K classes if the district identifies 15 or more eligible children who are at least 3 years of age.
- ² Children enrolled in Head Start are automatically eligible for pre-K. However, they are not required to be enrolled in both.
- ³ The state requires 180 minutes per day or 32,400 minutes per year.
- ⁴ Additional eligibility criteria include: (1) Being unable to speak and comprehend the English language; (2) Being educationally disadvantaged (eligible to participate in the national free or reduced-price lunch program); (3) Homelessness; (4) Child of an active duty member of the armed forces of the United States; (5) Child of a member of the armed forces of the United States who was injured or killed while serving on active duty; (6) In, or have been in, the conservatorship of the Department of Family and Protective Services (DFPS) following an adversary hearing; or (7) Child of a person eligible for the Star of Texas Award.
- ⁵ There is no rule regarding pre-K class size or staff-to-child ratio, though school districts are encouraged to follow the requirements for kindergarten. If a school district contracts with a private entity to operate the district's pre-K program, the program must comply with child care licensing standards. The recommendation is a child to staff ratio of 11:1 with a limit of 22 children per classroom, but this is not required.
- 6 Some districts serve either breakfast or lunch, and some offer both meals. Districts offering full-day pre-K are required to provide lunch.
- Other health screenings are determined locally.
- 8 19 Texas Administrative Code 89.63 requires instructional arrangements/settings to be determined based on the individual needs and IEPs of eligible students receiving special education services.
- 9 House Bill 674 passed in the 85th legislative session.
- ¹⁰ Approaches to Learning is covered throughout the ELDS, but not an explicit, separate chapter.
- 11 For a full list of curricula see: https://tea4avfaulk.tea.texas.gov/ematevi/EMATREPORTS/RptInst/EM_CURR_ADPN.pdf
- Paraprofessionals serve as Educational Aides I, II, and III. Educational Aide I requires at least a HSD and experience working with students or parents. Educational Aide II requires at least a HSD and one of the following requirements: two creditable years of experience; a minimum of 15 college credit hours with emphasis on CD or related subject areas; demonstrated proficiency in a specialized skill area, as determined by the school district; or experience working with students or parents. Educational Aide III requires at least a HSD and one of the following: three creditable years of experience; 30 college credit hours with some emphasis on child growth and development or related subject areas; or experience working with students or parents. There are no specific requirements for lead teachers or assistant teachers in nonpublic school settings.
- ¹³ In the High-Quality Prekindergarten program that covers approximately 85% of preschool children, the teachers are required to have 30 hours each year in ECE including 15 hours of mentoring or instructional coaching.
- ¹⁴ Public schools must follow a minimum salary schedule. Nonpublic schools would not be subject to this schedule. Public schools and nonpublic school fringe benefits are determined locally.
- 15 The CCDF funds are made available through the Texas Workforce Commission. An Interagency Agreement is established to pass a small portion of CCDF funds through to the Texas Education Agency (TEA). Funds are awarded to UTHealth, Children's Learning Institute.
- ¹⁶ Pre-K students generate formula funding based on average daily attendance (ADA), in the same manner as K-12 students, with the provision that they are eligible for a maximum of one half-day ADA.
- ¹⁷ Districts are required to administer a kindergarten reading instrument from a list adopted by the commissioner or by the district-level committee. Children are assessed in kindergarten at the beginning, middle, and/or end of the year, and programs are required to submit beginning-of-the-year data to the TEA.
- Nonpublic providers must be accredited by a research-based, nationally recognized, and universally accessible accreditation system approved by the commissioner; be a Texas Rising Star Program provider with a three-star certification or higher; be a Texas School Ready! participant; have an existing partnership with a school district to provide a pre-K program not provided under this subchapter; or be accredited by an organization that is recognized by the Texas Private School Accreditation Commission.
- ¹⁹ No site visits were conducted, but districts were required to submit data directly into the TEA's data system.

VERMONT - Vermont Universal Prekindergarten Education (Act 166)

- 1 There are a number of additional state employees involved in the public pre-K program part-time but an estimate of their hours is not available at this time.
- ² Act 166 requiring Universal Prekindergarten was partially implemented during the 2015-2016 school year. Full implementation of Act 166 was required in the 2016-2017 school year, making the 2017-2018 school year the second year of full implementation of Act 166. In 2017-2018, school districts developed agreements with private prequalified pre-K programs in towns/communities including 146 public prequalified pre-K programs and 261 private prequalified pre-K programs.
- ³ Districts must provide the resources or tuition to families, but they do not need to offer a program.
- ⁴ Age was not identified for 89 children.
- $^{\rm 5}$ $\,$ Decisions to maintain PDG-funded classrooms are made at the district level.
- ⁶ Although there is no formal partnership at the state-level with other agencies designed to extend the program day, it is important to note that school districts work at the local-level with their community-based child care programs, or using local education dollars, to extend pre-K options for families.
- ⁷ Programs operate up to 5 days per week, determined locally.
- 8 Act 166 requires school districts to offer pre-K to all 3-, 4- and 5-year-olds not enrolled in kindergarten for 10 hours per week for 35 weeks over the academic year.
- 9 Vermont child care licensing regulations stipulate that the interior space licensed for use by children shall provide a minimum of 35 square feet of safe usable space per child for the maximum number of children using the space at one time.
- ¹⁰ Many of the programs provide snacks, breakfast, and/or lunch.
- 11 As part of Child Find, programs screen children on their developmental growth. Vision and hearing screenings are required under child care regulations as well. Screening information is not collected at the state level. Child Find must be conducted annually by all school districts. Child Find activities to locate, identify, and evaluate if

warranted (such as pre-K screening) is planned, offered and conducted by local school districts.

