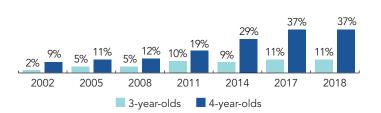
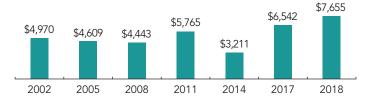


#### PERCENT OF STATE POPULATION ENROLLED

# STATE SPENDING PER CHILD ENROLLED (2018 DOLLARS)





#### **OVERVIEW**

California preschool programs enrolled 242,297 children in 2017-2018, an increase of 6,646 children from the prior year. State funding totaled \$1,854,832,577, up \$313,106,275 (20%), adjusted for inflation, since last year. State spending per child equaled \$7,655 in 2017-2018, up \$1,113 from 2016-2017, adjusted for inflation. California met an average of 4.3 of 10 quality standards benchmarks.

#### WHAT'S NEW

The California Department of Education was awarded a Preschool Development Grant Birth through Five award in 2018 for \$10.62 million to conduct a comprehensive needs assessment to understand the gaps, needs, and barriers to providing quality Early Learning in California. In addition, the funds will be used to develop a 10-year strategic plan with actionable steps to build a comprehensive early learning system that meets the needs of California's children and their families. Additionally, beginning in the 2018-2019 school year, children funded by CSPP and TK funding can be served in the same classroom.

#### **BACKGROUND**

In 2008, the California State Preschool Program Act created the California State Preschool Program (CSPP) by consolidating several early childhood initiatives into one funding stream. CSPP encompasses (1) the CSPP that began in 1965 for children at risk for neglect, abuse, or family violence, or receiving protective services; (2) the 2007 Prekindergarten and Family Literacy Program (PKFLP) which added a literacy component to CSPP; and (3) General Child Care programs.

CSPP provides both part- and full-day preschool to 3- and 4-year-olds with a family income at or below 70% of the state median income. Children at risk of abuse, neglect, or exploitation, receiving protective services, are homeless, or who are receiving CalWORKS cash aid are also eligible.

CSPP awards funding through a competitive application process to school districts, private and faith-based agencies, and Head Start programs. Children are served in either full-day or part-day programs, depending on family eligibility and need. Children must remain eligible throughout the year to receive full-day services but can remain in part-day programs regardless of changes to eligibility. Teachers are required to have California Child Development Associate Teacher Permits, and can receive grants for professional learning. CSPP classrooms receive structured quality observations using the Early Childhood Environment Rating Scale, Revised Edition (ECERS-R) at least once a year.

California Transitional Kindergarten (TK) began during the 2012-2013 school year as a result of the kindergarten age eligibility moving from December 2 to September 1, as part of the state's Kindergarten Readiness Act of 2010. TK is the first year of a two-year kindergarten program for children born between September 2 and December 2. In June 2015 an amendment allowed children turning 5 years old after December 2 to attend TK at the beginning of the school year, at the discretion of the local educational agency. TK follows kindergarten regulations for class size, teacher qualifications, program standards, funding, and serving English language learners. TK is profiled as a separate preschool program in this report.

Both CSPP and TK are guided by the California Preschool Learning Foundations, which are aligned with the Common Core State Standards, California Infant and Toddler Learning and Development Foundations, California Content Standards, and the Head Start Child Development and Early Learning Framework.

Using local and state funding, the California Quality Rating and Improvement System (CA-QRIS) Consortium was established to continue work initiated by the state's federal Race to the Top-Early Learning Challenge (RTT-ELC) grant. The goal is to ensure children have access to high-quality programs so they thrive in their early learning settings and succeed in kindergarten and beyond. The CA-QRIS Consortium focuses on three areas: child development and readiness for school, teachers and teaching, and program and environment quality.

California's overall support for state-funded preschool, including enrollment and funding for both CSPP and TK, is depicted in the first two pages of this state profile. The third page focuses solely on CSPP and the fourth page provides information on TK.

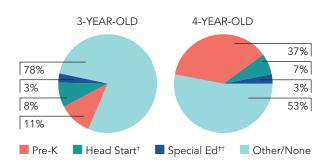
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## **CALIFORNIA STATE OVERVIEW**

## **ACCESS**

Total state pre-K enrollment
Special education enrollment, ages 3 and 4 50,091
Federally funded Head Start enrollment, ages 3 and 4 73,145
State-funded Head Start enrollment, ages 3 and 4 0

## PERCENT OF POPULATION ENROLLED IN PUBLIC ECE

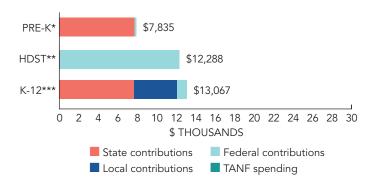


 $^\dagger$  Some Head Start children may also be counted in state pre-K.  $^\dagger$  Estimates children in special education not also enrolled in state pre-K or Head Start.

## **RESOURCES**

Total state pre-K spending	\$1,854,832,577
State Head Start spending	\$0
State spending per child enrolled	\$7,655
All reported spending per child enrolled*	\$7,835

## SPENDING PER CHILD ENROLLED



- $^{\star}$   $\,$  Pre-K programs may receive additional funds from federal or local sources that are not included in this figure.
- \*\* Head Start per-child spending includes funding only for 3- and 4-year-olds.
- \*\*\* K-12 expenditures include capital spending as well as current operating expenditures.

