

Ilinois' prekindergarten program was established as a result of education reform legislation in 1985. Since 1985, the appropriation for this program has increased every year except two, when the funding remained level with the previous year. Since 1998 the program has been funded through the Early Childhood Block Grant; through separate components this grant also funds a parent training initiative, as well as prevention efforts for first-time and teenage parents. Eleven percent of the total block grant funds must be used to serve children from birth to age 3, so that the funded initiatives target the most at-risk children early in life.

Until 2003, the Illinois State Board of Education (ISBE) distributed preschool funds on a competitive basis to school districts demonstrating the greatest need through an application process; non-school providers could subcontract through local school districts for such preschool grants. Now child care centers and Head Start programs can also submit direct requests for prekindergarten funding. The program serves at-risk children between the ages of 3 and 5. Children are identified for the program through individual screening and assessment, with specific eligibility criteria and methods for screening established locally based on community needs. Examples of targeted populations include children in poverty and those from households with low parental education. Children who have participated in the program rank on average with their peers in subsequent school achievement.

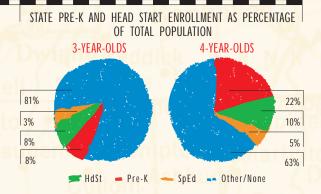
In order to maintain consistent high quality in the program throughout the state, the prekindergarten program requires all teachers to hold an ISBE Early Childhood Teaching Certificate and to participate in ongoing professional development.

Enrollment and funding for the prekindergarten program were flat during fiscal year 2002-2003, with a total enrollment of 53,000 and a funding level of \$164 million. However, despite the dismal economic climate, the fiscal year 2003-2004 appropriation for the block grant (which funds initiatives other than prekindergarten, as mentioned above) increased by \$29.4 million, bringing the total of all state funds to \$213 million.



ACCESS

Total state program enrollment	53,000
School districts that offer state program	77 <mark>%</mark>
Income requirement	N <mark>on</mark> e
Hours of operation	- Determined locally 1
Operating schedule	,
Special education enrollment	15,811
Federally-funded Head Start enrollment	32,099
State-funded Head Start enrollment	0



QUALITY STANDARDS CHECKLIST

POLICY	STATE PRE-K REQUIREMENT	BENCHMARK	DOES REQUIR	REMENT MEET BENCHMARK?
Curriculum standards	Compre <mark>hens</mark> ive	Comprehensive	V	
Teacher degree requirement	BA	BA	√	
Teacher specialized training requirement	nt EC te <mark>aching</mark> certificate	Specializing in EC	✓	
Assistant teacher degree requirement	AA	CDA or equivalent	✓	
Te <mark>ach</mark> er in-service requirement	120 clock hours/5 years ²	At least 15 hours/year	√	TOTAL:
Maximum class size		20 or lower	V	0
3-year-olds				1 4 1
4-year-olds	20			
Staff-child ratio		1:10 or better	V	of 10
3-year-olds				
4-year-olds	 1 :10		D. 1/1	
Screening/referral requirements	- Vision, hearing, and health	Vision, hearing, and health		
Family support service requirements	Parent skills education ³	At least 1 service	V	
Meal requirements	None	At leas <mark>t 1/day</mark>		

RESOURCES

Total state Pre-K spending \$164,000,000 4 Local match required? No	SPENDING PER CHILD ENROLLED \$3,094
State spending per child enrolled \$3,094 State spending per 3-year-old \$250 5	\$6,557 HDST
State spending per 4-year-old \$665 5	\$10,313
 Pre-K programs may receive additional funds from federal or local sources that are not included in this figure. K-12 expenditures include capital spending as well as current operating expenditures. 	0 2 4 6 8 10 12 14 \$ thousands
Data are for the '01-'02 school year, unless otherwise noted.	State Contribution == Local Contribution Federal Contribution

- Most programs operate on a half-day schedule, 5 days per week e. The professional development requirement can be met by completing 120 continuing professional development units through any combination of the following approaches: 8 credit hours, 24 continuing education units, or 120 continuing professional development units. Completion of the National Board for Professional Teaching Standards process for certification is also an acceptable substitute.
- 4 The full block grant of \$184,000,000 includes services other than prekindergarten
- 5 Calculations are based on the estimate that 26.6% of enrollees are age 3 and 73.4% are age 4.

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Parent involvement is also required as part of the program.