- ¹² Referral to social services is part of mandated reporting to the Department of Children and Families.
- 13 The state anticipates developing a state guidance document to support serving children who are DLL during the 2018-2019 school year.
- All private and public prequalified pre-K programs must comply with the Child Development Department's (CDD) expulsion criteria as defined in Childcare Licensing Regulations 6.2.8.4 (1)(2)(3). The licensee shall support continuity of care and education. In the event that a child's continued enrollment is at risk the following shall apply: 1) consult with child's parents, 2) provide parents written notice at least five days prior to expulsion, 3) when child is expelled, a full copy of child's file must be provided to family and documentation retained by program. In addition, Vermont outlines discipline practices specific to the use of restraint and seclusion in Rule 4500: https://education.vermont.gov/sites/aoe/files/documents/edu-state-board-rules-series-4500.pdf
- 15 Vermont has adopted TS GOLD as its child progress monitoring measure. TS GOLD is aligned with Vermont Early Learning Standards (VELS). The Vermont Agency of Education (VAE) is providing technical assistance and training to school districts and private pre-K programs on VELS, TS GOLD, CLASS, ASQ-3, ASQ-SE, curriculum, etc.
- 16 Detailed guidance and materials developed by the state and made available to local providers; Direct training or technical assistance by state or regional staff; Direct training or technical assistance provided by vendors paid by the state and/or a federal grant.
- 17 Vermont has a newly developed pre-K Monitoring System to ensure that all programs are meeting Act 166 standards, including curriculum alignment with the VELS.
- ¹⁸ Curricula are locally determined but must provide alignment with the VELS across the nine domains.
- ¹⁹ In nonpublic settings, at least one teacher who holds a bachelor's degree/master's degree and a valid VAE educator license with an endorsement in either ECE or early childhood special education, must be on site and physically present to oversee and ensure that curriculum is aligned with the VELS and pre-K instruction is provided by the classroom teacher during designated pre-K hours.
- ²⁰ A private prequalified pre-K program operated in a licensed, center-based program shall employ, or contract for the services of, at least one teacher who has a bachelor's degree and holds a valid Vermont educator license with an endorsement in either ECE or early childhood special education. The 10 hours the licensed teacher is present shall coincide with the hours of pre-K education paid for by tuition from districts.
- ²¹ Vermont has teacher associates and teacher assistants, both of whom are required to have a high school diploma or GED and preservice training in early childhood development or education.
- ²² Additional PD hours may be required by specific schools on a locally determined basis.
- ²³ Vermont does not currently require coaching as a PD component, however, it is frequently utilized within VT's PD system and teachers who are identified as specifically in need of coaching support are required to utilize it. There are multiple PD offerings that include coaching to support and increase implementation of evidence-based practices in the early childhood setting.
- ²⁴ All teachers in public settings are required to have a Bachelor's of Arts or Science (BA/BS) at a minimum. We do not collect statewide data on how many teachers have advanced degrees beyond the BA/BS. The number reported for lead teachers with a BA (n=208) represents teachers who are on salary with an operating school district. Teachers in nonpublic settings are not included in this number, thus it does not represent the total number of lead teachers in our UPK programs.
- ²⁵ Vermont has teacher endorsements in the area of ELL, and some of these teachers work with pre-K students and families. However, currently, this endorsement is not required statewide.
- ²⁶ This is a decision made at the local level.
- ²⁷ Incentives are not provided directly to the teacher, however, programs receive incentives for achieving program quality benchmarks (QRIS Ratings).
- ²⁸ A total of \$70,002,759 was used to support the program. Other then federal PDG, Vermont could not break this amount into state, local, and federal spending. NIEER estimated the breakdown based on K–12 spending. Budgets, including district costs for pre-K, are determined and approved at the local level and then funded through the Education Fund. The state's Education Fund provides funding for pre-K-12 education spending.
- ²⁹ A total of \$65,289,078 was used to support Vermont's Act 166 Program. Budgets including district costs for pre-K are determined and approved at the local level and then funded through the Education Fund. The state Education Fund provides funding for PreK-12 education spending. The state was unable to break this down into state, local, and federal sources. This figure likely includes funding from the State Education Fund's school funding formula and state Essential Early Education (early childhood special education) funds. Approximately 25% of all districts also use Title I dollars to support pre-K, however, given districts do not report revenues by grade level, actual amounts are unknown.
- 30 Act 166 requires school districts to fund school-operated pre-K programs as well as make payments to offset tuition costs for families whose children attend a private pre-K program.
- ³¹ There are two different formal evaluations of pre-K done in Vermont. First, is the annual pre-K evaluation commissioned by the legislature. This evaluation reports on enrollment in publicly-funded pre-K, broken down by demographic and geographic information, as well as financial expenditures and child outcome data. An additional, larger, evaluation was mandated by the state legislature, which is currently being conducted by the Education Development Center.
- 32 Ready For Kindergarten! Survey (R4K!S) id administered in fall of the kindergarten year to assess school readiness. https://education.vermont.gov/student-support/early-education/assessment
- 33 Teachers complete an interrater reliability training on the TS GOLD website.
- 34 Vermont conducts statewide and regional trainings for both the ECERS and the CLASS. These tools are incorporated into annual PD training opportunities targeted toward both public and private programs.