ACCESS RANKINGS		
4-YEAR-OLDS	3-YEAR-OLDS	
14	8	

RESOURCE RANKINGS		
STATE SPENDING	ALL REPORTED SPENDING	
8	17	

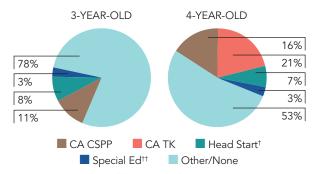


## CALIFORNIA STATE PRESCHOOL PROGRAM

## **ACCESS**

Total state pre-K enrollment	138,937
School districts that offer state program97% (coun	ties/parishes)
Income requirement	70% SMI
Minimum hours of operation 3 hours/day;	5 days/week
Operating schedule	mined locally

## PERCENT OF POPULATION ENROLLED IN PUBLIC ECE



 $<sup>^\</sup>dagger$  Some Head Start children may also be counted in state pre-K.  $^\dagger$  Estimates children in special education not also enrolled in state pre-K or Head Start.

DECLUDENTENT

## **QUALITY STANDARDS CHECKLIST**

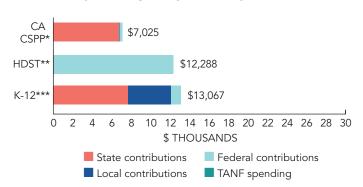
POLICY	CA CSPP REQUIREMENT	BENCHMARK	REQUIREMENT MEETS BENCHMARK?
Early learning & development standards	Comprehensive, aligned, supported, culturally sensitive	Comprehensive, aligned, supported, culturally sensitive	$   \overline{\checkmark} $
Curriculum supports	Approval process & supports	Approval process & supports	$\checkmark$
Teacher degree	California Child Devleopment Associate Teacher Permit	ВА	
Teacher specialized training	ECE, CD	Specializing in pre-K	<b>✓</b>
Assistant teacher degree	HSD	CDA or equivalent	
Staff professional development	105 hours/5 years	For teachers & assistants: At least 15 hours/year; individual PD plans; coaching	
Maximum class size	No limit (3- & 4-year-olds)	20 or lower	
Staff-child ratio	1:8 (3- & 4-year-olds)	1:10 or better	<b>✓</b>
Screening & referral	Vision, hearing, health & more	Vision, hearing & health screenings; & referral	$\checkmark$
Continuous quality improvement system	Structured classroom observations Data used for program improvement	Structured classroom observations; data used for program improvement	$\checkmark$
For more information about the benchmarks, see the Executive Summary and Roadmap to State Profile Pages.			6

## **RESOURCES**

Total state pre-K spending	\$932,344,577
Local match required?	No
State spending per child enrolled	\$6,711
All reported spending per child enrolled*	\$7,025

- Pre-K programs may receive additional funds from federal or local sources that are not included in this figure.
- \*\* Head Start per-child spending includes funding only for 3- and 4-year-olds.

## SPENDING PER CHILD ENROLLED



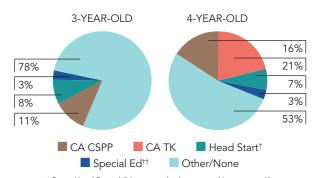
<sup>\*\*\*</sup> K-12 expenditures include capital spending as well as current operating expenditures.

## **CALIFORNIA TRANSITIONAL KINDERGARTEN (TK)**

## **ACCESS**

Total state pre-K enrollment	103,360
School districts that offer state progra	m100% (counties/parishes)
Income requirement	No income requirement
Minimum hours of operation	3 hours/day; 5 days/week
Operating schedule	School or academic vear

## PERCENT OF POPULATION ENROLLED IN PUBLIC ECE



 $<sup>^\</sup>dagger$  Some Head Start children may also be counted in state pre-K.  $^\dagger$  Estimates children in special education not also enrolled in state pre-K or Head Start.

## **QUALITY STANDARDS CHECKLIST**

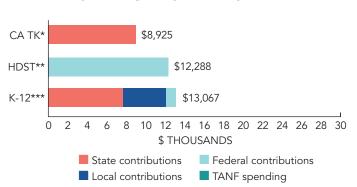
POLICY	CA TK REQUIREMENT	BENCHMARK	REQUIREMENT MEETS BENCHMARK?
Early learning & development standards	Comprehensive, aligned with other state standards, supported, culturally sensitive	Comprehensive, aligned, supported, culturally sensitive	
Curriculum supports	Approval process & supports	Approval process & supports	$\checkmark$
Teacher degree	BA	BA	$\checkmark$
Teacher specialized training	ECE, CD, Elem Ed.	Specializing in pre-K	
Assistant teacher degree	HSD	CDA or equivalent	
Staff professional development	Determined locally	For teachers & assistants: At least 15 hours/year; individual PD plans; coaching	
Maximum class size	33 (4-year-olds)	20 or lower	
Staff-child ratio	1:33 (4-year-olds)	1:10 or better	
Screening & referral	None	Vision, hearing & health screenings; & referral	
Continuous quality improvement system	None	Structured classroom observations; data used for program improvement	
For more information about the b	enchmarks, see the Executive Summary and Road	dmap to State Profile Pages.	a

#### **RESOURCES**

Total state pre-K spending	\$922,488,000
Local match required?	No
State spending per child enrolled	\$8,925
All reported spending per child enrolled*	\$8,925

Pre-K programs may receive additional funds from federal or local sources that are not included in this figure.

## SPENDING PER CHILD ENROLLED



 $<sup>^{\</sup>star\star}$  Head Start per-child spending includes funding only for 3- and 4-year-olds.

<sup>\*\*\*</sup> K-12 expenditures include capital spending as well as current operating expenditures.