VIRGINIA - Virginia Preschool Initiative (VPI)

- 1 Virginia Preschool Initiative (VPI) funds are available to school divisions where there are at-risk 4-year-olds not served by Head Start. School divisions can choose whether or not to take the funds.
- ² A total of 1,441 children were served in classrooms fully funded by VPI+ (PDG) funds in the 2017-2018 school year.
- 3 A minimum of three hours per day is required for part-day programs. School-day programs are required to operate for a minimum of 5.5 hours per day.
- ⁴ Eligibility for VPI is based on: (1) family income at or below 200% of FPL, (2) homelessness, (3) student's parents or guardians are school dropouts, or (4) family income is less than 350% of FPL in the case of students with special needs or disabilities. A total of 15% of slots can be filled using locally determined criteria.
- 5 The Appropriation Act language does not mandate meals. All programs are encouraged to provide access to healthy meals and snacks to all students.
- 6 It is a local decision as to who screens and refers and when. The state does not specifically require but encourages the programs to refer for services as needed.
- All programs follow state pre-elementary statute and regulations. School districts partnering with Head Start programs must follow federal Head Start requirements. Support services include parenting support or training, health services for children, and nutrition information.
- 8 The Early Learning Standards are being updated to include college and career ready standards for preschoolers.
- $^{\rm 9}$ $\,$ The State mandates the use of the Phonological Awareness Literacy Screening tool.
- 10 The State is in the process of selecting a short list of nationally vetted comprehensive curriculum. No timeline for implementation has been set as of this date.
- Nonpublic employers determine required credentials and specializations. In Virginia, all teachers have at least a CDA and 97% of teachers have a BA or higher. School divisions determine training and specialization requirements for assistant teachers. The instructional lead, who must hold a BA and appropriate specialized training, supervises the classroom teachers and is responsible for management and oversight of the program curriculum and instructional practices.
- 12 The teacher qualification state report provides the total number of teachers (1238): 93% BA (with PK/NK License); 5% Other (BA or higher); 1% CDA; 1% AA
- 13 State funded VPI teachers are required to attend 15 hours of PD each year. In public schools this is part of their paid professional responsibilities.
- 14 The total spending reported may not fully represent actual total VPI spending as these figures account for the state contribution plus the local required match. Localities

can spend more local funds on VPI than their match requires, but data are not available. The state funding formula for the VPI provides a per-pupil rate of \$6,125, of which the state pays a portion and requires a local match based on the composite index of local ability to pay. The local match is capped at half the per-pupil amount. Funds are provided to localities based on the number of at-risk 4-year-olds not served by Head Start.

- 15 Only PALS-PreK is required by the state for all programs. Other domains are assessed through locally determined curriculum assessment which are regulated by the state through desk monitoring and site visits. Approaches to learning are embedded in Social and Emotional Development.
- 16 A literacy screening is required in kindergarten. All but one school division used PALS-PreK. The state provides PALS-K free of charge to all school divisions. However, if a school division chooses to use an alternative assessment, it must be approved by the DOE.
- ¹⁷ Once every four years or on a schedule that the VDOE establishes based on need.

WASHINGTON - Early Childhood Education and Assistance Program (ECEAP)

- During the 2017-2018 school year, ECEAP was administered by the Washington Department of Early Learning. As of July 1, 2018, that department merged into Washington's new Department of Children, Youth, and Families.
- ² Of the three counties not served by this program, two are served by Head Start and the other is sparsely populated.
- 3 Slots are awarded through open competitive RFPs. The criteria include prioritizing new slots in communities that are currently underserved by ECEAP and Head Start.
- ⁴ A total of 36% of ECEAP children are at or below 50% FPL; 58.5% are at or below 80% FPL; 76.3% are at or below 100% FPL.
- Washington has four operating schedule options: (1) old part-day model at 2.5 hours per day minimum and 320 hours per year; (2) new part-day model (beginning with slots awarded in 2015) at 3 hours per day minimum and 360 hours per year; (3) full school-day model at 5.5 or more hours per day and 1,000 hours per year; and (4) extended day at 10 or more hours per day and 2,370 hours per year. Full school-day programs must be four or five days per week and extended-day programs must be five days per week. A typical part-day program operates three hours per day, three or four days per week for the school year. Many children in wrap around child care at the same site are not counted in the school day category because ECEAP program standards are not in operation during those hours.
- ⁶ In 2017-2018, 25 classes met two days per week (part-day model, with longer hours and a three-day class sharing the room). A total of 90 classes met three days per week, 598 classes met four days per week, and 174 classes met five days per week.
- Children are eligible for ECEAP if they are at least 3-years-old, but not yet 5-years-old, by August 31 of the school year, and meet one of the following criteria: (1) Returning to the same ECEAP Contractor from the previous school year; (2) Qualified by their school district for special education services (All children with a school district IEP meet this requirement); (3) Receiving Child Protective Services or Family Assessment Response Services; (4) From a family with income at or below 110% FPL; (5) From a family with income that exceeds 110% FPL and is impacted by specific developmental or environmental risk factors determined by DEL to be linked by research to school performance.
- Beginning in summer 2015, ECEAP served kindergarten-eligible children in the summer before kindergarten in extended-day programs. They are not eligible after public kindergarten begins.
- 9 A priority point system based on a combination of income and other risk factors is used to determine eligibility. Additional risk factors include: expulsion due to behavior, in kinship care, single parent, transferring from Head Start or Early Head Start, parent deployed to combat zone in last year, parent incarcerated, mental illness, health care access, or migrant status.
- 10 Contractors offering sessions lasting less than three hours must provide breakfast or lunch. An additional snack or meal must be offered when round-trip transportation extends the time children are away from home by an hour or more. Contractors providing sessions lasting three or more hours must provide breakfast or lunch, and a snack
- 11 If a child is identified as having special needs, ECEAP providers must work with the Local Education Agency (LEA) to develop an Individualized Education Program (IEP) that identifies and plans for needed services. For all children with an IEP, contractors must: (1) Request that the LEA invite the ECEAP teacher to IEP meeting, (2) Support the participation of ECEAP teachers to attend IEP meeting, (3) Obtain a copy of the IEP, and (4) Include the child's IEP goals in individualized planning.
- 12 Contractors must ensure a culturally relevant curriculum that supports ongoing development of each child's home language, while helping each child learn English. Contractors must ensure teaching staff: (1) Use Teaching Strategies GOLD Online for their child assessment tool. Staff must enter and maintain accurate information in GOLD; (2) Complete the Home Language Survey on all ECEAP children, and assess the child's English language acquisition, if indicated, using GOLD objectives 37-38. Contractors must have written policies and procedures for recruitment and selection of staff and encourage applicants who reflect the ethnicity, culture, and language of children and families served. Materials and equipment must: (1) Reflect the daily life, family culture, and language of enrolled children (for example, in books, music, photos, dolls, toys, and household items); and (2) Reflect the diversity found in society -- including gender, age, language, and abilities -- while being respectful of the cultural traditions, values, and beliefs of enrolled families.
- 13 If a contractor's average daily attendance falls below 85% for any month, contractors must analyze the causes and patterns of absenteeism and develop a plan to improve attendance. If any child has three or more consecutive absences and staff are not aware of the reasons, staff must contact the family to offer support and help address obstacles to attendance.
- 14 ECEAP Performance Standards stipulate "No Expulsion." Contractors may not expel ECEAP children for behavioral reasons. Contractors must write and implement a policy to address the needs of children with challenging behaviors and prohibit expulsion. The policy includes strategies appropriate to the community served and timeframes for implementation. These four topics must be addressed: (1) Supporting classroom teachers, (2) Planning to meet individual needs of the child, (3) Engaging community resources, and (4) Choosing an alternative schedule or setting. Transitions to an alternative setting, planned jointly by staff and parents, are not considered expulsion. Short-term suspension must not be used as punishment, though receiving temporary services at home may be part of a child's behavioral support plan. If contractors have implemented their usual strategies and the classroom is still unsafe or excessively disrupted, they are encouraged to contact the State ECEAP Office for technical assistance.
- Contractors must use an approved, comprehensive, research-based curriculum (Creative Curriculum or HighScope). The state purchases full sets of either curriculum for each classroom. If an ECEAP contractor wishes to use an alternative research-based curriculum they must complete the Alternative Curriculum Approval Form. The Contractor must ensure staff supporting teachers implementing Creative Curriculum attend a Coaching to Fidelity training provided by UW Cultivate Learning staff. The Contractor must ensure ECEAP lead teachers participate in the state's in-person curriculum training.
- Staff supporting teachers implementing Creative Curriculum (95% of ECEAP sites) must attend a Coaching to Fidelity training provided by UW Cultivate Learning staff. For the .008% of ECEAP sites using HighScope, fidelity is built into training and teacher/trainer feedback. The state purchases full sets of Creative Curriculum 6th edition or High Scope for each classroom
- 17 There are multiple ways to meet the teacher requirements: All persons serving in the role of ECEAP lead teacher must meet one of the following qualifications: (1) An associate's or higher degree with the equivalent of 30 college quarter credits in early childhood education. These 30 credits may be included in the degree or in addition to the degree; or (2) A valid Washington State Teaching Certificate with an endorsement in Early Childhood Education (Pre-K-Grade 3) or Early Childhood Special Education.
- There are multiple ways to meet the assistant teacher requirements: All persons serving in the role of ECEAP assistant teacher must meet one of the following qualifications: (1) Employment as an ECEAP assistant teacher in the same agency before July 1, 1999; (2) The equivalent of 12 college quarter credits in early childhood education; (3) Initial or higher Washington State Early Childhood Education Certificate (a 12 credit module equivalent to a CDA); or (4) A current Child Development Associate (CDA) credential awarded by the Council for Early Childhood Professional Recognition.
- 19 Lead teachers and family support specialists must complete a minimum of 15 hours of professional development (PD) per year, such as workshops or classes, but not including individual mentoring.
- ²⁰ The state requires individualized annual PD plans for any lead or assistant teacher who does not yet full meet the required qualifications for their position.
- ²¹ Each ECEAP contractor must provide, or have access to, a practice-based coach trained on the Early Achievers Coach Framework to: (1) Support rating readiness and ongoing continuous quality improvement. (2) Assist the Contractor in identifying goals and making quality improvement plans to achieve goals. (3) Assist the Contractor in completing remedial activities within the identified timeline, when applicable. Whether assistant teachers are involved with the coach may vary by local decision. Coaches are required to do what is necessary to support each site to attain or maintain a level 4 or 5 in Early Achievers-Washington's QRIS.
- ²² Varies by ECEAP contractor and site needs; not specified in statewide requirements

- ²³ Coaches may also be assigned to Head Start and/or child care classes in addition to their ECEAP classes.
- ²⁴ The other category includes teachers for whom qualifications are not known as well as those currently working on an AA.
- ²⁵ The state convened a child care workforce development technical workgroup that is required to develop recommendations for the legislature to support increased child care workforce wages, reduce turnover, enable child care providers to recruit more qualified educators, and maintain the diversity of the current workforce.
- 26 Programs must support the professional development of classroom staff by providing regularly scheduled time for curriculum planning and reflective practice with coaches, supervisors and peers.
- ²⁷ Professional Development Achievement Awards are given to early learning professionals when they earn each of these credentials: GED, High school diploma, Associate's degree, Bachelor's degree, Master's degree, Doctoral degree, ECE Major (up to the four different degrees), and ECE Certificates & Credentials.
- ²⁸ Washington received a Gates Grant for an expansion consultation project, of which \$352,848 was spent in 2017-2018. This was not included in total spending.
- ²⁹ General Fund State (ECEAP Proviso) spent \$57,799,596; General Fund State (Tiered Reimbursements) spent \$750,815; Opportunity Pathways (lottery) spent \$40,000,000; Education Legacy Trust Account (ELTA from estate taxes & interest earnings) spent 12,044,430.
- ³⁰ Assessments are required once per quarter. Children in part-day or full-day models are assessed three times a year. Children in extended-day ECEAP are assessed four times a year.
- ³¹ The remaining TS GOLD objectives (Science and Technology, Social Studies, and The Arts) are optional.
- 32 Lead teachers must complete interrater reliability certification for TS GOLD within six months of hire and every three years thereafter. This is monitored four times a year and followed-up closely with Contractors to ensure compliance.
- 33 Child assessment data are also used to individualize instruction and support for each child (done at the local level).
- ³⁴ The Washington Kindergarten Inventory of Skills (WaKIDS) is a subset of the TS GOLD objectives.
- 35 The formal observations by the UW are done as part of our QRIS rating, every three years, using ERS and CLASS. Coaches conduct structured observations at their discretion in between formal QRIS ratings using these same tools. Coaches are strongly encouraged to attend reliability training in ERS and CLASS.
- ³⁶ For additional information on the QRIS, please see: https://www.dcyf.wa.gov/services/earlylearning-childcare/early-achievers
- ³⁷ The state is in process of requiring child care licenses for all ECEAP sites. This was partially implemented in 2017-2018. Licensed sites are visited annually. Other ECEAP sites are visited based on risk assessment, which may indicate an annual visit or less frequent (including some that are "more than every 5 years" because a representative sample of Contractor sites are visited). In the future, all sites will be visited annually by child care licensors.
- ³⁸ Beginning July 1, 2018, the new state Department of Children, Youth, and Families integrated child welfare and early learning programs. DCYF is currently planning an in-house data warehouse. There have been discussions to integrate child health information but those are not currently moving forward. There is extensive health information in the internal ECEAP data.

WEST VIRGINIA - West Virginia Universal Pre-K

- 1 The West Virginia Department of Education (WVDE) is responsible for the West Virginia Board of Education (WVBE) Policy 2525 overseeing WV Universal Pre-K; however, the WVDE Office of Early & Elementary Learning works collaboratively with the West Virginia Department of Health and Human Resources (WVDHHR) and the West Virginia Head Start State Collaboration Office to implement WVBE Policy 2525.
- In West Virginia's collaborative model, all students are considered enrolled in public settings. The total count includes 3-year-olds in pre-K who are enrolled, but not age eligible, including 913 3-year-olds with IEPs. An additional 1,386 3-year-olds (also referred to as in the exclusion category) enrolled in pre-K through collaborative programs (such as Head Start or child care) were not included in the enrollment total. Children in the exclusion category are funded by a collaborating partner but participate in pre-K funded classrooms when space is available. Children under 3 are those who transition into the pre-K program through IEP eligibility and usually transition from a Birth to Three program. These children are 3 after the September 1st age eligibility.
- ³ Each pre-K classroom, including special needs classrooms, must provide at least 1,500 minutes of instruction per week and 48,000 minutes of instruction annually. The number of hours per day is determined locally with a minimum of 25 hours per week and 128 days per year. Programs must operate no fewer than four days per week to meet annual and weekly operational requirements. No programs are part-day; however, children may attend part-day, as determined by IEP teams. The totals do not include 61 children under 3 years old.
- ⁴ There is no formal partnership at the state level to provide extended-day services through collaboration with other agencies and programs (e.g., Head Start, child care); however, partnerships are required at the local level in state policy.
- ⁵ Children who are 5 years old prior to September 1 shall be enrolled in kindergarten, unless assessment data can determine that kindergarten placement for that child is not in the child's best interest. The WV Pre-K Child Assessment System data can be utilized for 5-year-old children previously enrolled in WV Pre-K; alternative assessment data will be necessary for 5-year-old children who are newly enrolled. Local school districts can allow for early entrance to kindergarten based on an assessment.
- ⁶ The maximum class size is 20 children as long as there is 35 square feet of useable space per child available. The maximum staff-child ratio is 1-10; however, two adults must be present with children regardless of class size.
- ⁷ For children enrolled in a WV Pre-K classroom, breakfast and lunch must be provided. Meals in community programs may include lunch and snack, rather than breakfast and lunch if a classroom's regular operation times occur when breakfast is not required.
- 8 The full physical exam must examine neurological functions, head, eyes, nose, lungs, abdomen, back, strabismus, ears, heart, skin, reflexes, neck, throat, and pulse.
- 9 Regulations for the Education of Students with Exceptionalities includes requirements for programs to support children with disabilities in WV Universal Pre-K.
- No more than half of the children with an IEP, including speech/language, can be enrolled in an inclusive classroom. An additional aide must be provided when there are 10 children with an IEP in a pre-K classroom.
- WWBE Policy 2525 Section 126-28-6: Attendance requires a countywide attendance policy that includes provisions for working with families whose children are chronically absent and/or tardy. Each county must establish and implement a provision for working with families whose children are chronically absent and/or tardy that does not penalize the family for acting in the best interest of the child. Provisions for children with documented chronic medical conditions must be included as defined in the state attendance policy.
- 12 This document was updated as of July 1, 2019. For more information, see: http://apps.sos.wv.gov/adlaw/csr/readfile.aspx?DocId=49932&Format=PDF
- 13 Content related to cultural awareness and supports for children's home language is in the Foundations of Early Learning Standards Framework chart: http://wwde.state. wv.us/policies/policy.php?p=2520.15
- 14 The West Virginia Pre-K Early Learning Standards Framework (WV ELSF) Professional Development System is a statewide PD system designed for all early childhood educators, administrators and families as part of WV Universal Pre-K. The system provides content which is research-based and aligned with the WV Early Learning Standards Framework and the WV Pre-K Child Assessment System. This system is available in the following domains: Language and Literacy, Math and Science, Arts and Physical Development, and Social and Emotional.
- ¹⁵ The Early Learning Scale is required in WVBE Policy 2525, as part of the WV Pre-K Child Assessment System.
- 16 Teachers employed by nonpublic schools must hold a minimum of a BA and either certification or a Community Program Permanent Authorization. A small percentage of teachers hired before 2013 (when policy changed to require all new teachers hold a BA) have an AA; the remainder of teachers have a BA.
- 17 All assistant teachers must have a CDA or equivalent, determined by the WWBE. The Early Childhood Classroom Assistant Teacher Authorization is a license required for all pre-K and kindergarten assistant teachers who complete a CDA or state equivalent.
- State policy requires all county WV Pre-K staff, including teachers and teacher assistants/aides/paraprofessionals, to participate in 15 hours of staff development annually, based on the needs determined in the county continuous quality improvement process.
- 19 The WV Educator Evaluation System was developed using The Framework for Teaching (Danielson Group). All public school principals must complete the ongoing annual process with teachers in accordance with WVBE Policy 5310: Performance Evaluation of School Personnel. Assistant Teachers must have a PD plan that is linked

to predetermined needs, reflect program goals and policies, and include a systemic evaluation process. All classroom staff employed by collaborating child care centers must have a PD plan that includes staff evaluation in the process in accordance with state child care licensing regulations. PD and evaluation formats are designed by the Child Care Directors. Head Start Performance Standards require grantees to maintain a system of training and PD for all collaborative staff employed by Head Start. Tools are determined by each partnering Head Start Grantee.

- ²⁰ All teachers (lead and assistant) employed as Public School employees are required by state code to receive the same salary and fringe benefits as K-12 lead teachers. Nonpublic school employees in collaborative programs receive salaries and fringe benefits according to program with which they are employed.
- WBE Policy 2525, West Virginia's Universal Access to a Quality Early Education System, requires that all county WV Pre-K staff, including teachers and teacher assistants/ aides/paraprofessionals, shall participate in 15 hours of professional learning annually, based on needs determined in the county continuous quality improvement process. Policies that address paid time for professional responsibilities and/or PD days include WV Child Care Licensing Regulations and Head Start Performance Standards. All licensed child care centers and Head Start centers must have policies in place that include performance evaluations and individual Professional Development plans, and support 15 hours of PD annually.
- ²² Free E-Learning Courses are offered to meet certification and renewal requirements.
- Policy 5500.02 County Service Personnel Staff Development Councils provides guidance for the support and delivery of PD for service personnel, including pre-K assistant teachers. The policy requires coordination of 18 hours of job related staff development annually. Additionally, West Virginia's Universal Access to a Quality Early Education System, requires that all county WV Pre-K staff, including teachers and teacher assistants/aides/paraprofessionals, shall participate in 15 hours of professional learning annually, based on needs determined in the county continuous quality improvement process.
- ²⁴ State-aid funding for pre-K is allocated as part of the K-12 state aid funding process.
- ²⁵ Faith-based centers must exclude religious content during designated public pre-K hours.
- ²⁶ The WV Universal Pre-K Longitudinal Study, conducted jointly by NIEER and Marshall University, is a multi-year study designed to assess the effects of participation in the state pre-K program. The timeline of the study spans from 2015 to 2020.
- Counties may use PALS in addition to the ELS. West Virginia requires assessment reports for physical health and development and the arts based on the WV Early Learning Standards Framework: Content Standards and Learning Criteria for West Virginia Pre-Kindergarten. West Virginia offers PALS to all counties who wish to utilized it for pre-K in addition to the ELS. The state pays costs of PALS training and materials.
- ²⁸ West Virginia Early Learning Reporting System: Kindergarten (ELRS:K) is an educator-developed series of standards-focused reporting rubrics. Teachers are required to report on the ELRS:K at the end of school year in the areas of English Language Arts and Mathematics. Districts can require use of the ELRS:K more frequently throughout the year. Pre-K end-of-year checkpoints can be utilized for kindergarten entry; however, not all children attend pre-K.
- The West Virginia Universal Pre-K Health and Safety Checklist must be conducted in all pre-K classrooms within 45 calendar days of the first day of school, annually. Additionally, state policy requires each county to develop and maintain a continuous quality improvement process that utilizes annual classroom observations such as ECERS or CLASS, and aggregated child assessment data in programmatic decision-making. Some use their curriculum implementation checklists (High/Scope PQA or the Creative Curriculum Fidelity Tool Administrator Checklist) and alternate years with CLASS or ECERS. Classroom observation tools are locally determined.
- ³⁰ Results from annual classroom observations are utilized as data sources in the district continuous quality improvement process. The continuous quality improvement process and program records are reviewed by the state pre-K steering team at a minimum of once every three years through the WV Universal Pre-K Program Review Process. The CQI process includes provisions for supports with individual teachers.
- 31 Results from annual classroom observations are utilized as data sources in the district continuous quality improvement process. The CQI process must include annual results from county aggregated child outcome and classroom observation data.

WISCONSIN - Wisconsin Four-Year-Old Kindergarten (4K)

- ¹ School districts can contract with Head Start programs to implement 4K.
- ² Each district reports their own data so the total may not equal the total enrollment for the program. Currently, DPI captures data related to Race/Ethnicity as only one category.
- 3 The state funds a total of 437 hours per year. Districts determine how many days per week the program operates. Districts must provide a minimum of 437 hours of direct instruction per year, or 349.5 hours of instruction plus 87.5 hours of parent outreach. Most programs are part-day, four to five days per week, but an increasing number of rural districts may offer school-day programs two or three days per week. State policies support partnerships with child care and Head Start to extend the number of hours per day or weeks per year. The 4K community approach models allow district contracts with child care, Head Start, and private schools. Additionally, most operating schedules are school year, but some districts extend the program through Head Start partnerships or local calendars.
- Districts may contract with child care, Head Start and parochial schools (with assurances that the program is absent of religious information) to implement 4K. State policies also support partnerships with child care and Head Start to extend the number of hours per day or weeks per year.
- ⁵ The state law is that children are eligible for 4K if they are 4 years of age on or before September 1 of the school year, but it does allow districts to have early entrance policies. Districts that do allow this usually only enroll children who are 3 years of age by October or November upon parental request. Sometimes children with disabilities who are under 4 years of age are also counted if they were placed in 4K. Districts are also allowed to establish policies for maximum ages.
- ⁶ If a district offers 4K, it is open for all age-eligible children. No wait lists can exist.
- ⁷ There are no state requirements for class size or staff-child ratio. 4K programs partnering with child care or Head Start follow those requirements.
- 8 Head Start programs must follow Head Start requirements. If a school-based program operates more than 2.5 hours per day, it must provide a meal or snack through the school nutrition program.
- Literacy screening is a state requirement. Children are required (with exceptions) to have immunizations and a medical examination that may include vision, hearing, blood pressure, etc. Developmental and psychosocial screenings are routine practice. Some districts provide vision screening.
- ¹⁰ If there are concerning screening results, it is recommended that follow-up information and possible referrals be made. Parents have a choice in deciding if they would like to pursue next steps.
- 11 Requirements depend on how the services are defined. Parent involvement is required when districts obtain additional funds for parent outreach. Referrals for special education are required as needed. State law requires referral to social services in case of abuse or neglect. When districts partner with Head Start, they must provide services per Head Start federal standards.
- ¹² Programs are required to follow each child's IEP providing supports as defined with in the programs.
- ¹³ For additional information, see: https://dpi.wi.gov/sspw/pupil-services/school-social-work/contents/attendance-truancy-dropout/resources#aeg
- 14 The state does not have policies in place; however, it does have recommended practices to reduce suspension and/or expulsion.
- 15 The state does not have stand alone K-3 or college and career ready early grades standards. Infant and toddler standards are included in Wisconsin Model Early Learning Standards.
- ¹⁶ The state has a training and technical assistance system that includes cross sector trainers, a 15-hour training, and a variety of resources. For additional information, see: http://www.collaboratingpartners.com/wmels/trainings/
- ¹⁷ The state does not require child assessments; however, districts are encouraged to actively assess development to support and plan for ongoing learning. Districts are encouraged to align chosen assessment with the WI Model Early Learning Standards.
- 18 Provision of information is through early learning standards training, at conferences, through some technical assistance providers, and through web-based resources.
- 19 While the 4K programs are all under the administrative authority of the school, the school can contract with child care, Head Start, and/or private schools for 4K. The teachers in these community programs need to follow the public school requirements for personnel.
- ²⁰ Assistant teachers can meet one of three requirements: (1) at least two years of higher education, (2) an AA or higher, or (3) meet a rigorous standard for quality through a state or local academic assessment regardless of degree. The requirements for assistant teachers in nonpublic settings reflect child care licensing regulations. School

districts that are federal Head Start grantees may require assistant teachers to have an AA and assistant teacher license.

- ²¹ There are no statewide required hours for PD. Districts, however, may have their own requirements. These are not submitted to the DPI. Licensed teachers have the option of doing a performance-based system that includes writing PD plans, working with a mentor, and having a team review and approval. Educator effectiveness practices for licensed teachers involve individualized PD plans. For assistant teachers, requirements for individualized PD plans depend on the employing agency. If they are employees of the public school districts, then they do need to have individualized PD plans. If a Community partner hires them, then evaluation is required, but the employer defines the format. It does not have to be an individualized PD plan.
- For public schools, coaching and mentoring may be built into the state teacher effectiveness process, for those who choose to access the resources. For non-public schools, state policy requires that programs provide support as identified by the authorizing agency. For example, some programs are required to have embedded supports based on their Head Start Performance Standards or based upon the state child care QRIS.
- ²³ Salaries and benefits are local decisions. Public school teachers are part of the WI Retirement System. Nonpublic school teachers are not.
- ²⁴ This is determined locally.
- 25 Educator effectiveness may provide coaching and mentoring for lead teachers. This is determined locally with the lead teacher and district personnel.
- 26 A total of \$290,200,000 supported WI 4K. The state could not break this amount into state and local funding, so NIEER estimated the breakdown based on the 2016-2017 breakdown.
- ²⁷ There is one, discreet, appropriation that supports 4K students: 4K Start Up Grants for school districts that are just implementing 4k programming (two-year grants). The total is \$1,350,000.
- Spending figures are estimates as 4K is part of the overall state school funding formula, and it is difficult to break out costs for only one grade level. Funding for 4K is 0.5 of the funding level for other grade levels. Districts can provide 0.6 if they provide parent outreach in addition to the full 437 hours of instructional time. Additional information can be found here: http://dpi.wi.gov/sfs/aid/general/equalization/formula
- ²⁹ There is no flat dollar or percent match for a school district to receive funding to support for 4K, either for general equalization state aid, or for the categorical aid 4K Start-Up Grant program. The general equalization aid formula provides state aid to districts, in the form of reimbursement for prior year "shared costs" (the total of the districts expenditures that are paid for with state general aid and local property taxes). The amount of state aid depends on each districts' spending levels and the district's "ability to pay," as measured by local property value per member (pupil).
- 30 Districts are free to establish their own screening window.
- 31 The state requires screening for early literacy development; however, no specific tool is required. Screening instruments are a local decision.
- ³² The state requires a literacy screening in 4K through 2nd grade. The state Response to Intervention and the Comprehensive Screening and Assessment Blueprint both promote ongoing assessment. For additional information, see: http://www.collaboratingpartners.com/wp-content/uploads/2017/CPlinkedDocs/Healthy_Children_Blueprint_9_28_16_FINAL-1.pdf
- 33 If the 4K site is in a Child Care center, child care licensing rules apply. If it is in Head Start, Head Start monitoring occurs as per the federal schedule.
- 34 Site visits depend upon where the 4K program is located. WI had 4K Community approach sites. Based on location (such as child care or Head Start)-programs may be monitored via the locations required regulations.
- 35 Currently, WI has an ECIDS systems which can match data from the DPI, Department of Children and Families (DCF) and the Department of Health Services (DHS).

WISCONSIN - Wisconsin Head Start State Supplement

- 1 These numbers include Tribal and Migrant Head Start programs all receiving state supplemental Head Start funds.
- ² Funds are available to federal Head Start grantees choosing to implement the program.
- 3 The Wisconsin Head Start Supplement provided services for 767 children including 627 children in Head Start and 140 children in Early Head Start.
- ⁴ Programs follow the federal Head Start performance standards and the grant-approved program design.
- ⁵ Head Start can partner with a public school to provide public 4-year-old kindergarten.
- ⁶ Programs follow the federal Head Start Performance Standards and the grant-approved program design.
- Wisconsin Head Start follows Federal Head Start age eligibility requirements.
- Programs follow federal Head Start eligibility requirements and local selection criteria. Children must meet the federal Head Start income guidelines. Effective as of 2007, 35% of enrollment may be children whose family incomes are between 100% and 130% FPL after priority is given to children at or below 100% FPL. Income is the primary determinant of eligibility. However, children in foster care, as well as those who are experiencing homelessness, are also eligible. With a federal waiver, children eligible for free lunch are also eligible for the program. Regulations also allow 10% of the children to be over income and 10% with disabilities to be enrolled. Each Head Start grantee can prioritize risk in their selection process. Children with more risk factors have greater priority for enrollment. Head Start grantees establish their eligibility priorities
- 9 Per federal Head Start requirements.
- The federal Head Start Performance Standards require that part-day programs provide children with at least one-third of their daily nutritional needs and school-day programs provide one-half to two-thirds of daily nutritional needs, depending on the length of the program day.
- 11 follow federal Head Start requirements. Medical screening is done by a physician that may be the family physician or arranged by Head Start. Referrals can include medical follow-up or referrals for evaluations under IDEA.
- ¹² Services follow federal Head Start Performance Standards and local practices.
- 13 IEP's need to be implemented as written to support children in the least restrictive educational environment that is appropriate to meet their plan.
- 14 Head Start State Supplement Grantees are required to follow the Head Start Performance Standards.
- ¹⁵ WIDA the Early Years are aligned with the WI Model Early Learning Standards.
- ¹⁶ The standards are utilized in the state's Child Care Quality Rating system.
- ¹⁷ The state has a training and technical assistance system that includes cross sector trainers, a 15-hour training, and a variety of resources. For additional information, see: http://www.collaboratingpartners.com/wmels/trainings/
- ¹⁸ Head Start's assessment align with the Head Start Early Learning Outcomes Framework.
- 19 Provision of information is through early learning standards training, at conferences, through some technical assistance providers, and through web-based resources.
- ²⁰ Teachers in the Head Start State Supplement programs are employees of the Head Start grantee and they must follow the federal Head Start requirements and local policies.
- ²¹ All benefits for non public lead and assistant teachers are determined locally per Federal Head Start guidelines.
- The state requires a literacy screening in 4K through 2nd grade. The state Response to Intervention and the Comprehensive Screening and Assessment Blueprint both promote ongoing assessment. For additional information, see: http://www.collaboratingpartners.com/wp-content/uploads/2017/CPlinkedDocs/Healthy_Children_Blueprint_9_28_16_FINAL-1.pdf
- ²³ The state of WI has and ECIDS system, however the Head Start Supplement is not part of the agencies sharing data.

GUAM - Guam Department of Education Pilot Prekindergarten Program

1 The Guam Department of Education (GDOE) is a unitary school district, compromised of four regions. There is one Pilot Prekindergarten School in each of the regions.

- ² The Pilot Prekindergarten Program is voluntary.
- ³ All children enrolled in pre-K must complete a registration form, which includes a physical examination and a TB Clearance.
- ⁴ Each child registered in the Prekindergarten Program must have a home language screening form completed. Teachers may avail themselves of ESL Coordinators if there needs to be assistance for DLL support.
- ⁵ The "Food Friends & Mighty Moves Program," a curriculum that addresses health and nutrition, is being implemented in pre-K with support from the Nutrition Program at the University of Guam.
- 6 Pilot Prekindergarten teachers meet monthly to talk about both instructional practices as well as program issues.
- The GDOE allows for Pilot Prekindergarten teachers with an Associate's ECE Degree ECE to be pre-K teachers and therefore, the entry level salary differs from a Bachelor's Degree Early Childhood Certified Teacher. Fringe benefits are similar with the public schools.
- 8 The GDOE allows for paid PD days throughout the school year. This is reflective of the Guam Education Board approved School Year Calendar.
- 9 The GDOE supports monthly meetings and attendance at district-lead PD for the Pilot Prekindergarten Program staff.
- ¹⁰ Fringe benefits are available to all the Pilot Prekindergarten Program staff (teachers and Instructional aides).
- ¹¹ Generally, the PD that the district facilitates is for the Pilot Prekindergarten teachers. However, on occasion the instructional aides participate in meetings and will be provided administrative leave (paid leave) for their attendance to these specific training sessions.
- 12 The Guam Federation of Teachers has a collective bargaining agreement for the school aides (teacher assistants), however, the individual may decide to join the union or not.
- 13 The state developed a Progress Report that identifies the various components that must be assessed on a semester basis. These include: Language Arts/Literacy; Mathematical Thinking, Scientific Thinking; and Physical Development & Health. Preschool Brigance Assessments are administered twice a year: a pre-assessment in August and a post-assessment in May.
- 14 District staff provide training on the use of the Preschool Brigance Assessments, and lead teachers administer the Brigance Assessments.